





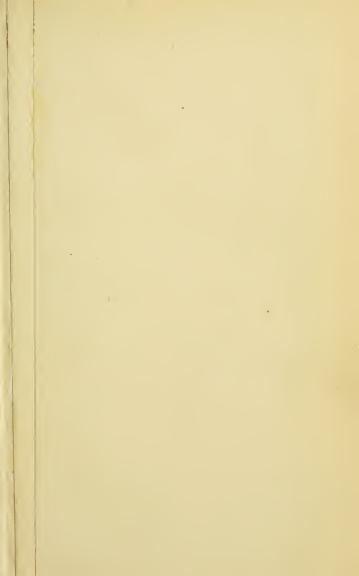
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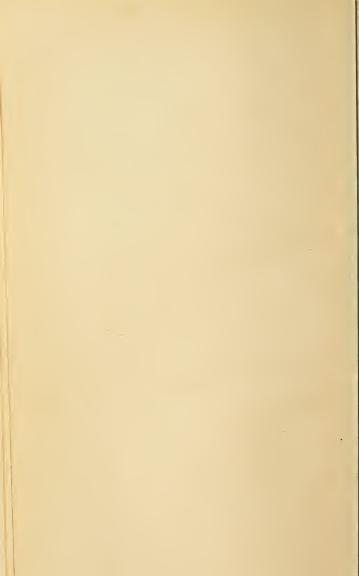


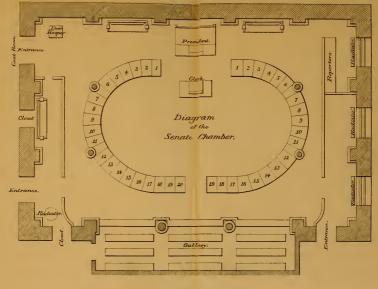












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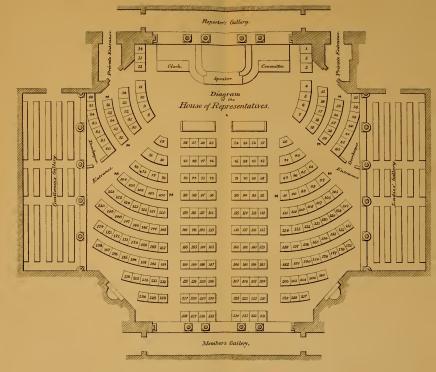
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Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MANUAL

Mass.:

GENERAL COURT:

CONTAINING THE

RULES OF THE TWO BRANCHES,

TOGETHER WITH THE

CONSTITUTION OF THE COMMONWEALTH, AND THAT
OF THE UNITED STATES, AND A LIST OF THE
EXECUTIVE, LEGISLATIVE, AND JUDICIAL
DEPARTMENTS OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT, STATE INSTITUTIONS
AND THEIR OFFICERS.

AND OTHER STATISTICAL INFORMATION.

Prepared under Section 9, Chapter 4 of the Public Statutes,

BI

E. HERBERT CLAPP, CLERK OF THE SENATE,

EDWARD A. McLAUGHLIN, CLERK OF THE HOUSE.

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CONSTITUTION

OF THE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

PREAMBLE.

Objects of the Constitution.

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WE the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

ARTICLE I.

Section 1. All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a congress of the United States, which shall consist of a senate and house of representatives.

Sect. 2. The house of representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several states, and the electors in each state shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the state legislature.

No person shall be a representative who shall not have

attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each state shall have at least one representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the state of New Hampshire shall be entitled to choose three, Massachusetts eight, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations one, Connecticut five, New York six, New Jersey four, Pennsylvania eight, Delaware one, Maryland six, Virginia ten, North Carolina five, South Carolina five, and Georgia

When vacancies happen in the representation from any state, the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

The house of representatives shall choose their speaker and other officers; and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

Sect. 3. The senate of the United States shall be composed of two senators from each state, chosen by the legislature thereof, for six years; and each senator shall have one vote.

Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the senators of the first

class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year, of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class at the expiration of the sixth year, so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen by resignation, or otherwise, during the recess of the legislature of any state, the executive thereof may make temporary appointments until the next meeting of the legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

No person shall be a senator who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state for which he shall be chosen.

The vice-president of the United States shall be president of the senate, but shall have no vote, unless they be equally divided.

The senate shall choose their other officers, and also a president *pro tempore*, in the absence of the vice-president, or when he shall exercise the office of president of the United States.

The senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the president of the United States is tried, the chief justice shall preside: and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States: but the party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and pun ishment, according to law.

SECT. 4. The times, places and manner of holding elections for senators and representatives, shall be prescribed in each state by the legislature thereof; but the congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing senators,

The congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

SECT. 5. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner, and under such penalties as each house may provide.

Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and, with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member.

Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may in their judgment require secrecy; and the yeas and nays of the members of either house on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

Neither house, during the session of congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

Sect. 6. The senators and representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the treasury of the United States. They shall in all cases, except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

No senator or representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person holding any office under the United States, shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office.

SECT. 7. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the house of representatives; but the senate may propose or concur with amendments as on other bills.

Every bill which shall have passed the house of representatives and the senate, shall, before it become a law, be presented to the president of the United States; if he approve he shall sign it, but if not he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If after such reconsideration twothirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of that house, it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the president within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the congress by their adjournment prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

Every order, resolution, or vote to which the concurrence of the senate and house of representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment) shall be presented to the president of the United States; and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him, or being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the senate and house of representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

SECT. 8. The congress shall have power - to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defence and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States; - to borrow money on the credit of the United States; - to regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes; - to establish an uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States, - to coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures: - to provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States; - to establish post offices and post roads; - to promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing for limited times to authors and inventors the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries: - to constitute tribunals inferior to the supreme court; - to define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offences against the law of nations; - to declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water; - to raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years; - to provide and maintain a navy; - to make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces; - to provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions; — to provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the states respectively, the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by congress; - to exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever, over such district (not exceeding ten miles square) as may, by cession of particular states, and the acceptance of congress, become the seat of the government of

the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the consent of the legislature of the state in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dock-yards, and other needful buildings;—and to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

SECT. 9. The migration or importation of such persons, as any of the states now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

The privilege of the writ of *habeas corpus* shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

No bill of attainder or ex post facto law shall be passed.

No capitation, or other direct tax, shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration herein before directed to be taken.

No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any state.

No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one state over those of another; nor shall vessels bound to, or from, one state, be obliged to enter, clear or pay duties in another.

No money shall be drawn from the treasury, but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States; and no person holding any office of profit or trust under them shall, without the consent of the congress, accept of any present, emolument, office or title, of any kind whatever, from any king, prince, or foreign state.

SECT. 10. No state shall enter into any treaty, alliance, or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or grant any title of nobility. No state shall, without the consent of the congress, lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws: and the net produce of all duties and imposts, laid by any state on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the congress. No state shall, without the consent of congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops, or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another state, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE II.

SECTION 1. The executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years, and, together with the vice-president, chosen for the same term, be elected, as follows:—

Each state shall appoint, in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors, equal to the whole number of senators and representatives to which the state may be entitled in the congress: but no senator or representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States, shall be appointed an elector.

[The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for two persons, of whom one at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves. And they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the govern-

ment of the United States, directed to the president of the senate. The president of the senate shall, in the presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if there be more than one who have such majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the house of representatives shall immediately choose by ballot one of them for president; and if no person have a majority, then from the five highest on the list the said house shall in like manner choose the president. But in choosing the president the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from twothirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the president, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors shall be the vice-president. But if there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the senate shall choose from them by ballot the vice-president.]

The congress may determine the time of choosing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes; which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

No person except a natural born citizen, or a citizen of the United States, at the time of the adoption of this constitution, shall be eligible to the office of president; neither shall any person be eligible to that office who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

In case of the removal of the president from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the vice-president, and the congress may by law provide for the case of removal, death, resignation, or inability, both of the president and vice-president, declaring what officer shall then act as president, and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed, or a president shall be elected.

The president shall, at stated times, receive for his services, a compensation, which shall neither be increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected, and he shall not receive within that period any other emolument from the United States, or any of them.

Before he enter on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation:—

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of president of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States."

SECT. 2. The president shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several states, when called into the actual service of the United States; he may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices, and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offences against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the supreme court, and all other officers of the United States, whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law: but the congress may by law vest the appointment of such inferior officers, as they think proper, in the president alone, in the courts of law, or in the heads of departments.

The president shall have power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the senate, by grant-

ing commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session.

- Sect. 3. He shall from time to time give to the congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may, on extraordinary occasions, convene both houses, or either of them, and in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall commission all the officers of the United States.
- SECT. 4. The president, vice-president, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.

- SECTION 1. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one supreme court, and in such inferior courts as the congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The judges, both of the supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall, at stated times, receive for their services, a compensation, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.
- SECT. 2. The judicial power shall extend to all cases, in law and equity, arising under this constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made, or which shall be made, under their authority;—to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers, and consuls;—to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction;—to controversies to

which the United States shall be a party; — to controversies between two or more states; — between a state and citizens of another state; — between citizens of different states; — between citizens of the same state claiming lands under grants of different states, and between a state, or the citizens thereof, and foreign states, citizens or subjects.

In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and those in which a state shall be a party, the supreme court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before mentioned, the supreme court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact, with such exceptions, and under such regulations as the congress shall make.

The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury; and such trial shall be held in the state where the said crimes shall have been committed; but when not committed within any state, the trial shall be at such place or places as the congress may by law have directed.

SECT. 3. Treason against the United States, shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

The congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason, but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture except during the life of the person attained.

ARTICLE IV.

SECTION 1. Full faith and credit shall be given in each state to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other state. And the congress may by general laws prescribe the manner in which such acts, records and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

SECT. 2. The citizens of each state shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several states.

A person charged in any state with treason, felony, or other crime, who shall flee from justice, and be found in another state, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the state from which he fled, be delivered up to be removed to the state having jurisdiction of the crime.

No person held to service or labor in one state, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor, but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due.

SECT. 3. New states may be admitted by the congress into this Union; but no new state shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other state; nor any state be formed by the junction of two or more states, or parts of states, without the consent of the legislatures of the states concerned as well as of the congress.

The congress shall have power to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular state.

SECT. 4. The United States shall guarantee to every state in this Union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion, and on application of the legislature, or of the executive (when the legislature cannot be convened) against domestic violence.

ARTICLE V.

The congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this constitution, or, on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, shall call a convention for pro-

posing amendments, which, in either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by congress; provided that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no state, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the senate.

ARTICLE VI.

All debts contracted and engagements entered into, before the adoption of this constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this constitution, as under the confederation.

This constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof; and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every state shall be bound thereby, any thing in the constitution or laws of any state to the contrary not-withstanding.

The senators and representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several state legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several states, shall be bound by oath or affirmation, to support this constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII.

The ratification of the conventions of nine states, shall be sufficient for the establishment of this constitution between the states so ratifying the same.

ARTICLES

IN ADDITION TO, AND AMENDMENT OF,

- The constitution of the United States of America, proposed by congress, and ratified by the legislatures of the several states, pursuant to the fifth article of the original constitution.
- ARTICLE I. Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.
- ART. II. A well regulated militia, being necessary to the security of a free state, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.
- ART. III. No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house, without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.
- ART. IV. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.
- ART. V. No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be

subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.

ART. VI. In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defence.

ART. VII. In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

ART. VIII. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments afficted.

ART. IX. The enumeration in the constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

ART. X. The powers not delegated to the United States by the constitution, nor profibited by it to the states, are reserved to the states respectively, or to the people.

ART. XI. The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another state, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign state.

ART. XII. The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for president and vice president. one of whom, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the person voted for as president, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as vice-president, and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as president, and of all persons voted for as vice-president, and of the number of votes for each, which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate; - the president of the senate shall, in presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted; - the person having the greatest number of votes for president, shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as president, the house of representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the president. But in choosing the president, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. And if the house of representatives shall not choose a president whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them. before the fourth day of March next following, then the vice-president shall act as president, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the president,

The person having the greatest number of votes as vicepresident, shall be the vice-president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed, and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the senate shall choose the vice-president; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice.

But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of president shall be eligible to that of vice-president of the United States.

ART. XIII. Sect. 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

SECT. 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ART. XIV. SECT. 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the state wherein they reside. No state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any state deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

SECT. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several states according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each state, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for president and vice-president of the United States, representatives in congress, the executive and judicial officers of a state, or the members of the legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such state, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole

number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such state.

SECT. 3. No person shall be a senator, or representative in congress, or elector of president and vice-president, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any state, who, having previously taken an oath, as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any state legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any state, to support the constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each house, remove such disability.

SECT. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned.

But neither the United States, nor any state, shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

SECT. 5. The congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

ART. XV. SECT. 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States, or by any state, on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

SECT. 2. The congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

[Note. The constitution was adopted September 17, 1787, by the ananimous consent of the states present in the convention appointed in pursuance of the resolution of the congress of the confederation of February 21, 1787, and was ratified by the conventions of the several states, as follows, viz.: By convention of *Delaware*, December 7, 1787;

Pennsylvania, December 12, 1787; New Jersey, December 18, 1787; Georgia, January 2, 1788; Connecticut, January 9, 1788; Massachusetts, February 6, 1788; Maryland, April 28, 1788; South Carolina, May 23, 1788; New Hampshire, June 21, 1788; Virginia, June 26, 1788; New York, July 26, 1788; North Carolina, November 21, 1789; Rhode Island, May 29, 1790.

The first ten of the amendments were proposed at the first session of the first congress of the United States, September 25, 1789, and were finally ratified by the constitutional number of states on December 15, 1791. The eleventh amendment was proposed at the first session of the third congress, March 5, 1794, and was declared in a message from the President of the United States to both houses of congress, dated January 8, 1798, to have been adopted by the constitutional number of states. The twelfth amendment was proposed at the first session of the eighth congress, December 12, 1803, and was adopted by the constitutional number of states in 1804, according to a public notice thereof by the secretary of state, dated September 25 of the same year.

The thirteenth amendment was proposed to the legislatures of the several states by the thirty-eighth congress on February 1, 1865, and was declared, in a proclamation of the secretary of state, dated December 18, 1865, to have been ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the states.

The fourteenth amendment was proposed to the legislatures of the several states by the thirty-ninth congress, on June 16, 1866.

On July 20, 1868, the secretary of state of the United States issued his certificate, setting out that it appeared by official documents on file in the department of state that said amendment had been ratified by the legislatures of the states of Connecticut, New Hampshire, Tennessee, New Jersey, Oregon, Vermont, New York, Ohio, Illinois, West Virginia, Kansas, Maine, Nevada, Missouri, Indiana, Minnesota, Rhode Island, Wisconsin, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Massachusetts, Nebraska, and Iowa, and by newly established bodies avowing themselves to be and acting as the legislatures of the states of Arkansas, Florida, North Carolina, Louisiana, South Carolina, and Alabama; that the legislatures of Ohio and New Jersey had since passed resolutions withdrawing the consent of those states to said amendment; that the whole number of states in the United States was thirty-seven, that the twenty-three states first above named and the six states next above named together, constituted three-fourths of the whole number of states, and certifying that if the resolutions of Ohio and New Jersey, ratifying said amendment were still in force, notwithstanding their subsequent resolutions, then said amendment had been ratified and so become valid as part of the constitution,

On July 21, 1868, congress passed a resolution reciting that the amendment had been ratified by Connecticut, Tennessee, New Jersey, Oregon, Vermont, West Viryinia, Kansas, Missouri, Indiana, Ohio, Illinois, Minnesota, New York, Wisconsin, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Michigan, Nevada, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Nebraska, Maine, Iowa, Arkansas, Florida, North Carolina, Alabama, South Carolina and Louisiana, being three-fourths of the several states of the Union, and declaring said fourteenth article to be a part of the constitution of the United States and making it the duty of the secretary of state to duly promulgate it as such.

On July 28, 1868, the secretary of state issued his certificate, reciting the above resolution, and stating that official notice had been received at the department of state that action had been taken by the legislatures of the states in relation to said amendment, as follows: "It was ratified in A.D. 1866, by Connecticut, June 30; New Hampshire, July 7; Tenuessee, July 19; Oregon, September 19; Vermont, November 9. In A.D. 1867, by New York, January 10; Illinois, January 15; West Virginia, January 16; Kansus, January 18; Maine, January 19; Nevuda, January 22; Missouri, January 26; Indiana, January 29; Minnesota, February 1; Rhode Island, February 7; Wisconsin, February 13; Pennsylvania, February 13; Michigan, February 15; Massachusetts, March 20; Nebraska, June 15. In A.D. 1868, by Iona, April 3; Arkansas, April 6; Florida, June 9; Louisiana, July 9; and Alabama, July 13.

"It was first ratified and the ratification subsequently withdrawn by New Jersey, ratified September 11, 1866, withdrawn April, 1868; Ohio, ratified January 11, 1867, and withdrawn January, 1868.

"It was first rejected and then ratified by *Georgia*, rejected November 13, 1866, ratified July 21, 1868; *North Carolina*, rejected December 4, 1866, ratified July 4, 1868; *South Carolina*, rejected December 20, 1866, and ratified July 9, 1868.

"It was rejected by Texas, November 1, 1866; Virginia, January 9, 1867; Kentucky, January 10, 1867; Delaware, February 7, 1867; and Maryland, March 23, 1867."

And on said July 28, 1868, and in execution of the act proposing the amendment and of the concurrent resolution of congress above mentioned and in pursuance thereof, the secretary of state directed that said amendment to the constitution be published in the newspapers authorized to promulgate the laws of the United States, and certified that it had been adopted in the manner above specified by the states named in said resolution, and that it "has become valid to all intents and purposes as a part of the constitution of the United States."

Subsequently it was ratified by Virginia, October 8,1869, by Georgia, again, February 2, 1870, and by Texas, February 18, 1870.

The fifteenth amendment was proposed to the legislatures of the several states by the fortieth congress on February 27, 1869, and was declared, in a proclamation of the secretary of state, dated March 30 1870, to have been ratified by the constitutional number of states and to have "become valid to all intents and purposes as part of the constitution of the United States."]

CONSTITUTION

* + *

OR

FORM OF GOVERNMENT

FOR THE

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

PREAMBLE.

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PREAMBLE.

THE end of the institution, maintenance, and administration of government, is to secure the existence of the body politic, to protect it, and to furnish the individuals who compose it with the power of enjoying in safety and tranquillity their natural rights, and the blessings of life: and whenever these great objects are not obtained, the people have a right to alter the government, and to take measures necessary for their safety, prosperity, and happiness.

The body politic is formed by a voluntary association of individuals: it is a social compact, by which the whole people covenants with each citizen, and each citizen with the whole people, that all shall be governed by certain laws for the common good. It is the duty of the people, therefore, in framing a constitution of government, to provide for an equitable mode of making laws, as well as for an impartial interpretation and a faithful execution of them; that every man may, at all times, find his security in them.

We, therefore, the people of Massachusetts, acknowledging, with grateful hearts, the goodness of the great Legislator of the universe, in affording us, in the course of His providence, an opportunity, deliberately and peaceably, without fraud, violence, or surprise, of entering into an original, explicit, and solemn compact with each other; and

of forming a new constitution of civil government, for ourselves and posterity; and devoutly imploring His direction in so interesting a design, do agree upon, ordain, and establish, the following *Declaration of Rights, and Frame of Government*. as the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts,

PART THE FIRST.

A Declaration of the Rights of the Inhabitants of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

ARTICLE I. All men are born free and equal, and have certain natural, essential, and unalienable rights; among which may be reckoned the right of enjoying and defending their lives and liberties; that of acquiring, possessing, and protecting property; in fine, that of seeking and obtaining their safety and happiness.

ART. II. It is the right as well as the duty of all men isociety, publicly, and at stated seasons, to worship the Supreme Being, the great Creator and Preserver of the universe. And no subject shall be hurt, molested, or restrained, in his person, liberty, or estate, for worshipping God in the manner and season most agreeable to the dictates of his own conscience; or for his religious profession or sentiments; provided he doth not disturb the public peace, or obstruct others in their religious worship.

ART. III. [As the happiness of a people, and the good order, and preservation of civil government, essentially depend upon piety, religion, and morality; and as these cannot be generally diffused through a community but by the institution of the public worship of God, and of public instructions in piety, religion, and morality: Therefore, to promote their happiness, and to secure the good order and preserva-

tion of their government, the people of this commonwealth have a right to invest their legislature with power to authorize and require, and the legislature shall, from time to time, authorize and require, the several towns, parishes, precincts, and other bodies politic, or religious societies, to make suitable provision, at their own expense, for the institution of the public worship of God, and for the support and maintenance of public Protestant teachers of piety, religion, and morality, in all cases where such provision shall not be made voluntarily. [See Amendment, Article XI.]

And the people of this commonwealth have also a right to, and do, invest their legislature with authority to enjoin upon all the subjects an attendance upon the instructions of the public teachers aforesaid, at stated times and seasons, if there be any on whose instructions they can conscientiously and conveniently attend.

Provided, notwithstanding, that the several towns, parishes, precincts, and other bodies politic, or religious societies, shall, at all times, have the exclusive right of electing their public teachers, and of contracting with them for their support and maintenance.

And all moneys paid by the subject to the support of public worship, and of the public teachers aforesaid, shall, if he require it, be uniformly applied to the support of the public teacher or teachers of his own religious sect or denomination, provided there be any on whose instructions he attends; otherwise it may be paid towards the support of the teacher or teachers of the parish or precinct in which the said moneys are raised.

And every denomination of Christians, demeaning themselves peaceably, and as good subjects of the commonwealth, shall be equally under the protection of the law: and no subordination of any one sect or denomination to another shall ever be established by law.]

ART. IV. The people of this commonwealth have the sole and exclusive right of governing themselves, as a free, sove-

reign, and independent state; and do, and forever hereafter shall, exercise and enjoy every power, jurisdiction, and right, which is not, or may not hereafter be, by them expressly delegated to the United States of America, in Congress assembled.

- ART. V. All power residing originally in the people, and being derived from them, the several magistrates and officers of government, vested with authority, whether legislative, executive, or judicial, are their substitutes and agents, and are at all times accountable to them.
- ART. VI. No man, nor corporation, or association of men, have any other title to obtain advantages, or particular and exclusive privileges, distinct from those of the community, than what arises from the consideration of services rendered to the public; and this title being in nature neither hereditary, nor transmissible to children, or descendants, or relations by blood, the idea of a man born a magistrate, laws giver, or judge, is absurd and unnatural.
- ART. VII. Government is instituted for the common good; for the protection, safety, prosperity, and happiness of the people; and not for the profit, honor, or private interest of any one man, family, or class of men: Therefore the people alone have an incontestible, unalienable, and indefeasible right to institute government; and to reform, alter, or totally change the same, when their protection, safety, prosperity, and happiness require it.
 - ART. VIII. In order to prevent those who are vested with authority from becoming oppressors, the people have a right, at such periods and in such manner as they shall establish by their frame of government, to cause their public officers to return to private life; and to fill up vacant placed by certain and regular elections and appointments.

ART. IX. All elections ought to be free; and all the inhabitants of this commonwealth, having such qualifications as they shall establish by their frame of government, have an equal right to elect officers, and to be elected, for public employments.

ART. X. Each individual of the society has a right to be protected by it in the enjoyment of his life, liberty, and property, according to standing laws. He is obliged, consequently, to contribute his share to the expense of this protection; to give his personal service, or an equivalent, when necessary: but no part of the property of any individual can, with justice, be taken from him, or applied to public uses, without his own consent, or that of the representative body of the people. In fine, the people of this commonwealth are not controllable by any other laws than those to which their constitutional representative body have given their consent. And whenever the public exigencies require that the property of any individual should be appropriated to public uses, he shall receive a reasonable compensation therefor.

ART. XI. Every subject of the commonwealth ought to find a certain remedy, by having recourse to the laws, for all injuries or wrongs which he may receive in his person, property, or character. He ought to obtain right and justice freely, and without being obliged to purchase it; completely, and without any denial; promptly, and without delay; comformably to the laws.

ART. XII. No subject shall be held to answer for any crimes or offence, until the same is fully and plainly, substantially, and formally, described to him; or be compelled to accuse, or furnish evidence against himself. And every subject shall have a right to produce all proofs that may be favorable to him; to meet the witnesses against him face to face, and to be fully heard in his defence by himself, or his coun-

sel, at his election. And no subject shall be arrested, imprisoned, despoiled, or deprived of his property, immunities, or privileges, put out of the protection of the law, exiled, or deprived of his life, liberty, or estate, but by the judgment of his peers, or the law of the land.

And the legislature shall not make any law that shall subject any person to a capital or infamous punishment, excepting for the government of the army and navy, without trial by jury.

ART. XIII. In criminal prosecutions, the verification of facts in the vicinity where they happen, is one of the greatest securities of the life, liberty, and property of the citizen.

ART. XIV. Every subject has a right to be secure from all unreasonable searches, and seizures, of his person, his houses, his papers, and all his possessions. All warrants, therefore, are contrary to this right, if the cause or foundation of them be not previously supported by oath or affirmation, and if the order in the warrant to a civil officer, to make search in suspected places, or to arrest one or more suspected persons, or to seize their property, be not accompanied with a special designation of the persons or objects of search, arrest, or seizure: and no warrant ought to be issued but in cases, and with the formalities prescribed by the laws.

ART. XV. In all controversies concerning property, and in all suits between two or more persons, except in cases in which it has heretofcre been otherways used and practised, the parties have a right to a trial by jury; and this method of procedure shall be held sacred, unless, in causes arising on the high seas, and such as relate to mariners' wages, the legislature shall hereafter find it necessary to alter it.

ART. XVI. The liberty of the press is essential to the seeurity of freedom in a state: it ought not, therefore, to be restrained in this commonwealth. ART. XVII. The people have a right to keep and to bear arms for the common defence. And as, in time of peace, armies are dangerous to liberty, they ought not to be maintained without the consent of the legislature; and the military power shall always be held in an exact subordination to the civil authority, and be governed by it.

ART. XVIII. A frequent recurrence to the fundamental principles of the constitution, and a constant adherence to those of piety, justice, moderation, temperance, industry, and frugality, are absolutely necessary to preserve the advantages of liberty, and to maintain a free government. The people ought, consequently, to have a particular attention to all those principles, in the choice of their officers and representatives: and they have a right to require of their lawgivers and magistrates an exact and constant observance of them, in the formation and execution of the laws necessary for the good administration of the commonwealth.

ART. XIX. The people have a right, in an orderly and peaceable manner, to assemble to consult upon the common good; give instructions to their representatives, and to request of the legislative body, by the way of addresses, petitions, or remonstrances, redress of the wrongs done them, and of the grievances they suffer.

ART. XX. The power of suspending the laws, or the execution of the laws, ought never to be exercised but by the legislature, or by authority derived from it, to be exercised in such particular cases only as the legislature shall expressly provide for.

ART. XXI. The freedom of deliberation, speech, and debate in either house of the legislature, is so essential to the rights of the people, that it cannot be the foundation of any accusation or prosecution, action or complaint, in any other court or place whatsoever.

ART. XXII. The legislature ought frequently to assemble for the redress of grievances, for correcting, strengthening, and confirming the laws, and for making new laws, as the common good may require.

ART. XXIII. No subsidy, charge, tax, impost, or duties ought to be established, fixed, laid, or levied, under any pretext whatsoever, without the consent of the people or their representatives in the legislature.

ART. XXIV. Laws made to punish for actions done before the existence of such laws, and which have not been declared crimes by preceding laws, are unjust, oppressive, and inconsistent with the fundamental principles of a free government.

ART. XXV. No subject ought, in any case, or in any time, to be declared guilty of treason or felony by the legislature.

ART. XXVI. No magistrate or court of law shall demand excessive bail or sureties, impose excessive fines, or inflict cruel or unusual punishments.

ART. XXVII. In time of peace, no soldier ought to be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner; and in time of war, such quarters ought not to be made but by the civil magistrate, in a manner ordained by the legislature.

ART. XXVIII. No person can in any case be subject to law-martial, or to any penalties or pains, by virtue of that law, except those employed in the army or navy, and except the militia in actual service, but by authority of the legislature.

ART. XXIX. It is essential to the preservation of the

rights of every individual, his life, liberty, property, and character, that there be an impartial interpretation of the laws, and administration of justice. It is the right of every citizen to be tried by judges as free, impartial, and independent as the lot of humanity will admit. It is, therefore, not only the best policy, but for the security of the rights of the people, and of every citizen, that the judges of the supreme judicial court should hold their offices as long as they behave themselves well; and that they should have honorable salaries ascertained and established by standing laws.

ART. XXX. In the government of this commonwealth, the legislative department shall never exercise the executive and judicial powers, or either of them: the executive shall never exercise the legislative and judicial powers, or either of them: the judicial shall never exercise the legislative and executive powers, or either of them: to the end it may be a government of laws and not of men.

PART THE SECOND.

The Frame of Government.

The people, inhabiting the territory formerly called the Province of Massachusetts Bay, do hereby solemnly and mutually agree with each other, to form themselves into a free, sovereign, and independent body politic, or state, by the name of The Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

CHAPTER I.

THE LEGISLATIVE POWER.

SECTION I.

The General Court.

ARTICLE I. The department of legislation shall be formed by two branches, a Senate and House of Representatives; each of which shall have a negative on the other.

The legislative body shall assemble every year [on the last Wednesday in May, and at such other times as they shall judge necessary; and shall dissolve and be dissolved on the day next preceding the said last Wednesday in May;] and shall be styled, The General Court of Massachusetts. (See Amendments, Article X.)

ART. II. No bill or resolve of the senate or house of representatives shall become a law, and have force as such until it shall have been laid before the governor for his revisal; and if he, upon such revision, approve thereof, he shall signify his approbation by signing the same. But if he have any objection to the passing of such bill or resolve, he shall return the same, together with his objections thereto, in

writing, to the senate or house of representatives, in whichsoever the same shall have originated; who shall enter the
objections sent down by the governor, at large, on their
records, and proceed to reconsider the said bill or resolve.
But if after such reconsideration, two-thirds of the said
senate or house of representatives, shall, notwithstanding
the said objections, agree to pass the same, it shall, together
with the objections, be sent to the other branch of the legislature, where it shall also be reconsidered, and if approved
by two-thirds of the members present, shall have the force
of a law; but in all such cases, the votes of both houses
shall be determined by yeas and nays; and the names of
the persons voting for, or against, the said bill or resolve,
shall be entered upon the public records of the commonwealth.

And in order to prevent unnecessary delays, if any bill or resolve shall not be returned by the governor within five days after it shall have been presented, the same shall have the force of a law.

ART. III. The general court shall forever have full power and authority to erect and constitute judicatories and courts of record, or other courts, to be held in the name of the commonwealth, for the hearing, trying, and determining of all manner of crimes, offences, pleas, processes, plaints, actions, matters, causes, and things, whatsoever, arising or happening within the commonwealth, or between or concerning persons inhabiting, or residing, or brought within the same: whether the same be criminal or civil, or whether the said crimes be capital or not capital, and whether the said pleas be real, personal, or mixed; and for the awarding and making out of execution thereupon. To which courts and judicatories are hereby given and granted full power and authority, from time to time, to administer oaths or affirmations, for the better discovery of truth in any matter in controversy or depending before them.

ART. IV. And further, full power and authority are hereby given and granted to the said general court, from time to time to make, ordain, and establish, all manner of wholesome and reasonable orders, laws, statutes, and ordinances, directions and instructions, either with penalties or without; so as the same be not repugnant or contrary to this constitution, as they shall judge to be for the good and welfare of this commonwealth, and for the government and ordering thereof, and of the subjects of the same, and for the necessary support and defence of the government thereof; and to name and settle annually, or provide by fixed laws for the naming and settling, all civil officers within the said commonwealth, the election and constitution of whom are not hereafter in this form of government otherwise provided for; and to set forth the several duties, powers, and limits, of the several civil and military officers of this commonwealth, and the forms of such oaths or affirmations as shall be respectively administered unto them for the execution of their several offices and places, so as the same be not repugnant or contrary to this constitution; and to impose and levy proportional and reasonable assessments, rates, and taxes, upon all the inhabitants of, and persons resident, and estates lying, within the said commonwealth, and also to impose and levy reasonable duties and excises upon any produce, goods, wares, merchandise, and commodities, whatsoever, brought into, produced, manufactured, or being within the same; to be issued and disposed of by warrant, under the hand of the governor of this commonwealth for the time being, with the advice and consent of the council, for the public service, in the necessary defence and support of the government of the said commonwealth, and the protection and preservation of the subjects thereof, according to such acts as are or shall be in force within the same.

And while the public charges of government, or any part thereof, shall be assessed on polls and estates, in the manner that has hitherto been practised, in order that such assessments may be made with equality, there shall be a valuation of estates within the commonwealth, taken anew once in every ten years at least, and as much oftener as the general court shall order. [See Amendments, Article II.

CHAPTER I.

SECTION II.

Senate.

ARTICLE I. [There shall be annually elected, by the freeholders and other inhabitants of this commonwealth, qualified as in this constitution is provided, forty persons to be councillors and senators for the year ensuing their election; to be chosen by the inhabitants of the districts into which the commonwealth may from time to time be divided by the general court for that purpose: and the general court, in assigning the numbers to be elected by the respective districts, shall govern themselves by the proportion of the public taxes paid by the said districts; and timely make known to the inhabitants of the commonwealth the limits of each district, and the number of councillors and senators to be chosen therein; provided, that the number of such districts shall never be less than thirteen; and that no district be so large as to entitle the same to choose more than six senators. [See Amendments, Articles XIII., XVI., XXII.]

And the several counties in this commonwealth shall, until the general court shall determine it necessary to alter the said districts, be districts for the choice of councillors and senators, (except that the counties of Dukes County and Nantucket shall form one district for that purpose) and shall elect the following number for councillors and senators, viz.:—Suffolk, six; Essex, six; Middlesex, five;

Hampshire, four; Plymouth, three; Barnstable, one; Bristol, three; York, two; Dukes County and Nantucket, one; Worcester, five; Cumberland, one; Lincoln, one; Berkshire, two.]

ART. II. The senate shall be the first branch of the legislature; and the senators shall be chosen in the following manner, viz.: there shall be a meeting on the first Monday in April, annually, forever, of the inhabitants of each town in the several counties of this commonwealth; to be called by the selectmen, and warned in due course of law, at least seven days before the [first Monday in April,] for the purpose of electing persons to be senators and councillors; [and at such meetings every male inhabitant of twenty-one years of age and upwards, having a freehold estate within the commonwealth, of the annual income of three pounds, or any estate of the value of sixty pounds, shall have a right to give in his vote for the senators for the district of which he is an inhabitant, And to remove all doubts concerning the meaning of the word "inhabitant" in this constitution, every person shall be considered as an inhabitant, for the purpose of electing and being elected into any office, or place within this state, in that town, district, or plantation where he dwelleth, or hath his home. [See Amendments, Articles II., III., X., XV., XX., XXVI., XXVIII.]

The selectmen of the several towns shall preside at such meetings impartially; and shall receive the votes of all the inhabitants of such towns present and qualified to vote for senators, and shall sort and count them in open town meeting, and in presence of the town clerk, who shall make a fair record, in presence of the selectmen, and in open town meeting, of the name of every person voted for, and of the number of votes against his name: and a fair copy of this record shall be attested by the selectmen and the town clerk, and shall be sealed up, directed to the secretary of the commonwealth for the time being, with a superscription, expressing the purport of the contents thereof, and delivered by the

town clerk of such towns, to the sheriff of the county in which such town lies, thirty days at least before [the last Wednesday in May] annually; or it shall be delivered in the secretary's office seventeen days at least before the said [last Wednesday in May:] and the sheriff of each county shall deliver all such certificates by him received, into the secretary's office, seventeen days before the said [last Wednesday in May.] [See Amendments, Articles II., X.]

And the inhabitants of plantations unincorporated, qualified as this constitution provides, who are or shall be empowered and required to assess taxes upon themselves toward the support of government, shall have the same privilege of voting for councillors and senators in the plantations where they reside, as town inhabitants have in their respective towns; and the plantation meetings for that purpose shall be held annually on the same first Monday in Aprill, at such place in the plantations, respectively, as the assessors thereof shall direct; which assessors shall have like authority for notifying the electors, collecting and returning the votes, as the selectmen and town clerks have in their several towns, by this constitution. And all other persons living in places unincorporated (qualified as aforesaid) who shall be assessed to the support of government by the assessors of an adjacent town, shall have the privilege of giving in their votes for councillors and senators in the town where they shall be assessed, and be notified of the place of meeting by the selectmen of the town where they shall be assessed for that purpose, accordingly. [See Amendments, Article, XV.]

ART. III. And that there may be a due convention of sennators on the [last Wednesday in May] annually, the governor with five of the council, for the time being, shall, as soon as may be, examine the return copies of such records; and fourteen days before the said day he shall issue his summons to such persons as shall appear to be chosen by [a majority of] voters, to attend on that day, and take their seats accordingly: provided, nevertheless, that for the first year the said returned copies shall be examined by the president and five of the council of the former constitution of government; and the said president, shall, in like manner, issue his summons to the persons so elected, that they may take their seats as aforesaid. [See Amendments, Article X., XIV.]

ART. IV. The senate shall be the final judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of their own members, as pointed out in the constitution; and shall, [on the said last Wednesday in May annually, determine and declare who are elected by each district to be senators [by a majority of votes; and in case there shall not appear to be the full number of senators returned elected by a majority of votes for any district, the deficiency shall be supplied in the following manner, viz.: The members of the house of representatives, and such senators as shall be declared elected, shall take the names of such persons as shall be found to have the highest number of votes in such district, and not elected, amounting to twice the number of senators wanting, if there be so many voted for; and out of these shall elect by ballot a number of senators sufficient to fill up the vacancies in such district; and in this manner all such vacancies shall be filled up in every district of the commonwealth; and in like manner all vacancies in the senate, arising by death, removal out of the state, or otherwise, shall be supplied as soon as may be, after such vacancies shall happen. [See Amendments. Articles X., XIV., XXIV.]

ART. V. Provided, nevertheless, that no person shall be capable of being elected as a senator, [who is not seised in his own right of a freehold, within this commonwealth, of the value of three hundred pounds at least, or possessed of personal estate to the value of six hundred pounds at least, or of both to the amount of the same sum, and] who has not been an inhabitant of this commonwealth for the space of

five years immediately preceding his election, and, at the time of his election, he shall be an inhabitant in the district for which he shall be chosen. [See Amendments, Articles XIII., XXII.]

ART. VI. The senate shall have power to adjourn themselves, provided such adjournments do not exceed two days at a time.

ART. VII. The senate shall choose its own president, appoint its own officers, and determine its own rules of proceedings.

ART. VIII. The senate shall be a court with full authority to hear and determine all impeachments made by the house of representatives, against any officer or officers of the commonwealth, for misconduct and mal-administration in their offices. But previous to the trial of every impeachment the members of the senate shall respectively be sworn, truly and impartially to try and determine the charge in question, according to evidence. Their judgment, however, shall not extend further than to removal from office and disqualification to hold or enjoy any place of honor, trust, or profit, under this commonwealth: but the party so convicted shall be, nevertheless, liable to indictment, trial, judgment, and punishment, according to the laws of the land.

ART. IX. Not less than sixteen members of the senate shall constitute a quorum for doing business. [See Amendments, Article XXII.]

CHAPTER I.

SECTION III.

House of Representatives.

ARTICLE I. There shall be, in the legislature of this commonwealth, a representation of the people, annually elected, and founded upon the principle of equality.

ART. II. [And in order to provide for a representation of the citizens of this commonwealth, founded upon the principle of equality, every corporate town containing one hundred and fifty ratable polls may elect one representative; every corporate town containing three hundred and seventy-five ratable polls may elect two representatives; every corporate town containing six hundred ratable polls may elect three representatives; and proceeding in that manner, making two hundred and twenty-five ratable polls the mean increasing number for every additional representative. [See Amendments, Articles XII., XIII., XXI.]

Provided, nevertheless, that each town now incorporated, not having one hundred and fifty ratable polls, may elect one representative; but no place shall hereafter be incorporated with the privilege of electing a representative, unless there are within the same one hundred and fifty ratable polls.]

And the house of representatives shall have power from time to time to impose fines upon such towns as shall neglect to choose and return members to the same, agreeably to this constitution.

The expenses of travelling to the general assembly, and returning home, once in every session, and no more, shall be paid by the government, out of the public treasury, to every member who shall attend as seasonably as he can, in the judgment of the house, and does not depart without leave.

- ART. III. Every member of the house of representatives shall be chosen by written votes; [and, for one year at least next preceding his election, shall have been an inhabitant of, and have been seised in his own right of a freehold of the value of one hundred pounds within the town he shall be chosen to represent, or any ratable estate to the value of two hundred pounds; and he shall cease to represent the said town immediately on his ceasing to be qualified as aforesaid.] [See Amendments, Articles XIII., XXI.]
- ART. IV. [Every male person, being twenty-one years of age, and resident in any particular town in this common wealth for the space of one year next preceding, having a freehold estate within the same town of the annual income of three pounds, or any estate of the value of sixty pounds, shall have a right to vote in the choice of a representative or representatives for the said town.] [See Amendments, Articles III., XX., XXVI., XXVIII.
- ART. V. [The members of the house of representatives shall be chosen annually in the month of May, ten days at least before the last Wednesday of that month.] [See Amendments, Articles X., XV.]
- ART. VI. The house of representatives shall be the grand inquest of this commonwealth; and all impeachments made by them shall be heard and tried by the senate.
- ART. VII. All money bills shall originate in the house of representatives; but the senate may propose or concur with amendments, as on other bills.
- ART. VIII. The house of representatives shall have power to adjourn themselves; provided such adjournment shall not exceed two days at a time.
- ART. IX. [Not less than sixty members of the house of representatives shall constitute a quorum for doing business.] [See Amendments, Article XXI.]

ART. X. The house of representatives shall be the judge of the returns, elections, and qualifications of its own members, as pointed out in the constitution; shall choose their own speaker; appoint their own officers, and settle the rules and orders of proceeding in their own house. They shall have authority to punish by imprisonment every person, not a member, who shall be guilty of disrespect to the house, by any disorderly or contemptuous behavior in its presence; or who, in the town where the general court is sitting, and during the time of its sitting, shall threaten harm to the body or estate of any of its members, for any thing said or done in the house; or who shall assault any of them therefor; or who shall assault, or arrest, any witness, or other person, ordered to attend the house, in his way in going or returning; or who shall rescue any person arrested by the order of the house.

And no member of the house of representatives shall be arrested, or held to bail on mean process, during his going unto, returning from, or his attending the general assembly.

ART. XI. The senate shall have the same powers in the like cases; and the governor and council shall have the same authority to punish in like cases: provided, that no imprisonment on the warrant or order of the governor, council, senate, or house of representatives, for either of the above described offences, be for a term exceeding thirty days.

And the senate and house of representatives may try and determine all cases where their rights and privileges are concerned, and which, by the constitution, they have authority to try and determine, by committees of their own members, or in such other way as they may respectively think best.

CHAPTER II.

EXECUTIVE POWER.

SECTION I.

Governor.

ARTICLE 1. There shall be a supreme executive magistrate, who shall be styled — THE GOVERNOR OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS; and whose title shall be — HIS EXCELLENCY.

ART. II. The governor shall be chosen annually; and no person shall be eligible to this office, unless, at the time of his election, he shall have been an inhabitant of this commonwealth for seven years next preceding; and unless he shall at the same time be seised in his own right, of a freehold, within the commonwealth, of the value of one thousand pounds; [and unless he shall declare himself to be of the Christian religion.] [See Amendments, Article VII.]

ART. III. Those persons who shall be qualified to vote for senators and representatives within the several towns of this commonwealth shall, at a meeting to be called for that purpose, on the [first Monday of April] annually, give in their votes for a governor, to the selectmen, who shall preside at such meetings; and the town clerk, in the presence and with the assistance of the selectmen, shall, in open town meeting, sort and count the votes, and form a list of the persons voted for, with the number of votes for each person against his name; and shall make a fair record of the same in the town books, and a public declaration thereof in the said meeting; and shall, in the presence of the inhabitants, seal up copies of the said list, attested by him and the selectmen, and transmit the same to the sheriff of the county, thirty days at least before the [last Wednesday]

in Mayl; and the sheriff shall transmit the same to the secretary's office, seventeen days at least before the said [last Wednesday in May]; or the selectmen may cause returns of the same to be made to the office of the secretary of the commonwealth, seventeen days at least before the said day; and the secretary shall lay the same before the senate and the house of representatives on the [last Wednesday in May], to be by them examined; and [in case of an election by a majority of all the votes returned, the choice shall be by them declared and published; [but if no person shall have a majority of votes, the house of representatives shall, by ballot, elect two out of four persons who had the highest number of votes, if so many shall have been voted for; but, if otherwise, out of the number voted for; and make return to the senate of the two persons so elected; on which the senate shall proceed, by ballot, to elect one, who shall be declared governor.] [See Amendments, Arti-·cles II., X., XIV., XV.]

ART. IV. The governor shall have authority, from time to time, at his discretion, to assemble and call together the councillors of this commonwealth for the time being; and the governor with the said councillors, or five of them at least, shall, and may, from time to time, hold and keep a council, for the ordering and directing the affairs of the commonwealth, agreeably to the constitution and the laws of the land.

ART. V. The governor, with advice of council, shall have full power and authority, during the session of the general court, to adjourn or prorogue the same to any time the two houses shall desire; [and to dissolve the same on the day next preceding the last Wednesday in May; and, in the recess of the said court, to prorogue the same from time to time, not exceeding ninety days in any one recess;] and to call it together sooner than the time to which it may be adjourned or prorogued, if the welfare of the commonwealth shall require the same; and in case of any infectious distem-

per prevailing in the place where the said court is next at any time to convene, or any other cause happening, whereby danger may arise to the health or lives of the members from their attendance, he may direct the session to be held at some other, the most convenient place within the state. [See Amendments, Article X.]

[And the governor shall dissolve the said general court on the day next preceding the last Wednesday in May.] [See Amendments, Article X.]

ART. VI. In cases of disagreement between the two houses, with regard to the necessity, expediency, or time of adjournment or prorogation, the governor, with advice of the council, shall have a right to adjourn or prorogue the general court, not exceeding ninety days, as he shall determine the public good shall require.

ART. VII. The governor of this commonwealth, for the time being, shall be the commander-in-chief of the army and navy, and of all the military forces of the state, by sea and land; and shall have full power, by himself, or by any commander, or other officer or officers, from time to time, to train, instruct, exercise, and govern the militia and navy: and, for the special defence and safety of the commonwealth, to assemble in martial array, and put in warlike posture, the inhabitants thereof, and to lead and conduct them, and with them to encounter, repel, resist, expel, and pursue, by force of arms, as well by sea as by land, within or without the limits of this commonwealth, and also to kill, slay, and destroy, if necessary, and conquer, by all fitting ways, enterprises, and means whatsoever, all and every such person and persons as shall, at any time hereafter, in a hostile manner, attempt or enterprise the destruction, invasion, detriment, or annoyance of this commonwealth; and to use and exercise, over the army and navy, and over the militia in actual service, the law-martial, in time of war or invasion, and also in time of rebellion, declared by the legislature to exist, as occasion shall necessarily require; and to take and surprise, by all ways and means whatsoever, all and every such person or persons, with their ships, arms, ammunition, and other goods, as shall, in a hostile manner, invade, or attempt the invading, conquering, or annoying this commonwealth; and that the governor be intrusted with all these and other powers, incident to the offices of captain-general and commander-in-chief, and admiral, to be exercised agreeably to the rules and regulations of the constitution, and the laws of the land, and not otherwise.

Provided, that the said governor shall not, at any time hereafter, by virtue of any power by this constitution granted, or hereafter to be granted to him by the legislature, transport any of the inhabitants of this commonwealth, or oblige them to march out of the limits of the same, without their free and voluntary consent, or the consent of the general court; except so far as may be necessary to march or transport them by land or water, for the defence of such part of the state to which they cannot otherwise conveniently have access.

ART. VIII. The power of pardoning offences, except such as persons may be convicted of before the senate by an impeachment of the house, shall be in the governor, by and with the advice of council; but no charter of pardon, granted by the governor, with advice of the council before conviction, shall avail the party pleading the same, notwithstanding any general or particular expressions contained therein, descriptive of the offence or offences intended to be pardoned.

ART. IX. All judicial officers, [the attorney-general,] the solicitor-general, [all sheriffs,] coroners, [and registers of probate,] shall be nominated and appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the council; and every such nomination shall be made by the governor, and

made at least seven days prior to such appointment. [See Amendments, Articles IV., XVII., XIX.]

ART. X. The captains and subalterns of the militia shall be elected by the written votes of the train-band and alarm list of their respective companies, [of twenty-one years of age and upward;] the field officers of regiments shall be elected by the written votes of the captains and subalterns of their respective regiments; the brigadiers shall be elected, in like manner, by the field officers of their respective brigades; and such officers, so elected, shall be commissioned by the governor, who shall determine their rank. [See Amendments, Article V.]

The legislature shall, by standing laws, direct the time and manner of convening the electors, and of collecting votes, and of certifying to the governor the officers elected.

The major-generals shall be appointed by the senate and house of representatives, each having a negative upon the other; and be commissioned by the governor. [See Amendments, Article IV.]

And if the electors of brigadiers, field officers, captains or subalterns, shall neglect or refuse to make such elections, after being duly notified, according to the laws for the time being, then the governor, with advice of council, shall appoint suitable persons to fill such offices.

[And no officer, duly commissioned to command in the militia, shall be removed from his office, but by the address of both houses to the governor, or by fair trial in court-martial, pursuant to the laws of the commonwealth for the time being]. [See Amendments, Article IV.]

The commanding officers of regiments shall appoint their adjutants and quartermasters; the brigadiers their brigademajors; and the major-generals their aids; and the governor shall appoint the adjutant-general.

The governor, with advice of council, shall appoint all officers of the continental army, whom by the confede-

ration of the United States it is provided that this commonwealth shall appoint, as also all officers of forts and garrisons.

The divisions of the militia into brigades, regiments, and companies, made in pursuance of the militia laws now in force, shall be considered as the proper divisions of the militia of this commonwealth, until the same shall be altered in pursuance of some future law.

ART. XI. No moneys shall be issued out of the treasury of this commonwealth, and disposed of (except such sums as may be appropriated for the redemption of bills of credit or treasurer's notes, or for the payment of interest arising thereon) but by warrant under the hand of the governor for the time being, with the advice and consent of the council, for the necessary defence and support of the commonwealth; and for the protection and preservation of the inhabitants thereof, agreeably to the acts and resolves of the general court.

ART, XII. All public boards, the commissary-general, all superintending officers of public magazines and stores, belonging to this commonwealth, and all commanding officers of forts and garrisons within the same, shall once in every three months, officially, and without requisition, and at other times, when required by the governor, deliver to him an account of all goods, stores, provisions, ammunition, cannon with their appendages, and small arms with their accoutrements, and of all other public property whatever under their care respectively; distinguishing the quantity, number, quality and kind of each, as particularly as may be: together with the condition of such forts and garrisons; and the said commanding officers shall exhibit to the governor, when required by him, true and exact plans of such forts, and of the land and sea or harbor or harbors, adjacent.

And the said boards, and all public officers, shall commu-

nicate to the governor, as soon as may be after receiving the same, all letters, despatches, and intelligences of a public nature, which shall be directed to them respectively.

ART. XIII. As the public good requires that the governor should not be under the undue influence of any of the members of the general court by a dependence on them for his support, that he should in all cases act with freedom for the benefit of the public, that he should not have his attention necessarily diverted from that object to his private concerns, and that he should maintain the dignity of the commonwealth in the character of its chief magistrate, it is necessary that he should have an honorable stated salary, of a fixed and permanent value, amply sufficient for those purposes, and established by standing laws: and it shall be among the first acts of the general court, after the commencement of this constitution, to establish such salary by law accordingly.

Permanent and honorable salaries shall also be established by law for the justices of the supreme judicial court.

And if it shall be found that any of the salaries aforesaid, so established, are insufficient, they shall, from time to time, be enlarged, as the general court shall judge proper.

CHAPTER II.

SECTION II.

Lieutenant-Governor.

ARTICLE I. There shall be annually elected a lieutenant-governor of the commonwealth of Massachusetts, whose title shall be—His HONOR; and who shall be qualified, in point of [religion,] property, and residence in the commonwealth, in the same manner with the governor; and the day and manner of his election, and the qualifications of the elect-

ors, shall be the same as are required in the election of a governor. The return of the votes for this officer, and the declaration of his election, shall be in the same manner; [and if no one person shall be found to have a majority of all the votes returned, the vacancy shall be filled by the senate and house of representatives, in the same manner as the governor is to be elected, in case no one person shall have a majority of the votes of the people to be governor.] [See Amendments, Articles VII., XIV.]

ART. II. The governor, and in his absence the lieutenant-governor, shall be president of the council, but shall have no vote in council; and the lieutenant-governor shall always be a member of the council, except when the chair of the governor shall be vacant.

ART. III. Whenever the chair of the governor shall be vacant, by reason of his death, or absence from the commonwealth, or otherwise, the lieutenant-governor, for the time being, shall, during such vacancy, perform all the duties incumbent upon the governor, and shall have and exercise all the powers and authorities, which by this constitution the governor is vested with, when personally present.

CHAPTER II.

SECTION III.

Council, and the Manner of settling Elections by the Legislature.

ARTICLE I. There shall be a council for advising the governor in the executive part of the government, to consist of [nine] persons besides the lieutenant-governor, whom the governor, for the time being, shall have full power and authority, from time to time, at his discretion, to assemble

and call together; and the governor, with the said councillors, or five of them at least, shall and may, from time to time, hold and keep a council, for the ordering and directing the affairs of the commonwealth, according to the laws of the land. [See Amendments, Article XVI.]

- ART. II. [Nine councillors shall be annually chosen from among the persons returned for councillors and senators, on the last Wednesday in May, by the joint ballot of the senators and representatives assembled in one room; and in case there shall not be found upon the first choice, the whole number of nine persons who will accept a seat in the council, the deficiency shall be made up by the electors aforesaid from among the people at large; and the number of senators left shall constitute the senate for the year. The seats of the persons thus elected from the senate, and accepting the trust, shall be vacated in the senate.] [See Amendments, Articles X., XIII., XVI.]
- ART. III. The councillors, in the civil arrangements of the commonwealth, shall have rank next after the lieutenant-governor.
- ART. IV. [Not more than two councillors shall be chosen out of any one district of this commonwealth.] [See Amendments, Article XVI.]
- ART. V. The resolutions and advice of the council shall be recorded in a register, and signed by the members present; and this record may be called for at any time by either house of the legislature; and any member of the council may insert his opinion, contrary to the resolution of the majority.
- ART. VI. Whenever the office of the governor and lieutenant-governor shall be vacant, by reason of death, absence, or otherwise, then the council, or the major part of them, shall, during such vacancy, have full power and authority

to do, and execute, all and every such acts, matters, and things, as the governor or the lieutenant-governor might or could, by virtue of this constitution, do or execute, if they, or either of them, were personally present.

ART. VII. [And whereas the elections appointed to be made, by this constitution, on the last Wednesday in May annually, by the two houses of the legislature, may not be completed on that day, the said elections may be adjourned from day to day until the same shall be completed. And the order of elections shall be as follows: the vacancies in the senate, if any, shall first be filled up; the governor and lieutenant-governor shall then be elected, provided there should be no choice of them by the people; and afterwards the two houses shall proceed to the election of the council.] [See Amendments, Articles XVI., XXV.]

CHAPTER II.

SECTION IV.

Secretary, Treasurer, Commissary, etc.

ARTICLE I. [The secretary, treasurer, and receiver-general, and the commissary-general, notaries public, and] naval officers, shall be chosen annually, by joint ballot of the senators and representatives in one room. And, that the citizens of this commonwealth may be assured, from time to time, that the moneys remaining in the public treasury, upon the settlement and liquidation of the public accounts, are their property, no man shall be eligible as treasurer and receiver-general more than five years successively. [See Amendments, Articles IV., XVII.]

ART. II. The records of the commonwealth shall be kept in the office of the secretary, who may appoint his deputies, for whose conduct he shall be accountable; and he shall attend the governor and council, the senate and house of representatives, in person, or by his deputies, as they shall respectively require.

CHAPTER III.

JUDICIARY POWER.

ARTICLE I. The tenure, that all commission officers shall by law have in their offices, shall be expressed in their respective commissions. All judicial officers, duly appointed, commissioned, and sworn, shall hold their offices during good behavior, excepting such concerning whom there is different provision made in this constitution: provided, nevertheless, the governor, with consent of the council, may remove them upon the address of both houses of the legislature.

ART. II. Each branch of the legislature, as well as the governor and council, shall have authority to require the opinions of the justices of the supreme judicial court, upon important questions of law, and upon solemn occasions.

ART. III. In order that the people may not suffer from the long continuance in place of any justice of the peace who shall fail of discharging the important duties of his office with ability or fidelity, all commissions of justices of the peace shall expire and become void, in the term of seven years from their respective dates; and, upon the expiration of any commission, the same may, if necessary, be renewed, or another person appointed, as shall most conduce to the well-being of the commonwealth.

ART. IV. The judges of probate of wills, and for granting letters of administration, shall hold their courts at such place or places, on fixed days, as the convenience of the

people shall require; and the legislature shall, from time to time, hereafter, appoint such times and places; until which appointments, the said courts shall be holden at the times and places which the respective judges shall direct.

ART. V. All causes of marriage, divorce, and alimony, and all appeals from the judges of probate, shall be heard and determined by the governor and council, until the legislature shall, by law, make other provision.

CHAPTER IV.

DELEGATES TO CONGRESS.

The delegates of this commonwealth to the congress of the United States, shall, some time in the month of June, annually, be elected by the joint ballot of the senate and house of representatives, assembled together in one room; to serve in congress for one year, to commence on the first Monday in November then next ensuing. They shall have commissions under the hand of the governor, and the great seal of the commonwealth; but may be recalled at any time within the year, and others chosen and commissioned, in the same manner, in their stead.

CHAPTER V.

THE UNIVERSITY AT CAMBRIDGE AND ENCOURAGEMENT OF LITERATURE, ETC.

SECTION I.

The University.

ARTICLE I. Whereas our wise and pious ancestors, so early as the year one thousand six hundred and thirty-six, laid the foundation of Harvard College, in which university

many persons of great eminence have, by the blessing of Gop, been initiated in those arts and sciences which qualified them for public employments, both in church and state; and whereas the encouragement of arts and sciences, and all good literature, tends to the honor of God, the advantage of the Christian religion, and the great benefit of this and the other United States of America, -it is declared, that the President and Fellows of Harvard Col-LEGE, in their corporate capacity, and their successors in that capacity, their officers and servants, shall have, hold, use, exercise, and enjoy, all the powers, authorities, rights, liberties, privileges, immunities, and franchises, which they now have, or are entitled to have, hold, use, exercise and enjoy; and the same are hereby ratified and confirmed unto them, the said president and fellows of Harvard College, and to their successors, and to their officers and servants, respectively, forever

ART. II. And whereas there have been at sundry times, by divers persons, gifts, grants, devises of houses, lands, tenements, goods, chattels, legacies, and conveyances, heretofore made, either to Harvard College in Cambridge, in New England, or to the president and fellows of Harvard College, or to the said college by some other description, under several charters, successively; it is declared, that all the said gifts, grants, devises, legacies, and conveyances, are hereby forever confirmed unto the president and fellows of Harvard College, and to their successors in the capacity aforesaid, according to the true intent and meaning of the donor or donors, grantor or grantors, devisor or devisors.

ART. III. And whereas, by an act of the general court of the colony of Massachusetts Bay, passed in the year one thousand six hundred and forty-two, the governor and deputy-governor, for the time being, and all the magistrates of that jurisdiction, were, with the president, and a number of the clergy in the said act described, constituted the over-

seers of Harvard College; and it being necessary, in this new constitution of government to ascertain who shall be deemed successors to the said governor, deputy-governor, and magistrates; it is declared, that the governor, lieutenantgovernor, council, and senate of this commonwealth, are, and shall be deemed, their successors, who, with the president of Harvard College, for the time being, together with the ministers of the congregational churches in the towns of Cambridge, Watertown, Charlestown, Boston, Roxbury, and Dorchester, mentioned in the said act, shall be, and hereby are, vested with all the powers and authority belonging, or in any way appertaining to the overseers of Harvard College; provided, that nothing herein shall be construed to prevent the legislature of this commonwealth from making such alterations in the government of the said university, as shall be conducive to its advantage, and the interest of the republic of letters, in as full a manner as might have been done by the legislature of the late Province of the Massachusetts Bay.

CHAPTER V.

SECTION II.

The Encouragement of Literature, etc.

Wisdom and knowledge, as well as virtue, diffused generally among the body of the people, being necessary for the preservation of their rights and liberties; and as these depend on spreading the opportunities and advantages of education in the various parts of the country, and among the different orders of the people, it shall be the duty of legislatures and magistrates, in all future periods of this commonwealth, to cherish the interests of literature and the sciences, and all seminaries of them; especially the university at Cambridge, public schools and grammar schools in the towns; to encourage private societies and public institutions, rewards and

immunities, for the promotion of agriculture, arts, sciences, commerce, trades, manufactures, and a natural history of the country; to countenance and inculcate the principles of humanity and general benevolence, public and private charity, industry and frugality, honesty and punctuality in their dealings; sincerity, good humor, and all social affections, and generous sentiments, among the people. [See Amendments, Article XVIII.]

CHAPTER VI.

OATHS AND SUBSCRIPTIONS; INCOMPATIBILITY OF AND EXCLUSION FROM OFFICES; PECUNIARY QUALIFICATIONS; COMMISSIONS; WRITS; CONFIRMATION OF LAWS; HABEAS CORPUS; THE ENACTING STYLE; CONTINUANCE OF OFFICERS; PROVISION FOR A FUTURE REVISAL OF THE CONSTITUTION, ETC.

ARTICLE I. [Any person chosen governor, lieutenant-governor, councillor, senator, or representative, and accepting the trust, shall, before he proceed to execute the duties of his place or office, make and subscribe the following declaration, viz.:

"I, A, B, do declare, that I believe the Christian religion, and have a firm persuasion of its truth; and that I am seised and possessed, in my own right, of the property required by the constitution, as one qualification for the office or place to which I am elected." [See Amendments, Article VII.]

And the governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors, shall make and subscribe the said declaration, in the presence of the two houses of assembly; and the senators and representatives, first elected under this constitution, before the president and five of the council of the former constitution: and forever afterwards before the governor and council for the time being.]

And every person chosen to either of the places or offices aforesaid, as also any person appointed or commissioned to any judicial, executive, military, or other office under the government, shall, before he enters on the discharge of the business of his place or office, take and subscribe the follow, ing declaration, and oaths or affirmations, viz.:

"I, A. B., do truly and sincerely acknowledge, profess, testify, and declare, that the Commonwealth of Massachus setts is, and of right ought to be, a free, sovereign, and independent state; and I do swear that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the said commonwealth, and that I will defend the same against traitorous conspiracies and all hostile attempts whatsoever; and that I do renounce and abjure all allegiance, subjection, and obedience to the king, queen, or government of Great Britain (as the case may be), and every other foreign power whatsoever; and that no foreign prince, person, prelate, state, or potentate, hath, or ought to have, any jurisdiction, superiority, pre-eminence, authority, dispensing or other power, in any matter, civil, ecclesiastical, or spiritual, within this commonwealth, except the authority and power which is or may be vested by their constituents in the congress of the United States: and I do further testify and declare, that no man or body of men hath or can have any right to absolve or discharge me from the obligation of this oath, declaration, or affirmation; and that I do make this acknowledgment, profession, testimony, declaration, denial, renunciation, and abjuration, heartily and truly, according to the common meaning and acceptation of the foregoing words, without any equivocation, mental evasion, or secret reservation whatsoever. So help me, God."] [See Amendments, Article VI.]

"I, A. B., do solemnly swear and affirm, that I will faithfully and impartially discharge and perform all the duties incumbent on me as , according to the best of my abilities and understanding, agreeably to the rules and regulations of the constitution and the laws of the commonwealth. So help me, God."

Provided, always, that when any person chosen or appointed as aforesaid, shall be of the denomination of the people called Quakers, and shall decline taking the said oath[s], he shall make his affirmation in the foregoing form, and subscribe the same, omitting the words, ["I do swear," "and abjure," "oath or," "and abjuration," in the first oath; and in the second oath, the words] "swear and," and [in each of them] the words "So help me, God;" subjoining instead thereof, "This I do under the pains and penalties of perjury." [See Amendments, Article VI.]

And the said oaths or affirmations shall be taken and subscribed by the governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors, before the president of the senate, in the presence of the two houses of assembly; and by the senators and representatives first elected under this constitution, before the president and five of the council of the former constitution; and forever afterwards before the governor and council for the time being; and by the residue of the officers aforesaid, before such persons and in such manner as from time to time shall be prescribed by the legislature.

ART. II. No governor, lieutenant-governor, or judge of the supreme judicial court, shall hold any other office or place, under the authority of this commonwealth, except such as by this constitution they are admitted to hold, saving that the judges of the said court may hold the offices of justices of the peace through the state; nor shall they hold any other place or office, or receive any pension or salary from any other state or government or power whatever. [See Amendments, Article VIII.]

No person shall be capable of holding or exercising at the same time, within this state, more than one of the following offices, viz.: judge of probate — sheriff — register of probate — or register of deeds; and never more than any two offices, which are to be held by appointment of the governor, or the governor and council, or the senate, or the house of representatives, or by the election of the people of the state at

large, or of the people of any county, military offices, and the offices of justices of the peace excepted, shall be held by one person.

No person holding the office of judge of the supreme judicial court — secretary — attorney-general — solicitor-general — treasurer or receiver-general — judge of probate — commissary-general — [president, professor, or instructor of Harvard College] — sheriff — clerk of the house of representatives — register of probate — register of deeds — clerk of the supreme judicial court — clerk of the inferior court of common pleas — or officer of the customs, including in this description naval officers — shall at the same time have a seat in the senate or house of representatives; but their being chosen or appointed to, and accepting the same, shall operate as a resignation of their seat in the senate or house of representatives; and the place so vacated shall be filled up. [See Amendments, Articles VIII., XXVII.]

And the same rule shall take place in case any judge of the said supreme judicial court, or judge of probate, shall accept a seat in council; or any councillor shall accept of either of those offices or places.

And no person shall ever be admitted to hold a seat in the legislature, or any office of trust or importance under the government of this commonwealth, who shall, in the due course of law, have been convicted of bribery or corruption in obtaining an election or appointment.

ART. III. In all cases where sums of money are mentioned in this constitution, the value thereof shall be computed in silver, at six shillings and eight pence per ounce; and it shall be in the power of the legislature, from time to time, to increase such qualifications, as to property, of the persons to be elected to offices, as the circumstances of the commonwealth shall require. [See Amendments, Article XIII.]

- ART. IV. All commissions shall be in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, signed by the governor and attested by the secretary or his deputy, and have the great seal of the commonwealth affixed thereto.
- ART. V. All writs, issuing out of the clerk's office in any of the courts of law, shall be in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts; they shall be under the seal of the court from whence they issue; they shall bear test of the first justice of the court to which they shall be returnable, who is not a party, and be signed by the clerk of such court.
- ART. VI. All the laws which have heretofore been adopted, used, and approved in the Province, Colony, or State of Massachusetts Bay, and usually practised on in the courts of law, shall still remain and be in full force, until altered or repealed by the legislature; such parts only excepted as are repugnant to the rights and liberties contained in this constitution.
- ART. VII. The privilege and benefit of the writ of habeas corpus shall be enjoyed in this commonwealth, in the most free, easy, cheap, expeditious, and ample manner; and shall not be suspended by the legislature, except upon the most urgent and pressing occasions, and for a limited time, not exceeding twelve months.
- ART. VIII. The enacting style, in making and passing all acts, statutes, and laws, shall be "Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same."
- ART. IX. To the end there may be no failure of justice, or danger arise to the commonwealth from a change of the form of government, all officers, civil and military, holding commissions under the government and people of Massachusetts Bay in New England, and all other officers of the

said government and people, at the time this constitution shall take effect, shall have, hold, use, exercise, and enjoy, all the powers and authority to them granted or committed, until other persons shall be appointed in their stead; and all courts of law shall proceed in the execution of the business of their respective departments; and all the executive and legislative officers, bodies, and powers shall continue in full force, in the enjoyment and exercise of all their trusts, employments, and authority; until the general court, and the supreme and executive officers under this constitution, are designated and invested with their respective trusts, powers, and authority.

ART. X. [In order the more effectually to adhere to the principles of the constitution, and to correct those violations which by any means may be made therein, as well as to form such alterations as from experience shall be found necessary, the general court which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, shall issue precepts to the selectmen of the several towns, and to the assessors of the unincorporated plantations, directing them to convene the qualified voters of their respective towns and plantations, for the purpose of collecting their sentiments on the necessity or expediency of revising the constitution, in order to amendments. [See Amendments, Article IX.]

And if it shall appear, by the returns made, that twothirds of the qualified voters throughout the state, who shall assemble and vote in consequence of the said precepts, are in favor of such revision or amendment, the general court shall issue precepts, or direct them to be issued from the secretary's office, to the several towns to elect delegates to meet in convention for the purpose aforesaid.

The said delegates to be chosen in the same manner and proportion as their representatives in the second branch of the legislature are by this constitution to be chosen.]

ART. XI. This form of government shall be enrolled on parchment, and deposited in the secretary's office, and be a part of the laws of the land; and printed copies thereof shall be prefixed to the book containing the laws of this commonwealth, in all future editions of the said laws.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT.

ARTICLE I. If any bill or resolve shall be objected to, and not approved by the governor; and if the general court shall adjourn within five days after the same shall have been laid before the governor for his approbation, and thereby prevent his returning it with his objections, as provided by the constitution, such bill or resolve shall not become a law, nor have force as such.

ART. II. The general court shall have full power and authority to erect and constitute municipal or city governments, in any corporate town or towns in this commonwealth, and to grant to the inhabitants thereof such powers, privileges, and immunities, not repugnant to the constitution, as the general court shall deem necessary or expedient for the regulation and government thereof, and to prescribe the manner of calling and holding public meetings of the inhabitants, in wards or otherwise, for the election of officers under the constitution, and the manner of returning the votes given at such meetings. Provided, that no such government shall be erected or constituted in any town not containing twelve thousand inhabitants, nor unless it be with the consent, and on the application of a majority of the inhabitants of such town, present and voting thereon, pursuant to a vote at a meeting duly warned and holden for that purpose.

And provided, also, that all by-laws, made by such municipal or city govenment, shall be subject, at all times, to be annulled by the general court.

ART. III. Every male citizen of twenty-one years of age and upwards, excepting paupers and persons under guardianship, who shall have resided within the commonwealth one year, and within the town or district in which he may claim a right to vote, six calendar months next preceding any election of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, or representatives, and who shall have paid, by himself, or his parent, master, or guardian, any state or county tax, which shall, within two years next preceding such election, have been assessed upon him, in any town or district of this commonwealth; and also every citizen who shall be, by law, exempted from taxation, and who shall be in all other respects, qualified as above mentioned, shall have a right to vote in such election of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives; and no other person shall be entitled to vote in such elections. [See Amendments, Articles II., XX., XXIII., XXVI., XXVIII.]

ART. IV. Notaries public shall be appointed by the governor in the same manner as judicial officers are appointed, and shall hold their offices during seven years, unless sooner removed by the governor, with the consent of the council, upon the address of both houses of the legislature.

[In case the office of secretary or treasurer of the commonwealth shall become vacant from any cause, during the recess of the general court, the governor, with the advice and consent of the council, shall nominate and appoint, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law, a competent and suitable person to such vacant office, who shall hold the same until a successor shall be appointed by the general court.] [See Amendments, Article XVII.]

Whenever the exigencies of the commonwealth shall require the appointment of a commissary-general, he shall

be nominated, appointed, and commissioned, in such manner as the legislature may, by law, prescribe.

All officers commissioned to command in the militia may be removed from office in such manner as the legislature may, by law, prescribe.

- ART. V. In the elections of captains and subalterns of the militia, all the members of their respective companies, as well those under as those above the age of twenty-one years, shall have a right to vote.
- ART. VI. Instead of the oath of allegiance prescribed by the constitution, the following oath shall be taken and subscribed by every person chosen or appointed to any office, civil or military, under the government of this commonwealth, before he shall enter on the duties of his office, to wit:—
- "I, A. B., do solemnly swear, that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and will support the constitution thereof. So help me, God."

Provided, That when any person shall be of the denomination called Quakers, and shall decline taking said oath, he shall make his affirmation in the foregoing form, omitting the word "swear" and inserting, instead thereof, the word "affirm," and omitting the words "So help me, God," and subjoining, instead thereof, the words, "This I do under the pains and penalties of perjury."

ART. VII. No oath, declaration, or subscription, excepting the oath prescribed in the preceding article, and the oath of office, shall be required of the governor, lieutenant-governor, councillors, senators, or representatives, to qualify them to perform the duties of their respective offices.

ART. VIII. No judge of any court of this commonwealth, (except the court of sessions,) and no person hold-

ing any office under the authority of the United States, (postmasters excepted.) shall, at the same time, hold the office of governor, lieutenant-governor, or councillor, or have a seat in the senate or house of representatives of this commonwealth; and no judge of any court in this commonwealth, (except the court of sessions,) nor the attorneygeneral, solicitor-general, county attorney, clerk of any court, sheriff, treasurer, and receiver-general, register of probate, nor register of deeds, shall continue to hold his said office after being elected a member of the Congress of the United States, and accepting that trust; but the acceptance of such trust, by any of the officers aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be a resignation of his said office; and judges of the courts of common pleas shall hold no other office under the government of this commonwealth, the office of justice of the peace and militia offices excepted.

ART. IX. If, at any time hereafter, any specific and particular amendment or amendments to the constitution be proposed in the general court, and agreed to by a majority of the senators and two-thirds of the members of the house of representatives present and voting thereon, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be entered on the journals of the two houses, with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the general court then next to be chosen, and shall be published; and if, in the general court next chosen as aforesaid, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be agreed to by a majority of the senators and two-thirds of the members of the house of representatives present and voting thereon, then it shall be the duty of the general court to submit such proposed amendment or amendments to the people; and if they shall be approved and ratified by a majority of the qualified voters, voting thereon, at meetings legally warned and holden for that purpose, they shall become part of the constitution of this commonwealth.

ART. X. The political year shall begin on the first Wednesday of January, instead of the last Wednesday of May; and the general court shall assemble every year on the said first Wednesday of January, and shall proceed, at that session, to make all the elections, and do all the other acts, which are by the constitution required to be made and done at the session which has heretofore commenced on the last Wednesday of May. And the general court shall be dissolved on the day next preceding the first Wednesday of January, without any proclamation or other act of the governor. But nothing herein contained shall prevent the general court from assembling at such other times as they shall judge necessary, or when called together by the governor. The governor, lieutenant governor and councillors, shall also hold their respective offices for one year next following the first Wednesday of January, and until others are chosen and qualified in their stead.

[The meeting for the choice of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives, shall be held on the second Monday of November in every year; but meetings may be adjourned, if necessary, for the choice of representatives, to the next day, and again to the next succeeding day, but no further. But in case a second meeting shall be necessary for the choice of representatives, such meetings shall be held on the fourth Monday of the same month of November.] [See Amendments, Article XV.]

All the other provisions of the constitution, respecting the elections and proceedings of the members of the general court, or of any other officers or persons whatever, that have reference to the last Wednesday of May, as the commencement of the political year, shall be so far altered, as to have like reference to the first Wednesday of January.

This article shall go into operation on the first day of October, next following the day when the same shall be duly ratified and adopted as an amendment of the constitution; and the governor, lieutenant-governor, councillors, senators, representatives, and all other state officers, who are annually chosen, and who shall be chosen for the current year, when the same shall go into operation, shall hold their respective offices until the first Wednesday of January then next following, and until others are chosen and qualified in their stead, and no longer; and the first election of the governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives, to be had in virtue of this article, shall be had conformably thereunto, in the month of November following the day on which the same shall be in force, and go into operation, pursuant to the foregoing provision.

All the provisions of the existing constitution, inconsistent with the provisions herein contained, are hereby wholly appulled.

ART. XI. Instead of the third article of the bill of rights, the following modification and amendment thereof is substituted:—

"As the public worship of God and instructions in piety, religion, and morality, promote the happiness and prosperity of a people, and the security of a republican government; therefore, the several religious societies of this commonwealth, whether corporate or unincorporate, at any meeting legally warned and holden for that purpose, shall ever have the right to elect their pastors or religious teachers, to contract with them for their support, to raise money for erecting and repairing houses for public worship, for the maintenance of religious instruction, and for the payment of necessary expenses; and all persons belonging to any religious society shall be taken and held to be members until they shall file with the clerk of such society a written notice, declaring the dissolution of their membership, and thenceforth shall not be liable for any grant or contract which may be thereafter made, or entered into by such society; and all religious sects and denominations, demeaning themselves peaceably, and as good citizens of the commonwealth, shall be equally under the protection of the law; and no subordination of any one sect or denomination to another shall ever be established by law."

ART. XII. [In order to provide for a representation of the citizens of this commonwealth, founded upon the principles of equality, a census of the ratable polls, in each city, town, and district of the commonwealth, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the secretary's office, in such manner as the legislature shall provide, within the month of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, and in every tenth year thereafter, in the month of May, in manner aforesaid; and each town or city having three hundred ratable polls at the last preceding decennial census of polls, may elect one representative, and for every four hundred and fifty ratable polls in addition to the first three hundred, one representative more. [See Amendments, Articles XIII., XXI.]

Any town having less than three hundred ratable polls shall be represented thus: The whole number of ratable polls, at the last preceding decennial census of polls, shall be multiplied by ten, and the product divided by three hundred; and such town may elect one representative as many years within ten years, as three hundred is contained in the product aforesaid.

Any city or town having ratable polls enough to elect one or more representatives, with any number of polls beyond the necessary number, may be represented, as to that surplus number, by multiplying such surplus number by ten and dividing the product by four hundred and fifty; and such city or town may elect one additional representative as many years, within the ten years, as four hundred and fifty is contained in the product aforesaid.

Any two or more of the several towns and districts may, by consent of a majority of the legal voters present at a legal meeting, in each of said towns and districts, respectively, called for that purpose, and held previous to the first day of July, in the year in which the decennial census of polls

shall be taken, form themselves into a representative district to continue until the next decennial census of polls, for the election of a representative, or representatives; and such district shall have all the rights, in regard to representation, which would belong to a town containing the same number of ratable polls.

The governor and council shall ascertain and determine, within the months of July and August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, according to the foregoing principles, the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of years, within the period of ten years then next ensuing, that each city, town and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and the same shall be done once in ten years, thereafter, by the governor and council, and the number of ratable polls in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town and representative district may elect as aforesaid; and when the number of representatives to be elected by each city, town, or representative district is ascertained and determined as aforesaid, the governor shall cause the same to be published forthwith for the information of the people, and that number shall remain fixed and unalterable for the period of ten vears.

All the provisions of the existing constitution inconsistent with the provisions herein contained, are hereby wholly annulled.]

ART. XIII. [A census of the inhabitants of each city and town, on the first day of May, shall be taken, and returned into the secretary's office, on or before the last day of June, of the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and of every tenth year thereafter; which census shall determine

the apportionment of senators and representatives for the term of ten years. [See Amendments, Articles XXI., XXII.]

The several senatorial districts now existing shall be permanent. The senate shall consist of forty members; and in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and every tenth year thereafter, the governor and council shall assign the number of senators to be chosen in each district, according to the number of inhabitants in the same. But, in all cases, at least one senator shall be assigned to each district. [See Amendments, Article XXII.]

The members of the house of representatives shall be apportioned in the following manner: Every town or city containing twelve hundred inhabitants may elect one representative; and two thousand four hundred inhabitants shall be the mean increasing number, which shall entitle it to an additional representative. [See Amendments, Article XXI.]

Every town containing less than twelve hundred inhabitants shall be entitled to elect a representative as many times within ten years as the number one hundred and sixty is contained in the number of the inhabitants of said town. Such towns may also elect one representative for the year in which the valuation of estates within the commonwealth shall be settled.

Any two or more of the several towns may, by consent of a majority of the legal voters present at a legal meeting, in each of said towns, respectively, called for that purpose, and held before the first day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and every tenth year thereafter, form themselves into a representative district, to continue for the term of ten years; and such district shall have all the rights, in regard to representation, which would belong to a town containing the same number of inhabitants.

The number of inhabitants which shall entitle a town to elect one representative, and the mean increasing number which shall entitle a town or city to elect more than one, and also the number by which the population of towns not entitled to a representative every year is to be divided, shall be increased, respectively, by one-tenth of the numbers above mentioned, whenever the population of the commonwealth shall have increased to seven hundred and seventy thousand, and for every additional increase of seventy thousand inhabitants, the same addition of one-tenth shall be made, respectively, to the said numbers above mentioned.

In the year of each decennial census, the governor and council shall, before the first day of September, apportion the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and ascertain how many years, within ten years, any town may elect a representative, which is not entitled to elect one every year; and the governor shall cause the same to be published forthwith.

Nine councillors shall be annually chosen from among the people at large, on the first Wednesday of January, or as soon thereafter as may be, by the joint ballot of the senators and representatives, assembled in one room, who shall, as soon as may be, in like manner, fill up any vacancies that may happen in the council, by death, resignation, or otherwise. No person shall be elected a councillor, who has not been an inhabitant of this commonwealth for the term of five years immediately preceding his election; and not more than one councillor shall be chosen from any one senatorial district in the commonwealth.] [See Amendments, Article XVII.

No possession of a freehold, or of any other estate, shall be required as a qualification for holding a seat in either branch of the general court, or in the executive council.

ART. XIV. In all elections of civil officers by the people of this commonwealth, whose election is provided for by the constitution, the person having the highest number of votes shall be deemed and declared to be elected. ART. XV. The meeting for the choice of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives, shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, annually; but in case of a failure to elect representatives on that day, a second meeting shall be holden, for that purpose, on the fourth Monday of the same month of November.

ART. XVI. Eight councillors shall be annually chosen by the inhabitants of this commonwealth, qualified to vote for governor. The election of councillors shall be determined by the same rule that is required in the election of governor. The legislature, at its first session after this amendment shall have been adopted, and at its first session after the next state census shall have been taken, and at its first session after each decennial state census thereafterwards, shall divide the commonwealth into eight districts of contiguous territory, each containing a number of inhabitants as nearly equal as practicable, without dividing any town or ward of a city, and each entitled to elect one councillor: provided, however, that if, at any time, the constitution shall provide for the division of the commonwealth into forty senatorial districts, then the legislature shall so arrange the councillor districts, that each district shall consist of five contiguous senatorial districts, as they shall be, from time to time, established by the legislature. No person shall be eligible to the office of councillor who has not been an inhabitant of the commonwealth for the term of five years immediately preceding his election. The day and manner of the election, the return of the votes, and the declaration of the said elections, shall be the same as are required in the election of governor. [Whenever there shall be a failure to elect the full number of councillors, the vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as is required for filling vacancies in the senate; and vacancies occasioned by death, removal from the state, or otherwise, shall be filled in like manner, as soon as may be, after such vacancies, shall have happened. And that there may be no delay in the organization of the government on the first Wednesday of January, the governor, with at least five councillors for the time being, shall, as soon as may be, examine the returned copies of the records for the election of governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors; and ten days before the said first Wednesday in January he shall issue his summons to such persons as appear to be chosen, to attend on that day to be qualified accordingly; and the secretary shall lay the returns before the senate and house of representatives on the said first Wednesday in January, to be by them examined; and in case of the election of either of said officers, the choice shall be by them declared and published; but in case there shall be no election of either of said officers, the legislature shall proceed to fill such vacancies in the manner provided in the constitution for the choice of such officers. [See Amendments, Article XXV.]

ART. XVII. The secretary, treasurer and receiver-general, auditor, and attorney-general, shall be chosen annually, on the day in November prescribed for the choice of governor; and each person then chosen as such, duly qualified in other respects, shall hold his office for the term of one year from the third Wednesday in January next thereafter, and until another is chosen and qualified in his stead. The qualification of the voters, the manner of the election, the return of the votes, and the declaration of the election, shall be such as are required in the election of governor. In case of a failure to elect either of said officers on the day in November aforesaid, or in case of the decease, in the mean time, of the person elected as such, such officer shall be chosen on or before the third Wednesday in January next thereafter, from the two persons who had the highest number of votes for said offices on the day in November aforesaid, by joint ballot of the senators and representatives, in one room; and in case the office of secretary, or treasurer and receiver-general, or auditor, or attorney-general, shall become vacant, from any cause, during an annual or special session of the general court, such vacancy shall in like manner be filled by choice from the people at large; but if such vacancy shall occur at any other time, it shall be supplied by the governor by appointment, with the advice and consent of the council. The person so chosen or appointed, duly qualified in other respects, shall hold his office until his successor is chosen and duly qualified in his stead. In case any person chosen or appointed to either of the offices aforesaid, shall neglect, for the space of ten days after he could otherwise enter upon his duties, to qualify himself in all respects to enter upon the discharge of such duties, the office to which he has been elected or appointed shall be deemed vacant. No person shall be eligible to either of said offices unless he shall have been an inhabitant of this commonwealth five years next preceding his election or appointment.

ART. XVIII. All moneys raised by taxation in the towns and cities for the support of public schools, and all moneys which may be appropriated by the state for the support of common schools, shall be applied to, and expended in, no other schools than those which are conducted according to law, under the order and superintendence of the authorities of the town or city in which the money is to be expended; and such money shall never be appropriated to any religious sect for the maintenence, exclusively, of its own school.

ART. XIX. The legislature shall prescribe, by general law, for the election of sheriffs, registers of probate, commissioners of insolvency, and clerks of the courts, by the people of the several counties, and that district-attorneys shall be chosen by the people of the several districts, for such term of office as the legislature shall prescribe.

ART. XX. No person shall have the right to vote, or be eligible to office under the constitution of this commonwealth, who shall not be able to read the constitution in the English language, and write his name: provided, however,

that the provisions of this amendment shall not apply to any person prevented by a physical disability from complying with its requisitions, nor to any person who now has the right to vote, nor to any persons who shall be sixty years of age or upwards at the time this amendment shall take effect. [See Amendments, Article III., XXIII., XXVI.]

ART. XXI. A census of the legal voters of each city and town, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the office of the secretary of the commonwealth, on or before the last day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven; and a census of the inhabitants of each city and town, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of every tenth year thereafter. In the census aforesaid, a special enumeration shall be made of the legal voters; and in each city, said enumeration shall specify the number of such legal voters aforesaid, residing in each ward of such city. The enumeration aforesaid shall determine the apportionment of representatives for the periods between the taking of the census.

The house of representatives shall consist of two hundred and forty members, which shall be apportioned by the legislature, at its first session after the return of each enumeration as aforesaid, to the several counties of the commonwealth, equally, as nearly as may be, according to their relative numbers of legal voters, as ascertained by the next preceding special enumeration; and the town of Cohasset, in the county of Norfolk, shall, for this purpose, as well as in the formation of districts, as hereinafter provided, be considered a part of the county of Plymouth; and it shall be the duty of the secretary of the commonwealth, to certify, as soon as may be after it is determined by the legislature, the number of representatives to which each county shall be entitled, to the board authorized to divide each county into representative districts. The mayor and aldermen of the city of Boston, the county commissioners of other counties than Suffolk, - or in lieu of the mayor and aldermen of the

city of Boston, or of the county commissioners in each county other than Suffolk, such board of special commissioners in each county, to be elected by the people of the county, or of the towns therein, as may for that purpose be provided by law, - shall, on the first Tuesday of August next after each assignment of representatives to each county, assemble at a shire town of their respective counties, and proceed, as soon as may be, to divide the same into representative districts of contiguous territory, so as to apportion the representation assigned to each county equally, as nearly as may be, according to the relative number of legal voters in the several districts of each county; and such districts shall be so formed that no town or ward of a city shall be divided therefor, nor shall any district be made which shall be entitled to elect more than three representatives. Every representative, for one year at least next preceding his election, shall have been an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen, and shall cease to represent such district when he shall cease to be an inhabitant of the commonwealth. The districts in each county shall be numbered by the board creating the same, and a description of each, with the numbers thereof and the number of legal voters therein, shall be returned by the board, to the secretary of the commonwealth, the county treasurer of each county, and to the clerk of every town in each district, to be filed and kept in their respective offices. The manner of calling and conducting the meetings for the choice of representatives, and of ascertaining their election, shall be prescribed by law. Not less than one hundred members of the house of representatives shall constitute a quorum for doing business; but a less number may organize temporarily, adjourn from day to day, and compel the attendance of absent members.

ART. XXII. A census of the legal voters of each city and town, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the office of the secretary of the commonwealth, on or before the last day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven; and a census of the inhabit-

ants of each city and town, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of every tenth year thereafter. In the census aforesaid, a special enumeration shall be made of the legal voters, and in each city said enumeration shall specify the number of such legal voters aforesaid, residing in each ward of such city. The enumeration aforesaid shall determine the apportionment of smators for the periods between the taking of the census. The senate shall consist of forty members. The general court shall, at its first session after each next preceding special enumeration, divide the commonwealth into forty districts of adjacent territory, each district to contain, as nearly as may be, an equal number of legal voters, according to the enumeration aforesaid: provided, however, that no town or ward of a city shall be divided therefor; and such districts shall be formed, as nearly as may be, without uniting two counties, or parts of two or more counties, into one district. Each district shall elect one senator, who shall have been an inhabitant of this commonwealth five years at least immediately preceding his election, and at the time of his election shall be an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen; and he shall cease to represent such senatorial district when he shall cease to be an inhabitant of the commonwealth. Not less than sixteen senators shall constitute a quorum for doing business; but a less number may organize temporarily, adjourn from day to day, and compel the attendance of absent members. [See Amendments, Article XXIV.]

ART. XXIII. [No person of foreign birth shall be entitled to vote, or shall be eligible to office, unless he shall have resided within the jurisdiction of the United States for two years subsequent to his naturalization, and shall be otherwise qualified, according to the constitution and laws of this commonwealth: provided, that this amendment shall not affect the rights which any person of foreign birth possessed at the time of the adoption thereof; and, provided, further, that it shall not affect the rights of any child of a

critzen of the United States, born during the temporary absence of the parent therefrom.] [See Amendments, Article XXVI.]

ART. XXIV. Any vacancy in the senate shall be filled by election by the people of the unrepresented district, upon the order of a majority of the senators elected.

ART. XXV. In case of a vacancy in the council, from a failure of election, or other cause, the senate and house of representatives shall, by concurrent vote, choose some eligible person from the people of the district wherein such vacancy occurs, to fill that office. If such vacancy shall happen when the legislature is not in session, the governor, with the advice and consent of the council, may fill the same by appointment of some eligible person.

ART. XXVI. The twenty-third article of the articles of amendment of the constitution of this commonwealth, which is as follows, to wit: "No person of foreign birth shall be entitled to vote, or shall be eligible to office, unless he shall have resided within the jurisdiction of the United States for two years subsequent to his naturalization, and shall be otherwise qualified, according to the constitution and laws of this commonwealth; provided, that this amendment shall not affect the rights which any person of foreign birth possessed at the time of the adoption thereof; and provided, further, that it shall not affect the rights of any child of a citizen of the United States, born during the temporary absence of the parent therefrom," is hereby wholly annulled.

ART. XXVII. So much of article two of chapter six of the constitution of this commonwealth as relates to persons holding the office of president, professor, or instructor of Harvard College, is hereby annulled. ART. XXVIII. No person having served in the army or navy of the United States in time of war, and having been honorably discharged from such service, if otherwise qualified to vote, shall be disqualified therefor on account of being a pauper; or, if a pauper, because of the non-payment of a poll-tax.

ART. XXIX. The General Court shall have full power and authority to provide for the inhabitants of the towns in this Commonwealth more than one place of public meeting within the limits of each town for the election of officers under the constitution, and to prescribe the manner of calling, holding and conducting such meetings.

All the provisions of the existing constitution inconsistent with the provisions herein contained are hereby annulled.

[Note. — Soon after the Declaration of Independence, steps were taken in Massachusetts towards framing a Constitution or Form of Government. The Council and House of Representatives, or the General Court of 1777–8, in accordance with a recommendation of the General Court, of the previous year, met together as a Convention, and adopted a form of Constitution "for the State of Massachusetts Bay," which was submitted to the people, and by them rejected. This attempt to form a Constitution having proved unsuccessful, the General Court on the 20th of February, 1779, passed a Resolve calling upon the qualified voters to give in their votes upon the questions — Whether they chose to have a new Constitution or Form of Government made, and, Whether they will empower their representatives to vote for calling a State Convention for that purpose. A large majority of the inhabitants having voted in the affirmative to both these questions, the General Court, on the 17th of June, 1779, passed a Resolve calling upon the inhabitants to meet and choose delegates to a Constitutional Convention, to be held at Cambridge, on the 1st of September, 1779 The Convention met at time and place appointed, and organized by choosing James Bowdoin, President, and Samuel Barrett, Secretary. On the 11th of November the Convention adjourned, to meet at the Representatives' Chamber, in Boston, January 5th, 1789. On the 2d of March, of the same year, a form of Constitution having been agreed upon, a Resolve vas passed by which the same was submitted to the people, and the Convention adjourned to meet at the Brattle Street Church, in Boston, June the 7th. At that time and place, the Convention again met, and appointed a Committee to examine the returns of votes from the several towns. On the 14th of June the Committee reported, and on the 15th eConvention resolved, "That the people of the State of Massachusetts Bay have accepted the Constitution as it stands, in the printed form submitted to their revision." A Resolve providing for carrying the new

16th of June, 1780, was finally dissolved. In accordance with the Resolves referred to, elections immediately took place in the several towns; and the first General Court of the COMMONWEALTH OF MASSA-CHUSETTS met at the State House, in Boston, on Wednesday, October

25th, 1780.

The Constitution contained a provision providing for taking, in 1795, the sense of the people as to the expediency or necessity of revising the original instrument. But no such revision was deemed necessary at that time. On the 16th of June, 1820, an Act was passed by the General Court, calling upon the people to meet in their several towns, and give in their votes upon the question, "Is it expedient that delegates should be chosen to meet in Convention for the purpose of revising or altering the Constitution of Government of this Commonwealth?" A large majority of the people of the State having voted in favor of revision, the Governor issued a proclamation announcing the fact, and calling upon the people to vote, in accordance with the provisions of the aforesaid Act, for delegates to the proposed Convention. The delegates met at the State House, in Boston, November 15, 1820, and organized by choosing John Adams, President, and Benjamin Pollard, Secretary. Mr. Adams, however, declined the appointment, and Isaac Parker was chosen in his stead. On the 9th of January, 1821, the Convention agreed to fourteen Articles of Amendment, and after passing a Resolve providing for submitting the same to the people, and appointing a committee to meet to count the votes upon the subject, was dissolved. The people voted on Monday, April 19th, 1821, and the Committee of the Convention met at the State House to count the votes, on Wednesday, May 24th. They made their return to the General Court; and at the request of the latter the Governor issued his proclamation on the 5th of June, 1821, announcing that nine of the fourteen Articles of Amendments had been adopted. These articles are numbered in the preceding pages from one to nine inclusive.

The tenth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the political years 1829-30, and 1830-31, and was

approved and ratified by the people May 11th, 1831.
The eleventh Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court

during the sessions of the political years 1832 and 1833, and was approved and ratified by the people November 11th, 1833.

The twelfth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1835 and 1836, and was approved and ratified by the people November 14th, 1836.

The thirteenth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1839 and 1840, and was approved

and ratified by the people April 6th, 1840.

The General Court of the year 1851 passed an Act calling a third Convention to revise the Constitution. The Act was submitted to the convention to revise the Constitution. The Act was submitted with people, and a majority voted against the proposed Convention. In 1852, on the 7th of May, another Act was passed calling upon the people to vote upon the question of calling a Constitutional Convention. A majority of the people having voted in favor of the proposed Convention, election for delegates thereto took place in March, 1853. The Constitution of the proposed Convention, election for delegates thereto took place in March, 1853. vention met in the State House, in Boston, on the 4th day of May, 1853, and organized by choosing Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr., President, and William S. Robinson and James T. Robinson, Secretaries. On the 1st of August, this Convention agreed to a form of Constitution, and on the same day was dissolved, after having provided for submitting the same to the people, and appointed a committee to meet to count the votes, and to make a return thereof to the General Court. The Committee met at the time and place agreed upon, and found that the proposed Constitu-tion had been rejected.

The fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth, and nine-teenth Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court during the sessions of 1854 and 1855, and were approved and ratified by the people May 23d, 1855.

The twentieth, twenty first, and twenty-second Articles of Amendment

were adopted by the General Court of 1856 and 1857, and were approved

and ratified by the people May 1st, 1857.

The twenty-third Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court of 1858 and 1859, and was approved and ratified by the people May 9th, 1859.

The twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court of 1859 and 1860, and were approved and

ratified by the people May 17th, 1860.

The twenty-sixth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court of 1862 and 1863, and was approved and ratified April 6th, 1863.

The twenty-seventh Article was adopted by the legistatures of the

political years 1876 and 1877, and was approved and ratified by the

people on the 6th day of November, 1877.

The twenty-eighth Article was adopted by the legislatures of the political years 1880 and 1881, and was approved and ratified by the people on the 8th day of November, 1881.

The twenty-ninth Article was adopted by the legislatures of the political years 1884 and 1885, and was approved and ratified by the people on the 3d day of November, 1885.]

CHAPTER CCXLV.

An Act to regulate the Times and Manner of holding Elections for Senators in Congress.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the legislature of each State which shall be chosen next preceding the expiration of the time for which any senator was elected to represent said State in Congress shall, on the second Tuesday after the meeting and organization thereof, proceed to elect a senator in Congress, in the place of such senator so going out of office, in the following manner: Each house shall openly, by a riva roce vote of each member present, name one person for senator in Congress from said State, and the name of the person so voted for, who shall have a majority of the whole number of votes cast in each house, shall be entered on the journal of each house by the clerk or secretary thereof; but if either house shall fail to give such majority to any person on said day, that fact shall be entered on the journal. At twelve o'clock. meridian, on the day following that on which proceedings are required to take place, as aforesaid, the members of the two houses shall convene in joint assembly, and the journal of each house shall then be read, and if the same person shall have received a majority of all the votes in each house, such person shall be declared duly elected senator to represent said State in the Congress of the United States; but if the same person shall not have received a majority of the votes in each house, or if either house shall have failed to take proceedings as required by this act, the joint assembly shall then proceed to choose, by a viva voce vote of each member present, a person for the purpose aforesaid, and the person having a majority of all the votes of the said joint

assembly, a majority of all the members elected to both houses being present and voting, shall be declared duly elected; and in case no person shall receive such majority on the first day, the joint assembly shall meet at twelve o'clock, meridian, of each succeeding day during the session of the legislature, and take at least one vote, until a senator shall be elected.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That whenever, on the meeting of the legislature of any State, a vacancy shall exist in the representation of such State in the senate of the United States, said legislature shall proceed, on the second Tuesday after the commencement and organization of its session, to elect a person to fill such vacancy, in the manner hereinbefore provided for the election of a senator for a full term; and if a vacancy shall happen during the session of the legislature, then on the second Tuesday after the legislature shall have been organized, and shall have notice of such vacancy.

Sect. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the governor of the State from which any senator shall have been chosen as aforesaid, to certify his election, under the seal of the State, to the president of the senate of the United States, which certificate shall be countersigned by the secretary of state of the State. Approved July 25, 1866.

STATISTICS.

HISTORICAL, STATE, COUNTY, DISTRICT, POST-OFFICE,

ETC., ETC., ETC.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

MARNSTABLE COUNTY, INCORP. JUNE 2, 168.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Carnstable	Sept. 3, 1639,	Sept. 3, 1639, Indian numes, Chequocket, Coatuit, etc.
Bourne	April 2, 1884,	April 2, 1884, Part of Sandwich.
Brewster	Feb. 19, 1803,	Feb. 19, 1803, Indian name. Sawkattukett. Northerly part of Harwich. Part of Harwich annexed to Brewster, June 21, 1811.
Chatham	June 11, 1712,	June 11, 1712, Indian name, Manamoit. Boundary line between it and Orleans, and also between it and Harwich, changed, 1862.
Deunis	June 19, 1793,	June 19, 1793, East precinct of Yarmouth.
Eastham	June 2, 1646,	June 2, 1646, Indian name, Nauset. See Orleans.
Falmouth	June 4, 1686,	June 4, 1686, Indian name, Succauseset. Part of Marshpee annexed to Falmouth, Mar. 17, 1841. See Mashpee. Boundary line established between and Sandwich. Mar. 19, 1880. Boundary line estable
		lished between, and Mashpee by Act approved June 18, 1885.
Harwich	Sept. 14, 1694.	Sept. 14, 1694. Indian name. Satuckot. See Brewster and Chatham.

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May 28, 1870, Plantation of Marshpee incorp. June 14, 1763, except parts annexed to Falmouth and Sandwich. Incorp. as District of Marshpee, Mar. 31, 1864. Part of Sandwich annexed to, Mar. 19, 1872. Boundary line between Mashpee and Falmouth defined and established by Act approved June 18, 1885. See Falmouth and Sandwich.	Mar. 3, 1797, Southerly part of Eastham. Part of Eastham annexed to Orleans, Mar. 9, 1839. Boundary line between it and Eastham defined Mar. 23, 1867. See Chathum.	June 14, 1717, Cape Cod Precinct. Parts of Truro annexed to Province-town, June 12, 1813, Mar. 2, 1829, and Mar. 30, 1836.	Sept. 3, 1639, Indian name, Shaume. Parts of Marshpee annexed to Sandwich, Feb. 26, 1811, Apr. 1859, and Mar. 13, 1860. Part of, annexed to Mashpee, Mar. 19, 1872. See Mashpee. Boundary line estab. between and Falmouth, Mar. 19, 1880. See Bourne.	July 16, 1709, Indian name, Pawmet, or Meeshawn. Boundary line between Truro and Wellfleet estab. Feb. 22, 1837. See Provincetown.	June 16, 1763, Indian name, Punonakanit. North Precinct of Eastham. Incorp. as a district.* See Truro.	Sept. 3, 1639, Indian name, Mattacheese, or Nobscuset. See Dennis.
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Mashpee	Orleans	rovi	Sandwich .	Truro.	Wellfleet	Yarmouth.
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^{*} By an Act of March 23, 1786, all places incorporated by the name of Districts before the first day of January, 1777, were "declared to be towns, to every intent and purpose whatever." By the same Act, Districts incorporated subsequent to 1777 were vested with similar powers and privileges.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Adams	Oct. 15, 1778,	Oct. 15, 1778, East Hoosuck. See Cheshire. Town divided, and North Adams incorp. as a separate town April 16, 1878. See North Adams.
Alford	Feb. 16, 1773,	Westerly part of Great Barrington. Part of Great Barrington annexed to Alford, Feb. 18, 1819. See Egremont.
Becket	June 21, 1765,	"No. 4." Several grants of land annexed to Becket, Feb. 3, 1798. Part of London (Bethlehem) annexed to Becket, Mar. 1, 1810. See Middleffeld.
Bethlehem (Dist.)	June 24, 1789,	June 24, 1789, North, 11,000 acres. See Otis.
Boston Corner (Dist.), Apr. 14, 1838,	Apr. 14, 1838,	Incorporated as a District from unincorporated land. Boundary line between Mount Washington and Boston Corner estal. Mar. 12, 1847. Boston Corner (940 acres and 73 inhabitants) ceded to State of New York, May 14, 1853.
Cheshire	Mar. 14, 1793,	From parts of Lanesborough, Windsor, Adams, and New Ashford. Part of New Ashford annexed to Cheshire, Feb. 6, 1798. See Windsor.
Clarksburg	. Mar. 2, 1798,	From a gore of unincorporated land lying north of Adams. See Florida.
Dalton	. Mar. 20, 1784,	Ashuelot Equivalent. Part of Windsor annexed to Dalton Feb. 28, 1735.

Feb. 13, 1760, Erom lands lying west of Sheffield. Boundary line between Egremont and Alford estab. Feb. 6, 1790. Parts of Sheffield annexed to Egrenont, Feb. 22, 1790. and Feb. 16, 1824; and part of Mount Washington, June 17, 1817. Boundary line between it and Sheffield estab. 1839. See Mr. Washington.	June 15, 1805, From Bernardstone's (Barnardston's) Grant, and a part of Bullock's Grant (unincorporated lands). Part of Clarksburg annexed to Florida, May 2, 1848.	June 30, 1761, North Parish of Sheffield. Upper Hoosatonnuck. See Alford.	July 2, 1776, Jericho. See New Ashford.	June 21, 1804, Westerly Parish of Partridgefield.	New Framingham. See Cheshire.	From the south-westerly part of Washington, north-easterly part of Great Barrington (or Hoplands, so called), the Glass Works Grant, and part of Williams Grant. See Lenox.	East part of Richmond. Parts of Washington annexed to Lenox, Jan. 31, 1795, and Feb. 18, 1802. Boundary line between Lenox and Lee estab. Feb. 7, 1820.	. Feb. 24, 1773, Tyringham Equivalent. See Becket and Otis.	Part of Tyringham. Part of New Marlborough annexed to Monterey, May 24, 1851. Part of Sandisfield annexed to, Apr. 24, 1875.
Feb. 13, 1760,	June 15, 1805,	June 30, 1761,	July 2, 1776,	June 21, 1804,	June 21, 1765,	Oct. 21, 1777,	Feb. 26, 1767,	Feb. 24, 1773,	Apr. 12, 1847,
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BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Mount Washington . June 21, 1779,	June 21, 1779,	Tauconnock (Taconic) Mountain. Part of Egremont annexed to Mount Washington, June 17, 1817. Boundary line estab. Mar. 12, 1847. See Egremont and Boston Corner.
New Ashford	Feb. 26, 1781,	Feb. 26, 1781, Incorp. as a District, Feb. 26, 1781, and as a Town, May 1, 1836. Part of Hancock annexed to New Ashford, June 26, 1798. See Cheshire.
New Marlborough .	June 15, 1759,	"No. 2." Parts of Sheffield annexed to New Marlborough, June 19, 1795, and Feb. 7, 1798, and Apr. 19, 1871; and parts of Tyringham, Feb. 27, 1811. See Monterey and Tyringham.
North Adams	Apr. 16, 1878,	Part of Adams.
Otis	June 13, 1810,	Town of Loudon and District of Bethlehem united as the Town of Loudon, June 19, 1809, and the name changed to Otis, June 19, 1810. Part of East, 11,000 acres of unincorporated land, annexed to Otis, and part to Sandisfield, Apr. 9, 1838. See Bethlehem.
Partridgefield	July 4, 1771,	July 4, 1771, See Peru, Hinsdale, and Middlefield.
rem	July 5, 1771,	July 5, 1771, Partridgefield incorp. July 4, 1771, and name changed to Peru. June 19, 1806.

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. Apr. 21, 1761, Indian name, Pontoosuck.	Yokum and Mount Ephraim. Name changed from Richmont in 1785. Boundary line between Richmond and West Stockbridge estab. Mar. 24, 1834. See Lenox.	"No.3." District of Southfield united with Sandisfield, Feb. 8, 1879. Portion of boundary line between Sandisfield and Tolland defined May 4, 1853. See Otis and Southfield. Part of, annexed to Monterey, Apr. 24, 1875.	"No. 6."	Lower Housatonnuc. See Egremont and New Marlborough. Parts of, annexed to New Marlborough, June 19, 1795, and Apr. 19, 1871.	South, 11,000 acres. See Sandisfield.	Housatonnuc, or Housetonic. Boundary line between Stockbridge and West Stockbridge changed, Feb. 6, 1830. See West Stockbridge.	"No. 1." Part of New Marlborough annexed to Tyringham, Feb. 11, 1812. See New Marborough and Monterey.	. Apr. 12, 1777, Hartwood. See Egremont, Middlefield, and Lenox.
Apr. 21, 1761,	June 21, 1765,	Mar. 6, 1762,	Feb. 20, 1797,	June 22, 1733,	Southfield (District) . June 19, 1797,	June 22, 1739,	Mar. 6, 1762,	Apr. 12, 1777,
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Pittsfield	rtichmond	Sandisfield	Saroy.	Sheffield	outh	Stockbridge	Tyringham	Washington
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BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
West Stockbridge .	Feb. 23, 1774,	Feb. 23, 1774, West part of Stockbridge. Gore of land annexed to West Stockbridge, Mar. 2, 1793. Part of Stockbridge annexed to West Stockbridge, Feb. 12, 1824. See Richmond and Stockbridge.
Williamstown .	June 21, 1765,	West Hoosuck. A tract of unincorporated land, bounded west by State of New York, annexed to Williamstown, Apr. 9,1838.
Windsor	July 2, 1771,	July 2, 1771, Gageborough, or "No. 4." Part of Cheshire annexed to Windsor, Feb. 26, 1794. See Cheshire and Dullon.
	BRISTOL	BRISTOL COUNTY. INCORP. JUNE 21, 1685.
Acushnet	Feb. 13, 1860,	Feb. 13, 1860, Northerly part of Fairhaven. Part of, annexed to New Bedford, Apr. 9, 1875.
Attleborough	Oct. 19, 1694,	North Purchase. Boundary line between Attleborough and Wrentham estab. Feb. 18, 1819.
Berkley	Apr. 18, 1735,	From parts of Taunton and Dighton. Part of Dighton annexed to Berkley, Feb. 26, 1799; and parts of Taunton, Feb. 6, 1810, Mar. 3, 1842, and Apr. 1, 1879. See Freetown.

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June 8, 1664, Indian names, Apponeganset, Acushena, and Coakset. Boundary line between Dartmouth and Westport changed Feb. 20, 1828. See Westport.	South Precinct of Taunton. Wellington set off from north part of Dighton, June 9, 1814. Boundary line between Dighton and Wellington estab. Feb. 12, 1824. Wellington and Dighton united as one town, Feb. 22, 1826, and Mar. 3, 1827. See Berkley, Somerset, and Freetown.	. Dec. 21, 1725, Indian name, Hockamock. Part of Norton.	Easterly part of New Bedford. Part of Freetown annexed to Fairhaven, June 15, 1815. See Acushnet and Rochester.	Southerly part of Freetown. Name of Fall River changed to Troy, June 18, 1804. Name of Troy changed to Fall River, Feb. 12, 1834. Incorp. as a City, Apr. 12, 1854. Act accepted Apr. 23, 1854. Part of Fall River, R.I., annexed to Fall River, Mass., 1861. See Freetown and Pawtucket.	The Free Men's land at Fall River. Centre of main ship channel in Taunton Great River estab, as boundary line of Berkley, Dighton, Freetown, Fall River, and Somerset, Mar. 17, 1847. See Fairhaven and Fall River.	Apr. 26, 1770, North Precinct of Norton. Inc. as a District. Seenote, p. 103.
June 8, 1664,	May 30, 1712,	Dec. 21, 1725,	Feb. 22, 1812,	Feb. 26, 1803,	July -, 1863,	Apr. 26, 1770,
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Dartmouth	100	a	Fairhaven.	Fall River.	Freetown	Mansfield .
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BRISTOL COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Eto.
New Bedford	Feb. 23, 1787,	Easterly part of Dartmouth. Indian name, Acushnett, or Akushenct. Part of Dartmouth annexed to New Bedford, Mar. 20, 1845. Incorp. as a City, Mar. 9, 1847. Act accepted Mar. 18, 1847. See Dartmouth and Fairhaven. Part of Acushnet annexed to, Apr. 9, 1875.
Norton	June 12, 1711, Mar. 1, 1828,	June 12, 1711, North Precinct of Taunton. See Easton and Mansfield. Mar. 1, 1828, Part of Seekonk. By change of the boundary line between Massachusetts and Rhode Island in 1861, all of Pawtneket, except that part lying easterly of Seven-Mile liver, was annexed to Ilhode Island. The excepted part was the same year annexed to the rown of Seekonk.
Raynham	Apr. 2, 1731,	Apr. 2, 1731, Part of Taunton. Boundary line between the two places established 1866.
Rehoboth	June 4, 1645,	June 4, 1645, Indian name, Seconet. See Seekonk.
Seekonk	Feb. 26, 1812,	Westerly part of Rehoboth. Part of Seekonk annexed to Rhode Island, 1861. See Pavetucket.
Somerset	Feb. 20, 1790,	Feb. 20, 1790, Indian name, Shewamet. A part of Swansea. Part of Dighton annexed to Somerset, Apr. 4, 1874. See Freetown.
Swansea	Oct. 30, 1667,	Oct. 30, 1667, Indian names, Mattapoiset and Wannamoiset.

Date of	11001	poracion	0, 1	200.			111
Sept. 3, 1639, Indian name, Tecticut, or Cohannet. See Rerkley. Act of Incorp. as a City granted, Mar. 31, 1869; refused by the Town, Apr., 1860. Act again granted, May 13, 1864, and accepted. Part of, set off to Berkley, Apr. 1, 1879. See Lakeville (in Plymouth County); also Raynham. June 8, 1814, North part of Dighton. See Dighton. July 2, 1787, Indian name, Acoakset. Parts of Dartmouth annexed to Westport, Feb. 28, 1785, Feb. 25, 1783, and Mar. 4, 1805. Part of Portsmouth, R.L., annexed to Westport in 1861. See Dartmouth and Pawtucket.	DUKES COUNTY. INCORP. Nov. 1, 1683. (Indian name, Cappawock, or Capawack. Martha's Vineyard.)	Oct. 30, 1714, Indian name, Nashuakemmink. Manor of Tisbury. In 1820 Chilmark included the Elizabeth Isles. Boundary line between Chilmark and the Indians of Gay Head estab. Mar. 9, 1855. See Gay Head and Gosnold.	Feb. 17, 1880, Part of Edgartown.	July 8, 1671, Indian name, Chappequidick. Boundary line between Edgartown and Tisbury estab. Feb. 5, 1830; also Apr. 23, 1862.	Part of Chilmark.	That part of Chilmark known as the Elizabeth Islands.	Indian name, Chappaquonsett. In 1810 Tisbury included the Elizabeth Isles. See Chimark and Edgartown.
June 8, 1814,	JKES 9, Capp	1714,	, 1880,	1671,	. Apr. 30, 1870,	. Mar. 17, 1864,	July 8, 1671,
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Taunton . Westport .		Chilmark	Cottage City	Edgartown	Gay Head .	Gosnold	Tisbury
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ESSEX COUNTY. INCORF. MAY 10, 1643. See Norfolk County.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	NS.	D	Date of Incorporation.	f tion.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Amesbury	٠	Apr.	29,	1668,	Apr. 29, 1668, New Salisbury, or Salisbury New-town; a part of Salisbury. Part of Salisbury annexed to Amesbury, Mar. 15, 1844. Authord by Acts of Apr. 30, 1864, and Apr. 2, 1870, to unite with Salisbury and Decoue a new town, called Merrimac, both Acts
Andover	•	. May 6, 1646,	6, 1	1646,	rej. Part of, me as Town of Merrimac by Act of Apr. 11, 776. Part of Salishury annexed June 16, 1886. Indian name, Cochichawick, or Quichichelek. Part of, annexed to Lawrence, Feb. 4, 1879. See North Andoesy, Mad-
Boxford	•	Aug. 12, 1685,	12, 1	1685,	deton, and Laurence. Rowley Village. Part of Rowley annexed to Boxford, June 10, 1808; and part of Ipswich, Mar. 7, 1846 Boundary line between Boxford and Royvley estab. June 18, 1825. See Groveland and Middleton.
Beverly Bradford		Oct. 14, 1668,	14, 1	1668,	Bass River. See Danrers Merrimack. Union of, with Haverhill, authorized June 12, 1869. Act rejected. Union again authorized in 1872, and
Danvers		June 16, 1757,	16, 1	1757,	again rejected. See troverance and receiving. Vallage and Middle Parishes of Salem. A District, Jan. 28, 1752. Houndary line between Danvers and Salem changed Mar. 17, 1840. May 18, 1855, Danvers was divided into two towns; that part known as North Danvers received the name of Danvers, and the remaining portion the name of So. Danvers, and the remaining portion the name of So. Danvers. Monnel. 1856. Part of Reverly annoved to Danvers seatsb. May 31, 1856. Part of Reverly annoved to Danvers seatsb.

			agabirzanda. Act rejected 73, and Act	agabirzanda. Act rejected 73, and Act Jar. 21, 1856.	Agabirranda. Act rejected 773, and Act Jar. 21, 1856. ed to Grove-	gabhranda. Act rejected 773, and Act Iar. 21, 1836. ed to Grove- included a is of Salem, Hampshire, Made a City people. See	gabbranda. Act rejected 773, and Act far. 21, 1836. ed to Grove-included a se of Salem. Hampshire, Made a City people. See 1 Hamilton.	gabbranda. Act rejected 773, and Act far. 21, 1856. ed to Grovelor as a Salem, Hampshire, Made a City people. See 11 Hamilton. 1. as a City, as a City people. See Paris of Alm.
		May 22, 1639, Cape Ann. Indian name, Wynghersheek and Tragabirzanda.	Y 20, 10/11; Act r Apr. 28, 1873, an Cland Mar. 9	Dee tookpor. Incorp. as a City, May 20, 1011; Act rejected by the voters. Incorp. as a City, Apr. 28, 1873, and Act accepted by the people. [land, Mar. 21, 1856.] Mar. 8, 1850, East Parish of Bradford. Part of Boxford, annexed to Grove-	Y.20, 1841; Act r Apr. 28, 1873, an [land, Mar. 2 ord, annexed to h.	Mar. 8, 1850, East Parish of Brailord. Part of Boxford, annexed to Grove-June 21, 1792, Indian mame, Pentucket. Haverhill originally included a large part of the territory of the present towns of Salem, Plaistow, Atkinson, and Hampstead, in New Hampshire, By Act approved Mar. 10, 1869, and vote of the people. See Brail originally included a large part of the territory of the present towns of Salem, Plaistow, Atkinson, and Hampstread, in New Hampshire, by Act approved Mar. 10, 1869, and vote of the people. See Bradford.	See Kockport. Incorp. 33 a Chy, May 29, 1811, Act rejected by the voters. Incorp. 38 a City, Apr. 28, 1873, and Ac accepted by the people. [Jand, Mar. 21, 185] East Parish of Bradford. Part of Boxford, annexed to Grove Ipswich Hamlet. A Parish of Ipswich. Indian name. Pentucket. Haverhill originally included large part of the territory of the present towns of Salen Plaistow, Aktiuson, and Hampstead, in New Hampshir and Methuen and Lawrence, Massachusetts. Made a Cit by Act approved Mar. 10, 1869, and vote of the people. Se Bradford. Indian name, Agawam. See Boxford, Essex, and Hamilton.	See Incorport. Incorp. as a City, May 20, 1941; Act rejected accepted by the voters. Incorp. as a City, Apr. 28, 1873, and Act accepted by the people. East Parish of Bradford. Part of Boxford, annexed to Grove-Ipswich Itamlet. A Parish of Ipswich! Grove-Ipswich Itamlet. A Parish of Ipswich originally included a large part of the retritory of the prevent towns of Salem, Plaistow, Atkinson, and Hampstead, in New Hampshire, and Methuen and Lawrence, Massachusetts. Made a City by Act approved Mar. 10, 1869, and vote of the people. See Bradford. Erom parts of Andover and Methuen. Incorp. as a City, Mar. 21, 1853. Small portion of dover and North Andover annexed to Lawrence, Feb. 4, 1854. Parts of Andover and Active Methuen annexed to Lawrence, Feb. 4, 1879. See Idenvivid.
	ey.	ape Ann. Indian name, Wynghersheek and Tragabirzanda. See <i>Rockport</i> . Incorp. as a City, May 26, 1871; Act rejected by the voters. Incorp. as a City, Apr. 28, 1873, and Act	Clay	[lar t of Boxford, ar	[lar t of Boxford, ar of Ipswich.	t of Boxford, and I pswich. Taverhill origin fampstead, in I c., Massachusett 869, and vote of 869, and vote of	t of Boxford, and I pswich. Taverhill origin fan present if the present if annystead, in I c., Massachusett 869, and vote of Boxford, Essex,	t of Boxford, ar I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
f Rowley.		me, Wynghe rp. as a City, orp. as a Ci		rd. Part of 1	Mar. 8, 1850, East Parish of Bradlord. Part of Boxfor June 21, 1792, Ipswich Hamlet. A Parish of Ipswich.	rd. Part of I Parish of Ips sket. Haven ritory of the awrence, Mr art 10, 1869, a	rd. Part of I Parish of Ips sket. Haven ritory of the and Hamp awrence, Ma	rd. Part of I Parish of Ips sket. Haven ritory of the and Hamp awrence, Me ar. 10, 1869, a n. See Boxy ver and Me eccepted, Man to Lawrence
	. Apr. 21, 1838, New Rowley. Part of Rowley.	t. Incorp	me heeln	ene peopi f Bradford	ting people Fibradiord let. A Pa	one propriet. A Particle. A Particle from the first from a mind Lay oved Mar	f Bradford let. A Pa let. A Pa Finson, i thiston, oved Mar Agawam	f Bradford let. A Pa let. A Pa let. A Pa let terrif tkinson, an and Lay oved Mar Agawam. A Agawam. A Act acc. Act. Act. Act. Act. Act. Act. Act. A
	Rowley.	Ann. In Rockport	accepted by the people.	spied by Parish of	spied by Parish of ch Haml	accepted by ast Parish of swich Haml dian name, large part of Plaistow, Ayand Methue by Act appr. Bradford.	Parish of Parish of ch Haml n name, ch part of Stow, An Methue Act apprediction of the name, n name, n name,	accepted by the propagate by the propagate part of thracking dim name, Pentur large part of the parts of Androman name, Agawan om parts of Androman names of Androman names of Androman names of Androman North A dover and North A 1873. See Identribilia.
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	1838,	1639,	-	1850,	1850, 1792,	1850, 1792, 1645,	Mar. 8, 1850, June 21, 1792, — -, 1645, Aug. 5, 1634,	Mar. 8, 1850, June 21, 1792, — -, 1645, Aug. 5, 1634, Apr. 17, 1847,
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- Passer	Georgetown	Gloucester.	Groveland.		Hamilton .	Haverhill	Haverhill Ipswich	Hamilton Haverhill Ipswich Lawrence
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ESSEX COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Lynnfield	July 3, 1782,	Set off from Lynn, and incorp. as a District, July 3, 1782. Incorp. as a Town, Feb. 28, 1814. Boundary line between Lynnfield and Reading estab. Apr. 20, 1854. Line between it and Wakefield defined, 1870. See North Reading.
Manchester	May 14, 1645,	. May 14, 1645, Jeffry's Creek.
Marblehead	May 2, 1649,	. May 2, 1649, Marble-harbor.
Merrimac	Apr. 11, 1876,	Apr. 11, 1876, Part of Amesbury. See Amesbury.
Methuen	Dec. 8, 1725,	Dec. 8, 1725, Part of Haverhill. See Lawrence and Haverhill.
Middleton	June 20, 1728,	June 20, 1728, From parts of Salem, Topsfield, Boxford, and Andover.
Nahant	Mar. 29, 1853,	Mar. 29, 1853, Set off from Lynn.
Newbury	May 6, 1635,	May 6, 1635, Indian names, Quascacunquen and Wescussauco. Boundary line between Newbury and Bradford estab. June 16, 1809.
Newburyport.	Jan. 28, 1764,	Jan. 28, 1764, Part of Newbury. Part of Newbury annexed to Newbury-port, Apr. 17, 1851.

Apr. 7, 1855, North Parish of Andover. Part of, annexed to Lawrence, Feb. 4, 1879.	Feb. 18, 1819. Part of Newbury. Name changed to West Newbury, June	May 18, 1855, See South Danvers.	Feb. 27, 1840, Part of Gloucester.	Sept. 4, 1639, See Boxford and Georgetonn.	Indian name, Naumkeag, or Naumkeake. Incorp. as a City, Mar. 23, 1836. Act accepted, Apr. 4, 1836. Part of, annexed to Swampscott, Apr. 3, 1867. See Danvers, South Danvers, and Middleton.	7, 1640, Colchester. See Amesbury.	Feb. 17, 1815, Part of Lynn. Part of Chelsea annexed to Saugus, Feb. 22,	See Danvers. Boundary line between South Danvers and Salem changed, Apr. 30, 1856. Name changed to Peabody by Act of April 13, 1868; approved by the people.	May 21, 1852, Easterly part of Lynn. See Salem.	New Meadows. See Middleton.	May 10, 1643, Enon or Salem Village.	June 14, 1820, Parsons, a part of Newbury. See Pursons.
Apr. 7, 1855,	Feb. 18, 1819.	May 18, 1855,	Feb. 27, 1840,	Sept. 4, 1639,	June 24, 1629,	Oct. 7, 1640,	Feb. 17, 1815,	May 18, 1855,	May 21, 1852,	. Oct. 18, 1650,	May 10, 1643,	June 14, 1820,
North Andover	Parsons	Peabody	Rockport	Rowley	Salem	Salisbury	Saugus	South Danvers	Swampscott	Topsfield	Wenham	West Newbury.

FRANKLIN COUNTY. INCORP. JUNE 24, 1811. See Hampsnire County.

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CITIES AND TOWNS.	OWNS.	Date of Incorportion.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Ashfield .		June 21, 1765, Huntstown.	Huntstown.
Bernardston		Mar. 6, 1762,	Mar. 6, 1762, Falltown. Part of Decrifeld annexed to Bernardston, Apr. 1838. Part of Leyden annexed, June 10, 1886. See Leyden.
Buckland .		Apr. 14, 1779, "No-town." 1838.	"No-town." Part of Conway annexed to Buckland, Apr. 14, 18:8.
Charlemont	•	June 21, 1765,	June 21, 1765, Plantation of Charlemont. See Rowe, Heath, and Shelburne.
Colrain .		June 30, 1761, Colrain.	Colrain.
Conway .		June 16, 1767,	June 16, 1767, South-west part of Deerfield. Part of Deerfield annexed to Conway, June 17, 1791. Boundary line between Conway, Deerfield, and Whately defined June 21, 1811. See Buckland.
Deerfield .		. May 24, 1682,	Indian name, Paucomtock, or Pocomtuk. See Bernardston, Conway, Shelburne, and Whately.
Erving		Apr. 17, 1838,	Apr. 17, 1838, Erving's Grant. Part of Northfield - known as Hack's Grant - ann'd to Erving, Feb. 10, 1860. See New Salem and Orange.

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Sept. 28, 1793, Easterly part of Greenfield. Part of Northfield annexed to Gill, Feb. 28, 1795, and Great Island, in Connecticut Eiver, Mar. 14, 1805.	June 9, 1753, North-easterly part of Deerfield. See Gill.	Feb. 7, 1792, Plantation, "No. 7." See Plainfield.	Feb. 14, 1785, North-easterly part of Charlemont.	May 5, 1774, Part of Sunderland.	. Feb. 22, 1809, Part of Bernardston. District of Leydon See Bernardston.	From a part of Rowe, and the gore north of Florida.	North Parish of Sunderland. See Wendell.	Part of Shutesbury annexed to New Salem, Feb. 20, 1824. See Prescott, Athol, and Orange.	Indian name, Squakeag. See Erving and Gill.	Feb. 24, 1810, District of Orange. Parts of Erving's Grant and New Salem annexed to Orange, May. 16, 1837. Boundary line between Orange and Erving estab. Feb. 27, 1841. See Athol.	Myrifield, and several tracts of land. Part of Zoar, in Berkshire County, annexed to Rove, and part to Charlemont, Apr. 2, 1838. See Monroe and Zoar.
1793,	1753,	1792,	1785,	1774,	1809,	Feb. 21, 1822,	Dec. 22, 1753,	June 15, 1753,	Feb. 22, 1713,	1810,	Feb. 9, 1785,
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Sept	June	Feb.	Feb.	May	Feb.	Feb.	Dec.	Jane	Feb.	Feb.	Feb.
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Giii	Greenfield.	Hawley	Heath	Leverett	Leyden	Monroe	Montague.	New Salem	Northfield	Orange	Rowe .
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FRANKLIN COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Shelburne.	June 21, 1768,	June 21, 1768, North-westerly part of Deerfield. Gore of land annexed to Shelburne and Charlemont, Mar. 19, 1703.
Shutesbury	June 30, 1761,	June 30, 1761, Roads-town. See New Salem.
Sunderland	Nov. 12, 1714,	Nov. 12, 1714, Swampfield. See Leverett and Montague.
Warwick	. Feb. 17, 1763,	Feb. 17, 1763, Roxbury Canada.
Wendell .	May 8, 1781,	May 8, 1781, Part of Shutesbury and Erving-shire. Part of Montague and a gore of land annexed to Wendell, Feb. 28, 1803.
Whately	Apr. 24, 1771,	Apr. 24, 1771, North part of Harfield. Part of Deerfield annexed to Whately, Mar. 5, 1810. Boundary line between Williamsburg and Whately estab. Feb. 2, 1849. See Conway.
Zoar	1	Seo Rowe,

HAMPDEN COUNTY. INCORP. FEB. 20, 1812. See Hampshire County.

Part of West Springfield, —the Parishes of Feeding Hills and Agawam.
May 17, 1855, P
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. Apr. 10, 1741, Glasgow. Boundary line between Blandford and Chester estab. Feb. 22, 1899, and June 13, 1819, and between Blandford and Russell, Feb. 23, 1809. Sec Norwich.	1 1 1 i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	Murrayfield. Name changed to Chester in 1783. See Bland- ford, Norveich, Middleford, and Worthington.	Northerly part of Springfield.	Jan 25, 1754, Bedford. First incorp. as a District. See Tolland.	. Mar. 28, 1878, Southerly part of Wilbraham. See Wibraham.	July 5, 1785, East Parish of South Brimfield. Incorp. as a District, July 5, 1785, and as a Town, May 1, 1836. See Wales.	Mar. 14, 1850, Parish of West Springfield. Incorp. as a City, Apr. 7, 1873.	Oct. 17, 1783, Indian name, Masacsick. Second Parish of Springfield.	. Feb. 28, 1774, Stony Hill. See Springfield.	Westerly part of Brimfield. Boundary line between Monson and Palmer estab. Feb. 8, 1828.	Easterly part of "No. 5." Fart of Norwich and Southampton annexed to Montgomery, Mar. 6, 1792. See Russell.	The Elbows. Part of Western annexed to Palmer, Feb. 7, 1831. See Monson.
1741,	1731,			1754,	1878,	1785,	1850,	1783,	1774,			
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Apr.	. July 14, 1731,	Oct. 31, 1765,	. Apr. 29, 1848,	Jan 5	Mar.	July	Mar.	Oct.	Feb.	. Apr. 25, 1760,	Nov. 28, 1780,	Jan. 30, 1752,
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Blandford .	Brimfield	Chester	Chicopee	Granville .	Hampden	Holland	Holyoke	Longmeadow	Ludlow	Monson	Montgomery	Palmer
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HAMPDEN COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Russell	Feb. 25, 1792,	Feb. 25, 1792, North-westerly part of Westfield, and part of Montgomery. See Blandford.
South Brimfield .	Sept. 18, 1762, See Wales.	
Southwick	Nov. 17, 1770,	Nov. 17, 1770, Southerly part of Westfield. First incorp. as a District. See
Springfield	. May 14, 1636,	Indian name, Agawam. Organ.zed as a Town, May 14, 1636, O.S. Boundary line between Springfield and Ludlow estab. June 5, 1830 Inform as a City Apr. 19, 1839 Act accepted
		Apr. 21, 1852. See West Springfield, Wilbraham, Longmenton,
Tolland	June 14, 1810,	June 14, 1810, West Parish of Granville. See Sandisfield.
Wales	Sept. 18, 1762,	South Brimfield. Incorp. as a District, Sept. 18, 1762, and as the Town of Wales, Feb. 29, 1828. See Holland.
Westfield	May 16, 1669,	May 16, 1669, Indian name, Woronoack, or Waranoke. Boundary line between Westfield and Southwick changed, Mar. 20, 1837. See Southwick, Russell, and West Springfield.
West Springfield .	Feb. 23, 1774,	Feb. 23, 1774, West part of Springfield. Part of Westfield annexed to West Springfield, Mar. 3, 1802. See Ayawam and Holyoke.

Wilbraham	. June 15, 1763,	June 15, 1763, Fourth Parish of Springfield. A tract of land called the Elbows annexed to Wilbraham, June 11, 1799. Town divided, and southerly part incorp. as the Town of Hampden, March 23, 1878.	
	HAMPSHIR	HAMPSHIRE COUNTY. Incorp. May 21, 1662.	
[Apr. 21, 1761, the Coujume 24, 1811, the norther	nty of Hampshire was	[Apr. 21, 1781, the County of Hampshire was divided into two Counties, the westerly part taking the name of Berkshire. June 24, 1871, the northerly part of Hampshire was erected into a new County by the name of Franklin; and Feb. 20, 1812,	D

Feb. 13, 1759, Second Precinct of Hadley. Parts of Hadley annexed to Amherst, Feb. 28, 1811, Feb. 18, 1812, and Feb. 17, 1814. June 30, 1761, Cold Spring. See Enfield. June 11, 1762, New Hingham. Part of Norwich annexed to Chesterfield, Feb. 22, 1794. Boundary line between Chesterfield, Goshen, and Williamsburg, Feb. 16, 1810. See Williamsburg. June 23, 1779, Easterly part of "No. 5, W." See Pluinfield. June 17, 1785, Indian name, Pasaconnuck. Parts of South and North Hampton.
June 30, 1761, Cold Spring. See Enfield. June 11, 1762, New Hingman. Part of Norwich annexed to Chesterfield, Feb. 22, 1794. Boundary line between Chesterfield, Goshen estab. Feb. 7, 1797, and betw'n Chesterfield, Goshen and Williamsburg, Feb. 16, 1810. See Williamsburg. June 23, 1779, Easterly part of "No. 5, W." See Plainfield. June 17, 1785, Indian name, Pasaconuck. Parts of South and North Hamp-
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on. Ancology. Boundary line between 15-sthan as a 1994, June 14, 189. Southampton estab. Feb. 1, 1828. Changed Feb. 21, 1862. Parts of Southampton amexcel to Easthampton, Mar. 13, 1841, and A pt. 4, 1850. Boundary line between Easthampton and Northampton, Age. 1, 25, 1855.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY - Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	NB.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Enfield .		Feb. 16, 1816,	Feb. 16, 1816, Parts of Greenwich and Belchertown.
Goshen	•	May 14, 1781,	. May 14, 1781, Chesterfield Gore and northerly part of Chesterfield. See
Granby	•	June 11, 1768,	Second Parish of South Hadley. Part of South Hadley annexed to Granby, Mar. 6, 1792. Boundary line between Granby and South Hadley changed June 12, 1824, June 20, 1826, and June 16, 1827.
Greenwich .	٠	Apr. 20, 1754,	Apr. 20, 1754, Indian name, Quabin. See Dana, Enfield, and Petersham.
Hadley	•	May 20, 1661,	May 20, 1661, Indian name, Norwottock. Boundary line between Hadley and Amberst changed Mar. 1, 1815. See South Hadley, Amberst, and Northumpton.
Hatfield	٠	. May 11, 1670,	Boundary line betw'n Hatfield and Williamsburg estab. Mar. 14, 1845, and Mar. 19, 1847. See Whately and Williamsbury.
Huntington .	٠	June 29, 1773,	See Norwich.
Middlefield .	•	. Mar. 12, 1783,	From parts of Worthington, Chester, Becket, Partridgefield, Washington, and all of Prescott's Grant.

Oct. 18, 1654, Indian names, Nanotuck, Nonotuck, or Norwottock. Hockannum Meadows set off from Hadley and annoxed to Northampton, Apr. 15, 1860. Incorporated as a city June 23, 1883. See Easthampton, Southempton, and Westhampton,	Easterly part of Murrayfield. Parts of Chester and Blandford annexed to Norwich, Apr. 28, 1853. Name changed to Huntington, Mar. 9, 1855. See Chesterfield and Montgomery.	Prescott.	J	Jan. 28, 1822, East Parish of Pelham, and south part of New Salem.	Second Precinct of Hadley. See Granby.	uthampton. Second Precinct of Northampton. Part of Easthampton annexed to Southampton, Mar. 13, 1841. See Easthampton, Montgomery, and Westhampton.	Ware River Parish. Parts of Brookfield and Western annuexed to Ware, Feb. 8, 1823.	West part of Northampton. Boundary line between North-sampton, Westhampton, Easthampton, and Southampton, changed Mar. 12, 1872.	West part of Hatfield. Boundary line between Williamsburg and Chesterfield estab. June 24, 1795. See Chesterfield, Indied, and Whately.
Indian names, Nanananum Meadows sampton, Apr. 15, See Easthampton,	Easterly part of Musannexed to Norwington, Mar. 9, 18	New Lisburne. See Prescott.	Incorp. as a Distric	East Parish of Pelh	Second Precinct of	Southampton. Sec Easthampton ann Easthampton, Mon		West part of Northamp ampton, Westhampto changed Mar. 12, 1872.	West part of Hatfield. burg and Chesterfield Hatfield, and Whately.
, 1654,	, 1773,	, 1743,	, 1785,	, 1822,	, 1753,	, 1753,	, 1761,	, 1778,	, 1771,
Oct. 18	June 29, 1773,	Jan. 15, 1742,	Mar. 16	Jan. 28	Apr. 12, 1753,	Jan. 5, 1753,	Nov. 25, 1761,	Sept. 29, 1778,	Apr. 24, 1771,
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Northampton	Norwich .	Pelham .	Plainfield .	Prescott .	South Hadley	Southampton		Westhampton	Williamsburg
Nor	Nor	Pell	Plai	Pres	Sou	Soul	Ware	Wes	Wil

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Worthington	June 30, 1768,	June 30, 1768, "No. 3, W." Part of Chester annexed to Worthington, June 21, 1799. See Maddlefield.
MIDDI	ESEX COUNT	MIDDLESEX COUNTY. INCORP. MAY 10, 1643. See Norfolk County.
Acton .	July 3, 1735,	July 3, 1735, Part of Concord. See Carlisle.
Arlington	Feb. 27, 1807,	Feb. 27, 1807, See West Cumbridge.
Ashby	. Mar. 5, 1767,	From parts of Townsend, Fitchburg, and Ashburnham. Part of Ashburnham annexed to Ashby, Nov. 16, 1792; and part to Fitchburg, Mar. 3, 1829.
Ashland	. Mar. 16, 1846.	From parts of Hopkinton, Framingham, and Holliston. See Hopkinton.
Ayer	Feb. 14, 1871,	Feb. 14, 1871, Parts of Groton and Shirley.
Bedford	Sept. 23, 1729,	Sept. 23, 1729, From parts of Billerica and Concord.
Belmont	Mar. 18, 1859,	Mar. 18, 1859, From parts of West Cambridge, Watertown, and Waltham. Boundaries defined, 1882

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. May 29, 1655, Indian name, Shawshin. See Bedford and Cartisle.	From parts of Stow, Harvard, and Littleton. Incorp. as a District, Feb. 25, 1783, and as a Town, May I, 1836. See Littleton.	Southerly part of Cambridge; "Little Cambridge." Part of Cambridge annexed to Brighton, Jan. 27, 1816. Annexed to Boston by Act of May 21, 1873, and by vote of City and Town.	Feb. 28, 1799, Part of Woburn. See Lexington.	"New-town." Parts of Charlestown annexed to Cambridge, Mar. 6, 1802, Feb 12, 1818, and June 17, 1820. Incorp. as a City, Mar. 17, 1846. Act accepted Mar. 30, 1846. Parts of Waterbown annexed to Cambridge, Apr. 27, 1855, Mar. 10, 1885. Boundary line between Somewille and Cambridge changed Apr. 30, 1865, and Apr. 29, 1862. See Belmont, Brighton, Lexington, and West Cambridge.	Apr. 28, 1780, as the District of Carlisle, Apr. 28, 1780, and as a Town, Feb. 18, 1805. See Chelmsford.	June 24, 1629, Indian name, Mishaun. Part of Medford annexed to Charlestown, June 21, 1811. Incorp. as a City, Feb. 22, 1847. Act accepted Mar. 10, 1847. See Cambrilly, West Cambrilly, Stoneham, Woburn, and Somerville. Annexed to Boston by Act of May 14, 1873, and by votes of the two Cities.
1655,	Feb. 25, 1783,	Feb. 24, 1807,	1799,	Sept. 8, 1633,	1780,	1629,
29,	25,	24,	28,	∞° .:	28,	3 24,
May	Feb.	Feb.	Feb.	Sept	Apr	June
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	•	•	•	4	•	•
Billerica .	Boxborough	Brighton .	Burlington	Cambridge	Carlisle .	Charlestoun

MIDDLESEX COUNTY - Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Chelmsford	May 29, 1655,	May 29, 1655, Part of, annexed to Carlisle, Feb. 17, 1865. Part of, annexed to Lowell, May 18, 1874. See Lowell, Carlisle, and Westford.
Concord	Sept. 2, 1635,	Sept. 2, 1635, Indian name, Musquetequid. See Acton, Bedford, Lincoln, and Cartisle.
Dracut	Feb. 26, 1701,	Feb. 26, 1701, Parts of, annexed to Lowell, May 18, 1874, and Apr. 1, 1879.
Dunstable	Oct. 15, 1673,	Boundary line between Dunstable and Tyngsborough estab, Jan. 29, 1798. Parts of Groton annexed to Dunstable, Feb. 25, 1793, Jan. 26, 1796, and June 10, 1803. See Groton and Tyngsborough.
East Sudbury .	Apr. 10, 1780,	Apr. 10, 1780, East part of Sudbury. Name changed to Wayland, Mar. 11,
Everett	Mar. 9, 1870,	Southerly part of Malden. Part of, annexed to Medford, Apr. 20, 1875.
Framingham	June 25, 1700,	Part of Holliston annexed to Framingham, Feb. 11, 1833. Part of Natick annexed, 1871. See Ashund, Holliston, Hopkinton, and Marborough.
Groton	May 25, 1655,	Indian names, Petapawag, Wabansconcett. Part of Pepperell annexed to Groton, Feb. 3, 1803. Boundary line between Groton and Dunstable estab. Feb. 15, 1820. See
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196c. 3, 1724, Part of Sherburne. Boundary line between Holliston and Medway changed Mar. 3, 1829; and estab. between Holliston, Hopkinton, and Medway, Mar. 27, 1835. See Ashland, Framingham, and Milford.	Dec. 13, 1715, Indian name, Moguncoy. See Ashland, Holliston, and Upton.	Mar. 19, 1866, From parts of Marlborough and Stow. Part of Bolton annexed Mar. 20, 1868.	Mar. 29, 1712, Part of Cambridge. Part of Burlington annexed to Lexington,	Apr. 19, 1754, From parts of Concord, Lexington, and Weston.	Indian name, Nashoba. Named Littleton, Dec. 3, 1715. Boundary line between Littleton and Boxborough estab. Feb. 20, 1794. See Baxborough.	Part of Chelmsford. Incorp. as a Town, Mar. 1, 1826, and as a City, Aug. 5, 1836. Act accepted Apr. 11, 1836. Parts of Tewksbury annexed to Lowell, Mar. 22, 1832, Mar. 29, 1834, and June 5, 1874; and part of Dracut (Centralville), Feb. 28, 1851, May 18, 1874, and Apr. 1, 1879. Part of Chelmsford annexed to, May 18, 1874.	See Medford, Metrose, and Everett. Part of Medford annexed to, Apr. 20, 1877. Boundary line between Medford and Malden changed Feb. 20, 1878. Inc. as a City Mar. 31, 1881.	Indian names, Okommakamesitt, Whipsufferage. Fart of Framingham annexed to Marlborough, Feb. 23, 1791; and part of Southborough, Mar. 24, 1845. See Bollon, Northborough, southborough, and Hudson.
3, 1724,	13, 1715,	19, 1866,	29, 1712,	19, 1754,	Nov. 2, 1714,	. Mar. 1, 1826,	. May 2, 1649,	May 31, 1660,
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MIDDLESEX COUNTY - Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Maynard	Apr. 19, 1871,	Apr. 19, 1871, Parts of Stow and Sudbury.
Medford	Sept. 28, 1630,	Sept. 28, 1630, Indian name, Mistick, or Mystic. Declared "a peculiar town," Oct. 15, 1684. Part of Malden annexed to Medford, June 10, 1817. See Charlestown and Winelester. Part of Everett annoxed to, Apr. 20, 1875. Fart of, annexed to Malden, Apr. 20, 1877; also Feb. 20, 1878.
Melrose	. May 3, 1850,	Part of Malden. Part of Stoneham annexed to Melrose March
Natick	-, 1762,	The Society and Parish of Natick. Incorp. as a District in 1762, and as a Town, Feb. 10, 1781. Part of Sherburne annexed to Natick, Feb. 7, 1880. Boundary line between Natick and Wayland estab. Apr. 26, 1850. Part of, annexed to Franningham, 1871. See Needham.
Newton	Jan. 11, 1688,	Jan. 11, 1688, New Cambridge. Name changed to Newtown, Dec. 1691. An island between Needham and Newton, annexed to Newton, June 21, 1803. See Roxbury. Incorp. as " city by Act of June 2, 1873, and Act of June 2, 1873, and Act of May 5, 1875.
North Reading.	Mar. 22, 1853,	Mar. 22, 1853, Northern part of Reading. Boundary line between Lynn- field and North Reading changed May 27, 1877.

Apr. 6, 1753, Incorp. as a District from Second Precinct of Groton. Part of Pepperell annexed to Groton, Feb. 3, 1803. See Groton.	May 29, 1644, Lynn Village. Sec Lynnfield, Wilmington, and South Reading.	May 27, 1674, Boggastown. Name changed from Sherburne to Sherborn, Nay 3, 1852. See Holliston, Natick, and Medway.	South-west part of Groton. Part of Groton annexed to Shirley, Feb. 6, 1798. See Luneuburg and Ayer.	Mar. 3, 1842, Part of Charlestown. Incorp. as a City by Act of Apr. 14, 1871; accepted by the voters. See Cambridge.	Second Parish of Reading. Part of Stoneham annexed to South Reading, Apr. 5, 1856. Name changed to Wakefield, June 30, 1868.	Dec. 17, 1725, Part of Charlestown. See South Reading and Melrose.	May 16, 1683, Indian name, Pomposetticut. See Boxborough, Harvard, and Maynerd.	Sept. 4, 1639, See Maynard.	Dec. 23, 1734, Indian name, Wamesit. Northerly part of Billerica. Part of, annexed to Lowell, June 5, 1874. See Lowell.	June 29, 1732, Townshend. North part of Turkey Hill. See Ashby.
Apr. 6, 1753	May 29, 1644	May 27, 1674	Jan. 5, 1753,	Mar. 3, 1842	Feb. 25, 1812,	Dec. 17, 1725	May 16, 1683	Sept. 4, 1639	Dec. 23, 1734	June 29, 1732
Pepperell	Reading	Sherborn	Shirley	Somerville I	South Reading	Stoneham I	Stow	Sudbury	Tewksbury I	Townsend.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY - Concluded.

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	t Cambridge.	[Winchester.]	4 ()
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	Woburn, to Wobur	Village.	00 100K
4	Apr. 30, 1850, From parts of Woburn, Medford, and West Cambridge. Part of, annexed to Woburn by Act of May 12, 1873.	Woburn May 18, 1642, Charlestown Village. See Burlington, Wilmington, and	VANDALIA MANANA
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. | Sept. 25, 1730, | From parts of Woburn and Reading.

Wilmington

(Indian name, NAUTICAN.) INCORP. JUNE 20, 1635. NANTOCKET COUNTY.

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NORFOLK COUNTY. INCORP. MARCH 26, 1793.

May 10, 1643, the Colony was divided into four Counties; viz., Essex, Middlesex, Suffolk, and Norfolk. The latter was composed of the Towns of Haventhil, Salishery, Hampton, Exeter, Dover, and Sterwberry Bank (Portsmonth). The four last manned Towns having been "taken off," upon the separation of New Hampshire from Massachusetts in 1630, the others were set back to Essex, Feb. 4, 1639, and the original County of Norfolk ceased to exist.) [Norfolk County, as incorporated, included all the original territory of Suffolk, except the towns of Boston and Chelsea.

Nov. 27, 1719, From parts of Dedham, Wrentham, and Mendon. Boundar, line between Bellingham, Franklin, and Medway, estab Feb. 23, 1832; line between Bellingham and Mendon estab Mar. 7, 1872.	May 13, 1640, Mount Wollaston, Merry Mount, Mount Dagan. See Quinci
Nov. 27, 1719,	May 13, 1640,
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Bellingham	Braintree .

NORFOLK COUNTY - Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Towns.	Date of Incorporation,	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
rookline .		Nov. 13, 1705,	Nov. 13, 1705, Muddy River; Brooklyn. Part of Roxbury annexed to Brookline, Feb. 24, 1844. Part of, annexed to Boston, 1870. Part of, annexed to Boston, May 8, 1874. See <i>Boston</i> . Line between Brookline and City of Boston changed Apr. 27, 1872.
anton .		Feb. 23, 1797,	Feb. 23, 1797, Northerly part of Stoughton. See Stoughton.
ohasset .		Apr. 26, 1770,	Apr. 26, 1770, Indian name, Conahesset. Second Precinct of Hingham.
edham.		Sept. 8, 1636,	Sept. 8, 1636, Boundary line between Dedham and Dover defined Mar. 7, 1791. See Bellinghem, Dover, Porchester, Neethiem, Medfield, Wethole, West Roxbury, Hyde Park, and Norocod.
orchester .	. =	Sept. 7, 1630,	Sept. 7, 1630, Indian name. Matrapan. Boundary line between Dorchester and Quiney changed July 10, 1814, and estab. Feb. 21, 1820. Part of Detham annexed to Dorchester, June 17, 1831. Annexed to Bosion by Act of June 4, 1869, and vote of the people of the City and Town. See Boston, Quincy, Stoughton, and Hyde Park.
Jover.		July 7, 1784,	July 7, 1784, Part of Dedham. Incorp. as a District, July 7, 1784, and as a Town, Mar. 51, 1836. Boundary line between Dover and Dedham defined Mar. 7, 1791. Line between Dover and Walpole changed Feb. 27, 1872.

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From parts of Wrentham, Walpole, Scoughton, and Stoughtononland (Sharon). Parts of Stoughton and Sharon annexed to Foxborongh, Mar. 12, 1796; part of Wrentham, Feb. 7, 1831; and part of Sharon, Feb. 28, 1850. See Sharon, Walpole, and Wrentham.	Westerly part of Wrentham. Part of Medway annexed to Franklin, June 27, 1792. Boundary line between Franklin and Mcdway estab. Nov. 3, 1792, and Feb. 23, 1832. See Bellingham and Novjolk.	Feb. 29, 1872, Part of Eandolph.	From parts of Dorchester, Dedham, and Milton.	Dedham Village. See Medway.	Oct. 24, 1713, Part of Mcdfield. Boundary line between Medway and Sherborn estab. Mar. 3, 1792. See Bellinghum, Franklin, Holliston, and Norjoik.	Feb. 24, 1885, Part of Medway.	Indian name, Uncataguisset, or Unquety. See Hyde Park and Quincy.	Nov. 5, 1711, Part of Dedham. Boundary line between Needham and Natick changed June 22, 1797. See Newton Part of, set off and incorp. as the town of Wellesley, Apr. 6, 1831.	Feb. 23, 1870, From parts of Wrentham, Franklin, Medway, and Walpole. Boundary line between it and Wrentham changed in 1871.
June 10, 1778,	Mar. 2, 1778,	29, 1872,	Apr. 22, 1868,	May 23, 1651,	24, 1713,	24, 1885,	7, 1662,	. 5, 1711,	23, 1870,
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NORFOLK COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Norwood Quincy	Feb. 23, 1872, Feb. 24, 1792,	Feb. 23, 1872, From parts of Dedham and Walpole, Feb. 24, 1792, North Precinct of Braintree. Parts of Dorchester annexed to Quincy, Feb. 12, 1819, and May 2, 1855; and a part of Braintree, Apr. 24, 1856. Boundary line between Quincy and Mikon changed and established Apr. 16, 1885. See Dorchester.
Randolph	Mar. 9, 1793,	Mar. 9, 1793, Part of Braintree. Portion of boundary line defined June 22, 1811. Part set off into a new Town, Feb. 29, 1872. See Holbrook.
Roxbury	Sept. 28, 1630,	Sept. 28, 1630, Part of Newton annexed to Roxhury, Apr. 23, 1838. Incorp. as a City, Mar. 12, 1846. Act accepted Mar. 25, 1846. Boundary line between Boston and Roxbury estab. May 3, 1850, and changed Apr. 3, 1850. Annexed to Boston by Act of June 1, 1857, and vote of the people of the two Cities on the second Monday of September following. See Boston and West Roxbury.
Sharon	June 20, 1765,	June 20, 1765, Indian name, Mashapoag. Stonghtonham. Second Precinct of Stonghton. Part of Stoughton annexed to Sharon, Feb. 1772; also Mar. 26, 1864. Boundaryline between Sharon and Foxberough estab. Jan. 30, 1833. Part of, annexed to Walpole, May I, 1874. See Foxborough and Walpole.

	Da	te	of Incorp	pora	tion, Et
. Dec. 22, 1726, Indian name, Punkapoag. Part of Dorchester. Part of Canton annexed to Stoughton, Mar. 31, 1847. See Canton, Foxborough, and Sharon.	Dec. 10, 1724, Part of Dedham. Parts of Sharon annexed to Walpole, Feb. 28, 1804, and June 21, 1811; part of Dedham, June 21, 1811; and parts of Foxborough, Mar. 27, 1833, and Mar. 28, 1834. Line between Dover and Walpole changed Feb. 27, 1872. See Foxborough, Norfolk, and Norecod.	April 6, 1881, Incorp. from the Town of Needham, Apr. 6, 1881.	May 24, 1851, Part of Roxbury. Part of Dedham annexed to West Roxbury, Apr. 21, 1852. Boundary line between it and Boston changed 1870. Annexed to Boston by Act of May 29, 1873, and by votes of City and Town. Mount Hope Cemetery in, annexed to the City of Boston, Apr. 12, 1872.	Sept. 2, 1635, Indian name, Wessaguscut, or Wessaguson. Boundary line between Weymouth and Abington estab. Mar. 31, 1847.	Oct. 15, 1673, Indian name, Wallonopaug. Boundary line between Wrentham and Foxborough estab. Feb. 3, 1819. Boundary line between it and Norfolk changed in 1871. See Attleborough, Bellingham, Foxborough, Franklin, and Norfolk.
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Stoughton .	Ю	Wellesley,	West Roxbury	Weymouth	Wrentham
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- PLYMOUTH COUNTY. INCORP. JUNE 2, 1685.

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10, 1712, Indian name, Manamooskeagin. Easterly part of Bridge-water. See Weymouth, Rockland, and South Abington.
June 10, 1712,
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Abington

PLYMOUTH COUNTY - Continuea.

Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.	June 3, 1656, Indian name, Nunketest. Duxboro' Plantation. Boundary line between Bridgewater and East Bridgewater estab. Feb. 23, 1858, and Mar. 20, 1846. See East Bridgewater, Halifax, North Bridgewater, and West Bridgewater.	June 15, 1821. Name changed from North Bridgewater to Brockton March 28, 1874. Part of, annexed to South Abington, Apr. 24, 1875. Part of South Abington annexed to, Apr. 24, 1875. Incorp. 4, a City Apr. 9, 1881.	South part of Plympton. Boundary line between Middle-borough and Carver estab. Mar. 24, 1849. See Plympton.	June 7, 1637, Indian name, Mattakeeset. Duxboro'. Boundary line between Duxbury and Marshfield estab. June 14, 1813. See Kingston and Pembroke.	June 14, 1823, Part of Bridgewater. Part of Halifax annexed to East Bridgewater, Apr. 11, 1857. See Bridgewater and South Abington. Part of, annexed to Brockton, Apr. 24, 1875.
Date of Incorporation.	June 3, 1656,	June 15, 1821,	June 9, 1790,	June 7, 1637,	June 14, 1823,
CITIES AND TOWNS.	Bridgewater	Brockton	Carver	Duxbury	East Bridgewater .

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July 4, 1734, Indian name, Monoponset. From parts of Plympton, Middleborough, and Pembroke. Part of Bridgewater annexed to Halliax, Feb. 20, 1824; and part of Plympton, Mar. 16, 1830. Boundary line between it and Plympton estab. Feb. 6, 1863. See East Bridgewater.	June 14, 1727, Boundary line between Hanover and South Scituate determined May 15, 1857, under Resolves of May 31, 1856. Boundary line between Hanover and South Scituate changed Feb. 11, 1878. Boundary line between Hanover and Pembroke defined Apr. 23, 1885. See Rockland.	Westerly part of Pembroke.	Barecove. Hingham and Hull taken from Suffolk County, June 18, 1803. See Cohasset.	Nantasket. See Hingham.	June 16, 1726, Part of Plymouth. Part of Duxbury annexed to Kingston, Apr. 14, 1857.	South-westerly part of Middleborough. Boundary line between it and Taunton defined 1867.	South-easterly part of Rochester. Boundary line between Marion and Wareham estab. Feb. 18, 1859, and Feb. 13, 1866.	Mar. 2, 1640, Green Harbor. Rexham. See Duxbury.	May 20, 1857, Mattapoisett Precinct, — a part of Rochester.	June -, 1669, Indian names, Assawampsit, or Assawomit, and Nemesket. See Carver and Lakeville.	
July 4, 1734,	June 14, 1727,	Feb. 22, 1820,	Sept. 2, 1635, Barecove. 18, 1803.	May 29, 1644,	June 16, 1726,	May 13, 1853,	May 14, 1852,	Mar. 2, 1640,	May 20, 1857,	June -, 1669,	
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Halifax	Hanover	Hanson	Hingham	Hull .	Kingston	Lakeville	Marion	Marshfield .	Mattapoisett	Middleborough	
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PLYMOUTH COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
North Bridgewater .	June 15, 1821,	North Bridgewater . June 15, 1821, Part of Bridgewater. Boundary line between North and West Bridgewater estab. Jan. 22, 1825. In 1871 the name of the Town was changed to Standish, subject to the approved of the voters. The Act was not approved. Name changed to Brockton, Mar. 28, 1874.
Pembroke	Mar. 21, 1711,	Mar. 21, 1711, Westerly part of Duxbury, or Mattakeeset. See Hanover and Hanson.
Plymouth	Dec. 11, 1620,	Dec. 11, 1620, Indian names, Accomack, Apaum, or Umpane, and Patuxet. See Kingston, Wareham, and Phympton.
Plympton	June 4, 1707,	June 4, 1707, Indian name, Wenatukset. South-westerly part of Plymouth. Boundary line between Plymouth and Carver estab. Feb. 8, 1793. See Carver and Haliyax.
Rochester	June 4, 1686,	June 4, 1686, Indian name, Seipican, or Sippican. Boundary line between Rochester and Fairhaven estab. Apr. 9, 1836. See Marion and Mattapoisett.
Rockland	Mar. 9, 1874,	. Mar. 9, 1874, North and east part of Abington. Boundary line between Hanover and Rockland estab. March 23, 1878.

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Oct. 5, 1636, Indian name, Satuit, from Satuit Brook in the eastern part of the Town. See Cohasset and South Scituate.	Mar. 4, 1875, Parts of Abington and Bast Bridgewater. Part of, annexed to Brockton, Apr. 24, 1875. Name changed to Whitman, May 4, 1886.	Fob. 14, 1849, Part of Scituate. See Hanover. Part of Hanover annexed Feb. 11, 1878.	July 10, 1739, Plantation of Agawam, or Agowaywam. Part of Plymouth annexed to Wareham, Jan. 20, 1827. Boundary line between it and Rochester defined 1864 and 1866. See Marion.	Feb. 16, 1822, Part of Bridgewater. See North Bridgewater.	. Mar. 4, 1875, See South Abington.	
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Scituate	South Abington .	South Scituate	Wareham	West Bridgewater	Whitman	
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SUFFOLK COUNTY. INCORP. MAY 10, 1643. See Norfolk County.

Jan. 10, 1738, Indian name, Winnisinnet. Runney Marsh. See Saugus and	North Chelsea Mar. 19, 1848, Part of Chelsea. See Winthrop. Name changed to Revere by Act of Mar. 24, 1871; approved by the Town.	Mar. 19, 1848, See North Chelsea.	Winthrop Mar. 27, 1852, Easterly part of North Chelsea.	
10, 1738,	19, 1848,	19, 1848,	27, 1852,	
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Chelsea	North Che	Revere	Winthrop	

SUFFOLK COUNTY - Concluded.

Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.	East Boston) granted to Sanuel Mayerick, Apr. 1, 1633, and annexed to Boston, Mar. 9, 1636–8. Long, Spectacle, Decr, and Hog Islandsgranted to Boston, Mar. 4, 1632. Dorespand Hog Submageranted to Boston, Mar. 4, 1632. Dorespand Hog Submageranted to Boston, Mar. 4, 1632. Dorespand Mar. 4, 1822. Boundhary line between Boston and Brookline estab, and part of Brookline annexed to Boston, Feb. 23, 1825, annexed portion joined to Ward 6, Mar. 3, 1836, Thompson's Island granted to Dorchester, Mar. 3, 1836, changed Apr. 3, 1830, changed Apr. 3, 1830, annexed to Boston fron Dorchester, Mar. 2, 1834, Boundary line between Boston and Roxbury estab, Mar. 16, 1836; changed Apr. 3, 1830. Part of Dorchester, Invar. 35, 1834, Boundary line between Brookline and West Roxbury as Washington Village annexed to Boston, May 21, 1850. Line changed Apr. 25, 1803, Part of Brookline and Boston elanged Apr. 27, 1872. Mount Hope Centerey in W. Roxbury annexed to Apr. 27, 1872. Mount Hope Centerey in W. Roxbury annexed to Apr. 27, 1872. Sign. And 286 of the Acts of 1873. Fart of, annexed to the City of Newton, May 5, 1875. Fart of, annexed to the
Date of Incorporation.	Sept. 7, 1630,
CITIES AND TOWNS.	Boston

WORCESTER COUNTY. INCORP. AFRIL 2, 1731.

Ashburnham					2.1	,	21.0	
nham Feb. 22, 1765, Mar. 6, 1762, Apr. 10, 1778, Apr. 10, 1778, June -, 1774, Mar. 28, 1753, June -, 1774, Mar. 16, 1784,	Dorehester Canada. Part of Gardner annexed to Ashburr han, Feb. 16, 1815; and part of Westminster, Jan. 28, 1825 See Ashby and Gardner.	Indian name, Paygnage, or Poquaig. Part of Gerry annexe to Athol, Feb. 28, 1806; part of Orange, Feb. 7, 1816; and part of New Salem, Feb. 5, 1830, and Mar. 16, 1837. Land confirme to Athol, June 11, 1829. See Royalston, Gerry, and Loylston	See Ward.	From parts of Worcester, Sutton, Oxford, and Leicester Name changed to Auburn, Feb. 7, 1837.	North-westerly part of Rutland incorp. as Rutland District Mar. 28, 1753. Rutland District incorp. as Town of Hutchin son, June -, 1774. Name changed to Barre, Nov, 1776.	See Barre,	South Parish of Bolton incorp, as District of Berlin, Mar. 10 1784, and as a Town, Feb. 6, 1812. Fart of Lancaster an nexed to Berlin, Feb. 8, 1791; and a part of Northborough Feb. 14, 1806.	Part of Mendon.
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WORCESTER COUNTY - Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Bolton	June 24, 1738,	Part of Lancaster. Part of Marlborough annexed to Bolton, Feb. 11, 1829. Boundary line between Bolton and West- borough estab. Mar. 16, 1838. See Berlin; also Iludson, in Middlesex County.
Boylston	Mar. 1, 1786,	Mar. 1, 1786, North Parish of Shrewsbury. See West Boylston.
Brookfield.	Nov. 12, 1718,	Nov. 12, 1718, Indian name, Quaboag, Quobog, or Quobage. Boundary line between Brookfield and New Braintree estab. June 10, 1791, and Mar. 8, 1792. Part of New Brookfield annexed to Brook-field, Apr. 15, 1854. See North Brookfield and Ware.
Charlton	Nov. 2, 1754,	Nov. 2, 1754, West part of Oxford. See Oxford, Southbridge, and Sturbridge.
Clinton	. Mar. 14, 1850,	. Mar. 14, 1850, Part of Lancaster.
Dana	Feb. 18, 1801,	Feb. 18, 1801, Erom parts of Petersham, Hardwick, and Greenwich. Boundary line estab. Feb. 12, 1803. Boundary line between Dana and Greenwich estab. June 19, 1811. Parts of Petersham and Hardwick annexed to Dana, Feb. 4, 1842.
Douglas	, 1746,	, 1746, Incorp. as a District. (See note on page 103.) Boundary line between it and Uxbridge estab. Apr. 25, 1864. See Webster.

		D^{ℓ}	ite of	incorpo	rai	ion, E	tc.		143
Feb. 2, 1731, Indian name, Chabanakongmum. From lands between Woodstock and Oxford. Middlesex Gore annexed to Dudley and Sturbridge, June 25, 1791. See Southbridge and Webster.	West part of Lunenburg. See Ashby and Westminster. Incorp. as a City by Act of Mar. 8, 1872; accepted by the people.	From parts of Westminster, Ashburnham, Winchendon, and Templeton. See Ashburnham, Ashby, and Westminster.	Indian name, Hassanamisco. Gore of land annexed to Grafton, June 14, 1823; part of Shrewsbury annexed Mar. 3, 1826; and part of Sutton, Mar. 3, 1842. See Worester.	Lambstown. Part of New Braintree annexed to Hardwick, June 10, 1814; and gores of land, Feb. 7, 1831, and Feb. 6, 1833. Sec Dana and Petersham.	From parts of Lancaster, Groton, and Stow. See Boxborough.	North part of Worcester. Boundary line between Holden and Paxton estab. Mar. 27, 1793. Fart of Paxton annexed to Holden, Mar. 19, 1831. See Paxton and West Boylston.	Apr. 7, 1886, Part of Milford.	North-easterly part of Rutland. See Princeton.	Indian name, Nashwash, or Nashawog. Boundary line between Lancasicr and Sterling estab. Mar. 7, 1837. See Berlin, Holden, and Sterling.
1731,	Feb. 3, 1764,	June 27, 1785,	Apr. 18, 1735,	Jan.10,1738-39,	June 29, 1732,	Jan. 9, 1740,	1886,	June 13, 1767,	May 18, 1653,
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Feb.	Feb.	June	Apr.	Jam.1	June	Jan.	$\Lambda \mathrm{pr}.$	June	May
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Dudley	Fitchburg	Gardner	Grafton	Hardwick	Harvard	Holden	Hopedale	Hubbardston	Lancaster
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WORCESTER COUNTY-Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Leicester	Feb. 15, 1713,	Feb. 15, 1713, Indian name, Towtaid. See Ward, Spencer, and Paxton.
Leominster	June 23, 1740,	June 23, 1740, Part of Lancaster. Fart of No-town annexed to Leominster, Apr. 13, 1838.
Lunenburg	Aug. 1, 1728,	Aug. 1, 1728, So. part of Turkey Hills. Boundary line between Lunenburg and Shirley estab. Mar. 3, 1846. See Füchburg and Townsend.
Mendon	May 15, 1667,	May 15, 1667, Indian name, Qunshapauge, or Squushopog. See Bellingham, Blackstone, and Miljord.
Milford	Apr. 11, 1780,	Apr. 11, 1780, Indian name, Wopowage. East Precinct of Mendon. Part of Holliston annexed to Milford, Apr. 1, 1859. See Hopedale.
Millbury	June 11, 1813,	June 11, 1813, North Parish in Sutton.
New Braintree .	Jan. 31, 1751,	Jan. 31, 1751, Indian name, Wenimesset. See Brookfield and Hardwick.
Northborough .	Jan. 24, 1766,	North Precinct of Westborough. Part of Marlborough annexed to Northborough, June 20, 1807. See Berlin.
Northbridge	July 14, 1772,	North part of Uxbridge. Parts of Sutton annexed to North-bridge, Feb. 17, 1801, and Mar. 16, 1844. See Sutton and Uxbridge.

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. Feb. 28, 1812, North Parish in Brookfield. See Brookfield.	West wing of Rutland. Incorp. as District of Oakh	Part of Sutton annexed to Oxford, Feb. 18, 1793; Oxford South Gore annoxed Feb. 6, 1807; part of Charlton, Feb. 3, 1809; and Oxford North Gore, Mar. 22, 1838. See Charlton, Ward, and Webster.	South part of Rutland and north part of Leicester incorp. as District of Paxton, Feb. 12, 1775. Parts of Holden annexed to Paxton, Feb. 13, 1804, and Apr. 9, 1838; and part of Rutland, May 24, 1851. See Holden and Rutland.	Apr. 20, 1754, Indian name, Nitchawog. See Dana.	See Gerry. Boundary line between Phillipston and Royalston changed Mar. 29, 1857. See Royalston.	From parts of Templeton and Athol. Name changed to Phillipston, Feb. 5, 1814. See Athol and Royalston.	Apr. 24, 1771, Indian name, Wachusett. East wing of Rutland. Part of Hulbbardston annexed to Princeton, Feb. 16, 1810; and part of No-town, April 4, 1838. Part of Westminster annexed to, Apr. 22, 1870. See Westminster.	Boyalstonshire. Parts of Athol and Gerry annexed to Royalston, Feb. 26, 1799, and part of Athol, Mar. 7, 1803. See Phillipston.
1812,	June 11, 1762,	, -, 1713,	Feb. 12, 1765,	1754,	Oct. 20, 1786,	Oct. 20, 1786,	1771,	Feb. 17, 1765,
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North Brookfield	٠	٠	•	۰	٠	٠	•	•
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Br	un	ಶ	д	Petersham.	Phillipston	•	Princeton	Royalston
rtlı	Oakham	Oxford	Paxton	ters	illi	Gerry .	ince	yal
N	0a	Ox	Pa	Pe	Pb	Ge	Pr	Re
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WORCESTER COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Rutland	Feb. 23, 1713,	Feb. 23, 1713, Indian name, Nagueag. Boundary line between Rutland and Paxton estab. Feb. 20, 1829. See Hubbardston, Oakland, and
Shrewsbury	. Dec. 19, 1727,	See Boylston and Grafton.
Southborough	July 6, 1727,	July 6, 1727, Part of Marlhorough. Boundary line between Southborough and Westborough estab. Mar. 5, 1835. See Marlborough.
Southbridge	Feb. 15, 1816,	From parts of Sturbridge, Charlton, and Dudley. Part of Dudley annexed to Southbridge, Feb. 23, 1822; and part of Sturbridge, Apr. 6, 1839. Boundary line between it and Sturbridge, Apr. 6, 1839.
Spencer	Apr. 3, 1753,	Second Precinct of Leicester.
Sterling	Apr. 25, 1781,	Apr. 25, 1781, Second Precinct of Lancaster. See Lancaster and W. Boylston.
Sturbridge	June 24, 1738,	New Medfield. Part of Charlton annexed to Sturbridge, June 27, 1792. See <i>Dudley</i> and <i>Southbridge</i> . Boundary line between it and Southbridge changed in 1871.
Sutton	June 21, 1715,	Nipung Country. Part of Northbridge annexed to Sutton, June 15, 1831. Boundary line between Sutton and North- bridge changed Mar. 7, 1837. See Ward, Grafton, Millbury, Northbridge, and Oxford.

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. Mar. 6, 1762, Narragansett, "No. 6." See Gerry and Garaner.	June 14, 1735, From parts of Mendon, Sutton, Uxbridge, and Hopkinton.	June 27, 1727, Indian name, Waeuntug. Part of Mendon. Boundary line between Uxbridge and Northbridge changed Apr. 30, 1856.	Jan. 16, 1741, See Western.	Mar. 6, 1832, From parts of Dudley and Oxford. Boundary line between Webster and Douglas estab. Feb. 27, 1841.	Nov. 18, 1717, Chauncy. See Bolton and Southborough.	From parts of Boylston, Holden, and Sterling. Part of Boylston annexed to West Boylston, Feb. 10, 1820, and June 17, 1820, and	. Mar. 3, 1848, Part of Brookfield.	From parts of Brookfield, Brimfield, and easterly part of Kingsfield. Name changed to Warren, Mar. 13, 1834. See Palmer and Ware.	Narragansett, "No. 2." Parts of Fitchburg annexed to Westninster, Feb. 12, 1796, and Feb. 16, 1813; and part of No-town, Apr. 10, 1838. Part of, annexed to Princeton, Apr. 22, 1870. See Ashburmham and Gardher.	June 14, 1764, Ipswich Canada. See Gardner.	Oct. 15, 1684, Indian name, Quansigamond. Grafton Gore annexed to Worcester, Mar. 22, 1838. See Holden and Ward.
far. 6, 1762,	une 14, 1735,	une 27, 1727,	an. 16, 1741,	far. 6, 1832,	TOV. 18, 1717,	. Jan. 30, 1808,	far. 3, 1848,	Jan. 16, 1741,	. Apr. 26, 1770,	une 14, 1764,	et. 15, 1684,
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•	·		•	•	, u	· uo	West Brookfield			-	
nos	•	0	•	•	Westborough	West Boylston	ook	•	Westminster	Winchendon	er.
plet	u	ridg	ren	ster	thor	t Bo	t Br	ern	timi	cher	cest
Templeton	Upton	Uxbridge	Warren	Webster	Ves	Ves	Ves	Western	Ves	Vin	Worcester.
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CITIES IN THE COMMONWEALTH,

WITH THE DATE OF THEIR ORGANIZATION, AND THEIR POPULATION.

	NA	ME.			INCORPORATED.	POPULATION,
Boston .					Feb. 23, 1822,	390,406
Salem .					March 23, 1836,	28,084
Lowell .					April 1, 1836,	64,051
Cambridge					March 17, 1846,	59,660
New Bedford					March 9, 1847,	33,393
Worcester.					Feb. 29, 1848,	68,383
Lynn					April 10, 1849,	45,861
Newburyport					May 24, 1851,	13,716
Springfield					April 12, 1852,	37,577
Lawrence .					March 21, 1853,	38,845
Fall River					April 12, 1854,	56,863
Chelsea .	٠				March 13, 1857,	25,709
Taunton .					May 11, 1864,	23,674
Haverbill .					March 10, 1869,	21,795
Somerville					April 14, 1871,	29,992
Fitchburg.					March 8, 1872,	15,375
Holyoke .				٠	April 7, 1873,	27,894
Gloucester					April 28, 1873,	21,713
Newton					June 2, 1873,	19,759
Malden .					March 31, 1881,	16,407
Brockton .			٠		April 9, 1881,	20,783
Northampton		ε			June 23, 1883,	12,896
Waltham .					June 2, 1884,	14,609

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

[Established by Chapter 253, Acts of 1882.]

DISTRICT No. 1.

Towns.	Population 1880.	Towns.		
Brewster, Chatham,	4,250 -1,144 2,252 3,290 692 2,422 3,265 347 1,294 4,345 3,544 1,019 1,908 2,173	Somerset,		1,228 2,006 1,356 2,898 494 679 1,301 161 154 1,516
Bristol Co. Acushnet, . Dartmouth, . Dighton, . Fairhaven, . Fall River, . Freetown, . New Bedford, Rehoboth, .	 1,105 3,430 1,791 2,875 49,006 1,329 26,875 1,891	Plymouth Co. Lakeville, Marion, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Rochester, Warcham,		1,008 958 1,365 5,237 1,043 2,897

^{*} New town.

DISTRICT No. 2.

Towns.	Population 1880.	Towns.	Population 1880.
Eristol Co. Attleborough, Berkley, Easton, Mansfield, Norton, Raynham, Taunton, Norfolk Co. Braintree, Conton, Cohasset,	11,111 927 3,902 2,765 1,732 1,681 21,213	Plymouth Co.—Con. Bridgewater, Brockton, Carver, East Bridgewater, Hanson, Hingham, Hull, Rockland, Scituate, South Abington,* South Scituate, West Bridgewater,	3,620 13,608 1,039 2,710 1,897 1,309 4,485 383 4,553 2,466 3,024 1,820 1,665
Holbrook, Quincy, Randolph, Sharon, Stoughton, Weymouth, Plymouth Co. Abington,	2,132 10,529 4,027 1,492 4,875 10,571 3,697	Halifax, Marshfield, Pembroke, Duxbury, Kingston, Plympton, Plymouth, Total,	542 1,785 1,405 2,196 1,524 694 7,094 149,033
	DISTRIC	T No. 3.	
Suffolk Co. Boston, Ward 11, Ward 15,—	16,601	Suffolk Co. — Con. Boston, Ward 22, Ward 23,	12,715 14,008

DISTRICT No. 4.

Ward 23, Ward 24,

Norfolk Co.

Milton,

Total,

16,871

3,206

149,948

3,084

3,801 14,445 13,141

19,973 17,391 14,712

Precinct 3, .

Precinct 4, .

Ward 17, Ward 18, Ward 19, Ward 20, Ward 21,

^{*} Name changed to Whitman, May 4, 1886.

DISTRICT No. 4. - Concluded.

Towns.	Population 1880.	Towns.	Population 1880.
Suffolk Co. — Con. Boston, Ward 8, — Precinct 2, Precinct 3, Precinct 4, Ward 12, Ward 12, Ward 14,	3,569 2,321 4,091 14,697 21,462 20,005	Suffolk Co. — Con. Boston, Ward 15, — Precinct 1, Precinct 2, Ward 16,	4,999 3,019 15,184 148,727
	DISTRIC	T No. 5.	
Middlesex Co. Arlington,	4,100 1,615 711 52,740 2,460 24,985 11,711 5,425 10,938	Suffolk Co. Boston, Ward 8, — Precinct 1, Ward 9, Ward 10, Ward 25,	2,814 12,325 11,506 6,693
	DISTRIC	T No. 6.	1
Essex Co. Nahant, Saugus, Saugus, Ewampscott, Lyun, Middlesex Co. Everett, Malden, Medford, Melrose, Reading, Stoneham,	808 2,626 2,501 38,284 4,159 12,017 7,573 4,560 3,181 4,891	Middlesex Co. — Con. Wakefield,	5,544 3,805 11,511 11,254 10,96 21,788 2,266 1,044
		T No. 7.	
Essex Co. Amesbury, Beverly, Boxford, Bradford,	3,355 8,445 824 2,643	Essex Co. — Con. Danvers, Essex, Georgetown, Gloucester,	6,630 1,670 2,23 19,32

DISTRICT No. 7. - Concluded.

Dis	TRICI No.	1. — Conciuaea.	
Towns.	Population 1880.	Towns.	Population 1880.
Essex Co.—Con. Groveland, Hamilton, Haverhill, Ipswich, Lynnfield, Manchester, Marblehead, Merrimae, Middleton, Newbury, Newbury,	2,227 935 18,475 3,699 686 1,640 7,467 2,237 1,000 1,566 13,537	Essex Co. — Con. Peabody, Rockport, Rowley, Salem, Salisbury, Topsfield, Wenham, West Newbury, Total,	9,028 3,912 1,201 27,598 4,079 1,165 889 1,989
	DISTRIC	CT No. 8.	1
Essex Co. Andover,	5,171 39,178 4,392 3,217 1,797 914 1,882 931 2,000 319 478 2,553 3,922 1,605 453 1,862	Middlesex Co.—Con. Littleton, Lowell, North Reading, Pepperell, Shirley, Stow, Tewksbury, Townsend, Tyngsborough, Westford, Wilmington, Worcester Co. Bolton, Harvard, Lancaster, Lunenburg, Total,	904 59,485 900 2,348 1,365 1,046 2,177 1,967 631 2,147 933
	DISTRI	CT No. 9.	
Middlesex Co. Ashland, Framingham, Holliston, Hopedale,* Hopkinton, Lincoln, Marlborough,	2,394 6,235 3,099 4,602 3,739 882 10,126	Middlesex Co. — Con. Maynard, Natick, Newton, Sherborn, Sudbury, Wayland, Weston,	2,291 8,480

^{*} Hopedale was incorporated from a part of Milford, April 7. 1886.

DISTRICT No. 9. - Concluded.

DI	SIRICI NO.	s Concluded.	
TOWNS.	Population 1880.	Towns.	Population 1880.
Worcester Co. Clinton, Berlin, Blackstone, Mendon, Milford, Northborough, Suthborough, Westborough, Westborough, Norfolk Co. Bellingham, Prookline, Dedham,	1,223	Norfolk Co.— Con. Dover, . Foxborough, Franklin, . Hyde Park, . Medfield, . Medway, . Millis,* Needham, . Norfolk, . Norwood, . Walpole, . Wellesley, . Wrentham, .	653 2,951 4,051 7,000 1,365 3,955 - 2,538 930 2,345 2,404 2,717 2,482
Dedham,	6,224	Total,	147,254
	DISTRIC	r No. 10.	
Worcester Co. Auburn, Barre, Barre, Boylston, Brookfield, Charlton, Douglas, Dūdley, Grafton, Hardwick, Holden, Leicester, Millbury, New Braintree, Northbridge, North Brookfield, Oakham, Oxford, Paxton, Princeton, Rutland,	2,804 4,030 2,233 2,499 2,779 4,741 610 4,053 4,459 860 2,604 592 1,100 1,060	Worcester Co. — Con. Shrewsbury, Southbridge, Spencer, Sterling, Sutton, Upton, Uxbridge, Warren, Wester, West Boylston, West Boylston, West Brookfield, Worcester, Hampden Co. Brimfield, Holland, Wales,	1,500 6,465 7,466 2,062 1,414 3,105 2,023 3,111 3,889 5,696 2,994 1,917 58,295 1,203 302 1,030 148,455
	DISTRIC	T No. 11.	
Franklin Co. Ashfield, Bernardston, Buckland,	1,062 934 1,739	Franklin Co.—Con. Charlemont, Colrain, Conway,	932

^{*} Millis was incorporated from a part of Medway, Feb. 24, 1885.

DISTRICT No. 11. - Concluded.

DIS	TIMOT ITO:	TI. — CONCULACION		
Towns.	Population 1880.	Towns.		Population 1880.
Franklin Co. — Con. Deerfield, Erving, Gill, Greenfield, Hawley, Heath, Leverett, Leyden, Monroe, Montague, New Salem, Northfield, Orange,	3,543 872 733 3,903 592 560 742 507 166 4,876 869 1,603 3,171	Hadley, Hatfield, Huntington, Middlefield, Northampton, Pelham, Plainfield, Prescott, South Hadley.		753 634 1,933 1,495 1,236 648 12,172 614 457 460 3,533 1,046 4,817
Orange, Rowe, Shelburne, Shutesbury, Sunderland, Warwick, Wendell, Whately,	1,621 529 755 713 465 1,074	Westhampton, Williamsburg, Worthington, Worcester Co	0.	7564 2,234 758 1,666 4,307 736
Hampden Co. Holyoke, Hampshire Co.	21,851	Dana, Fitchburg,		12,405 4,988 1,386 5,776 1,109
Amherst, Belchertown, Chesterfield, Cummington, Easthampton, Enfield, Goshen,	769 881 4,206	Phillipston, . Royalston, . Templeton, . Westminster, Winchendon, Total, .		621 1,192 2,789 1,652 3,722 147,435
	DISTRIC	T No. 12.		
Berkshire Co. Adams, Alford, Becket, Cheshire, Clarksburg, Dalton, Egremont, Florida,	5,593 348 1,123 1,537 724 2,052 875 459	Berkshire Co.— Great Barringto Hancock. Hinsdale, Lanesborough, Lee, Lenox, Monterey, Mount Washingt	n,	642 1.595

DISTRICT No. 12. - Concluded.

Towns.	Population 1880.	Towns.	Population 1880.
Berkshire Co. — Con. New Ashford, New Marlborough, North Adams, Otis, Peru, Pittsfield, Richmond, Sandisfield, Saroy, Sandisfield, Savoy, Steffield, Stockbridge, Tyringnam, Washington, West Stockbridge, Williamstown, Windsor, Hampden Co. Agawam,	203 1,876 10,192 785 403 13,367 1,124 1,107 715 2,204 2,360 542 492 1,934 3,505 614 2,216	Hampden Co.— Con. Blandford, Chester, Chicopee, Granville, Hampden, Longmeadow, Ludlow, Monson, Montgomery, Palmer, Russell, Southwick, Springfield, Tolland, West field. West Springfield, Wilbraham, Total,	11,325 1,205 958 1,401 1,526 3,758 303 5,504 823 1,104 33,346 452 7,587

COUNCIL DISTRICTS.

AS ESTABLISHED BY CHAPTER 348 OF THE ACTS OF 1886.

I.—The Cape, First and Second Plymouth, and the Second and Third Bristol Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 54,950.

Cape District. — Barnstable, Bourne, Brewster, Chatham, Dennis, Eastham, Falmouth, Harwich, Mashpee, Orleans, Provincetown, Sandwich, Truro, Wellfleet, and Yarmouth, in the county of Barnstable, and Chilmark, Cottage City, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, and Tisbury, in the county of Dukes County, and Nantucket.

First Plymouth District.—Abington, Cohasset (Norfolk County), Duxbury, Hanson, Hingham, Hull, Kingston, Marshfield, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rockland, Scituate, South Scituate, and

Whitman.

Second Plymouth District.—Bridgewater, Brockton, Carver, East Bridgewater, Halifax, Lakeville, Marion, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Rochester, Wareham, and West Bridgewater.

Second Bristol District.—Berkley, Dighton, Fall River, Rehoboth, Somerset, and Swansea.

Third Bristol District.—Acushnet, Dartmouth, Fairhaven, Freetown, New Bedford, and Westport.

II.—The First Bristol, First and Second Norfolk, Eighth and Ninth Suffolk Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 56,627.

First Bristol District. — Attleborough, Easton, Mansfield, Norton, Raynham, Seekonk, and Taunton.

First Norfolk District. — Braintree, Canton, Holbrook, Hyde Park, Milton, Quincy, Randolph, and Weymouth.

Second Norfolk District.— Bellingham, Brookline, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Franklin, Medfield, Medway, Millis, Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Sharon, Stoughton, Walpole, Wellesley, and Wrentham.

Eighth Suffolk District. - Wards Nos. 19, 22, and 25, Boston.

Ninth Suffolk District. - Wards Nos. 21, 23, and 24, Boston.

III. -- The First and Second Suffolk, and the First, Second, and Third Middlesex Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 51,780.

First Suffolk District. - Chelsea, Revere, Winthrop, and Ward No. 1, Boston.

Second Suffolk District. - Wards Nos. 3, 4, and 5, Boston.

First Middlesex District. — Arlington, Medford, Somerville, and Winchester.

Second Middlesex District.—Belmont, Concord, Lexington, Lincoln, Newton, Waltham, and Watertown.

Third Middlesex District. - Wards Nos. 1, 2, 4, and 5, Cambridge.

IV. — The Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, and Seventh Suffolk Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 57,237.

Third Suffolk District. — Wards Nos. 6, 7, and 8, Boston, and Ward No. 3, Cambridge.

Fourth Suffolk District. - Wards Nos. 2, 12, and 16, Boston.

Fifth Suffolk District. - Wards Nos. 9, 10, and 11, Boston.

Sixth Suffolk District. - Wards Nos. 13, 14, and 15, Boston.

Seventh Suffolk District. - Wards Nos. 17, 18, and 20, Boston.

V.—The First, Second, Third, Fourth, and Fifth Essex Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 52,429.

First Essex District. — Wards Nos. 2, 3, 4, and 5, Lynn, and Nahant and Swampscott.

Second Essex District. - Beverly, Marblehead, and Salem.

Third Essex District.—Essex, Gloucester, Hamilton, Ipswich, Manchester, Newbury, Newburyport (Wards Nos. 1 and 2), Rockport, Rowley, Topsfield, and West Newbury.

Fourth Essex District. — Amesbury, Haverhill, Merrimac, Newbury port (Wards Nos. 3, 4, 5, and 6), and Salisbury.

Fifth Essex District. — Boxford, Danvers, Georgetown, Groveland, Lynn (Wards Nos. 1, 6, and 7), Lynnfield, Middleton, North Andover, Peabody, Saugus, and Wenham.

VI. — The Sixth Essex, and the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, and Seventh Middlesex Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 55,764.

Sixth Essex District. — Andover, Bradford, Lawrence, and Methuen. Fourth Middlesex District. — Ashland, Framingham, Holliston, Hopkinton, Marlborough, Maynard, Natick, Sherborn, Sudbury, Wayland, and Weston. Fifth Middlesex District.—Acton, Ashby, Ayer, Bedford, Billerica, Boxborough, Burlington, Carlisle, Chelmsford, Dracut, Dunstable, Groton, Hudson, Littleton, Pepperell, Shirley, Stow, Tewksbury, Townsend, Tyngsborough, Westford, and Woburn.

Sixth Middlesex District.—Everett, Malden, Melrose, North Reading, Reading, Stoneham, Wakefield, and Wilmington.

Seventh Middlesex District. - Lowell.

- VII.—The First, Second, Third, and Fourth Worcester, and the Worcester and Hampshire Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 56,662.
- First Worcester District. Worcester (Wards Nos. 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8), in the county of Worcester.
- Second Worcester District. Berlin, Blackstone, Bolton, Boylston, Clinton, Grafton, Harvard, Hopedale, Mendon, Milford, Northborough, Northbridge, Shrewsbury, Southborough, Upton, Uxbridge, and Westborough.
- Third Worcester District. Auburn, Brookfield, Charlton, Douglas, Dudley, Leicester, Millbury, North Brookfield, Oxford, Paxton, Southbridge, Spencer, Sturbridge, Sutton, Warren, Webster, and West Brookfield.
- Fourth Worcester District. Fitchburg, Holden, Lancaster, Leominster, Lunenburg, Princeton, Sterling, West Boylston, Westminster, and Worcester (Wards Nos. 2 and 3).
- Worcester and Hampshire District.—Athol, Barre, Dana, Gardner, Hardwick, Hubbardston, New Braintree, Oakham, Petersham, Phillipston, Rutland, and Templeton, in the county of Worcester, and Amherst, Belchertown, Enfield, Granby, Greenwich, Hadley, Felham, Prescott, South Hadley, and Ware, in the county of Hampshire.
- VIII. The Franklin, First and Second Hampden, Berkshire, and the Berkshire and Hampshire Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 57,167.
- Franklin District. Ashfield, Bernardston, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Conway, Deerfield, Erving, Gill, Greenfield, Hawley, Heath, Leverett, Leyden, Monroe, Montague, New Salem, Northfield, Orange, Rowe, Shelburne, Shutesbury, Sunderland, Warwick, Wendell, and Whately, in the county of Franklin, and Ashburnham, Royalston, and Winchendon, in the county of Worcester.
- First Hampden District. Brimfield, Holland, Monson, Palmer, Springfield, Wales, and Wilbraham, in the county of Hampden.
- Second Hampden District. Agawam, Chicopee, Granville, Hampden, Hoiyoke, Longmeadow, Ludlow, Montgomery, Southwick, Tolland, Westfield, and West Springfield, in the county of Hampden.

Berkshire District.—Adams, Cheshire, Clarksburg, Dalton, Florida, Hancock, Hinsdale, Lanesborough, Lenox, New Ashford, North Adams, Peru, Pittsfield, Richmond, Savoy, Washington, Williamstown, and Windsor, in the county of Berkshire.

Berkshire and Hampshire District.—Alford, Becket, Egremont, Great Barrington, Lee, Monterey, Mount Washington, New Marlborough, Otis, Sandisfield, Sheffield, Stockbridge, Tyringham, and West Stockbridge, in the county of Berkshire, and Chesterfield, Cummington, Easthampton, Goshen, Hatfield, Huntington, Middlefield, Northampton, Plainfield, Southampton, Westhampton, Williamsburg, and Worthington, in the county of Hampshire, and Blandford, Chester, and Russell, in the county of Hampden.

SENATE DISTRICTS.

As Established by Chapter 338 of the Acts of 1886.

[Average ratio for the State, 11,065+.]

SUFFOLK COUNTY (including Ward 3, Cambridge, Middlesex County) - Nine Senators.

[Ratio for one Senator, 11,050+.]

First District. — Chelsea, Revere, Winthrop, and Ward No. 1, Boston. Legal voters, 10,805.

Second District. — Wards Nos. 3, 4, and 5, Boston. Legal voters, 9,416.
 Third District. — Wards Nos. 6, 7, and 8, Boston, and Ward 3, Cambridge. Legal voters, 11,434.

Fourth District.—Wards Nos. 2, 12, and 16, Boston. Legal voters, 10,818.
Fifth District.—Wards Nos. 9, 10, and 11, Boston. Legal voters, 10,637.
Sixth District.—Wards Nos. 13, 14, and 15, Boston. Legal voters, 12,225.

Seventh District. — Wards Nos. 17, 18, and 20, Boston. Legal voters, 12,123.

Eighth District. — Wards Nos. 19, 22, and 25, Boston. Legal voters, 9,603.

Ninth District. - Wards Nos. 21, 23, and 24, Boston. Legal voters, 12,396.

ESSEX COUNTY - Six Senators.

[Ratio for one Senator, 10,437+.]

First District. — Wards Nos. 2, 3, 4, and 5, Lynn, Nahant, and Swampscott. Legal voters, 9,911.

Second District. — Beverly, Marblehead, and Salem. Legal voters, 10,533.

Third District.—Essex, Gloucester, Hamilton, Ipswich, Manchester, Newbury, Newburyport (Wards Nos. 1 and 2), Rockport, Rowley, Topsfield, and West Newbury. Legal voters, 10,757.

Fourth District. — Amesbury, Haverhill, Merrimac, Newburyport (Wards Nos. 3, 4, 5, and 6), and Salisbury. Legal voters, 10,836.

Fifth District. — Boxford, Danvers, Georgetown, Groveland, Lynn (Wards Nos. 1, 6, and 7), Lynnfield, Middleton, North Andover, Peabody, Saugus, and Wenham. Legal voters, 10,392.

Sixth District. — Andover, Bradford, Lawrence, and Methuen. Legal voters, 10,196.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY (excluding Ward 3, Cambridge) — Seven Senators.

[Ratio for one Senator, 11,018+.]

First District. — Arlington, Medford, Somerville, and Winchester. Legal voters, 10,771.

Second District.—Belmont, Concord, Lexington, Lincoln, Newton, Waltham, and Watertown. Legal voters, 10,603.

Third District. — Wards Nos. 1, 2, 4, and 5, Cambridge. Legal voters, 10,180.

Fourth District. — Ashland, Framingham, Holliston, Hopkinton, Marlborough, Maynard, Natick, Sherborn, Sudbury, Wayland, and Weston. Legal voters, 10,949.

Fifth District.—Acton, Ashby, Ayer, Bedford, Billerica, Boxborough, Burlington, Carlisle, Chelmsford, Dracut, Dunstable, Groton, Hudson, Littleton, Pepperell, Shirley, Stow, Tewksbury, Townsend, Tyngsborough, Westford, and Woburn. Legal voters, 11,180.

Sixth District. - Everett, Malden, Melrose, North Reading, Reading, Stoneham, Wakefield, and Wilmington. Legal voters, 11,073.

Seventh District. - Lowell. Legal voters, 12,366.

WORCESTER, FRANKLIN, HAMPSHIRE, HAMPDEN, AND BERKSHIRE COUNTIES — Ten Senators.

[Ratio for one Senator, 11,382+.]

First Worcester District. — Wards Nos. 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8, Worcester. Legal voters, 10,786.

Second Worcester District. — Berlin, Blackstone, Bolton, Boylston, Clinton, Grafton, Harvard, Hopedale, Mendon, Milford, Northborough, Northbridge, Shrewsbury, Southborough, Upton, Uxbridge, and Westborough Legal voters, 11,433.

Third Worcester District. — Auburn, Brookfield, Charlton, Douglas, Dudley, Leicester, Millbury, North Brookfield, Oxford, Paxton, Southbridge, Spencer, Sturbridge, Sutton, Warren, Webster, and West Brookfield. Legal voters, 11,217.

Fourth Worcester District. — Fitchburg, Holden, Lancaster, Leominster, Lunenburg, Princeton, Sterling, West Boylston, Westminster, and Worcester (Wards Nos. 2 and 3). Legal voters, 12,099.

Worcester and Hampshire District.—Athol, Barre, Dana, Gardner, Hardwick, Hubbardston, New Braintree, Oakham, Petersham, Phillipston, Rutland, and Templeton, in the county of Worcester; and Amherst, Belchertown, Enfield, Granby, Greenwich, Hadley, Pelham, Prescott, South Hadley, and Ware, in the county of Hampshire. Legal voters, 11,127.

Franklin District.—Ashfield, Bernardston, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Conway, Deerfield; Erving, Gill, Greenfield, Hawley, Heath, Leverett, Leyden, Monroe, Montague, New Salem, Northfield, Orange, Rowe, Shelburne, Shutesbury, Sunderland, Warwick, Wendell, and Whately, iu the county of Franklin; and Ashburnham, Royalston, and Winchendon, in the county of Worcester. Legal voters, 11,268.

First Hampden District. — Brimfield, Holland, Monson, Palmer, Springfield, Wales, and Wilbraham. Legal voters, 11,534.

Second Hampden District. — Agawam, Chicopee, Granville, Hampden, Holyoke, Longmeadow, Ludlow, Montgomery, Southwick, Tolland, Westfield, and West Springfield. Legal voters, 11,397.

Berkshire District. — Adams, Cheshire, Clarksburg, Dalton, Florida, Hancock, Hinsdale, Lanesborough, Lenox, New Ashford, North Adams, Peru, Pittsfield, Richmond, Savoy, Washington, Williamstown, and Windsor. Legal voters, 10,915.

Berkshire and Hampshire District.—Alford, Becket, Egremont, Great Barrington, Lee, Monterey, Mount Washington, New Marlborough, Otis, Sandisfield, Sheffield, Stockbridge, Tyringham, and West Stockbridge, in the county of Berkshire; Chesterfield, Cummington, Easthampton, Goshen, Hatfield, Huntington, Middlefield, Northampton, Plainfield, Southampton, Westhampton, Williamsburg, and Worthington, in the county of Hampshire; and Blandford, Chester, and Russell, in the county of Hampden. Legal voters, 12,053.

NORFOLK COUNTY (excluding Cohasset) — Two Senators.

[Ratio for one Senator, 11,765.]

First District. - Braintree, Canton, Holbrook, Hyde Park, Milton, Quincy, Randolph, and Weymouth. Legal voters, 11,930.

Second District. — Bellingham, Brookline, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Franklin, Medfield, Medway, Millis, Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Sharon, Stoughton, Walpole, Wellesley, and Wrentham. Legal voters, 11,600.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY (including Cohasset, in Norfolk County). —

Two S nators.

[Ratio for one Senator, 11,329+.]

First District.—Abington, Cohasset (Norfolk County), Duxbury, Hanover, Hanson, Hingham, Hull, Kingston, Marshfield, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rockland, Scituate, South Scituate, and Whitman. Legal voters, 11,303.

Second District.—Bridgewater, Brockton, Carver, East Bridgewater, Halifax, Lakeville, Marion, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Rochester, Wareham, and West Bridgewater. Legal voters, 11,356.

BRISTOL COUNTY - Three Senators.

[Ratio for one Senator, 11,014+.]

First District. — Attleborough, Easton, Mansfield, Norton, Raynham, Seekonk, and Taunton. Legal voters, 11,098.

Second District.—Berkley, Dighton, Fall River, Rehoboth, Somerset, and Swansea. Legal voters, 11,665.

Third District.—Acushnet, Dartmouth, Fairhaven, Freetown, New Bedford, and Westport. Legal voters, 10,281.

BARNSTABLE, DUKES, AND NANTUCKET COUNTIES — One Senator.

Cape District.—Barnstable, Bourne, Brewster, Chatham, Dennis, Eastham, Falmouth, Harwich, Mashpee, Orleans, Provincetown, Sandwich, Truro, Wellfleet, and Yarmouth, in the county of Barnstable; Chilmark, Cottage City, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, and Tisbury, in the county of Dukes County, and Nantucket. Legal voters, 10,345.

REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICTS.

ESTABLISHED UNDER CHAPTER 256, ACTS OF 1886.

[Average ratio for the State, 1,844+.]

SUFFOLK COUNTY.

	FIFTY-	TWO REPRESENTATIVE	S.
DISTRICT			
1.—Boston,	1st Ward.	Legal voters, 3,487.	Two representatives.
2 Boston,	2d Ward.	Legal voters, 3,345.	Two representatives.
3.—Boston,	3d Ward.	Legal voters, 3,011.	Two representatives.
4 Boston,	4th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,131.	Two representatives.
5 Boston,	5th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,274.	Two representatives.
6 Boston,	6th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,024.	Two representatives.
7 Boston,	7th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,038.	Two representatives.
8 Boston,	8th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,069.	Two representatives.
9 Boston,	9th Ward.	Legal voters, 2,854.	Two representatives.
10 Boston,	10th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,306.	Two representatives.
11 Boston,	11th Ward.	Legal voters, 4,477.	Two representatives.
12 Boston,	12th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,527.	Two representatives.
13 Boston,	13th Ward.	Legal voters, 4,056.	Two representatives.
14 Boston,	14th Ward.	Legal voters, 4,815.	Two representatives.
15.—Boston,	15th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,354.	Two representatives.
16 Boston,	16th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,946.	Two representatives.
17.—Boston,	17th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,634.	Two representatives.
18.—Boston,	18th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,603.	Two representatives.
19 Boston,	19th Ward.	Legal voters, 4,267.	Two representatives.
20 Boston,	20th Ward.	Legal voters, 4,886.	Two representatives.
21 Boston,	21st Ward.	Legal voters, 3,646.	Two representatives.
22Boston,	22d Ward.	Legal voters, 3,254.	One representative.
23.—Boston,	23d Ward.	Legal voters, 3,865.	Two representatives.
24.—Boston,	24th Ward.	Legal voters, 4,885.	Two representatives.

- 25. Boston, 25th Ward. Legal voters, 2,082. One representative.
- 26.—Chelsea, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 4,284. Two representatives.
- 27.—Chelsea, 4th Ward, Revere, and Winthrop. Legal voters, 3,034.
 Two representatives.

ESSEX COUNTY.

THIRTY-FOUR REPRESENTATIVES.

- Salisbury, Amesbury, Merrimae, and West Newbury. Legal voters, 3,477. Two representatives.
- Haverhill, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 4th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 3,375. Two representatives.
- Haverhill, 3d and 5th Ward, Methuen, and Bradford. Legal voters, 3,810. Two representatives.
- 4.—Lawrence, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 3,639. Two representatives.
- Lawrence, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, \$,702. Two representatives.
- Andover and North Andover. Legal voters, 2,023. One representative.
- Groveland, Georgetown, Boxford, and Topsfield. Legal voters, 1,764. One representative.
- Newburyport, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, and Newbury. Legal voters, 3,668. Two representatives.
- Rowley, Ipswich, Hamilton, and Wenham. Legal voters, 1,913.
 One representative.
- 10.—Gloncester, 1st Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, 7th Ward, 8th Ward, Essex, and Manchester. Legal voters, 5,107. Three representatives.
- Gloueester, 2d Ward, and Rockport. Legal voters, 1,753. One representative.
- 12. Beverly. Legal voters, 2,437. One representative.
- Salem, 1st Ward and 2d Ward. Legal voters, 2,089. One representative.
- Salem, 3d Ward and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 1,962. One representative.
- 15.—Salem, 4th Ward and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 1,985. One representative.
- 16. Marblehead. Legal voters, 2,060. One representative.

- Swampscott, Lynn, 2d Ward and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 3,781.
 Two representatives.
- Lynn, 4th Ward, and Nahant. Legal voters, 3,230. Two representatives.
- Lynn, 1st Ward, 5th Ward, and Lynnfield. Legal voters, 3,338.
 Two representatives.
- 20.—Lynn, 6th Ward, 7th Ward, and Saugus. Legal voters, 3,456.
 Two representatives.
- 21. Peabody. Legal voters, 2,192. One representative.
- 22. Danvers and Middleton. Legal voters, 1,814. One representative.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

FORTY-THREE REPRESENTATIVES.

- Cambridge, 1st Ward and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 3,681. Two representatives.
- 2 .- Cambridge, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 3,439. Two representatives.
- 3. Cambridge, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 2,303. One representative.
- 4. Cambridge, 4th Ward. Legal voters, 3,060. Two representatives.
- 5.—Somerville, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 1,989. One representative.
- 6.—Somerville, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 2,183. One representative.
- Somerville, 3d Ward and 4th Ward. Legal voters, 2,484. One representative.
- 8. Medford. Legal voters, 2,119. One representative.
- Malden, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 3,034. Two representatives.
- 10. Everett. Legal voters, 1,204. One representative.
- 11.—Melrose. Legal voters, 1,491. One representative.
- 12.—Stoneham. Legal voters, 1,547. One representative.
- 13. Wakefield. Legal voters, 1,535. One representative.
- 14. Woburn and Reading. Legal voters, 3,773. Two representatives.
- Arlington and Winchester. Legal voters, 1,996. One representative.
- Watertown and Belmont. Legal voters, 1,794. One representative.
- 17.—Newton, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 3,976. Two representatives.
- 18 Waltham, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, 7th Ward, and Weston. Legal voters, 3,555. Two representatives.

- Lexington, Lincoln, Concord, Bedford, and Burlington. Legal voters, 1,987. One representative.
- 20.—Chelmsford, Billerica, Tewksbury, Wilmington, and North Reading. Legal voters, 1,994. One representative.
- 21.-Lowell, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 1,894. One representative.
- 22. Lowell, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 2,064. One representative.
- 23.—Lowell, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 2,268. One representative.
- 24.—Lowell, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, Dracut, and Tyngsborough. Legal voters, 4,844. Three representatives.
- 25. Lowell, 6th Ward. Legal voters, 1,870. One representative.
- 26. Natick. Legal voters, 2,117. One representative.
- 27. Hopkinton and Ashland. Legal voters, 1,730. One representative.
- 28.—Holliston, Sherborn, Framingham, and Wayland. Legal voters, 3,513. Two representatives.
- Marlborough, Hudson, and Sudbury. Legal voters, 3,733. Two representatives.
- 30.—Maynard, Stow, Boxborough, Littleton, Acton, and Carlisle. Legal voters, 1,803. One representative.
- 31.—Westford, Groton, Pepperell, and Dunstable. Legal voters, 1,887.
 One representative.
- 32.—Ayer, Shirley, Townsend, and Ashby. Legal voters, 1658. One representative.

WORCESTER COUNTY.

TWENTY-NINE REPRESENTATIVES.

- Athol, Royalston, and Phillipston. Legal voters, 1,764. One representative.
- Gardner, Winchendon, Templeton, and Ashburnham. Legal voters, 3,807. Two representatives.
- Barre, Dana, Petersham, Hardwick, and Rutland. Legal voters, 1,865. One representative.
- 4.—Westminster, Hubbardston, Princeton, Holden, and Paxton. Legal voters, 1,780. One representative.
- Brookfield, North Brookfield, West Brookfield, New Braintree, Oakham, Sturbridge, and Warren. Legal voters, 3,684. Two representatives.
- 6.—Spencer and Leicester. Legal voters, 1,970. One representative.
- Charlton, Dudley, and Southbridge. Legal voters, 1,989. One representative.
- Webster, Oxford, and Auburn. Legal voters, 1,863. One representative.

- 9. Douglas, Millbury, and Sutton. Legal voters, 1,914. One representative.
- 10. Uxbridge, Northbridge, and Upton. Legal voters, 1,943. One representative.
- 11. Blackstone, Mendon, Milford, * and Hopedale. * Legal voters, 3,578. Two representatives.
- 12. Westborough, Northborough, Southborough, Berlin, Shrewsbury, and Grafton. Legal voters, 3,562. Two representatives.
- 13. Boylston, Bolton, West Boylston, Clinton, Harvard, Lancaster, and Sterling. Legal voters, 3,655. Two representatives.
- 14. Leominster and Lunenburg. Legal voters, 1,805. One representative.
- 15. Fitchburg, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 3,659. Two representatives.
- 16. Worcester, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 1,632. One representative.
- 17. Worcester, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 2,375. One representative.
- 18. Worcester, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 1,682. One representative.
- 19. Worcester, 4th Ward. Legal voters, 1,640. One representative.
- 20. Worcester, 5th Ward. Legal voters, 2,219. One representative.
- 21. Worcester, 6th Ward. Legal voters, 1,522. One representative.
- 22. Worcester, 7th Ward. Legal voters, 1,895. One representative.
- 23. Worcester, 8th Ward. Legal voters, 1,878. One representative.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY.

SIX REPRESENTATIVES.

- 1.- Northampton, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, 7th Ward, Easthampton, and Southampton. Legal voters, 3,589. Two representatives.
- 2 .- Chesterfield, Cummington, Goshen, Huntington, Middlefield, Plainfield, Westhampton, and Worthington. Legal voters, 1,494. One representative.
- 3 .- Hatfield, Hadley, South Hadley, and Williamsburg. Legal voters, 1,976. One representative.
- 4. Amherst, Belchertown, and Granby. Legal voters, 1,908. One representative.
- 5. Enfield, Greenwich, Pelham, Prescott, and Ware. Legal voters 1,654. One representative.
 - * Milford divided and Hopedale incorporated April 7, 1886.

HAMPDEN COUNTY.

THIRTEEN REPRESENTATIVES.

DISTRICT

- Chester, Blandford, Tolland, Granville, Southwick, and Agawam. Legal voters, 1,846. One representative.
- Montgomery, Russell, Westfield, and West Springfield. Legal voters, 3,561., Two representatives.
- Holyoke, 6th Ward and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 1,834. One representative.
- Holyoke, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, and 5th Ward.
 Legal voters, 2,212. One representative.
- 5. Chicopee. Legal voters, 1,871. One representative.
- Springfield, 1st Ward, 4th Ward, and 8th Ward. Legal voters, 3,389. Two representatives.
- 7. Springfield, 5th Ward. Legal voters, 1,800. One representative.
- Springfield, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 6th Ward, and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 3,510. Two representatives.
- Longmeadow, Hampden, Wilbraham, Monson, and Wales. Legal voters, 1,988. One representative.
- 10.—Ludlow, Palmer, Brimfield, and Holland. Legal voters, 1,741.

 One representative.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

FIVE REPRESENTATIVES.

DISTRICT

- Greenfield, Shelburne, and Bernardston. Legal voters, 1,064.
 One representative.
- Warwick, Orange, New Salem, Erving, and Shutesbury. Legal voters, 1,913. One representative.
- Northfield, Gill, Montague, and Wendell. Legal voters, 1,849.
 One representative.
- Leverett, Sunderland, Whately, Deerfield, and Conway. Legal voters, 1,789. One representative.
- Ashfield, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Hawley, Heath, Leyden, Rowe, and Monroe. Legal voters, 2,003. One representative.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY.

NINE REPRESENTATIVES.

DISTRICT

 New Ashford, Williamstown, North Adams, Florida, and Clarksburg. Legal voters, 3,599. Two representatives.

- Adams, Cheshire, and Savoy. Legal voters, 1,803. One representative.
- Hancock, Lanesborough, Lenox, Windsor, Peru, Hinsdale, Washington, and Richmond. Legal voters, 1,789. One representative.
- 4. Pittsfield and Dalton. Legal voters, 3,724. Two representatives.
- 5.—Stockbridge, Lee, and Becket. Legal voters, 1,802. One representative.
- West Stockbridge, Alford, Egremont, and Great Barrington Legal voters, 1,805. One representative.
- Monterey, Otis, Sandisfield, New Marlborough, Sheffield, Mount Washington, and Tyringham. Legal voters, 1,725. One representative.

NORFOLK COUNTY.

(Excluding Cohasset).

THIRTEEN REPRESENTATIVES.

DISTRICT

- 1. Dedham and Norwood. Legal voters, 2,184. One representative.
- 2. Brookline. Legal voters, 1,820. One representative.
- 3.—Hyde Park. Legal voters, 1,824. One representative.
- 4. Milton and Canton. Legal voters, 1,772. One representative.
- 5.—Quincy and Weymouth. Legal voters, 5,602. Three representatives.
- 6. Braintree and Holbrook. Legal voters, 1,657. One representative.
- Randolph, Stoughton, Sharon, and Walpole. Legal voters, 3,368.
 Two representatives.
- Franklin, Foxborough, Wrentham, Bellingham, Medway, and Norfolk. Legal voters, 3,435. Two representatives.
- Needham, Dover, Medfield, Wellesley, and Millis. Legal voters, 1,867. One representative.

BRISTOL COUNTY.

EIGHTEEN REPRESENTATIVES.

- Attleborough, Norton, and Seekonk. Legal voters, 3,827. Two representatives.
- Mansfield, Easton, and Raynham. Legal voters, 2,039. One representative.
- Taunton, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, 7th Ward, 8th Ward, and Berkley. Legal voters, 5,512.
 Three representatives.

- Fairhaven, Acushnet, and Freetown. Legal voters, 1,529. One representative.
- New Bedford, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 3,549. Two representatives.
- New Bedford, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 3,502. Two representatives.
- Westport and Dartmouth. Legal voters, 1,701. One representative.
- Fall River, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 5,600. Three representatives.
- Fall River, 5th Ward, 7th Ward, 8th Ward, and 9th Ward. Legal voters, 3,826. Two representatives.
- Dighton, Somerset, Swanzey and Rehoboth. Legal voters, 1,959.
 One representative.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY.

(Including Cohasset, in Norfolk County.)

TWELVE REPRESENTATIVES.

- 1. Plymouth. Legal voters, 1,896. One representative.
- Marshfield, Plympton, Kingston, and Duxbury. Legal voters, 1,737. One representative.
- Scituate, South Scituate, Hanson, and Pembroke. Legal voters, 1,845. One representative.
- 4.—Cohasset, Hingham, and Hull. Legal voters, 1,874. One representative.
- Rockland and Hanover. Legal voters, 1,835. One representative.
- Whitman and Abington. Legal voters, 2,116. One representative.
- 7.— Mattapoisett, Marion, Wareham, Rochester, and Carver. Legal voters, 1,980. One representative.
- Middleborough, Lakeville, and Halifax. Legal voters, 1,922.
 One representative.
- Bridgewater, East Bridgewater, and West Bridgewater. Legal voters, 2,064. One representative.
- 10.—Brockton, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 2,213. One representative.
- Brockton, 2d Ward and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 1,733. One representative.
- 12.—Brockton, 1st Ward and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 1,444. One representative.

BARNSTABLE COUNTY.

FOUR REPRESENTATIVES.

DISTRICT

- Falmouth, Bourne, Sandwich, Mashpee, Barnstable, Yarmouth, and Dennis. Legal voters, 4,340. Two representatives.
- 2.—Harwich, Chatham, Brewster, and Orleans. Legal voters, 2,076.
 One representative.
- Eastham, Wellileet, Truro, and Provincetown. Legal voters, 1,841. One representative.

DUKES COUNTY.

ONE REPRESENTATIVE.

DISTRICT

 Chilmark, Cottage City, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, and Tisbury. Legal voters, 1,276. One representative.

NANTUCKET COUNTY.

ONE REPRESENTATIVE.

DISTRICT

1.-Nantucket, Legal voters, 812. One representative.

A LIST

Of the Counties, Towns, and Cities in the Commonwealth, with the Census of Inhabitants in 1875, 1880, and 1885, and of Legal Voters in 1885. Revised and corrected by the Bureau of Statistics of Labor.

COUNT				s,	P	Voters,		
AND	TO	2W	18.		1875.	1880.	1885.	1885.
BAR	NSTA	BLE						
Barnstable					4,302	4,242	4,050	1.196
Bourne *					_		1,363	419
Brewster					1,219	1,144	934	266
Chatham					2,274	2,250	2,028	601
Dennis .					3,369	3,288	2,923	855
Eastham			·		639	692	638	175
Falmouth					2,211	2,422	2,520	695
Harwich					3,355	3,265	2,783	845
Mashpee					278	346	311	79
Orleans .					1,373	1,294	1,176	364
Provincetow			· ·		4,357	4.346	4.480	928
Sandwick *	**	Ť			3,417	3,543	2,124	556
Truro .	:				1,098	1,017	972	234
Wellfleet	•	:	•		1,988	1,875	1.687	504
Yarmouth	:	•	•		2,264	2,173	1,856	. 540
Larmouth	٠	٠	•	•	2,204	2,110	1,000	. 940
Totals					32,144	31,897	29,845	8,257
Ber	KSH	IRE.						
Adams † .				. !	15,760	5,591	8,283	1,234
Alford .					389	348	341	94
Becket .				. 1	1,329	1,123	938	255
Cheshire				. !	1,693	1,537	1,448	369
Clarksburg				.	670	724	708	160
Dalton .					1,759	2,052	2,113	441
Egremont					890	875	826	238
Florida .					572	459	487	113
Great Barrin				.	4,395	4,653	4,471	1,131
					730	642	613	173

^{*} Bourne incorporated from the town of Sandwich, April 2, 1884.

[†] North Adams incorporated from the town of Adams, April 16, 1878.

¹ and 3 State census.

² United States census.

COUNTIES, C	TIES	3,	I	POPULATIO	N.	Voters,
AND TÓW	NS.		1875.	1880.	1885.	1885.
			1040.	1000.	1339.	1000.
D	0		1	i	1	1
BERKSHIRE -			1,571	1,595	1,656	314
Lanesborough		•	1,357	1,286	1,000	208
Lee	•	•	3,900	3,939	4,274	1,015
Lenox .			1,845	2,043	2,154	443
Monterev			703	635	571	159
Monterey	l		182	205	160	36
New Ashford .			160	203	163	47
New Marlborough			2,037	1,876	1,661	430
			-	10,191	12,540	2,543
Otis		٠	855	785	703	190
Peru		٠	443	403	368	116
Pittsfield			12,267	13,361	14,466	3,283 203
Richmond Sandisfield		•	1,141 1,172	1,124 1,107	854 1,019	286
Savoy		٠	730	715	691	200
	•	•	2,233	2,204	2,033	494
Stockbridge .			2,039	2,357	2,114	532
Tyringham			517	542	457	130
			603	493	470	109
Washington . West Stockbridge .			1,981	1,923	1,648	312
Williamstown .			3,683	3,394	3,729	736
Windsor			624	644	657	163
Totals			68,270	69,032	73,828	16,247
70						
Acushnet	•		7.050	1 105	1.071	300
Attleborough.		•	1,059 9,224	1,105 11,111	1,071 13,175	3,049
Berkley	•	•	781	927	941	280
Darimouth	:		3,434	3,430	3,448	969
Dighton			1,755	1,791	1,782	452
Easton			3,898	3,902	3,948	851
Fairhaven			2,768	2,875	2,880	833
Fall River			45,340	48,961	56,870	9,426
Freetown			1,396	1,329	1,457	396
Mansfield			2,656	2,765	2,939	769
New Bedford		•	25,895	26,845	33,393	7,051
Norton		•	1,595	1,732	1,718 1,535	455 419
Raynham Rehoboth			1,687 1,827	1,681 1,891	1,788	476
Seekonk			1,167	1,391	1,705	323
Somerset			1,940	2,006	2,475	617
Swansea			1,308	1,355	1,403	414
Taunton			20,445	21,213	23,674	5,232
Westport			2,912	2,894	2,706	732
					110.100	22.011
Totals		•	131,087	139,040	158,498	33,044
		1			·	

^{*} North Adams incorporated from the town of Adams, April 16, 1878.

COUNTI				З,	F	OPULATIO	N.	Voters
AND	TO	WN	S.		1875.	1880.	1885.	1885.
D	UKI	es.						
Chilmark					508	494	412	155
Cottage City	*				-	672	709	203
Edgartown *					1.707	1,303	1,165	373
Gay Head					216	161	186	47
Gosnold .					115	152	122	32
Tisbury .					1,525	1,518	1,541	466
Totals					4,071	4,300	4,135	1,276
E	SSE	x.					1	
Amesbury †					3,816	3,355	4,403	949
Andover.					5,097	5,169	5,711	1,243
Beverly .					7,271	8,456	9,186	2,437
Boxford .					834	824	840	231
Bradford					2,347	2,643	3,106	679
Danvers .					6,024	6,598	7,031	1,560
Essex .					1,713	1,670	1,722	456
Georgetown					2,214	2,231	2,299	645
Gloucester	Ĭ				16,754	19,329	21,703	4,952
Groveland			Ĭ.		2,084	2,227	2,272	566
Hamilton					797	935	851	261
Haverhill	Ĭ.		•		14,628	18,472	21,795	5,623
[pswich .			•		3,674	3,699	4 207	1,016
Lawrence	•	•	•		34,916	39,151	38.862	7,391
Lvnn .	•	•	•	•	32,600	38,274	45,867	11,949
Lynnfield	•	•	٠	:	769	686	766	180
Manchester	•	•	•		1,560	1,640	1,639	443
Marblehead	•	•	•	•	7,677	7,467	7,517	2,060
Merrimae †	•	•		•	2,171	2,237	2,378	641
dethnen.	•	•		•			4,507	883
Middleton	٠	•		•	4,205	4,392	899	254
Nahant .	٠	•	٠		1,092 766	1,000	637	146
Newburv	•						1,590	436
Newburypor					1,426 13,323	1,566	13,716	3,232
North Andov		•	٠	•		13,538	3,425	780
Peabody	CI	•	*		2,981 8,066	3,217	9,530	2,192
		•				9,028		
Rockport	٠			٠	4,480	3,912	3,888	1,009 366
Rowley .	•	٠	•	•	1,162	1,201	1,183	
	•	•	•	•	25,958	27,563	28,090 4,840	6,036
alisbury	٠			•	4,078	4,079		1,355
augus .	•	٠	٠		2,578	2,625	2.855	817
wampscott	. •		٠	•	2,128	2,500	2,471	713
opsfield			٠		1,221	1,165	1,141	322
Venham	•	•	۰	•	911	899	871	270
Vest Newbu	ry	٠	٠	•	2,021	1,989	1,899	532
Totals					223,342	244,535	263,727	62,625

^{*} Cottage City incorporated from Edgartown, Feb. 17, 1890.

[†] Merrimac incorporated from Amesbury, April 11, 1876, and part of Salisbury annexed to Amesbury, June 16, 1886.

COUNTIE			s,	P	OPULATION	ν.	Voters,
AND '	TOW	NS.		1875.	1880.	1885.	1885.
F'p A	NKLI	vī					
Ashfield.	·			1,190	1,066	1,097	331
Bernardston				991	934	930	278
Buckland				1,921	1,739	1,760	401
Charlemont				1,029	932	958	295
Colrain, .				1,699	1,777	1,605	362
Conway .				1,452	1,760	1,573	348
Deerfield				3,414	3,543	3,042	739
Erving .				794	872	873	247
Gill.				673	733	860	223
Greenfield				3,540	3,903	4,869	1,242
Hawley .				588	592	545	152
Пеath .				545	560	568	149
Leverett.	-		•	831	742	779	227
Levelett.				524	507	447	113
Monroe .	•			190	166	176	51
				3,380	4.875	5,629	1,050
Montague				923			256
New Salem	•				869	832	
Northfield				1,641	1,603	1,705	454
Orange .				2,497	3,169	3,650	1,082
Rowe .	-			661	502	582	149
Sheburne				1,590	1,621	1,614	411
Shutesbury				558	529	485	147
Sunderland				860	755	700	198
Warwick				741	713	662	181
Wendell.				503	465	509	122
Whately	-			958	1,074	999	277
Totals				33,696	36,001	37,449	9,518
HAT	(PDE	N.					
Agawam				2,248	2,216	2,357	491
Blandford				961	979	954	278
Brimfield				1,201	1,203	1,137	295
Chester .				1,396	1,473	1,318	355
Chicopee				10,335	11,286	11,516	1,871
Granville				1,240	1,205	1,193	339
Hampden *				_	958	868	212
Holland .				334	302	229	72
Holyoke.				16,260	21,915	27,895	4,046
Longmeadow				1,467	1,401	1,677	377
Ludlow .				1,222	1,526	1,649	305
Monson .				3,733	3,758	3,958	820
				304	303	278	84
Montgomery	•		•	4,572	5,504	5,923	1.069
Palmer .						847	1,009
Russell				643	823		266
Southwick	•			1,114	1,104	982	
Springfield				31,053	33,340	37,575	8,699

^{*} Hampden incorporated from town of Wilbraham, March 28, 1878.

				P	OPULATION	٧.	
COUNTIES,			3,				Voters,
AND TO	, 44 TA)	0.		1875.	1880.	1885.	1885.
Hampden	- Co	n .					
Tolland				452	452	422	117
Walcs				1,020	1,030	853	223
Westfield .				8,431	7,587	8,961	2,346
West Springfield	1.	٠		3,739	4,149	4,448	943
Wilbraham *.	•	٠		2,576	1,628	1,724	290
Totals .				94,304	104,142	116,764	23,752
HAMPSH	HRE.						
Amherst				3,937	4,298	4,199	1,163
Belchertown .		٠		2,315	2,346	2,307	560
Chesterfield .		٠		746	769 881	698 805	211 244
Cummington .	•	٠		$916 \\ 3.972$	4,206	4,291	785
Easthampton . Enfield	٠	٠		1,065	1.043	1,010	233
Goshen	•	٠		349	327	336	96
Granhy	•	•		812	753	729	185
Granby Greenwich .				606	633	532	152
Hadley				2,125	1,938	1,747	412
Hatfield				1,600	1,495	1,367	319
Huntington .				1,095	1,236	1,267	328
Middlefierd .				603	648	513	112
Northampton				11,108	12,172	12,896	2,558
Pelham				633	614 457	549 453	168 134
Plainfield .	•	٠		481 493	460	448	142
Prescott	•	:	-	1,050	1,016	1.025	246
Southampton South Hadley	•			3,370	3,538	3,949	747
Ware .				4,142	4,817	6,003	969
Westhampton				556	563	541	144
Williamsburg				2,029	2,234	2,044	498
Worthington .	٠			818	758	763	225
Totals .				44,821	47,232	48,472	10,631
MIDDLE	SEX.				1 705		***
Acton		٠	٠	1,708	1,797	1,785	534
Arlington .		٠		3,906	4,100 914	4,673 871	977 277
Ashby	•	٠	•	962 2,211	2,394	2,633	661
Ashland	•	•		1,872	1,881	2,055	546
Ayer Bedford	٠		•	900	931	930	235
Belmont.		:	•	1,937	1,615	1,639	355
Billerica.			•	1,881	2,000	2,161	518
	:			318	319	348	97

^{*} Hampden incorporated from town of Wilbraham, March 28, 1878.

COUNTII				3,	· I	OPULATIO	N.	Voters,
AND	10	, 44 74	10.		1875.	1880.	1885.	1885.
MIDDLE	SE	s — (Con.					
Burlington		٠. `			650	711	604	145
Cambridge					47,838	52,669	59,658	12,483
Carlisle .					548	478	526	150
Chelmsford					2,372	2,553	2,304	619
Concord.					2,676	3,922	3,727	760
Dracut .					1,116	1,595	1,927	397
Dunstable					452	453	431	123
Everett .					3,651	4,159	5,825	1,204
Framingham					5,167	6,235	8,275	1,933
Groton .					1,908	1,862	1,987	534
Holliston	۰				3,399	3,098	2,926	803
Hopkinton					4,503	4,601	3,922	1,069
Hudson .		•	•		3,493	3,739	3,968	960
Lexington Lincoln .		٠	•	•	2,505	2,460	2,718	654 193
Littleton.	•	٠	•	•	834	907	901	193 277
Lowell .	•	٠	•		950	994	1,067	
Malden .	•		•	•	49,688	59,475	64,107	12,366
Marlborough	•		•	٠	10,843	12,017	16,407	3,934
Marnoorough	•		•	•	8,424 1,965	10,127 2,291	10,941 2,703	2,455 492
Medford.	•	•	•	•	6,627	7,573	9,042	2,119
Melrose .	•		•		3,990	4,560	6,101	1,491
Natiek .	•		•		7,419	8,479	8,460	2,117
Newton .	:				16,105	16,995	19,759	3,976
North Readin	g				979	900	878	254
Pepperell					1,927	2,348	2,587	721
Reading .					3,186	3,181	3,539	868
Sherborn					999	1,401	1,391	286
Shirley .					1,352	1,365	1,242	292
Somerville					21,568	24,933	29,971	6,656
Stoneham					4,984	4,890	5,659	1,547
Stow .					1,022	1,045	976	258
Sudbury					1,177	1,178	1,165	318
Tewksbury					1,997	2,179	2,333	363
Townsend					2,196	1,967	1,846	543
Tyngsborough	h				665	631	604	177
Wakefield					5,349	5,547	6,060	1,535
Waltham					9,967	11,712	14,609	3,231
Watertown		•			5,099	5,426	6,238	1,439
Wayland			•		1,766	1,962	1,946	491
Westford		٠		•	1,933	2,147	2,193	509
Weston .	•				1,292	1,448	1,427	324
Wilmington Winchester	•	٠		٠	879 3,099	933	991	240 1,019
Woburn .	•		•		9,568	3,802	4,390	2,905
Wobarn .	•	•	•	•	9,508	10,931	11,750	2,900
Totals					284,112	317,830	357,311	79,430

COUNTII					P	OPULATIO	N.	Voters,
AND	TOV	VNS	•		1875.	1880.	1885.	1885.
Nan	mt:ct	* To m						
Nantucket	·				3,201	3,727	3,142	812
37		_					,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Th 111 1	RFOL	K.			1,247	1,223	3 300	014
Braintree	٠	•	•	٠	4,156	3,855	1,198	241
Brookline	•		•		6,675	8,057	4,040 9,196	1,008 1,820
Canton .					4,192	4,516	4,380	980
Cohasset .	Ť			Ĭ.	2,197	2,182	2,216	556
Dedham .					5,756	6,233	6,641	1,437
Dover .					650	653	664	165
Foxborough					3,168	2,950	2,814	703
Franklin .					2,983	4,051	3,983	906
Holbrook			٠		1,726	2,130	2,334	649
Hyde Park					6;316	7,088	8,376	1,824
Medfield.			٠		1,163	1,371	1,594	381
Medway *			٠		4,242	3,956	2,777	746
Millis* .					-	-	683	167
Milton .			٠	•	2,738	3,206	3,555	792
Needham †	۰	۰	٠	۰	4,548	5,252	2,586	603
Norfolk . Norwood		•	٠	•	920 1.749	930 2,345	825	178
Quincy .	٠	•	٠	•	9,155	10,570	2,921	747
Randolph	٠		٠	•	4,064	4,027	12,145	2,673
Sharon .	•	•	•		1,330	1,492	3,807	1,074
Stoughton		•	٠		4,842	4,875	1,328	338
Walpole .					2,290	2,494	5,173 2,443	1,376 580
Wellesley †						-	3,013	551
Weymouth					9,819	10,570	10,740	2,930
Wrentham					2,395	2,481	2,710	661
Totals					88,321	96,507	102,142	24,086
Prv	MOUT	TH.						,
Abington					3,241	3,697	3,699	1,067
Bridgewater					3,969	3,620	3,827	879
Brockton.					10,578	13,608	20,783	5,390
Carver .					1.127	1.039	1,091	295
Duxbury.					2,245	2,196	1,924	577
East Bridgew	ater				2,808	2,710	2,812	742
Halifax .					568	542	530	140
Hanover .					1,801	1,897	1,966	570
Hanson .					1,265	1,309	1,227	368
Hingham					4,654	4,485	4,375	1,179
Hull.					316	383	451	139
Kingston.					1,569	1,524	1,570	453
Lakeville					1,061	1,008	980	280

^{*}Milis incorporated from a part of Medway, Feb. 24, 1385.

[†] Wellesley incorporated from a part of Needham, April 6, 1881.

COUNTIES,	CITIES	,	I	OPULATION	۲.	Voters,
AND TOV	VNS.		1875.	1880.	1885.	1885.
PLYMOUTH-	- Con.					
Marion			862	958	965	279
Marshfield .			1,817	1,781	1,649	526
Mattapoisett .			1,361	1,365	1,215	360
Middleborough Pembroke .			5,023	5,237	5,163	1,502
Pembroke .			1,399	1,405	1,313	363
Plymonth .			6,370	7,093	7,239	1,896
Plympton .			755	694	600	181
			1,001	1,043	1,021	311
Rockland .			4,203	4,553	4,785	1,265
Rockland . Scituate . South Abington *			2,463	2,466	2,350	628
South Abington *			2,456	3,024	3,595	1,049
South Scituate			1,818	1,820	1,589	486
Wareham .			2,874	2,896	3,254	735
Wareham . West Bridgewater	r .		1,758	1,665	1,707	443
Totals, .			69,362	74,018	81,680	22,103
SUFFOL	K.					-
Boston			341,919	362,839	390,393	89,836
Chelsea			20,737	21,782	25,700	6,116
Revere			1,603	2,263	3,637	846
Winthrop .			627	1,043	1,370	356
Totals .			364,886	387,927	421,109	97,154
Worcest	ER.					
Ashburnham .			2,141	1,666	2,058	504
Athol			4,134	4,307	4,758	1,273
Auburn			1,233	1,317	1,268	281
Barre			2,460	2,419	2,093	564
Berlin			987	977	899	261
Blackstone .			4,640	4,907	5,436	935
Bolton			987	903	876	244
Boylston			895	854	834	198
			2,660	2,820	3,013	768
Charlton			1,852	1,900	1,823	498
Clinton	: .		6,781	8,029	8,945	1,570
			760	736	695	214
Douglas			2,202	2,241	2,205	497
Dudley			2,653	2,803	2,742	446
Dudley Fitchburg .			12,289	12,429	15,375	3,659
Gardner			3,730	4,988	7,283	1,698
Grafton			4,442	4,030	4,498	877
Hardwick .			1,992	2,233	3,145	520
Harvard			1,304	1,253	1,184	338
			2,180	2,499	2,471	532

^{*} Name changed to Whitman, May 4, 1886.

COUNTIES, CITIES,	1	POPULATIO	Ν.	Voters,
AND TOWNS.	1875.	1880.	1885.	1885.
Workester — Con. Hopedale* Hubbardston Lancaster Leicester Leominster Lunenburg Mendon Milford*. Millbury New Braintree Northborough Northbridge Northbridge Northbridge Northbridge North Oakham Oxford Paxton Petersham Phillipston	1,440 1,957 2,770 5,201 1,153 1,176 9,818 4,529 4,030 3,749 873 2,938 600 1,203 666	1,386 2,008 2,779 5,772 1,101 1,094 4,741 4,741 4,053 4,459 869 2,664 592 1,109 621	1,303 2,050 2,923 5,297 1,071 945 9,343 4,555 1,853 3,786 4,201 749 2,355 561 1,032 530	381 440 650 1,478 327 261 2,362 829 132 393 702 947 197 641 126 308
Princeton Royalston Rutland Shrewsbury Southborough Southbridge Spencer Sterling Sturbridge Stutton Templeton Upton Uxbridge	1,063 1,260 1,030 1,524 1,986 5,740 5,451 1,569 2,213 3,051 2,764 2,125 3,029	1,100 1,192 1,059 1,500 2,142 6,464 7,466 1,414 2,062 3,105 2,789 2,023 3,111	1,038 1,153 963 1,450 2,100 6,500 8,247 1,331 1,980 3,101 2,627 2,265 2,948	297 262 259 409 477 1,050 1,320 - 359 415 588 691 513 728
Warren Westber Westborough West Boylston West Brookfield Westminster Winchendon Worcester Totals	3,260 5,064 5,141 2,902 1,903 1,712 3,762 49,317 210,295	3,889 5,696 5,214 2,994 1,917 1,652 3,722 58,291 226,897	4,032 6,220 4,880 2,927 1,747 1,556 3,872 68,389	991 1,145 506 444 444 914 14,843

^{*} Hopedale incorporated from a part of Milford, April 7, 1896.

RECAPITULATION.

COUN	COUNTIES.]	Population.			
					1875.	1880.	1885.	1885.	
Barnstable				15	32,144	31,897	29,845	8,257	
Berkshire				32	68,270	69,032	73,828	16,247	
Bristol.				19	131,087	139,040	158,498	33,044	
Dukes .				6	4,071	4,300	4,135	1,276	
Essex .				35	223,342	244,535	263,727	62,625	
Franklin				26	33,696	36,001	37,449	9,518	
Hampden				22	94,304	104,142	116,764	23,752	
Hampshire				23	44,821	47,232	48,472	10,631	
Middlesex				54	284,112	317,830	357,311	79,430	
Nantucket				1	3,201	3,727	3,142	812	
Norfolk				26	88,321	96,507	102,142	24,086	
Plymouth				27	69,362	74,018	81,680	22,103	
Suffolk				4	364,886	387,927	421,109	97,154	
Worcester				58	210,295	226,897	244,039	53,681	
Totals				348	1,651,912	1,783,085	1,942,141	442,616	

VALUATION OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

ESTABLISHED BY CHAPTER 73 OF THE ACTS OF 1886.*

BARNSTABLE COUNTY.

TO	W2	vs.		Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Chatham, Dennis, Eastham, Falmouth, Harwich, Mashpee, Orleans, Provincetow Sandwich, Truro,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1,074 391 242 573 799 176 683 827 88 337 1,363 532 262 478 505	\$3,262,326 00 988,919 00 614,926 00 772,539 00 1,436,351 00 233,990 00 1,973,970 00 1,973,970 00 131,761 00 593,457 00 2,174,354 00 2,174,354 00 282,464 00 980,189 00 1,990,212 00	\$1 73 53 33 44 70 14 2 18 62 07 33 1 22 57 17 53 89
Total,				8,330	\$19,544,279 00	\$10 54

BERKSHIRE COUNTY.

Adams,				1,820	\$3,641,473 00	\$1 99
Alford,				108	267,074 00	14
Becket,				289	388,701 00	22
Cheshire,				351	754,179 00	41
Clarksburg	,			170	186,836 09	11
Dalton,				459	1,748,421 00	91
Egremont,				240	441,855 00	24
Florida,				142	170,891 00	10
Great Barr	ingt	on,		1,204	3,050,954 00	1 64
Hancock,				168	439,101 00	23
Hinsdale,				405	759,864 00	42
				}		

^{*} This schedule constitutes the basis of apportionment for State and County taxes until the year 1889, when a new apportionment will be made.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Concluded.

	obstitut. C. come	C MOST STORY TO SOURCE STORY		
TOWNS.		Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000. includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
T 1		200	A	00.07
Lanesborough, .		296	\$558,522 00	\$0 31
Lee,		1,004	2,096,156 00	1 14 88
Lenox,		537 156	1,662,691 00 238,109 00	13
Monterey, Mount Washington,		40	104,501 00	06
New Ashford, .		47	80,651 00	04
New Marlborough,		392	640,585 00	36
North Adams, .	: :	3,007	5,260,266 00	2 91
Otis,	: :	189	210,093 00	12
Peru,		106	119,065 00	07
Pittsfield,		3,760	9,261,977 00	4 98
Richmond,		207	500,379 00	27
Sandisfield,		265	386,299 00	22
Savoy,		180	183,363 00	11
Shettield,		530	948,009 00	52
Stockbridge, .		535	2,861,779 00	1. 47
Tyringham, .		130	236,371 00	13
Washington, .		131	200,494 00	11
West Stockbridge,		417	740,235 00	41
Williamstown, .		771	1,764,811 00	95
Windsor,		165	210,153 00	12
,				
Total,		18,221	\$20,116,861 00	\$21 72
	BR	ISTOL CO	OUNTY.	
Acushnet,		254	\$705,717 00	\$0.38
Attleborough, .		2,937	6,246,639 00	3 40
Berkley,		265	457,532 00	25
Dartmouth, .		797	2,303,455 00	1 22
Dighton,		450	822,106 00	45
Easton,		1,039	4,221,780 00	2 20
Fairhaven,		753	1,658,566 00	90
Fall River,		14,066	44,543,671 00	23 53
Freetown,		390	991,321 00	53
Mansfield,		735	1,172,618 00	66
New Bedford, .		8,349	34,583,227 00	18 01
Norton,		431	819,967 00	45
Raynham,		393	1,042,795 00	56
Rehoboth,		477	733,031 00	41
Seekonk,		303	715,675 00	39
Somerset,		691	1.270.647 00	70
Swanzey,	: :	362	787,722 00	43
Taunton,	: :	5,998	17,542,296 00	9 31
Westport,	: :	656	1,469,669 00	80
Total,		39,346	\$122,088,344 00	\$64 58

	DUKES COUNTY.								
TOW	NS.			Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.			
Chilmark, .				156	\$240,204 00	\$0 13			
Cottage City,				196	1,344,247 00	69			
Edgartown,				360	809,518 00	41			
Gay Head, .				47	18,810 00	01			
Gosnold, .				30	183,660 00	09			
Tisbury, .	٠	٠	٠	412	770,658 00	42			
Total, .	٠	٠		1,201	\$3,367,097 00	\$1.78			
			ES	SEX CO	UNTY.				
Amesbury, .				1,136	\$1,864,101 00	\$1 04			
Andover, .				1,170	5,375,010 00	2 79			
Beverly, .				2,533	11,742,613 00	6 08			
Boxford, .				230	659,779 00	35			
Bradford, .				841	1,531,150 00	87			
Danvers, .				1,670	3,773,632 00	2 04			
Essex,				459	923,094 00	50			
Georgetown,				640	1,050,396 00	59			
Gloucester, .				5,196	12,807,736 00	6 88			
Groveland, .				551	899,251 00	50			
Hamilton, .				223	667,461 00	35			
Haverhill, .			•	6,238	14,935,319 00	8 04			
Ipswich, .		۰		946	2,195,930 00	1 19			
Lawrence, .		•		9,981	27,521,575 00	14 66			
Lynn,				13,278	28,963,537 00	15 71			
Lynnfield, .				211	560,126 00	30 2 64			
Manchester,			*	479	5,219,197 00	2 48			
Marblehead,			•	2,255 711	4,545,825 00 1,204,136 00	67			
Merrimac, .			•	1,214	2,945,364 00	1 58			
Methuen, . Middleton, .	•	٠	- 1	248	543,207 00	29			
Nahant, .	•	:	•	171	6,256,765 00	3 12			
Newbury, .	•		- 13	405	1,114,044 00	59			
Newburyport,	:		- : 1	3,419	8,523,113 00	4 57			
North Andover		•	- 11	946	2,749,222 00	1 46			
Peabody, .	, .		- 10	2,587	7,191,322 00	3 83			
Rockport, .				1,013	2,119,293 00	1 15			
Rowley, .				357	568,216 00	32			
Salem,				7,365	27,132,731 00	14 21			
Salisbury, .				1,248	2,487,068 00	1 36			
Saugus, .				723	1,589,906 00	86			
Swampscott,				644	3,828,128 00	1 97			
Topsfield, .				391	747,569 00	40			
Wenham, .				232	526,263 00	29			
West Newbury	, .	٠		544	1,096,854 00	60			
Total, .				70,199	\$195,908,933 00	\$101 28			

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

TOWNS.				Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.	
Ashfield, .				303	\$464,742 00	\$9 26	
Bernardston,				247	477,181 00	26	
Buckland, .				486	513,085 00	20	
Charlemont,				285	336,689 09	20	
Columin, .				395	586,625 00	33	
Conway, .		٠		387	752,112 00	41	
Deerfield, .				802	1,272,248 00	71	
Erving, .				281	325,910 00	19	
Gill,				241	449,011 00	25	
Greenfield, .				1,288	3,761,621 00	2 00	
Hawley, .				168	149,435 00	09	
Heath,				153	165,803 00	10	
Leverett, .				237	290,004 00	17	
Leyden, .				108	207,835 00	11	
Monroe, .				52	42,826 00	03	
Montague, .				1,400	2,985,808 00	1 62	
New Salem,				232	304,376 00	17	
Northfield, .				435	708,229 00	40	
Orange, .	٠	٠		1,148	2,115,766 00	1 17	
Rowe,				180	193,117 00	11	
Shelburne, .		٠		448	871,421 00	48	
Shutesbury,				125	148,377 00	09	
Sunderland,		٠	٠	208	434,243 00	24	
Warwick, .				186	293,076 00	16	
Wendell, .		•	٠	149	190,843 00	11	
Whately, .	٠	٠	٠	275	481,142 00	27	
Total, .				10,219	\$18,521,516 00	\$10 23	

Agawam, .			609	\$1,311,445 00	\$0.71.
Blandford, .	·		245	357,791 00	20
Brimfield, .			314	514,774 00	29
Chester, .			400	507,968 00	29
Chicopee, .			2,279	6,004,503 00	3 21
Granville, .			325	353,359 00	21
Hampden, .			239	408,389 00	23
Holland, .			54	113,863 00	06
Holyoke, .			6,451	16,921,471 00	9 05
Longmeadow,			512	1,175,530 00	64
Ludlow, .			348	780,070 00	42
Monson, .			834	1,643,669 00	90
Montgomery,			81	132,419 00	07
Palmer, .			1,350	2,621,839 00	1 44
Russell, .			202	468,086 00	25
Southwick, .		•	273	597,736 00	32

	H.	AMI	DE	N COUNT	Y — Concluded.	
TOW	NS.			Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each
Springfield, . Tolland, . Wales, . West Springfiel Westfield, . Wilbraham, Total, .	id,	:	:	10,208 107 235 1,151 2,310 388 28,918	\$40,500,082 00 171,027 00 285,165 00 3,355,307 00 6,768,877 00 728,570 00 \$85,721,940 00	\$21 13 10 17 1 78 3 59 40 \$45 46
		Н	AM	PSHIRE (COUNTY.	
Amherst, Belchertown, Chesterfield, Cummington, Easthampton, Easthampton, Easthampton, Granby, Greenwich, Hadley, Hatfield, Huntington, Middlefield, Northampton, Pelham, Plainfield, Prescott, South Hadley, South Hadley, South Hampton, Ware, Westhampton, Ware, Westhampton, Worthington, Worthington,				1,008 556 207 208 859 290 88 206 155 481 371 326 126 2,945 144 136 133 928 263 1,372 129 518	\$2,868,739 00 923,753 00 293,477 00 315,043 00 2,527,495 00 734,794 00 134,833 00 484,192 00 354,286 00 1,197,678 00 1,019,443 00 483,214 00 330,479 00 9,085,134 00 164,668 00 148,796 00 178,097 00 1,789,051 00 499,883 00 3,211,297 00 280,963 00 950,78 00 327,223 00	\$1 53 51 17 18 1 34 39 08 26 19 64 54 27 18 4 81 10 09 10 98 28 17 18 18 18 18 18 19 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
Total, .				11,675	\$28,313,166 00	\$15 22
		М	IDD	LESEX (COUNTY.	
Acton, Arlington,	:	:		542 1,256 270 706 618 255 454	\$1,372,254 00 5,136,780 00 481,079 00 1,370,165 00 1,209,608 00 851,155 00 3,444,399 00	\$0 74 2 68 27 75 66 45 1 76

MIDDLESEX COUNTY - Concluded.

BESCHOOLSE WITH SHORT HAS	ng-rhurse		-			
TOW	vs.			Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1.000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Billerica, .				522	\$1,835,481 00	\$0.96
Boxborough,		i.		108	260,091 00	14
Burlington, .				179	486,844 00	26
Cambridge, .				16,033	59,523,263 00	31 16
Carlisle, .			:	162	397,260 00	21
Chelmsford,				659	1,721,680 00	92
Concord, .				905	3,595,461 00	1 88
Dracut, .				428	1,223,957 00	65
Dunstable, .				134	332,302 00	18
Everett, .				1,578	5,406,319 00	2 84
Framingham,				2,164	6,617,694 00	3 50
Groton, .				542	3,138,426 00	1 61
Holliston, .				830	1,757,973 00	96
Hopkinton, .				1,106	2,200,238 00	1 20
Hudson, .	·			1,157	2,102,480 00	1 16
Lexington, .				764	3,015,773 00	1 57
Lincoln, .				284	1,291,173 00	67
Littleton, .				294	818,633 00	44
Lowell, .				15,747	54,356,503 00	28 57
Malden				4,436	14,019,929 00	7 41
Marlborough,				2,904	4.435,327 00	2 49
Maynard, .				636	2,013,574 00	1 07
Medford, .				2,409	8,850,278 00	4 64
Melrose, .				1,772	4,920,673 00	2 62
Natick, .				2,225	5,140,735 00	2 78
Newton, .				4,984	32,349,754 00	16 56
North Reading,				232	500,894 00	27
Pepperell, .				815	1,497,561 00	83
Reading, .				895	2,431,283 00	1 30
Sherborn, .				321	874,009 00	47
Shirley, .				310	734,134 00	40
Somerville, .				7,812	25,395,291 00	13 39
Stoneham, .				1,615	3,198,070 00	1 75
Stow,				286	1,035.833 00	54
Sudbury, .				346	1,109,347 00	59
Tewksbury,				415	1,376,782 00	73
Townsend, .				510	1,051,323 00	57
Tyngsborough,				175	363,736 00	20
Wakefield, .				1,667	4,027,866 00	2 17
Waltham, .				3,841	11,538,861 00	6 11
Watertown,				1,706	7,007,681 00	3 65
Wayland, .				555	1,298,326 00	70
Westford, .				527	1,131,069 00	61
Weston, .				429	2,431,035 00	1 25
Wilmington,				286	570,700 00	31
Winchester,				1,066	4,474,736 00	2 33
Woburn, .				3,358	8,186,121 00	4 40
Total, .				94,280	\$315,911,919 00	\$166 33

NANTUCKET COUNTY-

TOWNS.			Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.	
Nantucket, .				916	\$2,941,598 00	\$1 55
			NOI	RFOLK C	OUNTY.	
Bellingham, Braintree,				312 1,132	\$573,652 00 3,285,764 00	\$0 35 1 75
Brookline, .	•	•	٠	2,349	34,913,391 00	17 57
Canton, .			:	1,140	3,739,938 00	1 97
Cohasset, .				598	3,629,406 00	1 86
Dedham, .				1,607	5,719,574 00	3 00
Dover				184	777,986 00	40
Foxborough,		•		682	1,528,244 00	83
Franklin, .				926	2,062,917 00	1 12
Holbrook, .	·	•	:	691	1,421,917 00	78
Hyde Park,				2,073	5,319,679 00	2 85
Medfield, .				405	1,165,412 00	62
Medway, .				734	1,394,308 00	77
Millis,				205	448,290 00	24
Milton, .				865	13,905,895 00	6 99
Needham, .				746	1,951,731 00	1 04
Norfolk, .				202	410,426 00	22
Norwood, .				880	2,106,622 00	1 13
Quincy, .				3,573	8,926,734 00	4 79
Randolph, .				1,155	2,387,575 00	1 30
Sharon, .				285	1,220,830 00	64
Stoughton, .				1,542	2,348,443 00	1 32
Walpole, .				685	1,627,458 00	88
Wellesley, .				662	4,851,640 00	2 48
Weymouth,				3,033	6,084,087 00	3 32
Wrentham, .				707	1,385,255 00	76
Total .				27,473	\$113,187,174 00	\$58 95
		F	LY	MOUTH (COUNTY.	
Abington, .				1,131	\$1,985,366 00	\$1.10
Bridgewater,				1,004	2,450,452 00	1 32
Brockton, .				5,965	13,024,927 00	7 06
Carver, .				228	670,729 00	36
Duxbury, .				536	1,410,710 00	75
East Bridgewa	ter,			793	1,596,545 00	87
Halifax, .				154	249,870 00	14
Hanover, .				526	1,263,542 00	68
Hanson, .				360	614,008 00	34

PLYMOUTH COUNTY - Concluded.

TOWN	īş.			Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000 includ. Poll at one-tentl of mill each
Hingham, .				1,169	\$3,748,228 00	\$1 98
Hull,				176	2,164,217 00	1 09
Kingston, .				472	2,068,535 00	1 07
Lakeville, .			٠	274	509,730 00	28
Marion, .	٠			225	987,407 00	51
Marshfield, .	٠		٠	491	1,140,532 00	62 81
Mattapoisett,	٠		٠	321	1,559,023 00	1 65
Middleborough, Pembroke, .			٠	1,527 401	3,010,206 00 643,538 00	36
Plymouth, .	•	•	•	1,943	5,135,288 00	2 74
Plympton, .	٠	•	•	183	293,162 00	16
	:			236	485,722 00	26
Rockland, .				1,362	2,423,673 00	1 34
Scituate, .				621	1,501,144 00	81
South Abington,	je.			1,152	2,773,673 00	1 49
South Scituate,				442	1,142,428 00	61
Wareham, .				656	1,600,204 00	86
West Bridgewat	er,	٠		477	1,010,457 00	55
Total, .				22,825	\$55,468,316 00	\$29 81
			SUF	FOLK CO	OUNTY.	
Boston, . Chelsea, . Revere, .		:	sur :	112,104 6,884 1,017	\$723,707,143 00 18,761,079 00 3,422,960 00	\$370 58 10 00 1 80
Chelsea, .		:	:	112,104 6,884	\$723,707,143 00 18,761,079 00	10 00
Chelsea, . Revere, .		:	:	112,104 6,884 1,017	\$723,707,143 00 18,761,079 00 3,422,960 00	10 00 1 80
Chelsea, . Revere, . Winthrop, .		:	:	112,104 6,884 1,017 400 120,405	\$723,707,143 00 18,761,679 00 3,422,960 00 2,234,939 00	10 00 1 80 1 15
Chelsea, . Revere, . Winthrop, . Total, .		:	·	112,104 6,884 1,017 400 120,405	\$723,707,143 00 18,761,079 00 3,422,960 00 2,234,939 00 8748,126,126 00	10 00 1 80 1 15 \$383 53
Chelsea, . Revere, . Winthrop, . Total, . Ashburnham,		:	·	112,104 6,884 1,017 400 120,405 CESTER	\$723,707,143 00 18,761,679 00 3,422,960 00 2,234,939 00 \$748,126,126 00 COUNTY.	10 00 1 80 1 15 \$383 53 \$0 54
Chelsea, . Revere, . Winthrop, . Total, .		:	·	112,104 6,884 1,017 400 120,405	\$723,707,143 00 18,761,079 00 3,422,960 00 2,234,939 00 8748,126,126 00	\$283 53 \$283 53 \$0 54 1 43 28
Chelsea, Revere, Revere, Total, Total, Ashburnham, Athol, Auburn,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	112.104 6,884 1,017 400 120,405 CESTER 503 1,305	\$723,707,143 00 18,761,679 00 3,422,960 00 2,234,939 00 \$748,126,126 00 COUNTY. \$989,439 00 2,613,512 00	\$0 00 1 80 1 15 \$383 53 \$0 54 1 43 28 78
Chelsea, Revere, Revere, Total, Total, Ashburnham, Athol, Auburn, Barre, Berfin,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	112,104 6,884 1,017 400 120,405 CESTER 503 1,305 295 578 254	\$723,707,143 00 18,761,679 00 3,422,960 00 2,234,939 00 \$748,126,126 00 COUNTY. \$989,439 00 2,613,312 00 497,835 00 1,462,114 00 492,106 00	\$0 00 1 80 1 15 \$283 53 \$3 \$4 43 28 78 27
Chelsea, Revere, Winthrop, Total, Total, Ashburnham, Athol, Auburn, Barre, Berliu, Blackstone,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	112,104 6,884 1,017 400 120,405 CESTER 503 1,305 295 578 254 1,377	\$723,707,143 00 18,761,679 00 3,422,960 00 2,234,939 00 \$748,126,126 00 COUNTY. \$989,439 00 2,613,312 00 497,835 00 1,462,114 00 492,106 00 2,343,062 00	\$0 00 1 80 1 15 \$283 53 \$0 54 1 43 28 78 28 71 1 30
Chelsea, Revere, Revere, Total, Total, Ashburnham, Athol, Auburn, Barre, Berfin,	:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	112,104 6,884 1,017 400 120,405 CESTER 503 1,305 295 578 254 1,377 255	\$723,707,143 00 18,761,679 00 3,422,960 00 2,234,939 00 \$748,126,126 00 COUNTY. \$989,439 00 2,613,512 00 497,835 00 1,462,114 00 492,106 00 2,343,062 00 517,267 00	\$0 00 1 80 1 15 \$283 53 \$3 53 \$4 1 43 28 78 27 1 30 28
Chelsea, Revere, Winthrop, Total, Total, Ashburnham, Athol, Auburn, Barre, Berliu, Blackstone,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	112,104 6,884 1,017 400 120,405 CESTER 503 1,305 578 295 578 254 1,377 255 187	\$723,707,143 00 18,761,679 00 3,422,960 00 2,234,939 00 \$748,126,126 00 COUNTY. \$989,439 00 2,613,312 00 497,835 00 1,462,114 00 492,106 00 2,343,062 00 517,267 00 499,884 00	\$0 00 1 80 1 15 \$283 53 \$0 54 1 43 28 78 27 1 30 28 27
Chelsea, Revere, Winthrop, Total, Total, Ashburnham, Athol, Auburn, Barre, Berliu, Blackstone, Bolton,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	VOR	112,104 6,884 1,017 400 120,405 CESTER 503 1,305 578 254 1,377 255 187 830	\$723,707,143 00 18,761,679 00 3,422,960 00 2,234,939 00 \$748,126,126 00 COUNTY. \$989,439 00 2,613,312 00 497,835 00 1,462,114 00 2,343,062 00 517,267 00 499,584 00 1,287,611 00	\$0 00 1 80 1 15 \$383 53 \$3 53 \$3 53 \$3 53 \$3 53 \$3 53 \$3 53 \$3 53 \$3 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53
Ashburnham, Athol, Auburn, Barre, Berliu, Blackstone, Bolton, Brookhield, Charlton,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	112,104 6,884 1,017 400 120,405 CESTER 503 1,305 295 578 254 1,377 255 187 890 555	\$723,707,143 00 18,761,679 00 3,422,960 00 2,234,939 00 \$748,126,126 00 COUNTY. \$989,439 00 2,613,512 00 497,785 00 1,462,114 00 492,106 00 2,343,062 00 517,267 00 499,884 00 1,287,611 00 982,445 00	\$0 00 1 80 1 15 \$283 53 \$0 54 1 43 28 78 27 1 30 28 27 7 3 54
Chelsea, Revere, Winthrop, Total, Total, Ashburnham, Athol, Auburn, Barre, Berliu, Blackstone, Boylston, Brookfield,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	VOR	112,104 6,884 1,017 400 120,405 CESTER 503 1,305 578 254 1,377 255 187 830	\$723,707,143 00 18,761,679 00 3,422,960 00 2,234,939 00 \$748,126,126 00 COUNTY. \$989,439 00 2,613,312 00 497,835 00 1,462,114 00 2,343,062 00 517,267 00 499,584 00 1,287,611 00	\$0 00 1 80 1 15 \$383 53 \$0 54 1 43 28 27 1 30 28 27 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7

^{*} Name changed to Whitman, May 4, 1886.

WORCESTER COUNTY - Concluded.

TOWN	s.			Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at ene-tenth of mill each
Douglas, .				597	\$1,034,050 00	\$0 57
Dudley, '.				570	960,290 00	53
Fitchburg, .				4,561	13,011,878 00	6 92
Gardner				2,248	3,407,018 00	1 92
Grafton, .				1,208	2,354,744 00	1 29
Hardwick, .				835	1,333,258 00	75
Harvard, .				341	1,071,965 00	57
Holden,			٠	637	1,006,357 00	56
				409	735,259 00	41
Lancaster, .	•	٠	•	475	2,875,760 00	1 48
Leicester, .	•	٠	٠	761	2,016,872 00	1 08
		٠		1,627	4,050,835 00	2 17 58
Lunenburg, . Mendon .	٠	٠		304 256	699,525 00 634,033 00	95 33
Milford,* .	•	•	٠	2,500	5,711,261 00	3 09
Millbury, .	•	•	٠	1,117	2,184,045 00	1 20
New Braintree,	•	•		162	435,472 00	23
North Brookfield				1,177	1,919,273 00	1 07
Northborough,	•,			498	1,193,603 00	64
Northbridge,				1,030	2,969,979 00	1 58
Oakham,				213	343,443 00	19
Oxford, .				683	1,394,456 00	76
Paxton, .				157	278,636 00	15
Petersham, .				287	589,769 00	32
Phillipston, .				163	274,632 00	15
Princeton, .				314	875,809 00	47
Royalston, .				340	809,311 00	44
Rutland, .				256	461,099 00	26
				429	1,042,445 00	56
Southborough,		٠		565	1,560,838 00	83
Southbridge,	•			1,511	3,331,140 00	1 81
Spencer, .		٠		1,957	4,216,985 00	2 29 51
Sterling Sturbridge, .				370 499	942,752 00 984,682 00	54
Sutton		•		709	1,289,235 00	71
Templeton,	•	•		778	1,207,125 00	68
Upton,	•		٠	530	880,247 00	49
				776	2,060,577 00	1 10
Warren, .			:	1.096	2,373,757 00	1 29
Webster, .				1,528	2,602,576 00	1 45
West Boylston,				621	1,173,443 00	64
West Brookfield				485	844,956 00	47
Westborough,				1,202	2,667,027 00	1 44
Westminster,				417	805,577 00	44
Winchendon,				1,147	2,057,308 00	1 14
Worcester, .				18,707	58,043,906 00	30 69
Total, .				65,438	\$159,997,408 00	\$86 02

^{*} Hopedale was incorporated from part of Milford, April 7, 1876.

CITIES AND TOWNS ALPHABETICALLY,

WITH THE

CONGRESSIONAL, COUNCILLOR, SENATORIAL, AND REPRE-SENTATIVE DISTRICT OF EACH.

Lancon and the same of the same			and the second second second	
CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Abington .	2 8	1	1st Plymouth .	6th Plymouth.
Acton	S	6	5th Middlesex .	30th Middlesex.
Acushnet .	1	1	3d Bristol	4th Bristol.
Adams	12	8	Berkshire .	2d Berkshire.
Agawam	12	8	2d Hampden .	1st Hampden.
Alford	12	8	Berks. & Hamps.	6th Berkshire.
Amesbury .	7	5	4th Essex	1st Essex.
Amherst	11	7	Wor. & Hamps.	4th Hampshire.
Andover	8	6	6th Essex	6th Essex.
Arlington .	5	3	1st Middlesex .	15th Middlesex.
Ashburnham .	11 8	8	Franklin 5th Middlesex .	2d Worcester. 32d Middlesex.
Ashby		8		5th Franklin.
Ashfield Ashland	11 9	6	Franklin 4th Middlesex .	27th Middlesex.
Ashland Athol	11	7	Wor. & Hamps.	1st Worcester.
Attleborough .	2	9	1st Bristol .	1st Bristol.
Auburn	10	2 7	3d Worcester .	8th Worcester.
Aver	8	6	5th Middlesex .	32d Middlesex.
11 y C1			our middleben .	oza zaradroseni
Barnstable .	1	1	Cape	1st Barnstable.
Barre	10	7	Wor. & Hamps.	2d Worcester.
Becket	12	8	Be: ks. & Hamps.	5th Berkshire.
Bedford	8	6	5th Middlesex .	19th Middlesex.
Belchertown .	11	7	Wor. & Hamps.	4th Hampshire.
Bellingham .	9	2 3	2d Norfolk .	8th Norfolk.
Belmont	5	3	2d Middlesex .	16th Middlesex.
Berkley	2	1	2d Bristol	2d Bristol.
Berlin,	9	7	2d Worcester .	12th Worcester.
Bernardston .	11	8	Franklin	1st Franklin.
Beverly	7	5	2d Essex	12th Essex.
Billerica	8	6	5th Middlesex .	20th Middlesex.
Blackstone .	9	. 7	2d Worcester .	11th Worcester.
Biandford .	12	8 7	Berks. & Hamps.	
Bolton	8	7	2d Worcester .	13th Worcester.

Cities and Towns.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun- eillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Boston .	8d Dis., Wds II, 15 (Prec'ts), 4), I7, I8, I9, 0, 1, 22, 23, 23, 4th Dis., Wds I, 2, 6, 78 (Prec'ts), 4), 12, 13, 4, 15 (Prec'tr), 410, 25, 6th Dis., Wds I, (Prec'tr), 9, 10, 25, 6th Dis., Wds I, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 4, 5	2d District, Wards 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25 3d District, Wards 1, 3, 4, 5 4th Dist., W ds2,6,7,8,9,19,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,20	1st Suffolk, W'd 1 2d Suffolk, W'ds 3, 4, 5 3d Suffolk, W'ds 6, 7, 8 4th Suffolk, W'ds 2, 12, 16 5th Suffolk, W'ds 9, 10, 11 6th Suffolk, W'ds 13,14,15 7th Suffolk, W'ds 17,18,20 Sth Suffolk, W'ds 19,22,25 9th Suffolk, W'ds 21,23,24	1st to 25th Suffolk.
Bourne . Boxborough Boxford . Boylston . Bradford . Braintree Brewster . Bridgewater Brimfield	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	6 5 7 6 2 1 1 8	Cape . 5th Middlesex . 5th Essex . 2d Worcester . 6th Essex . 1st Norfolk . Cape . 2d Plymouth . 1st Hampden .	1st Barnstable. 20th Middlesex. 7th Essex. 13th Worcester. 3d Essex. 6th Norfolk. 2d Barnstable. 9th Plymouth. 10th Hampden. Wards 4, 5, 6, 10th Plymouth.
Brockton	. 2	1	2d Plymouth	Wards 2, 3, 11th Plymonth. Wards 1, 7, 12th Plymouth.
Brookfield Brookline Buckland Burlington	. 10 . 9 . 11 . 5	7 2 8 6 £ \$	3d Worcester 2d Norfolk . Franklin 5th Middlesex .	5th Worcester. 2d Norfolk. 5th Franklin. 19th Middlesex. Wards 1, 5,
Cambridge	. 5 {	3d Dist., W'ds 1 2, 4, 5 4th Dist., W'd 3	3d Middlesex, W'ds 1, 2, 4, 5 2d Suffolk, Ward 3	1st Middlesex. Ward 2, 2d Middlesex. Ward 3, 3d Middlesex. Ward 4, 4th Middlesex.

CITIES AND TOWNS.		Con- gres- sional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Canton .		2	2	1st Norfolk .	4th Norfolk.
	٠	8	6	5th Middlesex .	30th Middlesex.
CV.	٠	2	1		
Carver .	٠			2d Plymouth .	7th Plymouth.
Charlemont	٠	11	8	Franklin	5th Franklin.
Charlton .		10	7	3d Worcester .	7th Worcester.
Chatham .		1	1	Cape	2d Barnstable.
Chelmsford		8	6	5th Middlesex .	20th Middlesex.
					Wards 1, 2, 3,
61.					26th Suffolk.
Chelsea .		6	3	1st Suffolk {	Ward 4,
					27th Suffolk.
Ohoohino		12	0	Powledking	2d Berkshire.
Cheshire .		12	8 8	Berkshire	
Chester .	٠.		8	Berks. & Hamps.	1st Hampden.
Chesterfield	٠	11	8	Berks. & Hamps.	2d Hampshire.
Chicopee.		12	8	2d Hampden .	5th Hampden.
Chilmark		1	1	Cape	1st Dukes.
Clarksburg		12	8	Berkshire	1st Berlishire.
Clinton .		9	7	2d Worcester .	13th Worcester.
Cohasset .		2	1	1st Plymouth .	4th Plymouth.
Colrain .		11	8	Franklin	5th Franklin.
Concord .		8	6	2d Middlesex .	19th Middlesex.
Conway .		11	8	Franklin	4th Franklin.
Cottage City	٠	1	1	Cape	1st Dukes.
	٠	11	8	Berks. & Hamps.	2d Hampshire.
Cummington		11	0	berks. & Hamps.	20 Hampsine.
Dalton .		12	8	Berkshire	4th Berkshire.
	٠		7		
Dana .	٠	11		Wor. & Hamps.	3d Worcester.
Danvers .	٠	7	5	5th Essex	22d Essex.
Dartmouth	٠	1	1	2d Bristol	7th Bristol.
Dedham .		9	2	2d Norfolk .	1st Norfolk.
Deerfield.	٠	11	8	Franklin	4th Franklin.
Dennis .		1	1	Cape	1st Barnstable.
Dighton .		1	1	2d Bristol	10th Bristol.
Douglas .		10	7	3d Worcester .	9th Worcester.
Dover .		9	2	2d Norfolk .	9th Norfolk.
Dracut .		8	6	5th Middlesex .	24th Middlesex.
Dudley .		10	7	3d Worcester .	7th Worcester.
Dunstable	:	8	6	5th Middlesex .	31st Middlesex.
Duxbury.		2	1	1st Plymouth .	2d Plymouth.
Duxbury.	•	-	1	18t I lymouth .	2d I lymouth.
E. Bridgewat	er	2	1	2d Plymouth .	9th Plymouth.
Eastham .	-19	ĩ	i	Cape	3d Barnstable.
Easthampton		11	8	Berks. & Hamps.	1st Hampshire.
		2	2	1st Bristol.	2d Bristol.
Easton .	٠	1	1		1st Dukes.
Edgartown	٠		1	Cape	
Egremont	٠	12	8	Berks. & Hamps.	6th Berkshire.
Enfield .	٠	11	7	Wor. & Hamps.	5th Hampshire.
Erving .		11	8	Franklin	2d Franklin.
Essex .	٠.	7	5	3d Essex	10th Essex.
Everett .		6	6	6th Middlesex .	10th Middlesex.
		1		1	1

Cities and Towns.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun- eillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Fairhaven .	1	1	3d Bristol	4th Bristol. Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 6,
Fall River .	1	1	2d Bristol.	8th Bristol. Wards 5, 7, 8, 9.
Falmouth .	1	1	Cape	9th Bristol. 1st Barnstable.
Fitchburg .	11	7	4th Worcester .	15th Woreester.
Florida	12	8	Berkshire .	1st Berkshire.
Foxborough .	9	2	2d Norfolk .	8th Norfolk.
Framingham .	9	6	4th Middlesex .	28th Middlesex.
Franklin	9	2	2d Norfolk	8th Norfolk. 4th Bristol.
Freetown .	1	1	ou bristoi	4th D118t01.
Gardner	11	7	Wor. & Hamps.	2nd Worcester.
Gay Head .	1	1	Cape	1st Dukes.
Georgetown .	7	5	5th Essex	7th Essex.
Gill	11	8	Franklin	3d Franklin.
				Wards 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10th Essex.
Gloucester .	7	5	3d Essex . {	Ward 2.
			1	11th Essex.
Goshen	11	8	Berks. & Hamps	2d Hampshire.
Gosnold	1	1	Cape	1st Dukes.
Grafton	10 11	7 7	2d Worcester . Wor. & Hamps.	12th Worcester. 4th Hampshire.
Granby Granville .	12	8	2d Hampden .	1st Hampden.
Gt. Barrington		8 8 8 7	Berks. & Hamps.	6th Berkshire.
Greenfield .	1. 11	8	Franklin	1st Franklin.
Greenwich .	11		Wor. & Hamps.	5th Hampshire.
Groton	8	6	5th Middlesex .	31st Middlesex.
Groveland .	7	5	5th Essex	7th Essex.
Hadley	11	7	Wor. & Hamps.	3d Hampshire.
Halifax	2	1	2d Plymouth .	8th Plymouth.
Hamilton .	7	5	3d Essex .	9th Essex.
Hampden .	12	8	2d Hampden .	9th Hampden.
Hancock	12	8	Berkshire	3d Berkshire.
Hanover Hanson	2 2	1 1	1st Plymouth . 1st Plymouth .	5th Plymouth.
Hardwick .	10		Wor. & Hamps.	3d Worcester.
Harvard	8	7 7	2d Worcester .	13th Worcester.
Harwich	i	i	Cape	2d Barnstable.
Hatfield	11	8	Berks. & Hamps.	2d Hampshire.
				Wards 1, 2, 4, 6,
Haverhill .	7	5	4th Essex .	2d Essex. Wards 3, 5,
			1	3d Essex.
Hawley	11	8	Franklin	5th Franklin.
Heath	11	8	Franklin	5th Franklin.

Cities and Towns.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Hingham	2 12 2 10 10 9 11 9 11 9 11 9	1 8 2 7 8 6 8 7 6 7 6 1 8	1st Plymouth . Berkshire . 1st Norfolk . 4th Worcester . 1st Hampden . 4th Middlesex . 2d Hampden . 2d Worcester . 4th Middlesex . Wor. & Hamps . 5th Middlesex . 1st Plymouth . Berks. & Hamps .	4th Plymouth. 3d Berkshire. 6th Norfolk. 4th Worcester. 10th Hampden. 2sth Middlesex. Wards 6, 7, 3d Hampden. Wards 1, 2, 3, 4 4th Hampden. 11th Worcester. 27th Middlesex. 4th Worcester. 29th Middlesex. 4th Plymouth. 2d Hampshire.
Hyde Park	9	5	1st Norfolk . 3d Essex	3d Norfolk. 9th Essex.
Kingston	2	1	1st Plymouth .	2d Plymouth.
Lakeville Lancaster . Lanesborough,	1 8 12	1 7 8	2d Plymouth 4th Worcester . Berkshire .	8th Plymouth. 13th Worcester. 3d Berkshire. Wards 1, 2, 3, 4th Essex.
Lee Leicester Lenox Leominster . Levington . Lexington . Leyden	12 10 12 11 11 5 11 9 8	8787838368	Berks. & Hamps. 3d Worcester Berkshire. 4th Worcester Franklin 2d Middlesex Franklin 2d Middlesex 5th Middlesex 2d Hampden	Wards 4, 5, 6, 5th Essex. 5th Berkshire. 6th Worcester. 2d Berkshire. 14th Worcester. 4th Franklin. 19th Middlesex. 5th Franklin. 19th Middlesex. 5th Hampden. Ward 1.
Lowell	8	6	7th Middlesex {	21st Middlesex. Ward 2, 22d Middlesex. Ward 3, 23d Middlesex. Wards 4, 5, 24th Middlesex. Ward 6, 25th Middlesex.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun eillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Ludlow Lunenburg .	12 8	8 7	2d Hampden . 4th Worcester .	10th Hampden. 14th Worcester. Wards. 2, 3, 17th Essex.
Lynn	6	5	1st Essex, Wards, 2,3,4,5, 5th Essex, Wards 1, 6, 7	Ward 4, 18th Essex. Wards 1, 5, 19th Essex. Wards 6, 7, 20th Essex.
Lynnfield .	7	5	5th Essex	19th Essex.
Malden Manchester Mansfield Marbiehead Marion Marlborough Marshfield Mashpee Mattapoisett Maynard Medfield Medway Melrose Mendon Merrimac Merthuen Middletorough, Middleton Milford Millbury Millis Milton, Monroe Montague Montague Montague Monterey Montgomery Mt. Washington,	6 7 1 1 9 2 1 1 1 9 6 6 9 6 9 6 9 1 1 1 7 7 8 1 1 1 9 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6 5 2 5 5 1 6 1 1 1 1 6 2 3 2 6 7 5 6 1 8 5 7 7 2 2 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	6th Middlesex . 3d Essex . 1st Bristol 2d Essex . 2d Plymouth 4th Middlesex . 1st Plymouth Cape . 2d Plymouth 4th Middlesex . 2d Norfolk 1st Middlesex . 2d Norfolk 6th Middlesex . 2d Norfolk 6th Middlesex . 2d Plymouth 8th Essex . 2d Plymouth 9th Essex . 2d Plymouth 9th Essex . 2d Worcester . 3d Hamps . 3d Hampden .	9th Middlesex. 10th Essex. 2d Bristol. 13th Essex. 2d Bristol. 13th Essex. 2th Plymouth. 29th Middlesex. 2d Plymouth. 1st Barnstable. 7th Plymouth. 30th Middlesex. 9th Norfolk. 8th Middlesex. 1th Worcester. 1st Essex. 3d Essex. 8th Plymouth. 2d Hampshire. 22d Essex. 1th Worcester. 1th Worcester. 1th Worcester. 1th Fanklin. 1th Worfolk. 4th Norfolk. 5th Franklin. 7th Berkshire. 2d Hampden. 7th Berkshire.
Nahant	6 1 9 9 12	5 1 6 2 8	1st Essex	18th Essex. Nantucket. 26th Middlesex. 9th Norfolk. 1st Berkshire.

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CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun- eillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
New Bedford . New Braintree, Newbury, .	1 10 7	1 7 5	3d Bristol . { Wor. & Hamps. 3d Essex .	Wards 1, 2, 3, 5th Bristol. Wards 4, 5, 6, 6th Bristol. 5th Worcester 8th Essex.
Newburyport,	7	5 {	3d Essex, Wards 1, 2 4th Essex, Wards 3,4,5,6	8th Essex.
New Marlboro', New Salem Newton Norfolk North Adams Northampton N. Andover Northborough, Northbridge N. Brookfield N. Reading Norton Norwood	12 11 9 12 11 8 9 10 10 11 8 2	883288577778622	Berks. & Hamps. Franklin 2d Middlesex 2d Norfolk Berkshire Berks. & Hamps. 5th Essex 2d Worcester 2d Worcester 3d Worcester Franklin 6th Middlesex 1st Bristol 2d Norfolk	7th Berkshire. 2d Franklin. 17th Middlesex. 8th Norfolk. 1st Berkshire. 1st Hampshire. 6th Essex. 12th Worcester. 10th Worcester. 5th Worcester. 2d Franklin. 20th Middlesex. 1st Bristol. 1st Norfolk.
Oakham Orange Orleans Otis Oxford	10 11 1 12 10	7 8 1 8 7	Wor. & Hamps. Franklin Cape Berks. & Hamps. 3d Worcester .	5th Worcester. 2d Franklin. 2d Barnstable. 7th Berkshire. 8th Worcester.
Palmer Paxton Peabody Pelham Pembroke Pepperell Peru Petersham Phillipston Pittsfield Plymouth Plympton Prescott Princeton Provincetown	12 10 7 11 2 8 12 11 11 11 12 11 12 11 11 2 11 11 11 1	87 57 1 6 8 7 7 8 8 1 1 1 7 7 1	Ist Hampden 3d Worcester 5th Essex Wor. & Hamps. Ist Plymouth 5th Middlesex Berkshire Wor. & Hamps. Berkshire Berks, & Hamps. Berkshire Berks, & Hamps. Ist Plymouth Ist Plymouth Vor. & Hamps. 4th Worcester Cape	10th Hampden. 4th Worcester. 21st Essex. 5th Hampshire. 3d Plymouth. 31st Middlesex. 3d Berkshire. 3d Worcester. 1st Worcester. 4th Berkshire. 2d Hampshire. 1st Plymouth. 2d Plymouth. 5th Hampshire. 4th Worcester. 3d Barnstable.

CITIFS AND TOWNS.)	Con- gres- sional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Quincy .		2	2	1st Norfolk .	5th Norfolk.
Randolph		2	2	1st Norfolk .	7th Norfolk.
Raynham		2	$\frac{1}{2}$	1st Bristol	2d Bristol.
Reading .		6	6	6th Middlesex .	14th Middlesex.
Rehoboth		1	1	2d Bristol	10th Bristol.
Revere .		6	3	1st Suffolk .	27th Suffolk.
Richmond		12	8	Berkshire	3d Berkshire.
Rochester	٠	1	1	2d Plymouth .	7th Plymouth.
Rockland	•	2 7	1 5	1st Plymouth .	5th Plymouth.
Rockport	•	11	8	3d Essex Franklin	11th Essex. 5th Franklin.
Rowe . Rowley .	٠	7	5	3d Essex	9th Essex.
Rovalston	•	11	8	Franklin	1st Worcester.
Russell .	•	12	8	Berks. & Hamps.	2d Hampden.
Rutland .		10	7	Wor. & Hamps.	3d Worcester.
Salem .	٠	7	5	2d Essex .	Wards 1, 2, 13th Essex. Wards 3, 5, 14th Essex. Wards 4, 6, 15th Essex.
Salisbury		7	5	4th Essex	1st Essex.
Sandisfield		12	8	Berks, & Hamps.	7th Berkshire.
Sandwich		1	ĭ	Cape	1st Barnstable.
Sangus .		6	5	5th Essex	20th Essex.
Bavoy .		12	8	Berkshire	2d Berkshire.
Scituate .		2	1	1st Plymouth .	3d Plymouth.
Seekonk .		1	2 2 8	1st Bristol .	1st Bristol.
Sharon .		2	2	2d Norfolk .	7th Norfolk.
Sheffield . Shelburne	-	12 11	8	Berks. & Hamps. Franklin	7th Berkshire. 1st Franklin.
Sherborn.		9	6	4th Middlesex	28th Middlesex.
Shirley .	•	8	6	5th Middlesex .	32d Middlesex.
Shrewsbury		10	7	2d Worcester .	12th Worcester.
Shutesbury		11	8	Franklin	2d Franklin.
Somerset.		1	1	2d Bristol	10th Bristol.
					Ward 1, 5th Middlesex.
Somerville	٠	5	3	1st Middlesex	Ward 2, 6th Middlesex. Wards 3, 4,
				7 1 0 7	7th Middlesex.
Southampton		11	8 7	Berks. & Hamps.	1st Hampshire.
Southborough		9	7	2d Worcester .	12th Worcester. 7th Worcester.
Southbridge South Hadley		10	7	3d Worcester . Wor. & Hamps.	3d Hampshire.
Journ Tradici		44		or to mamps.	ou manipointe.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
South Scituate, Southwick . Spencer	2 12 10	1 8 7	1st Plymouth . 2d Hampden . 3d Worcester .	3d Plymouth. 1st Hampden. 6th Worcester. Wards 1, 4, 8, 6th Hampden.
Springfield .	12	8	1st Hampden	Ward 5, 7th Hampden. Wards 2, 3, 6, 7,
Sterling Stockbridge . Stoneham . Stoughton .	10 12 6 2	7 8 6 2	4th Worcester . Berks. & Hamps. 6th Middlesex . 2d Norfolk .	8th Hampden. 13th Worcester. 5th Berkshire. 12th Middlesex. 7th Norfolk.
Stow Sturbridge . Sudbury Sunderland .	8 10 9 11	6 7 6 8	5th Middlesex . 3d Worcester . 4th Middlesex . Franklin .	30th Middlesex. 5th Worcester. 29th Middlesex. 4th Franklin.
Sutton	10 6 1	7 5 1	3d Worcester 1st Essex 2d Bristol 1st Bristol	9th Worcester. 17th Essex. 10th Bristol.
Templeton Tewksbury Tisbury Tolland	11 8 1 12	2 7 6 1 8	Wor. & Hamps. 5th Middlesex . Cape . 2d Hampden .	2d Worcester. 20th Middlesex. 1st Dukes. 1st Hampden.
Townsend . Truro . Tyngsborough,	7 8 1 8	5 6 1 6	3d Essex 5th Middlesex . Cape 5th Middlesex .	7th Essex. 32d Middlesex. 3d Barnstable. 24th Middlesex.
Tyringham . Upton Uxbridge .	12 10 10	8 7 7	Berks. & Hamps. 2d Worcester 2d Worcester	7th Berkshire. 10th Worcester. 10th Worcester.
Wakefield Wales Walpole Waltham	6 10 9 5	6 8 2 3	6th Middlesex . 1st Hampden . 2d Norfolk . 2d Middlesex .	13th Middlesex. 9th Hampden. 7th Norfolk. 18th Middlesex.
Ware	11 1 10 11	7 1 7 8	Wor. & Hamps. 2d Plymouth . 3d Worcester . Franklin .	5th Hampshire, 7th Plymouth, 5th Worcester, 2d Franklin.
Washington Watertown Wayland Webster .	12 5 9 10	8 3 6 7	Berkshire 2d Middlesex . 4th Middlesex . 3d Worcester .	3d Berkshire. 16th Middlesex. 28th Middlesex. 8th Worcester.
Wellesley .	9	2	2d Norfolk .	9th Norfolk.

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CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Wellfleet . Wendell . Wendell . Westborough . Westborough . West Boylston, W. Bridgew'r, W. Brookfield, Westfield Westfield Westfield Westfield Westfield Westford Westminster . W. Newbury Weston Weston Westport W. Springfield, W. Stockbridge, Weymouth Whately . Whitman Williamsburg . Williamsburg . Williamstown, Williamsto	1 11 7 9 10 2 2 10 12 8 11 11 17 9 1 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 1	18577178687566188828188868888	Cape	3d Barnstable. 2d Franklin. 9th Essex. 12th Worcester. 13th Worcester. 13th Worcester. 2d Hampden. 3let Middlesex. 2d Hampshire. 4th Worcester. 1st Essex. 1sth Middlesex. 7th Bristol. 2d Hampden. 6th Berkshire. 5th Norfolk. 4th Franklin. 6th Plymouth. 9th Hampden. 3d Hampshire. 1st Berkshire. 20th Middlesex. 2d Worcester. 15th Middlesex. 2d Berkshire.
Worthington . Worthham .	10	8 2	1st Worcester, Wards 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 4th Worcester, Wards 2, 3 Berks. & Hamps. 2d Norfolk	27th Suffolk. 14th Middlesex. Ward 1, 16th Worcester. Ward 2, 17th Worcester. Ward 3, 18th Worcester. Ward 4, 19th Worcester. Ward 5, 20th Worcester. Ward 6, 21st Worcester. Ward 7, 22d Worcester. Ward 8, 23d Worcester. 2d Hampshire. Sth Norfolk.
Yarmouth .	1	1	Cape	1st Barnstable.

GOVERNORS AND LIEUT, GOVERNORS IN MASS,

CHOSEN ANNUALLY BY THE PEOPLE.

GOVERNORS OF PLYMOUTH COLONY.

1620	Nov. 11,	John Carver.	1638	June	5,	T
1621	April,	William Bradford.	1639	June	3,	77
1633	Jan. 1,	Edward Winslow.	1644	June	5,	E

1634 Mar. 27, Thomas Prence.

1635 Mar. 3, William Bradford. 1636 Mar. 1, Edward Winslow.

1637 Mar. 7, William Bradford.

homas Prence.

Villiam Bradford. dward Winslow.

1645 June 4, William Bradford. 1657 June 3, Thomas Prence.

1673 June 3, Josiah Winslow. 1680 Dec. 18, Thomas Hinckley.*

DEPUTY-GOVERNORS OF PLYMOUTH COLONY.

1680 Thomas Hinckley.† 1681 James Cudworth.

1682 William Bradford. to 1686 1689 William Bradford, to 1692

CHOSEN ANNUALLY UNDER THE FIRST CHARTER.

GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1629 Apr. 30, John Endicott.1

1630 Oct. 20, John Winthrop.1 1634 May 14, Thomas Dudley.

1635 May 6, John Haynes.

1636 May 25, Henry Vane.

1637 May 17, John Winthrop. 1640 May 13, Thomas Dudley.

1641 June 2, Richard Bellingham.

1642 May 18, John Winthrop.

1644 May 29, Joha Endicott.

1645 May 14, Thomas Dudley.

1646 May 6, John Winthrop.

1649 May 2, John Endicott. 1650 May 22, Thomas Dudley.

1651 May 7, John Endicott.

1654 May 3, Richard Bellingham.

1655 May 23, John Endicott. 1665 May 3, Richard Bellingham.

1672 Dec. 12, John Leverett (act'g).

1673 May 7, John Leverett.

1679 May 28, Simon Bradstreet, to 1686.

* Mr. Hinckley was Governor till the union of the colopies in 1692,

except during the administration of Andros.
† Previously there was no Deputy-Governor, a Governor pro tem. being appointed by the Governor to serve in his absence.
† By the Royal Charter, which passed the seals March 4, 1623-9, Matthew Cradock was appointed the first Governor, and Thomas Goffe, Deputy-Governor, help of whom had half the serve of the party of the form the Deputy-Governor, both of whom had held the same offices before the Deputy-Governor, both or whom had held the same offices before the Charter was granted. On the 13th of the following May the same persons were re-chosen under the Charter; but they never came to New England. On the 20th of October, 1629, John Winthrop was chosen Governor, and John Humphry, Deputy-Governor. On the 30th of April, 1629, John Endicott was chosen, in London, to be Governor of the Plantation in New England, and held the office until the arrival of the Governor (Winthrops) in 1829. ernor (Winthrop) in 1630.

DEPUTY-GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1629	Thomas Dudley	le .	. to	1634	1651	Thomas	Dudley		. to	1653
1634	Roger Ludlow			1635	1653	Richard	Bellingl	am		1654
1635	Richard Bellingh	am		1636	1654	John En	dicott			1655
1636	John Winthrop			1637	1655	Richard	Bellingh	am		1665
1637	Thomas Dudley			1640	1665	Francis	Willough	hby		1671
1640	Richard Bellingh	am		1641	1671	John Le	verett			1673
1641	John Endicott			1644	1673	Sam'l Sy	monds,	to Oct	,	1678
1644	John Winthrop	,		1646	1678	Oct., Sin	ion Brad	stree	t,	1679
1646	Thomas Dudley			1650	1679	Thomas	Danfort	h		1686
1650	John Endicott			1651						

Note. — May 25, 1686, Joseph Dudley assumed the office of President under a commission of King James II., and, with a council, had jurisdiction over the king's dominion of New England. This office he held till Dec. 20, the same year, when Sir Edmund Andros appeared as tlevernor of New England, appointed by James II. April 20, 1689, Governor Andros was deposed by a revolution of the people.

AFTER THE DISSOLUTION OF THE FIRST CHARTER.

Simon Bradstrect was Governor from May 24, 1689, to May 14, 1692; and Thomas Danforth was Deputy-Governor during the same time.

APPOINTED BY THE KING UNDER SECOND CHARTER. GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1692 May 14, Sir William Phipps. 1730 June 30, William Tailer. 1694 Nov. 17, William Stoughton. 1730 Aug. 8, Jonathan Belcher. 1699 May 26, Richard Coote, Earl

of Bellamont. 1700 July, William Stoughton.

1701 July 7, The Council.

1702 June 11, Joseph Dudley.

1714-15 Feb., The Council.

1714-15 March, Joseph Dudley.

1715 Nov. 9, William Tailer.1

1716 Oct. 4, Samuel Shute.

1722 Dec. 27, William Dummer.

1728 July 13, William Burnet.

1729 Sept. 7, William Dummer.

1741 Aug. 17, William Shirley. 1749 Sept. 11, Spencer Phips.

1753 Aug. 7, William Shirley.

1756 Sept. 25, Spencer Phips.

1757 April 4, The Council.

1757 Aug. 3, Thomas Pownal.

1760 June 3, Thomas Hutchinson. 1760 Aug. 1, Sir Francis Bernard,

Bart.

1769 Aug. 1, Thomas Hutchinson.

1771 March, Thomas Hutchinson.

1774 May 13, Thomas Gage.

* Thomas Goffe, the first Deputy-Governor, never came to New England-John Humphry was elected, but did not serve.
† Those whose "ames are printed in italics were Acting Governors.
† In November, 1715, Elizeus Burgess was proclaimed Governor, he having had the appointment in March, 1714; but he never came over to perform his duties, and resigned the office in 1716.

LIEUT .- GOVERNORS IN MASSACHUSETTS.

1692	Wm. Stoughton to	o July,	1701	1730	William	Tailer.
1702	Thomas Povey,		1706	1733	Spencer	Phips.
1705-6	Jan., vacancy to	o Oct.,	1711	1758	Thomas	Hutchinson.
1711	William Tailer.			1771	Andrew	Oliver.
1716 1	William Dummer		1	1774	Thomas	Olicar

UNTIL THE CONSTITUTION.

1774 Oct., a Provincial Congress. | 1775 July, The Council.

UNDER THE CONSTITUTION.

GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1780 John Hancock, to	1785	1844 George N. Briggs, . to 1851	
1785 James Bowdoin, .	1787	1951 George S. Boutwell, . 1853	
1787 John Hancock, Oct. 8,	1793	1853 John H. Clifford, . 1854	
1794 Samuel Adams,	1797	1854 Emory Washburn, . 1855	
1797 Increase Sumner, June 7,	1799	1855 Henry J. Gardner, . 1858	
1800 Caleb Strong,	1807	1358 Nathaniel P. Banks, . 1861	
1807 Jas. Sullivan, Dec. 10,	1808	1861 John A. Andrew, . 1866	
1809 Christopher Gore, .	1810	1866 Alexander H. Bullock, 1869	
1810 Elbridge Gerry,	1812	1869 William Claffin, 1872	
1812 Caleb Strong,	1816	1872 William B. Washburn,* 1874	
1816 John Brooks,	1823	1875 William Gaston, . 1876	
1823 Wm. Eustis, Feb. 6, .	1825	1876 Alexander H. Rice, . 1879	
1825 Levi Lincoln,	1834	1879 Thomas Talbot, 1880	
1834 John Davis, March 1,	1835	1880 John Davis Long, . 1883	
1836 Edward Everett, .	1840	1883 Benjamin F. Butler, . 1884	
1840 Marcus Morton,	1841	1884 George D. Robinson, 1887	
1841 John Davis,	1843	1887 Oliver Ames,	
1843 Marcus Morton,	1844		

LIEUT -GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1780 Thos. Cushing, to F	cb.28,	1788	1794	Moses Gill, May 20, t . to	1800
1788 Benjamin Lincoln,		1789	1801	Sam'l Phillips, Feb. 10,	1802
1789 Samuel Adams,		1794	1802	Edward H. Robbins, .	1806

* Resigned May 1, 1874. Chosen U. S. Senator, April 17, 1874. † The Lieutenant-Governors whose names are in italics were Acting Gov-

ernors also during vacancies in the office of Governor.

‡ Mr. Gill died on the 20th of May, 1800, and the Commonwealth, for the only time under the Constitution, was without a Governor and Lieutenant-Governor. The Council, Hon. Thomas Dawes, President, officiated till the 30th of the month, when Caleb Strong was inaugurated Governor.

1807 Levi Lincoln,* to	1809	1855 Simon Brown, to 1856
1809 David Cobb,	1810	1856 Henry W. Benchley, . 1858
1810 William Gray,	1812	1858 Eliphal t Trask, . 1861
1812 William Phillips, .	1823	1861 John Z. Goodrich, Mar. 29, 1861
1823 Levi Lincoln, Feb., .	1824	1832 John Nesmith, Sept., 1862
1824 Marcus Morton, July,	1825	1863 Joel Hayden, 1866
1823 Thomas L. Winthrop,	1833	1866 William Classin, 1869
1833 Samuel T. Armstrong,	1836	1869 Joseph Tucker, 1873
1836 George Hull,	1843	1873 Thomas Talbot,† . 1875
1843 Henry H. Childs, .	1844	1875 Horatio G. Knight, . 1879
1844 John Reed,	1851	1879 John D. Long, 1880
1851 Henry W. Cushman, .	1853	1880 Byron Weston, 1883
1853 Elisha Huntington, .	1854	1883 Oliver Ames, 1887
1854 William C. Plunkett, .	1855	1887 John Q. A. Brackett,

UNITED STATES SENATORS FROM MASSACHUSETTS,

From 1789.

0110.		. m . t . m . t	1200 01
Caleb Strong,	1789-96	Tristram Dalton,	1789-91
Theodore Sedgwick, .	1796-99	George Cabot,	1791-96
Samuel Dexter,	1799-1800	Benjamin Goodhue, .	1796-1800
Dwight Foster,		Jonathan Mason,	1800-03
John Quincy Adams, .		Timothy Pickering, .	1803-11
James Lloyd,		Joseph Bradley Varnum	
Christopher Gore,	1813-16	Harrison Gray Otis, .	1817-22
Eli Porter Ashmun, .		James Lloyd,	1822-26
Prentiss Mellen,		Nathaniel Silsbee,	1826-35
Elijah Hunt Mills,		John Davis,	1835-41
Daniel Webster,		Isaac Chapman Bates, .	1841-45
Rufus Choate,		John Davis,	1845-53
Daniel Webster,		Edward Everett,	1853-54
Robert Charles Winthrop,	1850-51	Julius Rockwell,	1854-55
Robert Rantoul, Jr., .		Henry Wilson,	1855-73
Charles Sumner.t		George S Boutwell, .	1873-77
William B. Washburn, .	1374-75	George Frisbie Hoar,§ .	1877-
Henry Laurens Dawes,§	1875-		
Lichty Laurens Dawes, 9	1010-		

^{*} General William Heath was elected in 1806, and declined to accept the office.

[†] Acting Governor from May 1, 1874. † Charles Sumner died March 11, 1874; William B. Washburn chosen to fill vacancy, April 17, 1874. § Mr. Dawes's term will expire March 4, 1893; Mr. Hoar's term. March 4,

^{||} Mr. Wilson was elected Vice-President in 1872; George S. Boutwell chosen to fill vacancy.

SECRETARIES.

List of Persons who have held the Office of Secretary OF THE COMMONWEALTH,

Since 1780.

John Avery,		1780-1806	John G. Palfrey, .		1844-48					
Jonathan L. Austin,		1806-08	William B. Calhoun,		1848-51					
William Tudor, .		1808-10	Amasa Walker, .		1851-53					
Benjamin Homans,		1810-12	Ephraim M. Wright,		1853-56					
Alden Bradford, .		1812-24	Francis DeWitt, .		1856-58					
Edward D. Bangs,		1824-36	Oliver Warner, .		1858-76					
John P. Bigelow, .		1836-43	Henry B. Peirce, .		1876-					
John A. Bolles, .		1843-44								

TREASURERS.

List of Persons who have held the Office of TREASURER AND RECEIVER-GENERAL,

Since 1780.

	_		
Henry Gardner, .	1780-83	Thomas Russell, .	1842-43
Thomas Ivers, .	1783-87	John Mills,	1843-44
Alexander Hodgdon,	1787-92	Thomas Russell, .	1844-45
Thomas Davis, .	_ 1792-97	Joseph Barrett, .	1845-49
Peleg Coffin,	*1797-1801	Ebenezer Bradbury,	1849-51
Jonathan Jackson,	1802-06	Charles B. Hall, .	1851-53
Thompson J. Skinner,	1806-0S	Jacob H. Loud, .	1853-55
Josiah Dwight, .	1808-10	Thomas J. Marsh, .	1855-56
Thomas Harris, -	1810-11	Moses Tenney, Jr.,	1856-61
Jonathau L. Austin,	1811-12	Henry K. Oliver,	1861-66
John T. Apthorp, .	1812-17	Jacob H. Loud, .	1866-71
Daniel Sargent, .	1817-22	Charles Adams, Jr.,	1871-76
Nahum Mitchell, .	1822-27	Charles Endicott, .	1876-81
Joseph Sewall, .	1827-32	Daniel A. Gleason,	1881-86
Hezekiah Barnard,	1832-37	Alanson W. Beard,	1886-
David Wilder, .	1837-42		

^{*} Secretary Avery had a warrant to take care of the Treasury on the resignation of Coffin, in 1802.

ATTORNEY-GENERALS.

List of Persons who have held the Office of ATTORNEY-

UNDER THE PROVINCE CHARTER.

Anthony Checkley,	٠	1692-1702	John Overing,	1739-41
Paul Dudley,		1702-18	Jeremiah Gridley, .	1742
Thomas Newton, .		1718-21	John Overing,	1743-48
John Overing, .	۰	1728-32	James Otis,	1748
John Read,		1733-35	Edmund Trowbridge, .	1749-67
William Brattle, .		1736	Jeremiah Gridley,	1767
William Brattle, .		1738	Jonathan Sewall,	1767-69
UN	DE	E THE C	ONSTITUTION.	
Robert Treat Paine,	٠	1780-90	Stephen Henry Phillips,	1858-61
James Sullivan, .		1790-1807	Dwight Foster,	1861-64
Barnabas Bidwell,		1807-10	Chester I. Reed, †	1864-67
Perez Morton, .		1810-32	Charles Allen,	1867-72
James T. Austin, .		1832-43	Charles R. Train,	1872-79
John Henry Clifford,		*1849-53	George Marston,	1879-83
Rufus Choate, .		1853-54	Edgar J. Sherman, .	1883-
John Henry Clifford.		1854-58		

* The office of Attorney-General was abolished in 1843, and re-established in 1849.

† Resigned during the session of the Legislature of 1867. The vacancy was filled by the election of Charles Allen.

SOLICITOR-GENERALS.

List of Persons who have held the Office of Solicitor-GENERAL.

Jonathan Sewall,						*1767
Samuel Quincy,						1771-75
Daniel Davis,						1808-32

^{*} Jonathan Sewall appointed Attorney-General Nov. 18, 1767.

Auditors.

List of Persons who have held the Office of Auditor OF ACCOUNTS.

[Established by Act of 1849.]

David Wilder, Jr.,	1849-54	Julius L. Clarke, .	1865-66
Joseph Mitchell, .	1854-55	Henry S. Briggs, .	1866-70
Stephen N. Gifford,	1855-56	Charles Endicott, .	1870-76
Chandler R. Ransom,	1856-58	Julius L. Clarke, 2.	1876-79
Charles White, .	1858-61	Charles R. Ladd, 2.	1879-
Levi Reed, 1	1861-65		

¹Resigned Dec. 20, 1865.

²Mr. Clarke resigned, and Mr. Ladd was appointed in his place May 5, 1879.

SECRETARIES OF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

List of Persons who have held the office of Secretary of the State Board of Education.

[See Act of 1837.]

Horace Mann, .	٠	1837-48	Joseph White, .		1861-77
Barnas Sears, .		1848-55	John W. Dickinson,	٠	1877-
George S. Boutwell,		1855-61			

ORGANIZATION OF THE LEGISLATURE,

Since 1780.

The first General Court, under the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, assembled at Boston on Wednesday, Oct. 25, 1780, and was finally prorogued (having held three sessions) May 19, 1781. From this time until 1832, the political year commenced on the last Wednesday in May; and the General Court held two, and frequently three, sessions during each year. In 1832, by an amendment of the Constitution, the commencement of the political year was changed to the first Wednesday in January.

SENATE.

PRESIDENTS.

Thos. Cushing, resigned,)	1780-81	David Cobb,	1803-04
Jeremiah Powell,)	1100-01	David Cobb,	1804-05
Jeremiah Powell,	1781-82	Harrison Gray Otis,	1805-06
Samuel Adams,	1782-83	John Bacon,	1806-07
Samuel Adams,	1783-84	Samuel Dana, .	1807-08
Samuel Adams,	1784-85	Harrison Gray Otis,	1808-09
Samuel Adams, resigned, }	1785-86	Harrison Gray Otis,	1809-10
Samuel Phillips, Jr.,	1780-80	Harrison Gray Otis,	1810-11
Samuel Phillips, Jr., .	1786-87	Samuel Dana, .	1811-12
Samuel Adams,	1787-88	Samuel Dana, .	1812-13
Samuel Phillips, Jr., .	1788-89	John Phillips, .	1813-14
Samuel Phillips, Jr., .	1789-90	John Phillips,	1814-15
Samuel Phillips,	1790-91	John Phillips, .	1815-16
Samuel Phillips,	1791-92	John Phillips, .	1816-17
Samuel Phillips,	1792-93	John Phillips, .	1817-18
Samuel Phillips,	1793-94	John Phillips, .	1818 - 19
Samuel Phillips,	1794-95	John Phillips, .	1819-20
Samuel Phillips,	1795-96	John Phillips,	1820-21
Samuel Phillips,	1796-97	John Phillips,	1821-22
Samuel Phillips,	1797-98	John Phillips, .	1812-23
Samuel Phillips,	1798-99	Nathaniel Silsbee,	1823-24
Samuel Phillips, 1	1799-1800	Nathaniel Silsbee, .	1824-25
Samuel Phillips,	1800-01	Nathaniel Silsbee, .	1825-26
David Cobb,	1801-02	John Mills	1826-27
David Cobb	1802-03	John Mills,	1827-28

Sherman Leland, 1828-29	The state of the s
Samuel Lathrop, 1829-20	
Samuel Lathrop, 1830-31	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Leverett Saltonstall, . 1821	1
William Thorndike, . 1832	2001
Benj. T. Pickman, . 1833	John H. Clifford, 1862
Benj. T. Pickman, . 1834	Jonathan E. Field, . 1863
Benj. T. Pickman, deceased, 1835	Jonathan E. Field, . 1864
George Bliss,)	Jonathan E. Field, . 1865
Horace Mann, 1836	Joseph A. Pond 1866
Horace Mann, 1837	Joseph A. Pond 1867
Myron Lawrence, 1838	George O. Brastow, . 1868
Myron Lawrence, 1839	Robert C. Pitman, resigned,* 1869
Daniel P. King, 1840	George O. Brastow, .
Daniel P. King, 1841	Horace H. Coolidge, . 1870
Josiah Quincy, Jr., . 1842	Horace H. Coolidge, . 1871
Phineas W. Leland, resigned, 1	Horace H. Coolidge, . 1872
Frederick Robinson, . \ 1843	Geo. B. Loring, 1873
Josiah Quincy, Jr., . 1844	Geo. B. Loring, 1874
Levi Lincoln, 1845	Geo. B. Loring, 1875
William B. Calhoun, . 1846	Geo. B. Loring, 1876
William B. Calhoun, . 1847	John B. D. Cogswell, . 1877
Zeno Scudder, 1848	John B. D. Cogswell, . 1878
Joseph Bell, 1849	John B. D. Cogswell, . 1879
Marshall P. Wilder, . 1850	Robert R. Bishop, 1880
Henry Wilson, 1851	Robert R. Bishop, 1881
Henry Wilson, 1852	Robert R Bishop, 1882
Charles H Warren, . 1853	George Glover Crocker, 1883
Charles Edward Cook, . 1854	George A. Bruce, 1884 Albert E. Pillsbury, . 1885
Henry W. Benchley, . 1855	Albert E. Pillsbury, . 1886
Elihu C. Baker, 1856	Halsey J. Boardman, . 1887
CLE	BKS.
William Baker, Jr., 1780-84	Paul Willard, 1823-29
Samuel Cooper, 1785-95	Charles Calhoun, 1830-42
Edward McLane, . 1796-99	Lewis Josselyn, 1843
Edward Payne Hayman, 1800	Charles Calhoun, . 1844-50
George Elliot Vaughn, 1801-02	Chauncy L Knapp, . 1851
Wendell Davis, 1803-05	Francis H. Underwood, 1852
John D. Dunbar, 1806-07	Charles Calhoun, 1853-54
Nathaniel Coffin, 1808-10	Peter L. Cox, 1855-57
Marcus Morton, 1811-12	Stephen N Gifford,† . 1858-86
Samuel F. McCleary, . 1813-21	E. Herbert Clapp, 1886-
Samuel F. Lyman, . 1822	

^{*} Appointed Justice of Superior Court. † Died April 18, 1886.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SPEAKERS.

Caleb Davis,	1780-81	Timothy Bigelow,	1818-19
Caleb Davis, resigned, .	1781-82	Timothy Bigelow,	1819-20
Nathaniel Gorham, .	1782	Elijah H. Mills, resigned,	1820-21
Nathaniel Gorham, .	1782-83	Josiah Quincy,	1821
Tristram Dalton,	1783-84	Josiah Quincy, resigned,	1821-22
Tristram Dalton,	1784-85	Luther Lawrence,	1822
Nathaniel Gorham, .	1785-86	Levi Lincoln,	1822-23
Artemas Ward,	1786-87	William C. Jarvis, .	1823-24
James Warren,	1787-88	William C. Jarvis, .	1824-25
Theodore Sedgwick, .	1788-89	Timothy Fuller,	1825-26
David Cobb,	1789-90	William C. Jarvis, .	1826-27
David Cobb,	1790-91	William C. Jarvis, .	1827-28
David Cobb,	1791 -92	William B. Calhoun, .	1828-29
David Cobb,	1792-93	William B. Calhoun, .	1829-30
Edward H. Robbins, .	1793-94	William B. Calhoun, .	1830
Edward H. Robbins, .	1794-95	William B. Calhoun, .	1831
Edward H. Robbins, .	1795-96	William B. Calhoun, .	1832
Edward H. Robbins, .	1796-97	William B. Calhoun, .	1833
Edward H. Robbins, .	1797-98	William B. Calhoun, .	1834
Edward H. Robbins, .	1798-99	Julius Rockwell,	1835
Edward H. Robbins, .	1799-1800	Julius Rockwell,	1836
Edward H. Robbins, .	1800-01	Julius Rockwell,	1837
Edward H. Robbins, .	1801-02	Robert C. Winthrop, .	1838
John Coffin Jones, .	1802-03	Robert C. Winthrop, .	1839
Harrison Gray Otis, .	1803-04	Robert C. Winthrop, .	1840
Harrison Gray Otis, .	1804-05	George Ashmun,	1841
Timothy Bigelow, .	1805-06	Thomas Kinnicut,	1842
Perez Morton,	1806-07	Daniel P. King,	1843
Perez Morton,	1807-08	Thomas Kinnicut, resigned	1844
Timothy Bigelow, .	1808-09	Samuel H. Walley, Jr.,	1844
Timothy Bigelow, .	1809-10	Samuel H. Walley, Jr.,	1845
Perez Morton, resigned,	1810-11	Samuel H. Walley, Jr.,	1846
Joseph Story,	1811	Ebenezer Bradbury, .	1847
Joseph Story, resigned,	1811-12	Francis B. Crowninshield,	1848
Eleazer W. Ripley, .	1812	Francis B. Crowninshield,	1849
Timothy Bigelow,	1812-13	Ensign H. Kellogg, .	1850
Timothy Bigelow,	1813-14	Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr.,	1851
Timothy Bigelow,	1814-15	Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr.,	1852
Timothy Bigelow,	1815-16	George Bliss,	1853
Timothy Bigelow,	1816-17	Otis P. Lord,	1854
Timothy Bigelow,	1817-18	Daniel C. Eddy,	1855

Charles A. Phelps,		1856	John E. Sanford, .	1872
Charles A. Phelps,		1857	John E. Sanford, .	1873
Julius Rockwell, .		1858	John E. Sanford, .	1874
Charles Hale,		1859	John E. Sanford, .	1875
John A Goodwin,		1860	John D. Long, .	1876
John A. Goodwin,		1861	John D. Long, .	1877
Alexander H. Bullock	, .	1862	John D. Long, .	1878
Alexander H. Bullock	, .	1863	Levi C. Wade, .	1879
Alexander H. Bullock	, .	1864	Charles J. Noyes, .	1880
Alexander H. Bullock	, .	1865	Charles J. Noyes, .	1881
James M. Stone, .		1866	Charles J. Noyes, .	1882
James M. Stone, .		1867	George A. Marden,	1883
Harvey Jewell, .		1868	George A. Marden,	1884
Harvey Jewell, .		1869	John Q. A. Brackett,	1885
Harvey Jewell, .		1870	John Q. A. Brackett,	1886
Harvey Jewell, .		1871	Charles J. Noyes, .	1887

CLERKS

Andrew Henshaw, .	1780-81	Lewis Josselyn, .		1851-52
George Richards Minot,	1782-91	William Schouler, .		1853
Henry Warren,	1792-1802	William Stowe, .		1854
Nicholas Tillinghast, .	1803-05	Henry A. Marsh, .		1855
Chas. Pinckney Sumner,	1806-07	W. E. P. Haskell, .		1856
Nicholas Tillinghast, .	1808-09	William Stowe, .		1857-61
Chas. Pinckney Sumner,	1810-11	William S. Robinson,		1862-73
Benjamin Pollard,	1812-21	Charles H. Taylor,		1873-74
Pelham W. Warren, .	1822-31	George A. Marden,		1874-83
Luther S. Cushing, .	1832-43	Edward A. McLaughlin	1,	1883-
Charles W. Storey,	1844-50			

SERGEANTS-AT-ARMS.

Benjamin Stevens, .	1835-59	Oreb F. Mitchell, .	1875-86
John Morrissey.	1859-75	John G. B. Adams,	1886-

The office of Sergeant-at-Arms was established by law in 1835. Previous to that time, Jacob Kuhn was Messenger to the General Court from 1786.

TABLE.

Showing the Length of the Sessions of the Legislature, and the Number of Representatives in each Year since 1832.

YEAR.					Time of Meeting.	Prorogued.		Length of Session.		No. of Reps.
1832,	٠				January 4.	March		80	days.	528
1833,					2.		28.	86	6.6	574
1834,					1.	April	2.	92	6.6	570
1835,*					7.	-	8	92	6.6	618
1836,					6.		16.	102	6 6	619
1837,					4.		20.	107	6.6	63
[838]					3.		25.	113	6.6	480
839,					2.	1	10	99	6.6	52
840,					1.	March	24.	84	6.6	52
841,					6.		18.	72	6 +	39
842,*					5.		3.	58	6.6	33
1843,					4.		24.	80	6.6	35
1844,					3.		16.	74	6.6	32
845,					1.	į	26.	85	6.6	27
846,					7.	April	16.	100	6.6	26
847,					6.	1	16.	111	6.6	25
848,*					5.	May	10.	127	6.6	27
849,					3.		2.	120	6.6	26
850,					2.		3.	122	6.6	29
851,					1.		24.	146	6.6	39
852,					8.		22.	137	6.6	40
853,					5.		25.	142	6.6	28
854,					4.	April	29.	116	6.6	31
855,					3.	May	21.	138	6.6	38
856,					1.	June	6.	158	6.6	32
857,*					7.	May	30.	144	6.6	35

^{*} There was an extra session of sixty-two days in 1835, to revise the Statutes; one of nine days in 1842, to divide the Commonwealth into Congressional Districts; one of three days in 1848, to chose electors of President and Vice-President; one of eighteen days in 1857, to establish districts for the choice of Councillors, Representatives and Senators; one of one hundred and thirteen days in 1859, to revise the General Statutes; one of fourteen days in 1860, to consider the subject of the disease among the cattle of the Commonwealth; one of ten days in 1861, to consider the duty of the Commonwealth in relation to public affairs, consequent on the Rebellion; one of eight days in 1863, to provide for raising the quota under the call of the President of the United States of the 17th of October, 1863, for 300,000 men; one of thirty days in 1872, to consider what legislation was necessary by reason of the great fire in Boston, November 9 and 10; and one of ten days in 1881, to compile the Public Statutes.

		YEA	R.		Time of Meeting.	Prorogued.	Length of Session.	No. o
1858.					January 6.	March 27.	81 days,	240
1859,*					5.	April 6.	92 "	240
1860,*					4.	4.	92 "	240
1861,*					2.	11.	100 "	240
1862,					1.	30.	120 "	240
1863,*					7.	29.	113 "	240
1864,		,			6.	May 14.	130 "	240
1865.					4.	17.	137 "	240
1866.					3.	30.	147 "	240
1867,					2.	June 1.	150 "	240
1868,					1.	12.	164 "	240
1869,					6.	24.	170 "	240
1870,					5.	23.	170 "	240
1871,					4.	May 31.	148 "	240
1872,*					3.	7.	126 "	240
1873,					1.	June 12.	163 "	240
1874,					7.	30.	175 "	240
1875,					6.	May 19.	134 "	240
1876,					5.	April 29.	115 "	240
1877,			-		3.	May 17.	135 "	240
1878,					2.	17.	136 "	240
1879,					1.	April 30.	120 "	240
1880,					7.	24.	109 "	240
1881,*					5.	May 13.	129 "	240
1882,					4.	27.	144 "	240
1883,					3.	July 27.	206 "	240
1884,	٠				2.	June 4.	155 "	240
1885, 1886.					7.	19.	164 "	240

^{*} See Note on preceding page.

JUDICIARY.

Judges of the Superior Court of Judicature of the Province of Massachusetts Bay, from 1692 to 1775.*

CHIEF JUSTICES.

APPO I	INTED.	LEFT	THE BE	NCH.	DIED.
1692.	William Stoughton,		. 1701.	Resigned.	1701.
1702.	Isaac Addington,		. 1703.	Resigned.	1715.
1708.	Wait Winthrop, .		. 1717.		1717.
1718.	Samuel Sewall, .		. 1728.	Resigned.	1730.
1729.	Benjamin Lynde,		. 1745.		1745.
1745.	Paul Dudley, .		. 1751.		1751.
1752.	Stephen Sewell, .		. 1760.		1760.
1761.	Thomas Hutchinson	, .	. 1769.	Appointed Governor.	1780.
1769.	Benjamin Lynde,		. 1771.	Resigned.	1781.
1772.	Peter Oliver, .		. 1775.	Removed at Revolution	. 1791.
		JII	STICE	S.	
1692.	,				1699.
1692.				Resigned.	1717.
1692.	John Richards, .		. 1694.		1694.
1693.	Samuel Sewall, .		. 1718.	Appointed Chief Justic	e. 1730.
1695.	Elisha Cooke, .		. 1702.	Removed.	1715.
1700.	John Walley, .		. 1712.		1712.
1701.	John Saffin,		. 1702.	Removed.	1710.
1702.	John Hathorne, .		. 1712.	Resigned.	1717.
1702.	John Leverett, .		. 1708.	Resigned.	1724.
1708.	Jonathan Corwin,		. 1715.	Resigned.	1718.
1712.	Benjamin Lynde,		. 1729.	Appointed Chief Justic	e.1745.
1712.	Nathaniel Thomas,		. 1718.	Resigned.	1718.
1715.	Addington Davenpo	rt,	. 1736.		1736.

^{*} The judges died in office, except where otherwise stated.

APPOINTED. LEFT THE BENCH. D	IED.
1718. Paul Dudley, 1745. App'd Chief Justice.	1751.
1718. Edmund Quincy, 1737.	1737.
1729. John Cushing 1733. Removed.	1737.
1733. Jonathan Remington, 1745.	1745.
1736 Richard Saltonstall, 1756.	1756.
1737. Thomas Greaves, 1738. Resigned.	1747.
1739. Stephen Sewall, 1752. App'd Chief Justice.	1760.
1745. Nathaniel Hubbard, 1746. Resigned.	1748.
1745. Benjamin Lynde, 1769. App'd Chief Justice,	1781.
1747. John Cushing, 1771. Resigned.	1775.
1752. Chambers Russell, 1766.	1766.
1756. Peter Oliver, 1772. App'd Chief Justice.	1791.
1767. Edmund Trowbridge, . 1775. Resigned.	1793.
1771. Foster Hutchinson, 1775. Removed at Revolution.	1799.
1772. Nathaniel Ropes, 1774.	1774.
1772. William Cushing, 1775. Removed at Revolution.	1810.
1774. William Browne, 1775. Removed at Revolution.	1802.

Justices of the Superior Court of Judicature and the Supreme Judicial Court of Massachusetts since the Revolution.

CHIEF JUSTICES.

APPOI	NTED.	LEFT	THE BE	NCH.	. D	TED.
1775.	John Adams, .		. 1776.	Resigned.*		1826.
1777.	William Cushing,		. 1789.	Resigned.†	:	1810.
1790.	Nathaniel Peaslee S	Sargent	, 1791.			1791.
1791.	Francis Dana, .		. 1806.	Resigned.		1811.
1806.	Theophilus Parsons	3, .	. 1813.		:	1813.
1814.	Samuel Sewall, .		. 1814.		:	1814.
1814.	Isaac Parker, .		. 1830.		:	1830.
1830.	Lemuel Shaw, .		. 1860.	Resigned.	:	1861.
1860.	George Tyler Bigel	ow,	. 1868.	Resigned.		1878.
1868.	Reuben Atwater Ch	apmar	n, 1873.		1	1873.
1873.	Horace Gray, 1 .		. 1882.			
1000	Managa Monton					

^{1882.} Marcus Morton.

^{*} Mr. Adams never took his seat on the bench.

[†]Chief Justice Cushing resigned on being appointed one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States.

[†]Chief Justice Gray vacated his office by accepting an appointment as one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States.

JUSTICES.

APPO	INTED. LEFT	THE BI	ENCH.	DIED.
1775.	William Cushing, .	. 1777.	App'd Chief Justice.	1810.
1775.	Nathaniel Peaslee Sargent	t, 1790.	App'd Chief Justice.	1791.
1775.	William Reed,	. 1776.	Superseded.	1780.
1775.	Robert Treat Paine, .	. 1776.	Superseded.	1814.
1776.	Jedediah Foster,	. 1779.		1779.
1776.		. 1782.	Resigned.	1808.
1777.	David Sewall,	. 1789.	Resigned.*	1825.
1782.	Increase Sumner, .	. 1797.	Elected Governor.	1799.
1785.	Francis Dana,	. 1791.	App'd Chief Justice.	1811.
1790.	Robert Treat Paine, .	. 1804.	Resigned.	1814.
1790.	Nathan Cushing,	. 1800.	Resigned.	1812.
1792.	Thomas Dawes,	. 1802.	Resigned.	1825.
1797.	Theophilus Bradbury,	. 1803.	Removed.	1803.
1800.	Samuel Sewall,	. 1814.	App'd Chief Justice.	1814.
1801.	Simeon Strong,	. 1805.		1805.
1801.	George Thacher,	. 1824.	Resigned.	1324.
1802.	Theodore Sedgwick, .	. 1813.		1813.
1806.	Isaac Parker,	. 1814.	App'd Chief Justice.	1830.
1813.	Charles Jackson,	. 1823.	Resigned.	1855.
1814.	Daniel Dewey,	. 1815.		1815.
1814.	Samuel Putnam,	. 1842.	Resigned.	1853.
1815.	Samuel Sumner Wilde,	. 1850.	Resigned.	1855.
1824.	Levi Lincoln,	. 1825.	Elected Governor.	1868.
1825.	Marcus Morton,	. 1840.	Elected Governor.	1864.
1837.	Charles Augustus Dewey,	. 1866.		1866.
1842.	Samuel Hubbard, .	. 18179		1847.
1848.	Charles Edward Forbes,	. 1848.	Resigned.	1881.
1848.	Theron Metcalf,	. 1865.	Resigned.	1875.
1848.		. 1853.	Resigned.	1869.
1850.	George Tyler Bigelow,	. 1860.	App'd Chief Justice.	1878
1852.	Caleb Cushing,	. 1853.	Resigned.†	1872
1853.	Benj. Franklin Thomas,	. 1859.	Resigned.	1878.
1853.	Pliny Merrick,	. 1864	Resigned.	1867.
1859.	Ebenezer Rockwood Hoar,	1869.	Resigned.	
1860	Reuben Atwater Chapman,	, 1868.	App'd Chief Justice.	1873.
1864.	Horace Gray, Jr., .	. 1873.	App'd Chief Justice.	
1835.	James Denison Colt, .	. 1866.	Resigned.	1881

^{*} Mr. Justice Sewall resigned on being appointed Judge of the United States District Court for the District of Maine.

[†] Mr. Justice Cushing and Mr. Justice Hoar resigned on being appointed to the office of Attorney-General of the United States.

APPOI	NTED.	LEFT	THE BE	NCH.	DIED.
1866.	Dwight Foster, .		. 1869.	Resigned.	1881.
1866.	John Wells, .		. 1875.		1875.
1868.	James Denison Coli	, .	. 1881.		1881.
1869.	Seth Ames,		. 1881.	Resigned.	1881.
1869.	Marcus Morton, .		. 1882.	App'd Chief Justice.	
1873.	Wm. Crowninshield E	Endicot	t, 1882.	Resigned.	
1373.	Charles Devens, Jr.	, .	. 1877.	Resigned.*	
1875.	Otis Phillips Lord,		. 1882.	Resigned.	1884.
1877.	Augustus Lord Sou	le,	. 1881.	Resigned.	
1881.	Walbridge Abner F	ield.			
1881.	Charles Devens.*				
1881.	William Allen.				
1882.	Charles Allen.				
1882.	Waldo Colburn, .		. 1885.		1885.
1882.	Oliver Wendell Hol	mes, J	r.		
1885.	William Sewall Gar	dner.			

Justice of the Court of Common Pleas, from its Establishment in 1820 until its Abolition in 1859.

	CHIEF	JUST	ICES.	
▲ PPOI	NTED. LEFT	THE BE	NCH.	DIED.
1820.	Artemas Ward,	. 1839.	Resigned.	1847.
1839.	John Mason Williams,	. 1844.	Resigned.	1868.
1844.	Daniel Wells,	. 1854.		1854.
1854.	Edward Mellen,	. 1859.		1875.
	JU	STICE	s.	
1820.	Solomon Strong,	. 1842.	Resigned.	1850.
1820.			App'd Chief Justice.	1868.
1820.	Samuel Howe,	. 1828.		1828.
1823.	David Cummins, .	. 1844.	Resigned.	1855.
1839.	Charles Henry Warren,	. 1844.	Resigned.	1874.
1842.	Charles Allen,	. 1844.	Resigned.	1869.
1843.	Pliny Merrick,	. 1848.	Resigned.	1867.
1844.	Joshua Holyoke Ward,			1848.
1844.	Emory Washburn, .	. 1847.	Resigned.	1877.
1844.	Luther Stearns Cushing,	. 1848.	Resigned.	1856.
1845.	Harrison Gray Otis Colby	, 1847.	Resigned.	1853.
1847.	Charles Edward Forbes,	. 1848.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1881.
1847.	Edward Mellen,	. 1854.	App'd Chief Justice.	1875.
1848.	George Tyler Bigelow,	. 1850.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1878.

^{*}Mr. Justice Devens resigned on being appointed to the office of Attorney-General of the United States, and was re-appointed to the Supreme Bench in 1881.

APPOI	INTED. LEFT THE BENCH.	DIED.
1348.	Jonathan Coggswell Perkins,1859.	1877.
1848.	Horatio Byington, 1856.	1856.
1848.	Thomas Hopkinson, 1849. Resigned.	1856.
1849.	Ebenezer Rockwood Hoar, 1853. Resigned.	
1850.	Pliny Merrick, 1854. App'd to Sup. Jud.	C't. 1867.
1351	Henry Walker Bishop, . 1859.	1871.
1853	George Nixon Briggs, . 1859.	1861.
1854.	George Partridge Sanger, . 1859.	
1855.	Henry Morris, 1859.	
1856.	David Aiken, 1859.	
J	Justices of the Superior Court since its Establishment in	1859.
	CHIEF JUSTICES.	
APPOI	INTED. LEFT THE BENCH.	DIED.
	Charles Allen, 1867. Resigned.	1869.
	Seth Ames, 1869. App'd to Sup. Jud.	C't. 1881.
1869.	Lincoln Flagg Brigham.	
	JUSTICES.	
1859.	Julius Rockwell,	
1859.	Otis Phillips Lord, 1875. App'd to Sup. Jud. (C't. 1884.
1859.	Marcus Morton, Jr., 1869. App'd to Sup. Jud. 6	
1859.	Seth Ames, 1867. App'd Chief Justice.	
1859.	Ezra Wilkinson, 1882.	1882.
	Henry Vose, 1869.	1869.
1859.	Thomas Russell, 1867. Resigned.	
1859.	John Phelps Putnam, 1882.	1882.
1859.	Lincoln Flagg Brigham, . 1869. App'd Chief Justice.	
1867.	Chester Isham Reed, 1871. Resigned.	1873.
1867.	Charles Devens, Jr., 1873. App'd to Sup. Jud. (C't.
1869.	Henry Austin Scudder, . 1872. Resigned.	
1869.	Francis Henshaw Dewey, . 1881. Resigned.	
1369.	Robert Carter Pitman.	

1872. William Allen, . . . 1881. App'd to Sup. Jad. C's.

1875. William Sewall Gardner, . 1885. App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.

. 1882. App'd to Sup. Jud. C't. 1885.

1871. John William Bacon.

1873. Peleg Emory Aldrich. 1875. Waldo Colburn, . .

1881. Hamilton Barelay Staples.
1881. Marcus Perrin Knowlton.
1882. Caleb Blodgett
1882. Albert Mason.
1882. James Madison Barker.
1885. Charles Perkins Thompson-

Present Organization of the Courts.

[All judges in the Commonwealth are appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council, and hold office during good behavior]

Supreme Judicial Court.

Marcus Morton of Andover, Chief Just	ice,			Salary,	\$6,500
Walbridge Abner Field of Boston,	Justice	,		4.6	6,000
Charles Devens of Worcester,	6.6			6.6	6,000
William Allen of Northampton,	6.6			6.6	6,000
Charles Allen of Boston,	6.6			6.6	6,000
Oliver Wendell Holmes, Jr., of Boston,	+6			6.6	6,000
William Sewall Gardner of Newton,	6.6		٠	5.6	6,000

Superior Court.

Lincoln Flagg Brigham of Salem, Chief J	Tustice,		Salary,	\$5,300
Robert Carter Pitman of Newton, J	ustice,		6.6	5,000
John William Bacon of Natick,	4 6		6.6	5,000
Peleg Emory Aldrich of Worcester,	6.6		6.6	5,000
Hamilton Barclay Staples of Worcester,	6.6	٠	6.6	5,000
Marcus Perrin Knowlton of Springfield,	66		6.6	5,000
Caleb Blodgett of Boston,	6.6		6.6	5,000
Albert Mason of Brookline,	6.6		6.6	5,000
James Madison Barker of Pittsfield,	6.6		4.6	5,000
Charles Perkins Thompson of Gloucester.	9 66		6.6	5,000
John Wilkes Hammond of Cambridge,	6.6		6.6	5,000
Justin Dewey of Great Barrington,	66	٠	6.6	5,000

Probate Courts and Courts of Insolvency.

There is a PROBATE COURT and a COURT OF INSOLVENCY in each county, distinct in their jurisdiction, powers, proceedings, and practice, but having the same judge and register. These courts are held by the judge of probate and insolvency, appointed for the county; but the judges of the several counties may, in case of necessity or convenience, interchange services, and perform each other's duties.

The names of the judges, registers, assistant registers, and commissioners of insolvency may be found among the list of County Officers.

Police Courts and Municipal Courts.

Boston. - (Municipal Court.) William E. Parmenter, Chief Justice; William J. Forsaith, John H. Hardy and Benj. R. Curtis, Associate Justices. Special Justice, Geo. Z. Adams. Clerks, William T. Connolly, civil side; Frederick C. Ingalls, criminal side. ROXBURY DISTRICT .-Justice, Solomon A. Bolster. Special Justices, George R. Wheelock, Walter S. Frost. Clerk, Alfred Williams. Dorchester District .-Justice, Joseph R. Churchill. Special Justices, George M. Reed, George A. Fisher. Clerk, N. Thomas Merritt, Jr. West Roxbury DISTRICT .- Justice, James M. F. Howard. Special Justices, George R. Fowler, Charles G. Keyes. Brighton District. - Justice, Henry Baldwin. Special Justices, James H. Rice, Joseph Bennett. South BOSTON DISTRICT .- Justice, Robert I. Burbank. Special Justice, Joseph D. Fallon. Clerk, Joseph H. Allen. East Boston District COURT. - Justice, Wm. H. Emmons. Special Justices, James L. Walsh, Albert E. Clary. (lerk, Willard S. Allen. CHARLESTOWN DIS-TRICT - Justice, Henry W. Bragg. Special Justices, Joseph H. Cotton, Simon Davis. Clerk, Daniel Williams.

BROCKTON (jurisdiction, Brockton, Bridgewater and West Bridgewater).—Justice, Charles W. Sumner. Special Justices, Warren A. Reed, Loyed E. Chamberlain. Clerk, Charles W. Robinson.

BROOKLINE. — Justice, Charles H. Drew. Special Justices, Albert L. Lincoln, Jr., Charles F. Perkins.

CHELSEA (jurisdiction, Chelsea and Revere).—Justice, Eben Hutchinson. Special Justices, William H. Hart, Albert D. Bosson. Clerk, Augustus A. Wilder.

CHICOPEE. - Justice, Loranus E. Hitchcock. Special Justices, Simon G. Southworth, Luther White.

FITCHBURG. — Justice, Thornton K. Ware. Special Justices, David H. Merriam, Charles S. Hayden. Clerk, Edward P. Loring.

GLOUCESTER.—Justice, James Davis. Special Justices, Elbridge G. Friend, William W. French. Clerk, Sumner D. York.

HAVERHILL (jurisdiction, Haverhill, Bradford and Groveland). — Justice, Henry Carter. Special Justices, Ira A. Abbott, Henry N. Merrill. Clerk, Edward B. George.

HOLYOKE. — Justice, Wm. B. C. Pearsons. Special Justices, Porter Underwood, Edward W. Chapin. Clerk, Albert A. Tyler.

LAWRENCE. - Justice, Nathan W. Harmon. Special Justices, Wilbur F. Gile, Charles U. Bell. Clerk, Henry F. Hopkins.

LEE. - Justice, John Branning. Special Justices, Franklin W. Gibbs, Albert B. Clarke.

LOWELL. - Justice, Samuel P. Hadley. Special Justices, John J. Pickman, John F. Frye. Clerk, James F. Savage.

LYNN. - Justice, Rollin E. Harmon. Special Justices, Ira B. Keith, John W. Berry. Clerk, Henry C. Oliver.

Marlborough.—Justice, Edward F. Johnson. Special Justices, James W. McDonald, William D Burdett. Clerk, James F. J. Otterson.

Newburyport (jurisdiction, Newburyport and Newbury).—Justice, John N. Pike Special Justices, David L. Withington, Horace I. Bartlett. Clerk, Edward F. Bartlett.

Newton. - Justice, John C. Park. Special Justices, Henry H. Mather, Edward H. Mason. Clerk, Edward W. Cate.

SOMERVILLE. — Justice, Isaac Story. Special Justices, Alpheus R. Brown, Charles G. Pope. Clerk, Herbert A. Chapin.

Springfield (jurisdiction, Springfield, West Springfield, Hampden, Wilbraham, Agawam and Longmeadow. — Justice, Gideon Wells. Special Justices, Alfred M. Copeland, Henry W. Bosworth. Clerk, George Leonard.

WILLIAMSTOWN. - Justice, Keyes Danforth. Special Justices, Andrew M. Smith, Henry L. Sabin.

District Courts.

CENTRAL BERKSHIRE (court held at Pittsfield; jurisdiction in Hancock, Lanesborough, Peru, Windsor, Hinsdale, Dalton, Washington, Pittsfield and Richmond).—Justice, Joseph Tucker. Special Justice, William T. Filley. Clerk, Walter B. Smith.

NORTHERN BERKSHIRE (court held at Adams and North Adams; jurisdiction in Adams, Clarksburg, North Adams, Savoy, Florida and

Cheshire).—Justice, George P. Lawrence. Special Justices, Henry J. Bliss, Shepherd Thayer. Clerk, Henry Robinson.

SOUTHERN BERKSHIRE (court held at Great Barrington; jurisdiction in Sheffield, Great Barrington, Egremont, Alford, Mount Washington, Monterey and New Marlborough). — Justice, Norman W. Shores. Special Justices, James H. Rowley, Frank H. Wright. Clerk, Dempster J. Coleman.

SECOND PLYMOUTH (court held at Abington and Hingham; jurisdiction in Abington, Rockland, Hingham, Hull, Hanover, Hanson, South Abington, Scituate and South Scituate).—Justice, Geo. W. Kelley. Special Justices, Zenas Jenkins, Walter L. Bouvé. Clerk, Otis W. Soule.

THIRD PLYMOUTH (court held at Plymouth; Jurisdiction in Plymouth, Kingston, Plympton, Pembroke, Duxbury and Marshfield). — Justice, Charles G. Davis. Special Justices, Wm. S. Danforth, Daniel E. Damon. Clerk, Benj. A. Hathaway.

FOURTH PLYMOUTH (court held at Middleborough and Wareham; jurisdiction in Middleborough, Wareham, Lakeville, Marion, Mattapoisett and Rochester).—Justice, Francis M. Vaughan. Special Justices, Lemuel LeB. Holmes, Andrew L. Tinkham. Clerk, William L. Chipman.

FIRST NORTHERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Ayer; jurisdiction in Ayer, Groton, Pepperell, Townsend, Ashby, Shirley, Westford, Littleton and Boxborough).—Justice, Levi Wallace. Special Justices, John Spaulding, Warren H. Atwood. Clerk, George W. Sanderson.

FIRST SOUTHERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Framingham; jurisdiction in Ashland, Framingham, Holliston, Sherborn, Sudbury and Wayland). – Justice, Willis A Kingsbury. Special Justices, Lucius H. Wakefield, Walter Adams. Clerk, Joseph H. Ladd.

FIRST EASTERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Malden and Wakefield; jurisdiction in Wilmington, North Reading, Reading, Stoneham, Wakefield, Melrose, Malden, Everett and Medford).—Justice, John W. Pettengill. Special Justices, Thomas S. Harlow, Solon Bancroft. Clerk, William N. Tyler.

SECOND EASTERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Waltham; jurisdiction in Waltham, Watertown and Weston).—Justice, Enos T. Luce. Special Justices, Henry S. Milton, Samuel P. Abbott. Clerk, Thomas B. Eaton.

THERD EASTERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Cambridge; jurisdiction in Cambridge, Arlington and Belmont).—Justice, William H. Orcut. Special Justices, Samuel W. McDaniel, Jabez Fox. Clerk, Emerson W. Law.

FOURTH EASTERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Woburn; jurisdiction in Woburn, Winchester and Burlington). — Justice, Parker L. Converse. Special Justices, George S. Littlefield, Charles D. Adams. Clerk, Edward F. Johnson.

CENTRAL MIDDLESEX (court held at Concord; jurisdiction in Acton, Bedford, Carlisle, Concord, Lincoln, Maynard, Stow and Lexington). — Justice, John S. Keyes. Special Justices, Charles Thompson, Augustus E Scott.

FIRST ESSEX (court held at Salem; jurisdiction in Salem, Beverly, Danvers, Hamilton, Middleton, Topsfield and Wenham). — Justice, Joseph B. F. Osgood. Special Justices, Daniel E. Safford, Nathaniel J. Holden. Clerk, Samuel P. Andrews.

FIRST BRISTOL (court held at Taunton and Attleborough; jurisdiction in Taunton, Rehoboth, Berkley Dighton, Seekonk, Attleborough, Norton, Mansfield, Easton and Raynham). — Justice, Wm. H. Fox. Special Justices, Erastus M. Reed, John H. Galligan. Clerk, Arthur M. Alger.

SECOND BRISTOL (court held at Fall River; jurisdiction in Fall River, Freetown, Somerset, Swansea and Westport). — Justice, Josiah C. Blaisdell. Special Justices, Benj. K. Lovatt, Arba N. Lincoln. Clerk, Augustus B. Leonard.

THIRD BRISTOL (court held at New Bedford; jurisdiction in New Bedford, Fairhaven, Acushnet, Dartmouth and Westport).—Justice, Alanson Borden. Special Justices, Francis W. Tappan, Frank A. Milliken. Clerk, Thomas J. Cobb.

FIRST NORTHERN WORCESTER (court held at Athol and Gardner; jurisdiction in Athol, Petersham, Phillipston, Royalston, Templeton, Gardner and Hubbardston).—Justice, Charles Field. Special Justices, James A. Stiles, Sidney P. Smith. Clerk, Julian P. Dunn.

FIRST SOUTHERN WORCESTER (court held at Southbridge and Webster; jurisdiction in Sturbridge, Southbridge, Charlton, Dudley, Oxford and Webster). Justice, Clark Jillson. Special Justices, Henry J. Clark, Elisha M. Phillips.

SECOND SOUTHERN WORCESTER (court held at Blackstone and Uxbridge; jurisdiction in Blackstone, Uxbridge, Douglas and Northbridge).—Justice, Arthur A. Putnam. Special Justice, Zadok A. Taft.

THIRD SOUTHERN WORCESTER (court held at Milford; jurisdiction in Milford, Mendon and Upton). — Justice, Charles A. Dewey. Special Justices, James R. Davis, Charles E. Whitney.

FIRST EASTERN WORCESTER (court held at Westborough and Grafton; jurisdiction in Northborough, Southborough, Westborough and Grafton). — Justice, Dexter Newton. Special Justices, Benj. B. Nourse, Luther K. Leland.

SECOND EASTERN WORCESTER (court held at Clinton; jurisdiction in Clinton, Berlin, Bolton, Harvard, Lancaster and Sterling).—Justice, Christopher C. Stone. Special Justice, Herbert Parker. Clerk, Frank E. Howard.

CENTRAL WORCESTER (court held at Worcester; jurisdiction in Worcester, Milbury, Sutton, Auburn, Leicester, Paxton, W. Boylston, Boylston, Holden and Shrewsbury).—Justice, Samuel Utley. Special Justices, George M. Woodward, David Manning, Jr. Clerk, Edward T. Raymond.

East Norfolk (court held at Quincy; jurisdiction in Randolph, Braintree, Cohasset, Weymouth, Quincy, Holbrook and Milton).—
Justice, James Humphrey. Special Justices, James A. Tower, E. Granville Pratt. Clerk, J. White Belcher.

EASTERN HAMPDEN (court held at Palmer; jurisdiction in Palmer, Brimfield, Monson, Holland and Wales).—Justice, George Robinson. Special Justices, Henry F. Brown, James B. Shaw.

WESTERN HAMPDEN (court held at Chester; jurisdiction in Westfield, Chester, Granville, Southwick, Russell, Blandford, Tolland and Montgomery).—Justice, Homer B. Stevens. Special Justices, Henry B. Lewis, Henry Fuller. Clerk, Arthur S. Kneil.

HAMPSHIRE (court jurisdiction in towns of Hampshire County).—
Justice, William P. Strickland. Special Justices, Alburn J. Fargo.
Robert W. Lyman. Clerk, Haynes H. Chilson.

District Attorneys.

[Elected by the several Districts for the term of three years, ending January, 1890.]

NORTHERN DISTRICT. - Middlesex County, William B. Stevens, Stoneham. Assistant, P. H. Cooney of Natick.

EASTERN DISTRICT. - Essex County, Henry F. Hurlburt, Lynn.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT. — Barnstable, Bristol, Dukes and Nantucket Counties, Hosea M. Knowlton, New Bedford.

SOUTH-EASTERN DISTRICT. - Norfolk and Plymouth Counties, Hosea Kingman, Bridgewater.

MIDDLE DISTRICT. - Worcester County, Francis A. Gaskill, Worcester.

WESTERN DISTRICT.—Hampden and Berkshire Counties, Andrew J. Waterman, Pittsfield.

NORTH-WESTERN DISTRICT. — Hampshire and Franklin Counties, Daniel W. Bond, Northampton.

SUFFOLK COUNTY. — Oliver Stevens, Boston. First Assistant Attorney, Timothy J. Daccy. Second Assistant, Thomas W. Proctor. Clerk, Frederick E. Hurd.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

- Sheriffs, Registers of Deeds, and County Treasurers are elected by the people of the several counties for terms of three years. The current triennial term of Sheriffs expires on the first Wednesday of January, 1890, and that of the Registers of Deeds and County Treasurers in January, 1889.
- Registers of Probate and Insolvency and Clerks of Courts are elected for terms of five years. The current term of the former expires on the first Wednesday in January, 1889; that of the latter in 1802.
- Commissioners of Insolvency are elected by the people, three in number for each county, except Worcester County, which has four. Each Commissioner holds his office for three years, from the first Wednesday in January following his election. The current term expires on the first Wednesday in January, 1890.
- County Commissioners are elected, one annually, and severally for terms of three years; and two Special Commissioners are elected every third year, the current term ending in December, 1889.
- By section 14 of chapter 22 of the Public Statutes, the County Commissioners and Special Commissioners of the several counties are paid from the treasuries of their respective counties a gross sum in full for their services and travel, the same to be apportioned to each, according to the number of days' service and actual amount of travel performed by each respectively.
- By the provisions of section 7 of chapter 155 of the Public Statutes, the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council, is required to designate and commission a certain number of Justices of the Peace as Trial Justices in the several counties to try criminal cases. No Justice of the Peace not thus designated and commissioned has any power or authority in criminal cases, except to receive complaints and issue warrants, for which no fees are to be allowed.
- By the provisions of section 9 of chapter 155 of the Public Statutes, each Trial Justice holds office for the term of three years from the time of his designation, unless such designation is sooner revoked, or unless his commission of Justice of the Peace shall sooner expire.

BARNSTABLE COUNTY - Incorporated 1685. Shire Town, BARNSTABLE.

Salary.

Balary
Judge of Probate and Insolvency - Hiram P. Harriman, Well-
fleet,
Register of Probate and Insolvency-Freeman H. Lothrop,
Barnstable,
Sheriff - Luther Fisk, Dennis, 500
Clerk of Courts - Smith K. Hopkins, Barustable, 1,000
County Treasurer - Marshall L. Adams, Provincetown, 500
Register of Deeds
County Commissioners (compensation, \$1,100) -
Joshua C. Robinson, Falmouth, . Term expires December, 1887
Solomon E. Hallett, Chatham, . " " 1889
Nathan D. Freeman, Provincetown, " " 1889
Trathan D. Procinan, Provincetown,
Special Commissioners —
Freeman Howes, Yarmouth, Term expires December, 1889
William N. Stone, Wellfleet, " " 1889
Commissioners of Insolvency-Fred. C. Swift, Yarmouth; Nathanie
Sears, Barnstable; James H. Hopkins, Provincetown.
Trial Justices - James H. Hopkins, Provincetown; Eben S. Whitte-
more, Sandwich; Theodore F. Bassett, Hyannis; Smith K. Hop-
kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer,
kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer, Wellfleet; Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; George Godfrey,
kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer,
kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer, Wellfleet; Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; George Godfrey, Chatham; Jonathan Kelley, 2d, Dennis.
kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer, Wellfleet; Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; George Godfrey, Chatham; Jonathan Kelley, 2d, Dennis. BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Incorporated 1761.
kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer, Wellfleet; Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; George Godfrey, Chatham; Jonathan Kelley, 2d, Dennis. BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Incorporated 1761. Shire Town, PITTSFIELD.
kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer, Wellfleet; Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; George Godfrey, Chatham; Jonathan Kelley, 2d, Dennis. BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Incorporated 1761. Shire Town, PITTSFIELD. Salary.
kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer, Wellfleet; Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; George Godfrey, Chatham; Jonathan Kelley, 2d, Dennis. BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Incorporated 1761. Shire Town, Pittsfield. Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency - James T. Robinson, North
kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer, Wellfleet; Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; George Godfrey, Chatham; Jonathan Kelley, 2d, Dennis. BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Incorporated 1761. Shire Town, PITTSFIELD. Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency - James T. Robinson, North Adams, \$1,600
kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer, Wellfleet; Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; George Godfrey, Chatham; Jonathan Kelley, 2d, Dennis. BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Incorporated 1761. Shire Town, PITTSFIELD. Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency - James T. Robinson, North Adams,
kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer, Wellfleet; Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; George Godfrey, Chatham; Jonathan Kelley, 2d, Dennis. BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated 1761. Shire Town, Pittsfield. Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency—James T. Robinson, North Adams,
kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer, Wellfleet; Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; George Godfrey, Chatham; Jonathan Kelley, 2d, Dennis. BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated 1761. Shire Town, Pittsfield. Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency—James T. Robinson, North Adams, \$1,600 Register of Probate and Insolvency—Edward T. Slocum, Pittsfield,
kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer, Wellfleet; Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; George Godfrey, Chatham; Jonathan Kelley, 2d, Dennis. BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated 1761. Shire Town, Pittsfield. Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency—James T. Robinson, North Adams,
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kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer, Wellfleet; Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; George Godfrey, Chatham; Jonathan Kelley, 2d, Dennis. BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated 1761. Shire Town, PITTSFIELD. Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency—James T. Robinson, North Adams,
kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer, Wellfleet; Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; George Godfrey, Chatham; Jonathan Kelley, 2d, Dennis. BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated 1761. Shire Town, Pittsfield. Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency—James T. Robinson, North Adams, \$1,600 Register of Probate and Insolvency—Edward T. Slocum, Pittsfield,
kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer, Wellfleet; Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; George Godfrey, Chatham; Jonathan Kelley, 2d, Dennis. BERKSHIRE COUNTY — Incorporated 1761. Shire Town, Pittsfield. Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency — James T. Robinson, North Adams,
kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer, Wellfleet; Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; George Godfrey, Chatham; Jonathan Kelley, 2d, Dennis. BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated 1761. Shire Town, PITTSFIELD. Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency—James T. Robinson, North Adams, \$1,600 Register of Probate and Insolvency—Edward T. Slocum, Pittsfield, 1,600 Sheriff—John Crosby, Pittsfield, 1,000 Clerk of Courts—Henry W. Taft, Pittsfield. County Treasurer—George H. Tucker,
kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer, Wellifleet; Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; George Godfrey, Chatham; Jonathan Kelley, 2d, Dennis. BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated 1761. Shire Town, Pittsfield. Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency—James T. Robinson, North Adams,
kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer, Wellifleet; Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; George Godfrey, Chatham; Jonathan Kelley, 2d, Dennis. BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated 1761. Shire Town, Pittsfield. Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency—James T. Robinson, North Adams,

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BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Concluded.

Special Commissioners— James W. Ferry, Lee, Term expires December, 1889 Adelbert Tinney, Adams, 1889 Commissioners of Insolvency—Clarence Smith, Williamstown; Grove Gaylord, New Marlborough; Thomas A. Oman, Pittsfield. Trial Justices—Henry J. Dunham and William C. Spaulding, West Stockbridge; Geo. A. Shepard, Sandisfield.
BRISTOL COUNTY - Incorporated 1685.
Shire Towns, TAUNTON AND NEW BEDFORD. Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency—Wm. E. Fuller, Taunton, . \$2,000 Register of Probate and Insolvency—John H. Galligan, Taunton, . 1,800 Sheriff—Andrew K. Wright, Taunton, 1,500 Clerk of Courts—Simeon Borden, Fall River. County Treasurer—George F. Pratt, Taunton, 1,500 Registers of Deeds—North District, Joseph E. Wilbar, Taunton; South District, George B. Richmond, New Bedford. County Commissioners (compensation, \$2,500)— Henry A. Thayer, Taunton, Term expires December, 1887 Killey E. Terry, New Bedford, . " " 1888 Franklin Gray, Fall River, . " " 1889 Special Commissioners— George N. Crandall, Attleborough, Term expires December, 1889 Samuel B. Hamlin, Acushnet, . " " 1889
Commissioners of Insolvency — George E Williams, Taunton; George A. Adams, Attleborough; William B. Smith, New Bedford.
DUKES COUNTY-Incorporated 1683.
Shire Town, Edgartown. Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Joseph T. Pease, Edgartown, \$800
Register of Probate and Insolvency—Hebron Vincent, Edgartown, 600 Sheriff—Jason L. Dexter, Edgartown, \$300 and fees Clerk of Courts — Samuel Keniston, Edgartown, \$300 and fees County Treasurer — John S Smith, Edgartown, \$300 Register of Deeds — John S. Smith, Edgartown, \$200 and fees County Commissioners (compensation, \$400) — Frederick H. Lambert, Chilmark, Term expires December, 1887 Be: j. B. Smith, Tisbury, . " " 1883 William H. Crowell, Edgartown, . " " 1889

DUKES COUNTY - Concluded.

Special Commissioners —	
Shubael L Norton, Cottage City, . Term expires December, 1	889
Wm. A. Vanderhoop, Jr., Gay Head, " " "	889
Commissioners of Insolvency - John Davis, Chilmark; Wm. J. Rot	
Tisbury; Chas. G. M. Dunham, Edgartown.	
Trial Justices - Charles J. McIlvaine, Edgartown; -	
ESSEX COUNTY - Incorporated 1634.	
Shire Towns, SALEM, LAWRENCE, AND NEWBURYPORT.	
Sala	ıry.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency - George F. Choate, Salem, . \$3	,000
Register of Probate and Insolvency - Jeremiah T. Mahoney,	
	,000
	,800
Clerk of Courts - Dean Peabody, Lynn.	
County Treasurer - E. Kendall Jenkins, Andover, 2	,200
Registers of Deeds-Southern District, Charles S. Osgood, Sale	
Northern District, John R. Poor, Lawrence.	
County Commissioners (compensation, \$3,900) —	
John W. Raymond, Beverly, . Term expires December, I	887
Edward B. Bishop, Haverhill, . " " "	1888
	1889
Special Commissioners —	
Aaron Sawyer, Amesbury, Term expires December,	1889
Ivory Emmons, Swampscott, . " " "	1889
Commissioners of Insolvency - Sherman Nelson, Georgetown; Will	iam
L. Thompson, Lawrence; Horace I. Bartlett, Newburyport.	
Trial Justices - J. Scott Todd, Rowley; Nathaniel F. S. York, Ro	ek-
port; William M. Rogers, Methuen; Orlando B. Tenney, Geor	ge.
town; George H. Poor, Andover; George W. Cate, Amesbu	ry;
Amos Merrill, Peabody; Orlando S. Baley, Amesbury; Will	lam
Nutting, Jr., Marblehead; Wesley K. Bell, Ipswich; Stephen	Gil.
man, Lynnfield; Joseph T. Wilson, Nahant.	

	FRANI	KLIN (COUN	TY-	- Inc	orpo	rate	d 181	1.		
		Shire	Town	, Gi	REEN	FIEL	D.				
T 100 0 0 00	. 7 4	. 7 T	7		120000	(1	C	0006	Cma		Salary.
Judge of Pro											
field, .											\$1,400
Register of	Probate	e and 1	nsolve	ncy	— Fr	ancis	М.	Tho	mps	on,	
Greenfiel	d, .										1,400

FRANKLIN COUNTY - Concluded. Sheriff - George A. Kimball, Greenfield . . . Clerk of Courts - Edward E. Lyman, Greenfield, County Treasurer - Cyrus M. Moody, Greenfield, Register of Deeds - Edwin Stratton, Greenfield. County Commissioners (compensation, \$1,100) -Frederick G. Smith, Greenfield, . . Term expires December, 1887 Edward F. Mayo, Warwick, . 6.6 66 Carlos Batchelder, Conway, Special Commissioners -Beriah W. Fay, New Salem, . . Term expires December, 1889 Charles W. Hazleton, Montague, . " " 1889 Commissioners of Insolvency - Henry M. Puffer, Shelburne: Erastus F. Gunn, Montague; Arthur A. Smith, Colrain. Trial Justices - Gorham D. Williams, Greenfield; Samuel D. Bardwell, Shelburne Falls; Henry W. Billings, Conway; Silas Blake, Ashfield; Charles Pomeroy, Northfield; William S. Dana and Erastus F. Gunn, Montague; Rufus D. Chase, Orange; Frederick I., Greene, Greenfield; Dexter F. Hagar, Deerfield. HAMPDEN COUNTY - Incorporated 1812. Shire Town, SPRINGFIELD. Judge of Probate and Insolvency-Wm. S. Shurtleff, Springfield, \$2,500 Register of Probate and Insolvency-Samuel B. Spooner, Spring-1,800 Sheriff - Simon Brooks, Holyoke, . . . Clerk of Courts - Robert O. Morris, Springfield. County Treasurer - M. Wells Bridge, Springfield, Register of Deeds - James E. Russell, Springfield. County Commissioners (compensation, \$1,600) -Lewis F. Root, Westfield, . . Term expires December, 1887 6.6 Leonard Clark, Springfield, . 66 Ansel F. Wildes, Chicopee, . 6.6 66 6.6 1889 Special Commissioners -

Commissioners of Insolvency—Henry C. Bliss, West Springfield; Willis S. Kellogg, Westfield; Joseph N. Prew, Holyoke.

Trial Justices—Homer B. Stevens, Westfield; Henry Fuller, Westfield; Henry B. Lewis, Westfield; Rufus Smith, Chester; Charles F. Grosvenor, Ludlow.

Vacanev.

Benjamin F. Burr, Ludlow, . . Term expires December, 1889

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY - Incorporated 1662.

Shire Town, Northampton.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency - William G. Basset, East-
hampton, \$1,400
Register of Probate and Insolvency - Hubbard M. Abbott,
Northampton,
Sheriff — Jairus E. Clark, Easthampton, 800
Clerk of Courts - William H. Clapp, Northampton, 1,600
County Treasurer - Lewis Warner, Northampton, 600
Register of Deeds - Henry P. Billings, Northampton.
County Commissioners (compensation, \$1,200) —
Flavel Gaylord, Amherst, Term expires December, 1887
Elisha A. Edwards, Southampton, " " 1888
Emory C. Davis, Northampton, . " . " 1889
Special Commissioners —
Charles E. Blood, Ware, Term expires December, 1889
Charles K. Brewster, Worthington, " " 1889
Commissioners of Insolvency - Enos Parsons, Northampton; Byron
Smith, South Hadley; Charles O. Parmenter, Amherst.
MIDDLESEX COUNTY - Incorporated 1643.
Shire Towns, CAMBRIDGE (EAST) AND LOWELL.
Shire Towns, Cambridge (East) and Lowell. Salary.
Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Geo M. Brooks, Concord, . \$3,500
Salary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Geo M. Brooks, Concord, \$3,500 Register of Probate and Insolvency — Joseph H. Tyler, Winchester,
Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency—Geo M. Brooks, Concord, \$3,500 Register of Probate and Insolvency—Joseph H. Tyler, Winchester,
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Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Geo M. Brooks, Concord, \$3,500 Register of Probate and Insolvency — Joseph H. Tyler, Winchester,
Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency—Geo M. Brooks, Concord, \$3,500 Register of Probate and Insolvency—Joseph H. Tyler, Winchester,

^{*}The jurisdiction of the County Commissioners of Middlesex extends over Revere and Winthrop, in the County of Suffolk.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY - Concluded.

Commissioners of Insolvency - Frederick T. Greenhalge, Lowell; John C. Kennedy, Newton; George J. Burns, Ayer.

Trial Justices - James T. Joslin, Hudson; Edwin C. Morse, Natick; William Nutt, Natick; George L. Hemenway, Hopkinton.

NANTUCKET COUNTY - Incorporated 1695.

		Sa	lary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency - Thaddeus C. Defriez,			\$500
Register of Probate and Insolvency - Samuel Swain,			600
Sheriff - Josiah F. Barrett,			300
Clerk of Courts - John F. Brown,			600
County Treasurer - Samuel Swain,			150
Register of Deeds - Edward B. Hussey,			300
Commissioners of Insolvency-William W. McIntos	h,	Henry	W.
Brown, Alexander C. Swain.			

Trial Justices - Thomas B. Field, Allen Coffin, Nantucket.

Note. — The selectmen of the town of Nantucket have the powers and perform the duties of county commissioners. The treasurer of the town is also county treasurer.

NORFOLK COUNTY - Incorporated 1793.

Shire Town, DEDHAM.

Shire Town, DEDHAM.	
	Salary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency - George White, Wellesley, .	\$2,000
Register of Probate and Insolvency - Jonathan Cobb, Dedham,	1,500
Sheriff - Augustus B. Endicott, Dedham,	1,200
Clerk of Courts - Erastus Worthington, Dedham.	
County Treasurer - Chauncey C. Churchill, Dedham,	1,200
Register of Deeds - John H. Burdakin, Dedham.	
County Commissioners (compensation, \$2,700) -	
George W. Wiggin, Franklin, . Term expires December	er, 1887
Jabez Talbot, Stoughton, " " "	1888
John Q. A. Field, Quincy, " " "	1889
Special Commissioners —	
George P. Morey, Walpole, Term expires December	er, 1889
Device to D. D. L. D. allies 44 44 44	1000

Benjamin F. Baker, Brookline, . " " 1889

Commissioners of Insolvency — George W. Wiggin, Franklin; Emery Grover, Needham; Robert W. Carpenter, Foxborough.

Trial Justices — Emery Grover, Needham; Samuel Warner, Wrentham; Alonzo B. Wentworth, Dedham; George W. Wiggin, Franklin; Oscar A. Marden, Stoughton; Thomas E. Grover, Canton; Henry B. Terry, Hyde Park; John C. Lane, Norwood; Nathan A. Cook, Bellingham; George K. Daniell, Wellesley.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY - Incorporated 1685.

Shire Town, PLYMOUTH.		
	8	alary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency - Jesse E. Keith, Abington,	. 9	\$2,000
Register of Probate and Insolvency - Edward E. Hobar	t,	
Plymouth,		1,500
Sheriff - Alpheus K. Harmon, Plymouth,		900
Clerk of Courts - Wm. H. Whitman, Plymouth.		
County Treasurer - Albert Davis, Whitman,		1,000
Register of Deeds - Wm. S. Danforth, Plymouth.		
County Commissioners (compensation, \$2,300) —		
William Rankin, Brockton, Term expires Decer	nbei	r, 1887
Jedediah Dwelley, Hanover, " " "	6	1888
Charles H. Paine, Halifax, " " "	4	1889
Special Commissioners —		
Obed Delano, Marion, Term expires Decer	nbe	r, 1889
Chas. W. S. Seymour, Hingham, . " " "	ε	1889
Commissioners of Insolvency - Hosea Kingman, Bridgewater	; CI	harles
W. Sumner, Brockton; Arthur Lord, Plymouth.		

SUFFOLK COUNTY - Incorporated 1643.

Salary.

		~ 6.201
Judge of Probate and Insolvency - John W. McKim, Boston	, .	\$5,000
Register of Probate and Insolvency - Elijah George, Boston,		3,000
Assistant Register - John H. Paine,		2,000
Clerk - James L. Crombie,		1,200
Sheriff - John B. O'Brien, Boston,		2,500
Clerk of Supreme Judicial Court - John Noble, Boston.		
Assistant Clerk of Supreme Judicial Court - Henry A. Claps	o, B	oston.
Clerk of Superior Court (Civil Session) - Joseph A. Willard	l, B	oston.
Clerk of Superior Court (Criminal Session) - John P. Man	nin	g, Bos-
ton,		

County Treasurer - Alfred T. Turner, Boston.

Register of Deeds - Thomas F. Temple, Boston.

Commissioners of Insolvency — Michael J. Creed, William B. F. Whall, Frank P. Magee, all of Boston.

Note.—In the city of Boston the Board of Aldermen have all the powers and duties of County Commissioners, except in relation to trials by jury and recovery of damages in such trials, in cases of laying out and discontinuing highways, and appeals from assessors for abatement of taxes. The Treasurer of the city of Boston is likewise County Treasurer.

County Officers.

WORCESTER COUNTY - Incorporated 1731.

Shire Towns, Worcester and Fitchburg.	S	alary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency - Adin Thayer, Worcester,		\$3,000
Register of Probate and Insolvency - Frederic W. Southwich	k,	
Worcester,		2,000
Sheriff - Augustus B. R. Sprague, Worcester,		2,000
Clerk of Courts - Theodore S. Johnson, Worcester.		
County Treasurer - Edward A. Brown, Worcester,	4	2,200
Registers of Deeds - Harvey B. Wilder, Worcester District; (Char	les F.
Rockwood, Northern District.		
County Commissioners (compensation, \$3,900)		
James H. Barker, Milford, Term expires Decer	nber	, 1887
George S. Duell, Brookfield, " " "		1888
William O. Brown, Fitchburg, " "	6	1889
Special Commissioners —		
Thomas P. Root, Barre, Term expires Decer	nber	, 1889
Charles J. Rice of Winchendon, "" "		
Commissioners of Insolvency; David H. Merri	am,	Fitch-
burg; Andrew J. Bartholomew, Southbridge; Daniel B.		
Grafton.		

Trial Justices — James W. Jenkins, Barre; George S. Duell, Brookfield; Chauncey W. Carter and Hamilton Mayo, Leominster; Charles E. Jenks, North Brookfield; Luther Hill, Spencer; Horace W. Bush, West Brookfield; Frank B. Spalter, Winchendon; John W. Tyler, Warren; Henry A. Farwell, Hubbardston.

BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

[Established by Act of April 21, 1852. See also chap. 20 P.S.]

Members ex officio.

His	Excell	encv	Oliver	Ames.

James S. Grinnell of Greenfield,

ton.

on D. Viahola of Harrowhill

His Honor John Q. A. Brackett.

Hon. Henry B. Peirce, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Charles A. Goessmann, State Agricultural Chemist.

James C. Greenough, President Massachusetts Agricultural College.

Term expires 1887

1888

Appointed by the Governor and Council.

Chosen by the County Societies. Amesbury and Salisbury, J. H. Hill of Amesbury, Barnstable, Nathan Edson of Barnstable,
Amesbury and Salisbury, J. H. Hill of Amesbury, Barnstable, Nathan Edson of Barnstable,
Barnstable, Nathan Edson of Barnstable,
Barkstore, Nathan Edson of Baristate,
Berkshire, Harvey M. Owen of Lanesborough, " 1888 Blackstone Valley, Velorous Taft of Upton, . " 1888 Bristol, Avery P. Slade of Somerset, . " 1887 Deerfield Valley, Arthur A. Smith of Colrain, . " 1887 Essex, Benjamin P. Warc of Marbiehead, . " 1887 Franklin, Zeri Smith of Deerfield, . " 1889 Hampden, Ethan Brooks of West Springfield, " 1888 Hampden, Ethan Brooks of West Springfield, " 1888 Hampshire, Wm. W. Smith of Amherst, . " 1889 Hampshire, Franklin and Hampden, Jonathan D. Porter of Hatfield, . " 1888 Highland, W. S. Bowen of Peru, . " 1888 Hoosac Valley, Daniel Upton of Adams, " 1888
Blackstone Valley, Velorous Taft of Upton, . " 1888 Bristol, Avery P. Slade of Somerset, . " 1887 Deerfield Valley, Arthur A. Smith of Colrain, . " 1887 Essex, Benjamin P. Warc of Marblehead, . " 1887 Franklin, Zeri Smith of Deerfield, . " 1889 Hampden, Ethan Brooks of West Springfield, " 1888 " East, William R. Sessions of Hampden, " 1888 Hampshire, Wm. W. Smith of Amherst, . " 1889 Hampshire, Franklin and Hampden, Jonathan D. Porter of Hatfield, " 1888 Highland, W. S. Bowen of Peru, . " 1888 Hoosac Valley, Daniel Upton of Adams, " 1888
Bristol, Avery P. Slade of Somerset,
Deerfield Valley, Arthur A. Smith of Colrain, "1887 Essex, Benjamin P. Warc of Marblehead, "1887 Franklin, Zeri Smith of Deerfield, . "1889 Hampden, Ethan Brooks of West Springfield, "1888 East, William R. Sessions of Hampden, "1888 Hampshire, Wm. W. Smith of Amherst, "1889 Hampshire, Franklin and Hampden, Jonathan D. Porter of Hatfield, "1888 Highland, W. S. Bowen of Peru, "1887 Hingham, Edmund Hersey of Hingham, "1888 Hoosac Valley, Daniel Upton of Adams, "1888
Essex, Benjamin P. Ware of Marblehead,
Hampden, Ethan Brooks of West Springfield, " 1888 " East, William R. Sessions of Hampden, " 1888 Hampshire, Wm. W. Smith of Amherst, " 1889 Hampshire, Franklin and Hampden, Jonathan D. Porter of Hatfield, " 1888 Highland, W. S. Bowen of Peru, . " 1887 Hingham, Edmund Hersey of Hingham, . " 1888 Hoosac Valley, Daniel Upton of Adams, " 1888
"East, William R. Sessions of Hampden, "1888 Hampshire, Wm. W. Smith of Amherst, . "1889 Hampshire, Franklin and Hampden, Jonathan D. Porter of Hatfield, "1888 Highland, W. S. Bowen of Peru, . "1887 Hingham, Edmund Hersey of Hingham, . "1888 Hoosac Valley, Daniel Upton of Adams, . "1888
Hampshire, Wm. W. Smith of Amherst,
Hampshire, Will. W. Sinkh of Admerst,
Porter of Hatfield,
Highland, W. S. Bowen of Peru,
Highand, W. S. Bowen of Ferd,
Hingham, Edmund Hersey of Hingham,
Hoosac Valley, Daniel Upton of Adams, . " " 1888
Housatonic, Merritt I. Wheeler of Great Barrington, " " 1888
Hillside, Alvan Barrus of Goshen,
Marshfield, Daniel E. Damon of Plymouth, " " 1888
Martha's Vineyard, Henry L. Whiting of Tisbury, " 1889
Massachusetts, E. F. Bowditch of Framingham, . " " 1888
Massachusetts Horticultural, E. W. Wood of New-

Middlesex,	John B. Moore of Concord, .			Term	expires	1888
6.6	North, A. C. Varnum of Lowell,			6 €	6.6	1889
66	South, S B. Bird of Framingham	,		6.6	6.6	1887
Nantucket,	R. E. Burgess of Nantucket,			6.6	6.6	1888
Plymouth,	Elbridge Cushman of Lakeville,			66	6.6	1887
Union, S. A	A. Bartholomew of Blandford,			4 6	6.6	1889
Worcester,	C. L. Hartshorn of Worcester,			6.6	6.6	1887
66	North, Edwin A. Goodrich of Fit	chbu	ırg,	6.6	6.6	1887
6.6	North-west, J. P. Lynde of Athol	١,		6.6	6.6	1889
66	South, Bainbridge Douty of Cha	rlton	١,	66.	6.6	1889
66	West, J. Henry Goddard of Barre	е,		6.6	6.6	1887
	John E. Russell, Secret	ary.				
	Nantucket, Plymouth, Union, S. A Worcester, " " "	"North, A. C. Varnum of Lowell, "South, S. B. Bird of Framingham Nantucket, R. E. Burgess of Nantucket, Plymouth, Elbridge Cushman of Lakeville, Union, S. A. Bartholomew of Blandford, Worcester, C. L. Hartshorn of Worcester, "North, Edwin A. Goodrich of Fit "North-west, J. P. Lynde of Athol "South, Bainbridge Douty of Cha "West, J. Henry Goddard of Barre	"South, S. B. Bird of Framingham, Nantucket, R. E. Burgess of Nantucket, Plymouth, Elbridge Cushman of Lakeville, Union, S. A. Bartholomew of Blandford, Worcester, C. L. Hartshorn of Worcester, "North, Edwin A. Goodrich of Fitchbu "North-west, J. P. Lynde of Athol, "South, Bainbridge Douty of Charlton "West, J. Henry Goddard of Barre,	"North, A. C. Varnum of Lowell, "South, S. B. Bird of Framingham, . Nantucket, R. E. Burgess of Nantucket, Plymouth, Elbridge Cushman of Lakeville, Union, S. A. Bartholomew of Blandford, Worcester, C. L. Hartshorn of Worcester, "North, Edwin A. Goodrich of Fitchburg, . "North-west, J. P. Lynde of Athol, South, Bainbridge Douty of Charlton,	"North, A. C. Varnum of Lowell,	"North, A. C. Varnum of Lowell, " "South, S. B. Bird of Framingham, . " "Nantucket, R. E. Burgess of Nantucket, " "Plymouth, Elbridge Cushman of Lakeville, . " "Union, S. A. Bartholomew of Blandford, . " "Worcester, C. L. Hartshorn of Worcester, . " "North, Edwin A. Goodrich of Fitchburg, " "North-west, J. P. Lynde of Athol, . " "South, Bainbridge Douty of Charlton, " "West, J. Henry Goddard of Barre, . "

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

[Established by Act of April 20, 1837.]

The Board consists of the Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, ex officio, and eight members, one to be appointed annually by the Governor and Council.

Admiral P. Stone, Springfield,			Term	expire	1887
Abby W. May, Boston,			"	6.6	1888
Milton B. Whitney, Westfield,			+ 6	66	1889
Francis A. Walker, Boston, .			6.6	6.6	1890
Edward C. Carrigan, Boston, .			6.6	6.6	1891
Elijah B. Stoddard, Worcester,			4.6	44	1892
Alonzo A. Miner, Boston, .			6.6	6.6	1893
Horace E. Scudder, Cambridge,			4.6	4.6	1894

John W. Dickinson, Secretary.

C. B. Tillinghast, Clerk and Treasurer.

George A. Walton, John T. Prince and George H. Martin, Agents.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS.

The general management of the several State Normal Schools is vested by statute in the Board of Education, and all moneys appropriated for their maintenance are expended under its direction.

State Normal School at Framingham.

[Opened at Lexington, July, 1839; transferred to West Newton, Sept., 1844; removed to Framingham, 1853.]

Principal - Miss Ellen Hyde.

[For women.]

State Normal School at Westfield.

[Opened at Barre, September, 1839; suspended, 1841; re-opened at Westfield, September, 1844.]

Principal - James C. Greenough.

[For both sexes.]

State Normal School at Bridgewater.

[Opened September, 1840.]

Principal - Albert G. Boyden.

[For both sexes.]

State Normal School at Salem.

[Opened September, 1854.]

Principal - Daniel B. Hagar.

[For women.]

State Normal School at Worcester.

[Opened September, 1874.]

Principal - E. Harlow Russell.

[For both sexes.]

State Normal Art School at Boston.

[Opened October, 1873.]

Principal - George H. Bartlett.

[For both sexes.]

BOARD OF LUNACY AND CHARITY.

[Established by Act of April 30, 1879. See also chap. 101, Acts of the year 1886.]

Charles F. Donnelly, Boston, Chairs	nun	, .		Term	expires	1887
Henrietta G. Codman, Brookline,				6.6	6.6	1887
Charles A. Denny, Leicester, .				6.6	6.6	1888
Edgar E Dean, M.D., Brockton,				6.6	6.6	1888
Charles C. Coffin, Boston,				6.6	6.6	1889
Richard L. Hodgdon, Arlington,				6.6	6.6	1890
Anne B. Richardson, Lowell, .				6.6	6.6	1890
Edward Hitchcock, M.D., Amherst,				6.6	6.6	1891
John Fallon, Lawrence,				6.6	66	1891
John D. Wells, Clerk of the Boo	erd.					

Frank B. Sanborn, Concord, Inspector of Charities.

S. C. Wrightington, Fall River, Superintendent of In-door Poor.

Hiram S. Shurtleff, Superintendent of Out-door Poor.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

[Established by Act of March 24, 1886.]

Henry P. Walcott, Cambridge,	Chair	man	٤,		Term	expires	1893
James White, Boston,					6 6	6.6	1887
Hiram F. Mills, Lawrence, .					4.6	6.6	1888
Frank W. Draper, Boston, .					6.6	66	1889
Thornton K. Lothrop, Beverly,					6.6	66	1890
Julius H. Appleton, Springfield,						66	1891
Elijah U. Jones, Taunton, .						6.6	1892
Samuel W.							

COMMISSIONERS, ETC.

ON CATTLE - Alonzo W. Cheever, Dedham, 1887; Levi Stockbridge, Amherst, 1888; John F. Winchester, Lawrence, 1889.

OF CORPORATIONS - Charles Endicott, Canton. Office, State House.

HARBOR AND LAND - Chairman, John E. Sanford, Taunton, 1888; Charles H. Howland, Plymouth, 1887; John I. Baker, Beverly, 1889.

ON INLAND FISHERIES — Frederick W. Putnam, Cambridge, 1887; Edward A. Brackett, Winchester, 1889; Edward H. Lathrop, Springfield, 1889.

ON INSURANCE — John K. Tarbox, Lawrence. Deputy, William S. Smith. Office, Commonwealth Building.

ON PILOTS FOR THE PORT OF BOSTON - Thomas P. Howes, Boston, 1887; Nathaniel Spooner, Boston, 1889.

ON PRISONS—Eliza L. Homans, Boston, 1887; John B. Moore, Concord, 1888; Clement K. Fay, Brookline, 1889; Emma F. Cary, Cambridge, 1890; William Roberts, Waltham, 1891. Secretary, Warren F. Spalding, Cambridge.

ON RAILROADS — Chairman, Thomas Russell, Boston, 1888; Edward W. Kinsley, Boston, 1887; Everett A. Stevens, Boston, 1889. Clerk, William A. Crafts, Boston. Supervisor of Railroad Accounts, Frederick E. Jones. Office, No. 20 Beacon Street.

ON SAVINGS BANKS - Edward P. Chapin, Springfield, 1887; Cadwallader Curry, Brookline, 1888. Office, Commonwealth Building.

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS — Chief, Carroll D. Wright, Reading, 1887. 1st Clerk, Charles F. Pidgin. 2d Clerk, William C. Hunt. Office, Commonwealth Building.

INSPECTOR OF LEATHER - C Osgood Morse, Boston, 1889.

INSPECTOR OF GAS AND GAS METERS — Charles W. Hinman, Boston, 1888. Assistant Inspector, Charles D. Jenkins, Boston, 1888.

INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF FISH — Jesse H. Freeman, Brookline, 1891.

SURVEYOR-GENERAL OF LUMBER - John W. Wiggin, Boston, 1887.

STATE ASSAYERS OF ORES AND METALS—Samuel Dana Hayes, Boston; Augustus A. Hayes, Boston; Stephen P. Sharples, Cambridge; Horace L. Bowker, Boston; W. French Smith, Somerville; Charles R. Fletcher, Boston; Chase Palmer, Lynn.

STATE ASSAYER OF LIQUORS - Stephen P. Sharples, Cambridge, 1887.

CIVIL SERVICE — Chairman, Francis A. Osborn, 1889; Charles Theodore Russell, Jr., 1888; Charles W. Clifford, New Bedford, 1887; Henry Sherwin, Chief Examiner. Clerk, Warren P. Dudley,.

STATE AID - Charles R. Ladd, Auditor of Accounts. Samuel Dalton, Adjutant-General. Charles W. Hastings, Clerk of Board.

BOARD OF POLICE OF BOSTON — Chairman, Albert T. Whiting, Boston, 1890; William M. Osborne, Boston, 1888; William H. Lee, Boston, 1889.

GAS - Chairman, Starkes Whiton, Hingham, 1888; Edward T. Rowell, Lowell, 1887; Forrest E. Barker, Worcester, 1889. Clerk, W. S. Allen, New Bedford.

PHARMACY, BOARD OF REGISTRATION IN—John H. Manning, Pittsfield, 1887; Freeman H. Butler, Lowell, 1888; Henry M. Whitney, Lawrence, 1889; Sam'l A. D. Sheppard, Newton, 1890; Henry A. Estabrook, Fitchburg, 1891.

FIRE MARSHAL OF BOSTON - Charles W. Whitcomb, Boston, 1889.

BOARD OF ARBITRATION AND CONCILIATION — Weston Lewis, Boston, 1887; Richard P. Barry, Lynn, 1887; Charles H. Walcott, Concord, 1887.

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

LUNATIC HOSPITALS.

The government of each is vested in a board of seven trustees, five of whom shall be men and two of whom shall be women, one to be appointed annually by the Governor and Council, and the place of the senior member, as arranged in the following order, to be vacated each year:—

Worcester.

John F. Moors, Greenfield, 1887. Rockwood Hoar, Worcester, 1888. Francis C. Lowell, Boston, 1889. Miss Anna S. Folsom, Boston,

Miss Frances M. Lincoln, Worcester, 1891.

Augustus G. Bullock, Worcester, 1892.

Thomas H. Gage, Worcester, 1893.

Superintendent—John G. Park, M.D.
[The Temporary Asylum for Chronic Insane, Hosea M. Quinby, M.D., Superintendent, is also under charge of above Trustees.]

Taunton.

William C. Lovering, Taunton, 1887.

Simeon Borden, Fall River, 1888. Le Baron Russell, Boston, 1889. Mrs. Ruth S. Murray, New Bed-

ford, 1890.

Superintendent-John P. Brown, M.D.

Mrs. Grace S. Bartlett, Taunton, 1891.

Oakes A. Ames, Easton, 1892.

George Howland, Jr., New Bedford, 1893.

Northampton.

Lyman D. James, Williamsburgh, 1887.

Christopher C. Merritt, Springfield, 1888.

Silas M. Smith, Northampton, 1889. Mrs. Sarah T. Woodworth, Chicopee, 1890.

Mrs. Sarah M. Butler, Northampton, 1891.

Adams C. Deane, Greenfield, 1892. Henry W. Taft, Pittsfield, 1893.

Superintendent - Edward B. Nims, M.D.

Danvers.

Harriet R. Lee, Salem, 1887. Solon Bancroft, Reading, 1888.

Samuel W. Hopkinson, Bradford, 1889.

Orville F. Rogers, Boston, 1890.

Miss Florence Lyman, Boston, 1891.

Charles P. Preston, Danvers, 1892. Daniel S. Richardson, Lowell.

1893.

Superintendent - William A. Gorton, M.D.

Westborough Insane Hospital.

George B. Richmond, New Bed- | ford, 1887.

Mrs. Anna M. Day, Norwood, 1888.

Henry S. Russell, Milton, 1889.

Charles R. Codman, Barnstable, 1889.

Francis A. Dewson, Newton, 1890. Mrs. Emily Talbot, Boston, 1891. Archibald H. Grimke, Hyde Park,

Superintendent - N. Emmons Paine, M.D.

STATE PRIMARY AND REFORM SCHOOLS.

James J. O'Connor, Holyoke, 1887.

Mrs. Elizabeth G. Evans, Boston,

Melvin H. Walker, Westborough, 1889.

Samuel R. Heywood, Worcester, 1890.

Elizabeth C. Putnam, Boston, 1890. Milo Hildreth, Northborough,

Charles L. Gardner, Palmer, 1891.

[This Board of Trustees was established by sect. 8, chap. 291, Acts of 1879, and they have charge of the government of the Lyman School at Westborough, the Industrial School for Girls at Lancaster, and the State Primary School at Monson.]

Lyman School for Boys at Westborough.

Superintendent - Henry E. Swan.

State Industrial School for Girls at Lancaster.

Superintendent - Mrs. Luann L. Brackett.

State Primary School at Monson.

Superintendent - Amos Andrews. Physician - Mrs. Sarah M. Wilbur, M.D.

MASSACHUSETTS EYE AND EAR INFIRMARY.

At Boston.

[By Resolves 1872, chap. 28.]

Two Trustees appointed by the Governor.

Trustees - Willard P. Phillips, Salem; Isaac N. Stoddard, Plymouth.

MASSACHUSETTS SCHOOL FOR THE FEEBLE-MINDED.

At South Boston.

[Chap. 150 of the Acts of 1850 was repealed by chap. 126 of the Acts of 1878; and the Board now, by said Act, consists of six Trustees, appointed by the Governor for the term of three years.]

Elisha S. Converse, Malden; Edward G. Porter, Lexington, -1887; James M. Trotter, Hyde Park; Erskine Warden, Waltham, -1888; John S Damrell, Boston; William W. Swan, Boston, -1889.

PERKINS INSTITUTION AND MASSACHUSETTS SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND.

At South Boston.

Trustees — John S. Dwight, Boston; Francis Brooks, Boston; Thomas F. Temple, Boston; Fred. L. Ames, Easton.

STATE PRISON.

At Boston (Charlestown District).

Warden — Edward J. Russell, Worcester. Deputy Warden — Augustus W. Keene. Clerk — Frederick G. Pettigrove. Physician — Charles D. Sawin, M.D. Chaplain — John W. F. Barnes.

Agent for Discharged Convicts — Daniel Russell; office, 35 Avon Street, Boston.

MASSACHUSETTS REFORMATORY.

At Concord (Warnerville, P. O.).

Superintendent — Gardiner Tufts. Physician — George E. Titcomb, M.D. Clerk — Charles S. Hart. Instructor — Rev. W. J. Batt.

REFORMATORY PRISON FOR WOMEN.

At Sherborn (South Framingham, P. O.).

Superintendent - Ellen C. Johnson, Boston. Physician - Anna M. Wilkin, Sherborn. Chaplain - Susan P. Harrold, Somerville.

STATE ALMSHOUSE AND STATE WORKHOUSE.

[Chap. 297, Acts of 1884.]

Trustees of the State Almshouse and State Workhouse—J. White Belcher, Randolph, 1887; I.; man A. Belknap, Andover, 1887; Mrs. Anna F. Prescott, Boston, 1887; Mrs. Sarah D. Fiske, Malden, 1888; William T. Carolin, M.D., Lowell, 1889; Weaver Osborn, Fall River, 1889; Oliver R. Clark, Tewksbury, 1889.

STATE ALMSHOUSE.

At Tewksbury.

Superintendent and Resident Physician - C. Irving Fisher. Assistant Physicians - Eben C. Norton, Ella M. Patton.

STATE WORKHOUSE.

At Bridgewater.

Superintendent — Hollis M. Blackstone. Physician — Edward Saw-yer, M.D.

COLLEGES IN MASSACHUSETTS.

WITH THEIR PRESIDENTS AND TRUSTEES.

HARVARD COLLEGE.

CORPORATION.

CHARLES WILLIAM ELIOT, President.

Fellows.

Francis Parkman.

Martin Brimmer.

William C. Endicott.

John Quincy Adams. Alexander Agassiz.

Edward W. Hooper, Treasurer.

BOARD OF OVERSEERS.

Hon. E. R. Hoar, President of the Board. Rev. Alexander McKenzie, Secretary.

Members ex officio.

Charles W. Eliot, President of the University. Edward W. Hooper, Treasurer of the University.

Elective Members.

[Term of office expires June, 1887.]
Edward Everett Hale. Morrill W

Edward Everett Hale. Morrill Wyman.
Ebenezer Rockwood Hoar. Francis Cabot Lowell.

Theodore Lyman.

[Term of office expires June, 1888.]

Samuel A. Green. Leverett Saltonstall.
Charles Francis Adams, Jr. Moorfield Storey.

William G. Russell.

[Term of office expires June, 1889.]

Andrew P. Peabody. Francis M. Weld.
Phillips Brooks. Roger Wolcott.

Solomon Lincoln.

[Term of office expires June, 1890.]

Charles R. Codman. Henry Cabot Lodge.
Richard M. Hodges. Charlemagne Tower.

Robert D. Smith.

[Term of office expires June, 1891.]

John T. Morse, Jr. George O. Shattuck.
Edwin P. Seaver. Thomas Jefferson Coolidge.

John Fiske.

[Term of office expires June, 1892.]

Henry Lee. John O. Sargent.
Robert M. Morse. Henry W. Putnam.

James Freeman Clarke.

MASSACHUSETTS AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

HENRY H. GOODELL, President.

Trustees.

Elijah W. Wood. Charles G. Davis. Henry Colt. Phineas Stedman.

Daniel Needham. James S. Grinnell.

Benjamin P. Ware.

George Noves. J. Howe Demond. William H. Bowker.

Arthur A. Brigham. William R. Sessions.

Thomas P Root. Joseph A. Harwood.

Trustees ex officio.

His Excellency Oliver Ames, Governor of the Commonwealth. Henry H. Goodell, President of the College. John W. Dickinson, Secretary of Board of Education.

John E. Russell, Secretary of Board of Agriculture.

WILLIAMS COLLEGE.

CORPORATION.

FRANKLIN CARTER, President.

Trustees.

Rev. Mark Hopkins. Joseph White. Rev. Robert R. Booth. Francis H. Dewey. Horatio Gates Knight. Charles A. Davison.

Derick L. Boardman. James M. Barker.

Joseph White, Secretury.

Rev. William W. Adams. Rev. Lewellyn Pratt. Horace E. Scudder. James Gilfillan.

Rev. Arthur Mitchell.

F. F. Thompson. Rev. C. C. Hall. John W. Dickinson

James White, Treasurer.

AMHERST COLLEGE.

CORPORATION.

Rev. Julius H. Seelye, President.

Trustees.

Rev. Edward S. Dwight. Nathan Allen. Edward B. Gillett. Rev. Richard S. Storrs. Rev. Roswell D. Hitchcock. Rev. Edmund K. Alden. John E. Sanford.

Rev. William S. Karr.

Henry D. Hyde. Rev. James D. Wilson. John S. Brayton. George Howland. Francis A. Walker. Thomas H. McGraw. George Henry Whitcomb. Edward A. Strong.

Rev. Edward S. Dwight, Secretary. Wm. A. Dickinson, Treasurer.

TUFTS COLLEGE.

Rev. Elmer H. Capen, President.

Trustees.

Charles Robinson, Jr., President.

Rev. Alonzo A. Miner. James O. Curtis.

Rev. Lucius R Paige. Timothy T. Sawyer. Newton Talbot.

Rev. Elmer H. Capen. Charles G. Pope.

Zebulon L. White. William H. Finney.

Charles S. Fobes. Hosea M. Knowlton.

Thomas H. Armstrong. Rev. Henry W. Rugg. John D. W. Joy.

Rev. J. Coleman Adams.

Charles Whittier.

Rev Edwin C. Bolles.
Wilmot L. Warren.

Byron Groce.

Arthur E. Dennison. Henry D. Williams.

Joseph Davis.

Thomas G. Frothingham. William Oscar Cornell.

William B. Bement. Hosea W. Parker. William D. Washburn.

John B. Winslow. Walter E. Parker.

John D. W. Joy, Vice-President. Thomas H. Armstrong, Secretary. Newton Talbot, Treasurer.

BOSTON UNIVERSITY.

[Office, 12 Somerset St.]

CORPORATION.

William Claffin, President.
Jacob Sleeper, Vice-President.
Bradford K. Peirce, Secretary.
Richard W. Husted, Treasurer.
William F. Warren, Member ex officio.

[Term expires 1887.]

Mrs. Augustus Hemenway. Liverus Hull. Joseph B. Thomas, John H. Twombly.

Geo. M. Steele.

[Term expires 1888.]

Pliny Nickerson.

Edward H. Dunn. Richard W. Husted.

[Term expires 1889.]

William R. Clark. Edwin H. Johnson John Kendrick. Charles W. Pierce. [Term expires 1890.]

William Claflin. Rt. Rev. R. S. Foster.

William O. Grover.

Joseph H. Chadwick. Mrs. Mary B. Claffin. H. O. Houghton.

Jacob Sleeper.

Alden Speare. William T. Perrin.

[Term expires 1891.]

Bradford K. Peirce. Daniel Steele. Charles Steere.

WELLESLEY COLLEGE.

MISS ALICE E. FREEMAN. President.

CORPORATION.

Board of Trustees.

Rev. Noah Porter, President of the Board. Rev. Howard Crosby, Vice-President. Mrs. Henry F. Durant, Secretary and Treasurer.

Rev. William F. Warren.

Rev. Alvah Hovey. Rev. George Z. Gray.

Rev. Nathaniel G. Clark.

Rev. Randolph S. Foster.

Rev. John Hall.

Rev. Bradford K. Peirce. Rev. William H. Willcox.

Rev. Joseph T. Duryea.

Dwight L. Moody. Elisha S. Converse. William Claflin.

Mrs. William Claffin. Rufus S. Frost.

A. W. Stetson.

Mrs. Arthur Wilkinson. Mrs. H. B. Goodwin.

Mrs. Caroline A. Wood. William S. Houghton.

Mrs. William S. Houghton.

Rev. Alexander McKenzie. Miss Alice E. Freeman.

SMITH COLLEGE.

(Northampton.)

Rev. L. CLARK SEELYE, President.

Trustees.

Rev. John M. Green. Rev. William S. Tyler. Rev. Julius H. Seelye.

William B. Washburn.

Rev. Edwards A. Park.

Joseph White.

Birdsey Northrop.

Edward B. Gillett. George W. Hubbard. A. Lyman Williston. Rev. Robert M. Woods. Rev. William R. Huntington.

Rodney Wallace.

George W. Hubbard, Treasurer.

BOSTON COLLEGE.

Rev. EDWARD V. BOURSAUD, President and Treasurer.

Trustees.

Rev. Alphonse Charlier, Secretary.

Rev. Edward H. Welch. Rev. William Duncan.

Rev. S. Cahill.

COLLEGE OF THE HOLY CROSS. (Worcester.)

Rev. R. W. BRADY, President.

Trustees.

Rev. R. W. Brady, President. Rev. E. D. Boone, Vice-President. Rev. Albert Peters, Treasurer. Rev. James A. Ward, Secretary. Rev. Timothy O'Leary. Rev. Hugh D. Langlois.

Rev. Michael I. Hughes.

TOWNS IN MASSACHUSETTS,

WITH THE

POST-OFFICES THEREIN.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Abington	Abington. North Abington.	Ashland .	Ashland.
Acton .	Acton. North Acton.	Athol	Athol. Athol Centre. South Athol.
	South Acton. West Acton.		Attleborough. AttleboroughFalls. N. Attleborough.
Acushnet	· Acushnet. Long Plain.	Attleborough	
.1dams	Adams.		Briggs Corner.
4		Auburn .	Auburn.
Agawam	· Agawam. · Feeding Hills.	Ayer	Ayer.
Alford.	. Alford.		Barnstable.
_1mesbury	· (Amesbury. Salisbury Point.	Barnstable .	Centreville. Marston's Mills.
Amherst	Amherst. North Amherst. South Amherst.	Burnsuoie.	Hyannis Port. Cotuit. Osterville. Craigville.
Andover	Andover. Ballard Vale.	Bunne	Barre. Barre Plains. Smithville.
.1rlington	Arlington. Arlington Heights.		
Ashburnho	Ashburnham. N. Ashburnham. Ashburnh'm Dep't.	1	Becket. West Becket. Becket Centre.
Ashby .	. Ashby.	Beilford .	Bedford.
•	Ashfield South Ashfield.	Belchertown	Belchertown, Dwight, Barrett,

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Bellingham . Belmont	Bellingham. N. Bellingham. Caryville. Belmont. Waverly.	Bourne .	Bourne. Pocasset. Buzzard's Bay. Bournedale. Monument Beach. Cataumet. Sagamore.
Berkley	Berkley. Myrickville.	Boxborough .	West Acton P.O.
Berlin .	· Berlin. West Berlin.	Boxford .	Boxford. West Boxford.
Bernardston	, Bernardston.	Boylston .	Boylston. Boylston Centre.
Bererty	Beverly. Beverly Farms. North Beverly. Pride's Crossing.	Bradford .	Bradford. Ward Hill.
Billerica	(Billerica. North Billerica. East Billerica.	Braintree .	(Braintree. South Braintree. East Braintree.
Blackstone	(South Billerica.	Brewster .	Brewster. East Brewster. West Brewster. South Brewster.
	Blandford. North Blandford.	Bridgewater,	Bridgewater. Scotland. State Workhouse.
Bolton .	Allston.* Boston.* South Boston.*		Brimfield. West Brimfield. East Brimfield.
	East Boston.* Station A.* Roxbury.*	Brockton .	Brockton.
	West Roxbury * Jamaica Plain.* Roslindale.*	Brookfield .	Brookfield. East Brookfield.
	Brighton.* Dorchester.*	Brookline .	Brookline.
Boston .	. \ Mattapan.* Charlestown.*	Buckland .	Buckland.
	Cambridge.* Cambridgeport.*	Burlington .	Burlington.
,	North Cambridge.* East Cambridge.* Chelsea.* Mount Auburn.* Revere * Somerville.*	Cambridge .	Cambridge. Cambridgeport. North Cambridge. East Cambridge. Mount Auburn.
	Winthrop.* Brookline.*	Cunton .	Canton. Ponkapoag.

^{*} Stations supplied by the Boston office.

South Chelmsford. Dartmouth South Dartmouth. Apponegansett. Nonquitt. Subscription North Chester. Dedham Asheroft. West Dedham. Asheroft. West Dedham. Sheroft. Subscription Nalnut Hill. Deerfield. East Deerfield. South Deerfield. South Deerfield. Nonquitt. South Deerfield. Nonquitt. South Deerfield. Deerfield. Nonth Deerfield. Deerfield. Deerfield. Deerfield. Deerfield. Nonth Deerfield. Deenis. South Deerfield. Deenis. Nonth Deenis. Nonth Deenis. North Deenis. North Dighton. North Dighton. Douglas. East Douglas.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Charlemont. Chelmsford. Chelmsford. Chelmsford. West Chalmam. Chelmsford. Chelmsford. Chelmsford. Chelmsford. Chelmsford. Chelmsford. Chelmsford. Chelmsford. Chelmsford. Chester. Chicopee	Carlisle		Concord .	Westvale.
Charlemont. Charlemont. East Charlemont. East Charlemont. Coar. Charlton Charlton Charlton Charlton Depot. Charlton Chelmsford North Charlton Chelmsford Chelsea Chelsea Chelsea Chester Chicopee Ch	Carver .	North Carver. East Carver.	Conway .	
Charlton . Charlton . Charlton . Charlton . Charlton Depot. Charlton Port. North Charlam . South Chatham . South Chatham . South Charlton . Chelmsford. West Chelmsford. Chelmsford. West Chelmsford. South Chelmsford. Chelsea . Chelsea . Chelsea . Cheshire . Cheshire . Cheshire . Chester Centre . North Chester . Chesterfield . West Chesterfield . West Chesterfield . West Chesterfield . West Deerfield . South Deerfield . South Deerfield . South Deerfield . South Deerfield . Chicopee . Chicopee Falls . Willimanset . Chilmark . Squibnocket . Chilmark . Squibnocket . Chinton . Clinton . Clinton . Clinton . Clinton . Clinton . Clinton . Chasset . Nantasket . Beechwood . Douglas . East Douglas . Douglas . East Douglas . Douglas . Colrain . Adamsville . Colrain . Adamsville . Colrain . Adamsville . Colrain . Collinsville . Collins		(11111111111111111111111111111111111111	Cottage City,	Cottage City.
Charlton . Charlton City. Charlton Depot. Charlton Port. North Charlton. West Charlton. West Charlton. Chelmsford. West Chelmsford. West Chelmsford. South Chelmsford. Chelsea . Chelsea . Chelsea . Chester Centre. Chester Chester Centre. North Chester . Chester Centre. North Chester . Chester Chicopee . Chicopee Falls. Willimanset. Chilmark . Squibnocket. Clarksburg . Clarksburg . Clarksburg . Chinton . Clinton . Clinton . Clinton . Clinton . Cohasset . Nantasket. Beechwood. Colrain . Adamsville . Colrain . Adamsville . Colrain . Colrain . Colrain . Collinsville . Collinsvill	Charlemont	. East Charlemont.	Cummington,	TIT Character and an
Chatham Ort. Chatham Port. North Chatham South Chatham. South Chatham. South Chatham. South Chatham. West Chatham. Chelmsford. West Chelmsford. West Chelmsford. West Chelmsford. Chelsea Chelmsford. Chester Chester. Chester Centre. North Chester. Chester Centre. North Chester. Chester Centre. North Chester. Chester Centre. North Chester. Chicopee Chicopee Chicopee Chicopee Falls. Willimanset. Chilmark Squibnocket. Clarksburg Clarksburg (N. Adams P.O.) Briggsville. Chasset Nantasket. Beechwood. Colrain. Adamsville. Colrain. Adamsville. Colrain. Adamsville. Chicopei. Chicopee Colrain. Adamsville. Colrain. Adamsville. Colrain. Adamsville. Colrain. Adamsville. Collabor. Collabor. Collabor. Collabor. Collabor. Collabor. Collinsville. Collins	Charlton	. Charlton City.	Dalton	Dalton.
Chatham Port. North Chatham. South Chatham. West Chatham. West Chatham. Chelmsford. N. Chelmsford. West Chelmsford. West Chelmsford. South Chelmsford. Chelsea Chelsea. Cheshire Chester. Chester Centre. North Chester. Chester Chester. Chester Chester. Chester Ghicopee. Chicopee Chicopee Falls. Willimanset. Chilmark Squibnocket. Clarksburg. Clarksburg. Clarksburg. Chatham Port. Nonders. Danvers Centre. Danvers. Danvers Danvers Centre. Danvers. Danvers Centre. Asported. Asylum Station. North Dartmouth. South Dartmouth. South Dartmouth. South Dartmouth. South Dartmouth. South Dartmouth. South Derfield. East Deerfield. South Deerfield. South Deerfield. South Deerfield. South Dennis. West Deerfield. South Dennis. West Deerfield. South Dennis. West Deennis. Dennis Port. East Dennis. Dennis Port. Danvers. Dennis. Dennis Dennis. Dennis Port. East Dennis. Dennis Dennis. South Dennis. West Deerfield. South Dennis. West Deerfield. South Dennis. West Deerfield. South Dennis. Dennis Port. East Dennis. Dennis Port. Dennis Dennis. Dennis Dennis Dennis. Dennis Dennis Dennis. Dennis Dennis Dennis Dennis. Dennis Dennis Dennis Dennis Dennis Dennis De		1	Dana	
Chelmsford. N. Chelmsford. West Chelmsford. South Chelmsford. Chelsea Cheshire Chester Chester Chester Chester Chester Chester Chesterfield. Chicopee Chic	Cha t ham	Chatham Port. North Chatham. South Chatham.	Dunvers .	Danvers Centre. Danvers Port. Tapleyville.
Chester Chester. Chester Chester Centre. North Chester. Chesterfield West Chesterfield Chicopee Chicopee Chicopee Chicopee Chicopee Clarksburg (N. Adams P.O.) Clarksburg Clarksburg (N. Adams P.O.) Briggsville. Cohasset Cohasset Nantasket. Beechwood. Colrain Adamsville. Colrain Chester. Chesterfield Dedam Dedham Sacroft. West Dedham Endicott. Bedham Ashcroft. West Dedham Endicott. Bedham Ashcroft. West Dedham Sacroft. West Dedham Sacroft. West Dedham Dernield. Chicopee Chicopee Falls. Chicopee Chicopee Falls. Chilmark Squibnocket. Colrain Dennis Dennis. Dennis Dennis Port. East Dennis Port. East Dennis South Dennis. West Deerfield. South Dernield. South Dernield. South Deerfield. South Deernield. Sout	Chelmsford	N. Chelmsford. West Chelmsford.	Durtmouth .	Dartmouth. North Dartmouth. South Dartmouth.
Chester Chester. Chester Centre. North Chester. Chesterfield. Chicopee Chicopee Chicopee Falls. Chilmark Chilmark. Squibnocket. Clarksburg Clarksburg. Chinon Clinton. Cohasset Nantasket. Beechwood. Colrain Adamsville. Colrain Chester. Chesterfield. Chesterfield. Deerfield. Deerfield. Deerfield. Deerfield. Deerfield. Deerfield. Deerfield. Deerfield. Deennis. Dennis. Dennis. Dennis. Dennis. Dennis. Dennis. Colarksburg. Chilmark. South Dennis. Dighton Dighton. Dighton Douglas. Douglas. Douglas. Dover Dover. Collinsville. Colli	Chelsea	. Chelsea.		Nonquitt.
Chester Centre. North Chester. Chesterfield . Chesterfield. Chicopee . Chicopee . Chicopee Falls. Willimanset. Chilmark . Squibnocket. Clarksburg . (N. Adams P.O.) Briggsville. Cohasset . Nantasket. Beechwood. Colrain . Adamsville. Colrain . Colrain . Adamsville. Colrain . Chesterfield . Deerfield . End Central . Endicott. Deenfield . Endicott. En	('heshire	. Cheshire.		
Chicopee . Chicopee . Chicopee Palls. Chilmark . Squibnocket. Clarksburg . Clarksburg. (N. Adams P.O.) Briggsville. Cohasset . Nantasket. Beechwood. Colrain . Adamsville. Colrain . Adamsville. Colrain . Celescope Palls. Chicopee . Chicopee Palls. Deerfield . South Deerfield. South Deenfield. South Deerfield. South Deerfield. South Deenfield. South Deenfield. South Deenfield. South Deenfield. South Deenfield. South Deerfield. South Deerfield	Chester	. Chester Centre. North Chester.	Dedham .	West Dedham. Endicott. Islington.
Chicopee . Chicopee Falls. Chicopee Falls. Chilmark . Squibnocket. Clarksburg . Clarksburg. (N. Adams P.O.) Briggsville. Clinton . Clinton. Cohasset . Nantasket. Beechwood. Colrain . Adamsville. Colrain . Adamsville. Colrain . Collinsville. Colrain . Clarksburg. (Dennis . Dennis . Dennis Port. East Dennis . Nouth Dennis . West Dennis . West Dennis . West Dennis . Dighton . North Dighton . Touglas . East Douglas . Douglas . East Douglas . Dover . Dover . Collinsville . Collinsv	Chesterfield	· Chesterfield. · West Chesterfield		`
Clarksburg. Clarksburg. (N. Adams P.O.) Briggsville. Clinton Cohasset Cohasset Colarset Colar	Chicopee	. Chicopee Falls.	Deerfield .	South Deerfield.
Clarksburg . {Clarksburg . {Clarksburg . {N. Adams P.O.} Briggsville.} } Clinton . Clinton. Cohasset . {Cohasset . Nantasket . Beechwood . {Colrain . Adamsville . {Colrain . {Elm Grove . {Collinsville . {	Chilmark		Dennis	Dennis Port. East Dennis.
Clinton . Clinton. Cohasset . Cohasset. Nantasket. Beechwood. Colrain . Adamsville. Colrain . Clim Grove. Collaboration . Collaboration . Collaboration . Collaboration . Collaboration . Collinsville. Collinsville. Collaboration . Collinsville. Collaboration . Collinsville. Collaboration . Collinsville.	Clarksburg	. (N. Adams P.O.)		West Dennis.
Cohasset . Nantasket. Beechwood. Dover . Dover . Dover . Colrain . Adamsville . Colrain . Generated by the collaboration of the collaboration . Generated by the collaboration of	Clinton	. 00	Dighton .	North Dighton.
Colrain. Adamsville. Drucut Dracut. Collinsville.	Cohasset	Nantasket	Douglas .	Douglas. East Douglas.
Colrain . { Elm Grove. Dracut . Collinsville. Collinsvil			Dover .	Dover.
Griswoldville. Dudley.	Colrain	Adamsville.	Drucut .	Collinsville.
Shattuckville. Dudley West Dudley.		Griswoldville. Shattuckville.	Dudley	Dudley. West Dudley.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Dunstable .	Duxbury. South Duxbury.	Framingham	Framingham. S. Framingham. Saxonville. Nobscot.
	West Duxbury. Standish Shore. Island Creek.	Frank/in .	Franklin. South Franklin. Unionville.
	Elmwood.	Freetown .	Freetown.
	Eastham. North Eastham. Easthampton. Mount Tom.	Gardner .	Gardner. South Gardner. West Gardner.
	(Easton.	Gay Head .	Gay Head.
Easton	North Easton. South Easton.	Georgetown .	Georgetown.
Edgartown .	Edgartown. (North Egremont.	Gill	Gill. Riverside.
Egremont .	South Egremont.	10	(Gloucester.
./	Enfield.	Gloucester .	Magnolia. Bay View. West Gloucester.
Erving	Erving, Essex.		Lanesville.
Essex	Essex.		(Annisquam.
Everett	Everett.	Goshen .	Goshen.
Fairhaven .	Fairhaven.	Gosnold .	Cuttyhunk.
Fall River .	Fall River. Steep Brook.		Grafton.
	Falmouth. East Falmouth. North Falmouth. West Falmouth.	Grafton .	Saundersville. Farnumsville. Fisherville.
Fulmouth .	Wood's Holl.	Granby .	Granby.
	Hatchville. Waquoit. Fitchburg	Granville .	Granville. East Granville. West Granville.
Fitchburg .	West Fitchburg.	Great Bar- rington .	Great Barrington.
Florida .	Florida. Hoosac Tunnel.	rengion .	(Van Deusenville.
Foxborough .	Foxborough. North Foxborough. East Foxborough.	Greenfield .	Greenfield. Factory Village.
	West Foxborough.	Greenwich .	Greenwich Village.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Groton	Groton. West Groton.	Hinsdule	. Hinsdale.
Groreland	Groveland. South Greveland.	Holden .	. Holden. Jeffersonville. Quinapoxet.
Hadley .	· Hadley. · North Hadley.	Holbrook	Holbrook. Brookville.
Halifax	. Halifax.	Holland	. Holland.
Hampden	. Hampden.	TT-11: 4	Holliston East Holliston.
Hamilton	· Hamilton. · Asbury Grove.	Holliston	Braggville. Metcalf.
Hancock	. Hancock.	Holyoke	. Holyoke.
	Hanover. South Hanover.	Hopedale	Hopedale.
Hanover	West Hanover. West Scituate.	Hopkinton	Hopkinton. Woodville. Hayden Row.
Hanson	. Hanson. North Hanson. South Hanson.	Hubbardsto	Hubbardston. E. Hubbardston. Williamsville.
Hardwick	Hardwick. Gilbertville.	Hudson	. Hudson.
	(Furnace. (Harvard.	Hull .	. Hull.
Harvard	Still River.	Huntington	Huntington. Norwich.
Harwich	Harwich Port. East Harwich. North Harwich.	Hyde Park	. Hyde Park. Clarendon Hills. Readville.
	South Harwich. West Harwich.	Ipswich	. Ipswich.
Hutfield	Hatfield. North Hatfield.	Kingston	Kingston. Seaside. Silver Lake.
Huverhill	. { Haverhill. East Haverhill.	Lakeville	. Lakeville.
	(Ayer's Village. (Hawley.	Luncaster	Lancaster. South Lancaster.
Hawley.	· West Hawley.	Lanesboro*	Lanesborough.
Heath .	. Heath.	Laurence	. Lawrence.
Hingham	Hingham. Hingham Centre. South Hingham. West Hingham.	Lee .	. South Lee. East Lee.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
	(Leicester.	Marion	Marion.
Leicester	. Cherry Valley. Rochdale.	Marthorough	Marlborough.
Lenox .	Lenox. Lenox Furnace. New Lenox.	Murshfield	Marshfield. Centre Marshfield. North Marshfield. East Marshfield.
Leouinster	(Leominster.		Brant Rock. Sea View. Green Harbor.
Leverett	Leverett. North Leverett.	Mashpee .	Mashpee.
Lexington	(Lexington.	Mattapoisett	Mattapoisett.
Lexingion	East Lexington.	Maynard .	Maynard.
Leyden	Leyden. West Leyden.	Medfield .	Medfield.
Lincoln	Lincoln South Lincoln.	Medford .	Medford. West Medford. College Hill. Glenwood.
Littleton	Littleton. Littleton Common.		(Wellington.
Longmeador	Longmeadow.	Metivay .	Medway. West Medway.
Loreell .	Lowell. Middlesex Village.	Melrose	Melrose. Melrose Highlands Fells.
Ludlow.	Ludlow.	Mendon .	Mendon.
Lunenburg	. Lunenburg.	Merrimac .	Merrimac. Merrimac Port.
Lynn .	. Lynn.	Methuen .	Methuen.
Lyunfield	Lynnfield. Lynnfield Centre. Malden. Maplewood.	Middleboro' .	Middleborough. N. Middleborough. S. Middleborough. Rock. Eddyville.
Malden	Linden. Faulkner. Edgeworth.	Middlefield .	Middlefield.
16 1	`	Middleton	. Middleton.
Manchester	. Manchester.	Milford .	Milford.
Mansfield	Mansfield. East Mansfield West Mansfield.	Millbury .	Millbury. West Millbury.
Marblehead	· { Marblehead. · Nanepashemet.	Milli×	Millis. Rockville.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Milton	(Milton. East Milton. (Blue Hill.		(Newton. ! Newtonville. Auburndale. West Newton.
Monroe	Monroe.	Newton	Newton Centre. Newton L. Falls.
Monson .	Monson.		Newton U. Falls. Chestnut Hill. Newton Highlands.
Montague .	{ Montague. } Montague City. } Turner's Falls. { Miller's Falls.	Norfolk .	Norfolk.
Monterey .	Monterey.		(North Adams.
Montgomery	Montgomery.	N. 1dams .	Blackinton.
Mt. Wash'gt'n	Mt. Washington.	N. Andover .	North Andover. N. Andover Depot.
Nahant .	Nahant.	N Brookfield	North Brookfield.
Nantucket .	Nantucket. Siasconset.	N. Reading .	North Reading.
Natick	Natick.	Northampton	Northampton, Florence, Leeds,
Needham .	Needham. Highlandville. Charles River Vil.		West Farms. Smith's Ferry.
New Ashford	New Ashford.	Northboro' .	Northborough.
New Bedford	New Bedford.	Northbridge	Northbridge. Northb'dge Centre. Whitinsville.
N. Braintree	New Braintree.		(Northfield.
N. Marlboro'	New Marlborough. Hartsville. Mill River. Southfield.	Northfield .	Northfield Farms. West Northfield. Mount Hermon.
	Clayton. New Salem. Cooleyville.	Norton	Norton. East Norton. Barrowsville. Chartley.
New Salem .	N. New Salem. Millington.	Norwood .	Norwood.
Newbury .	(Newbury. Byfield. South Byfield.	Oakham .	Oakham, Cold Br'k Springs
Newburyport,	Newburyport.	Orange	Orange. North Orange.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Orleans.	Orleans. East Orleans.	Provinceton	n, Provincetown.
0,100,000	South Orleans.		Quincy.
Otis ,	· Otis. · West Otis.	Quincy.	Wollaston. Quincy Point. South Quincy. West Onitor
Oxford .	· (Oxford. · North Oxford.		West Quincy.
	Palmer.	Randolph	. Randolph.
Palmer.	Bond's Village. Thorndike. Three Rivers.	Raynham	· { Raynham. · North Raynham.
Paxton.	. Paxton.	Reading	. Reading.
Peabody	Peabody. South Peabody. West Peabody.	Rehoboth	Rehoboth.
Pelham	. Pelham.		South Rehoboth.
Pembroke	Pembroke. North Pembroke. East Pembroke. Bryantville.	Revere .	· { Revere. · Franklin Park.
Pepperell	Bryantville. Pepperell. East Pepperell.	Richmond	· Richmond. RichmondFurnace
Peru .		Rochester	Rochester. North Rochester.
	. Peru.	Rockland	Rockland.
Petersham	Petersham. Nichewaug.		
Phillipston	. Phillipston. (Pittsfield.	Rockport	· { Rockport. Pigeon Cove.
Pittsfield	West Pittsfield. Pontoosuc.	Rowe .	· {Rowe. Davis.
Plainfield	· Plainfield.	Rowley .	. Rowley.
Plymouth	Plymouth. Chiltonville. North Plymouth. Manomet.	Royalston	· { Royalston. South Royalston.
Plympton	. Plympton.	Russell.	Russell. Salmon Falls.
Prescott	Prescott. North Prescott.	Rutland	Rutland. West Rutland. North Rutland.
Princeton -	Princeton. East Princeton. Mt. Wachusett.	Salem .	. Salem.
	Princeton Depot. Brook Station.	Salisbury	. Salisbury.

TOWNS.	- POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Sandisfield	Sandisfield. Greenleaf. New Boston. Montville.	So. Scituate .	South Scituate. Ridge Hill. Mount Blue.
	South Sandi-field.	Southumpton	Southampton.
Sand wi ch	Sandwich. Forestdale. Last Sandwich. South Sandwich. Spring Hill.	Southooro .	Southborough. Cordaville. Fayville Southville.
Saugus	Saugus. East Saugus.	Southoringe	Southbridge. Globe Village.
	(Clifton Dale,	Southwick .	Southwick.
Suroy .	Savoy.	Spencer .	Spencer.
Scituate	Scituate. Egypt. Scituate Centre. North Scituate.	Springfield .	Springfield. Indian Orchard. Brightwood.
Seekonk	North Scituate. Greenbush.	Sterling	Sterling. Sterling Junction. West Sterling. Pratt's Junction.
Sharon	(Sharon. East Sharon.	Stockbridge .	Stockbridge. Glen Dale. Curtisville.
Sheffield	Sheffield. Ashley Falls.		Stoneham.
Shelburne	Shelburne. Bardwell's Ferry. Shelburne Falls. East Shelburne.	Stoughton .	Stoughton. East Stoughton. North Stoughton.
Sherborn	(Sherborn. South Sherborn.		Stow. Rock Bottom.
Shirley .	Shirley.	Sturbridge .	Sturbridge. Fiskdale.
Shrewsbury	. Shrewsbury.	Sudburn .	Sudbury, South Sudbury, North Sudbury.
Shutesbury	· / Shutesbury. · / Lock's Village.		Sunderland.
Somerset	\ Somerset. ' / Pottersville.	Sutton	Sutton. West Sutton. Manchaug.
Somerrille	. Somerville.		Wilkinsonville.
Śo. Hadley	South Hadley.	Swampscott . {	Swampscott. Beach Bluff.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Swanseu	Swansea. North Swansea. Hortonsville. (Taunton.	Hareham .	Wareham. West Wareham. South Wareham. East Wareham. Onset.
Taunton	East Taunton. Britannia. Walker.	Warren .	Warren. West Warren.
	Templeton. East Templeton.	Warwick .	Warwick.
Templeton .	Baldwinsville.	Washington .	9
Tewksbury	. Tewksbury.	watertown .	Watertown.
Tishury	Vineyard Haven. West Tisbury.	Wayland .	Wayland. Cochituate.
a borner g	North Tisbury.	Webster .	Webster.
Tolland	. Tolland.	Wellesley .	Wellesley. Wellesley Hills.
Topsfield	. Topsfield.	Wellfleet .	Wellfleet.
Townsend	West Townsend.	Wendell	Wendell. Wendell Depot Lock's Village.
Truro .	Truro. North Truro. South Truro.	Wenham .	Wenham Wenham Depot.
	. Tyngsborough.	W. Boylston .	West Boylston.
Tyringham	. Tyringham.		
Upton .	· (West Upton.	West Bridge- water.	W. Bridgewater. Cochesett. Matfield.
Urbridge	Uxbridge. North Uxbridge.	W. Brookfield	West Brookfield.
Wakefield	. { Wakefield. Greenwood. Montrose.	W. Newhury	West Newbury. Artichoke.
Wales .	(Montrose Wales.	West Spring- field	(West Springfield. Mittineague. Merrick.
Walpole	. { Walpole. East Walpole. South Walpole.	West Stock- bridge .	West Stockbridge. State Line. Rock Dale Mills.
Waltham	. Waltham.	Westborough	Westborough.
Ware .	. Ware.	Westfield .	Westfield.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Westford .	Westford. Coldspring. Forge Village. Graniteville.	Williamst'um	Williamstown. S. Williamstown. Blackinton. Sweet's Corner.
Westhampton	(Nashoba. Westhampton.	Wilmington .	Wilmington.
	(Westminster.	Winchendon	Winchendon. Waterville.
Westminster	Westmins'r Depot So. Westminster. Wachusett.	Winchester	
	Weston. Kendall Green.	Windsor	Windsor. East Windsor.
W 630011 ·	' Kendall Green.	Winthrop	. Winthrop.
Westport	(Westport. Westport Point. South Westport. Central Village. North Westport.	Woburn	Woburn. Montvale. North Woburn. Cummingsville.
	(Weymouth.	Worcester	· \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
Weymouth	East Weymouth. North Weymouth. South Weymouth. (Whately.	Worthington	Worthington. W. Worthington. Ringville. So. Worthington.
Whately	· { Whately. East Whately.		(Wrentham.
Whitman	· { Whitman. S. Abington Stat'n.	Wrentham.	W. Wrentham. Plainville. Sheldonville.
Wilbraham	· Wilbraham.	Yarmouth	Yarmouth. Yarmouth Port. South Yarmouth.
Williamsb'g	Williamsburgh.	2 ar month	West Yarmouth. East Yarmouth.

ABRIDGMENT OF U. S. POSTAL REGULATIONS.

POSTAGE

TO ANY PART OF THE U. S. AND THE TERRITORIES; AND TO THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

Two cents for each ounce, or fraction thereof, on letters, sealed packages, mail matter, wholly or partly in writing.

Two cents per ounce, or fruction thereof, on drop-letters where free delivery by carriers is established: where such free delivery is not established, the rate is one cent.

One cent for two ounces, or fraction thereof, on almanacs, books (printed), calendars, catalogues, corrected proofs, hand-bills, pamphlets, posters, proof sheets, and circulars.

One cent for every four ounces on newspapers and magazines of the second class.

One cent for each ounce, or fraction thereof, on blank books, blank cards, book manuscript, card-boards, and other flexible material, engravings, envelopes, letter-envelopes, merchandise, photographic views, printed blanks, printed cards, sample cards, samples of ores, metals, minerals, seeds, cuttings, bulbs, roots, and scions.

POSTAGE TO GREAT BRITAIN AND OTHER FOREIGN COUNTRIES, SEE "POSTAGE ON FOREIGN LETTERS."

REGISTRATION OF DOMESTIC LETTERS.

The Post-Office Department or its revenue is not by law liable for the loss of any registered mail-matter.

Letters, or other mail matter on which postage is fully prepaid, can be registered for transmission between post-offices in the United States or Territories.

The fee for registering at any post-office in the United States or Territories, and addressed to any other office in the United States or Territories, is fixed at ten cents, in addition to the regular postage.

When a "domestic" letter or third-class matter is presented for registration, the postmaster must require the name and post-office address of the sender to be indorsed on the face of the envelope, which must bear stamps of sufficient value to prepay both postage and registry fee.

MONEY ORDERS.

Postal conventions for the exchange of money orders have been concluded with the following foreign countries: viz., Switzerland, Great Britain and Ireland, Germany, Italy, France, Algeria, British East Indies, New South Wales, Victoria, Jamaica, New Zealand, Hawaii, Tasmania, Cape of Good Hope, Windward Islands, Leeward Islands, Japan, Sweden, Hong Kong, Constantinople, and Portugal; also with the Dominion of Canada.

The postmaster of any foreign money-order office in the United States—the same being designated by the Postmaster General—will furnish a blank form of application, on which the sender must enter all the particulars of the amount (in United States money), names, address, etc., and must state the full name and exact residence of the person to whom the order is to be made payable. The postmaster will then issue an international order, to be sent by the remitter to the payee.

The fees or charges on domestic orders are as follows: -

On o	orders	not e	xce	eedin	ıg 🕸					٠	5 cents.
6.6	6.6	over	\$5	and	not	exceeding	\$10				8 cents.
6.6	6.6	6.6	\$10) "	6 6	6.6	\$15				10 cents.
46	6.6	66	\$18	5 "	6.6	5.6	\$30				15 cents.
6.6	4.6	6.6	\$3	0 "	4.6	11	\$40				20 cents.
6.6	6.6	6.6	\$4	0 "	4.6	6.6	\$50				25 cents.
6.6	6 6	6.6	\$5	0 "	4.4	4.6	\$60				30 cents.
4.4	6.6	6.6	\$60	0 "	6.6	6.6	\$70				35 cents.
						4.4					
6.6	6.6	6.6	88	0 "	6.6	44	\$100				45 cents.

A single money order may include any amount from one cent to one hundred dollars inclusive, but must not contain a fractional part of a cent.

The fees on all international orders are, -

							,			
On	orders	not e	exce	eding	g \$1	0 .				10 cts.
6.6	6.6	over	\$10	and	not	exceeding	\$20			¥0 cts.
4.6	4.6	66	\$20	4.6	6 6	6.6	\$30			30 cts.
66	6.6	6 6	830	6.6	6.6	4.4	840			40 cts.

MONEY-ORDER OFFICES IN MASSACHUSETTS.

Abington. *Brockton. Hingham. *Adams. Campello. *Holliston. Amesbury. Canton. *Holyoke. Amherst. Chatham. Hopkinton. Andover. *Chicopee. Hudson. Arlington. Chicopee Falls. Huntington. Ashburnham. City Mills. Hyannis. Ashland. *Clinton. Hyde Park. Athol. College Hill. Indian Orchard. Attleborough. *Concord. *Lawrence. Auburndale. Conway. Lancaster. *Aver. Cottage City. Lee. Baldwinsville. Cummington. Leeds. Barnstable. Danvers. *Leominster. Barre. Dedham. Lenox. Belchertown. Dennis. *Lowell. Berlin. East Bridgewater. *Lvnn. *Beverly. East Douglas. *Malden. Blackstone. *Easthampton. Mansfield. *Boston. East Pepperell. Marblehead. *Brighton Station. East Weymouth. *Marlborough. *Cambridge Station. Edgartown. Maynard. *Cambridgeport St'n. *Everett. *Medford. *Charlestown Station. Fairhaven. Medway. *Chelsea Station. *Fall River. Melrose. *Dorchester Station. Fiskedale. Merrick. *East Boston Station. *Fitchburg. Methuen. *East Cambridge St'n. Framingham. Middleborough. *Jamaica Plain. Foxborough. Milford. Mattapan Station. Florence. Millbury. Franklin. No. Cambridge St'n. Miller's Falls. *Roxbury Station. Gardner. Millville. *Somerville Station. Georgetown. Milton. *South Boston St'u. Globe Village. *Monson. *Stat'n A, South End. *Gloucester. Montague. *Brookline Station. *Great Barrington. Nantucket. Ballardvale. *Greenfield. *Natick Brewster. Harwich. Needham. *Bridgewater. Hatfield. *New Bedford. *Haverhill. Brimfield. *Newburyport. Brookfield. Hinsdale. *Newton.

Shirley Village.

Newton Centre. Southborough. Wareham. Newtonville. *Southbridge. Warnerville. *North Adams. South Deerfield. Warren. *Northampton. South Dennis. Watertown. North Andover Depot. *South Framingham. *Webster. *North Attleborough. South Gardner. Welleslev. *North Brookfield. South Hadley. Wellfleet. Northborough. South Hadley Falls. *Westborough. Northfield. South Natick. *Westfield. Orange. Southville. Westminster. *Orleans. South Weymouth. *West Gardner. Oxford. South Yarmouth. West Lancaster. Palmer. *Spencer. West Medway. Peabody. *Springfield. West Newton. *Pittsfield. *Stoneham. West Upton. *Plymouth. Stoughton. Weymouth. Princeton. Swampscott. Whitinsville. *Provincetown. *Taunton. Whitman. *Quincy. Templeton. Wilbraham. Reading. *Turner's Falls. Williamsburg. Rockland. Upton. Williamstown. Rockport. Uxbridge. Winchendon. *Salem. Vineyard Haven. Winchester. Sandwich. *Wakefield. *Wohurn. Saugus. Wales. Wood's Holl. *Saxonville. *Waltham. *Worcester. *Shelburne Falls. *Ware. Yarmouth Port.

Offices marked with a star are first class, and are authorized to issue and pay international as well as domestic orders.

POSTAL NOTES

For sums not exceeding \$4.99 will be issued and paid at all moneyorder offices on a fee of 3 cents.

POSTAGE ON FOREIGN LETTERS.

Foreign Letters should indicate on the outside the route by which they are to be sent, as the difference by various routes is great. The rate given is for ½ ounce or under. A star (*) against the rate denotes that prepayment is optional, except for registered letters: where there is no star, the postage must be prepaid.

For rates by special routes, and on particular dates, inquire at the post-office.

											Cents.
AUSTRALI	A, N	EW Z	ZEAL.	AND,	and	New	Sot	TH V	VALE	s, via	ı
Sou	tham	pton									. 15
Via B	rindi	si									. 18
New 2											
land	l, via	San	Fran	cisco							. 12
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BELGIUM,											
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Brazil											
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SHANGHA											
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Hong Ko	NG, C	ANTO	N, A	MOY,	SWA	TOW	, Foo	Сн	ow, I	KIUN	G	
Сн	ow, N	INGP	o, an	d H	ANKO	w						10*
CUBA												5*
DENMARI												5*
EGYPT												5*
FRANCE,									via	direc	t	
stea	mer											5*
GIBRALTA												5*
GERMAN	Емрі	RE a	nd A	USTI	RIA							5*
GREAT B	RITAL	x an	d Ir	ELAN	D							5*
GREECE												5*
GUIANA, I												10*
HOLLAND												5*
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INDIA, BI	RITISE	a, als	o Fr	ENCI	ı Co	LONI	ES					10*
Via S	an Fi	rancis	sco									10*
ITALY												5*
MANILA,	Philip	pine	Islaı	nds								10*
MAURITI												10
MEXICO												5
NASSAU												3
Newfour	DLAN	ND										5
Norway												5*
PANAMA												5
PERU												10
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PORTUGA	L, via	Sout	ham	pton	or Li	verp	ool					5*
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SINGAPOI	RE, Vi	a San	Fra	ncisc	0							10*
SPAIN	,											5*
SWEDEN												5*
SWITZERI												5*
TURKEY,												5*
VENEZUE												13
WEST IN												5*
Britis												13

VOTE FOR PRESIDENT IN 1884.

(By Counties.)

Note. — The vote for the first candidate for elector-at-large on each ticket is given. A summary at the end of the tables gives the aggregate vote for all the chief candidates for electors-at-large.

COUNTY OF BARNSTABLE.

-	_	_			_					
To the second se	То	WNS	3.			Blaine.	Cleveland.	Butler.	St. John.	Scattering.
Barnstable Bourne . Brewster Chatham Dennis . Eastham Falmouth Harwich Mashpee Orleans . Provincetov Sandwich Truro . Wellfleet Yarmouth Totals	vn					399 188 77 201 264 55 292 262 159 437 228 93 190 247	229 60 7 77 28 13 123 49 - 25 104 103 42 64	40 13 28 11 39 3 - 97 1 7 39 65 6 6 27 6	6 -1 11 9 10 18 26 1 5 17 22 11 13 12	
			C	OUN	TY C	F BERK	SHIRE.	1	!	·
Adams . Alford . Becket . Cheshire Clarksburg. Dalton . Egremont Florida . Great Barri Hancock Hinsdale Lanesborou Lee .	ngto	n,				505 23 92 117 71 161 104 63 443 82 107 101 413	330 55 106 112 6 154 80 3 358 30 149 90 347	19 -3 1 -1 1 1 -3 -3 -4	13 8 5 10 5 17 12 27 4 15 5 12	

COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE - Concluded

		Co	UNTY	OF	BER	KSHIRE-	- Conclu	ided.		
	T	own	īs.			Blaine.	Cleveland.	Butler.	St. John.	Scattering.
Lenox .						113	215	_	5	_
Monterev				Ċ		61	58	-	8	-
Mt. Washing	gton					25	6	-	1	-
New Ashfor	rd.					15	26	-	-	-
New Marlbo	rou	gh				119	182	-	15	-
North Adam	18	5				856	484	10	73	-
Otis .						68	69	6	4	-
Peru .						64	26	-	3	-
Pittsfield						1,099	1,547	10	33	-
Richmond						73	61	_	-	-
Sandisfield						80	98	15	10	-
Savoy .						67	41	-	-	-
Sheffield						194	149	3	6	-
Stockbridge						199	243	-	7	-
Tyringham						51	63	-	_	-
Washington						26	37	-	4	_
West Stock!	brid	ge				124	150	31	10	-
Williamstov	vn `					286	209	-	14	-
Windsor						69	35	-	2	-
Totals	•	•	٠	٠		5,901	5,519	117	328	-
				Cou	NTY	of Bri	STOI.			
Acushnet						124	31		13	_
Attleboroug	h					1,166	648	36	58	_
Berkley	4.1					161	14	4	10	_
Dartmouth						344	50	5	15	**
Dighton					:	227	41	7	21	
Easton .					:	270	234	17	24	_
Fairhaven						331	138		20	_
Fall River		•				3,204	2,241	337	91	
Freetown						179	32	-	9	-
Mansfield						208	136	23	46	-
New Bedfor	d					2,511	1,352	168	182	_
Norton .					:	193	77	12	3	_
Raynham		•				184	64	3	17	_
Rehoboth						232	55	4	17	-
Seekonk					:	112	66	_	12	-
Somerset						283	96	7	9	-
Swanzey		:				172	45	3	8	-
Taunton					:	2,109	1,123	360	148	-
Westport						281	29	3	18	-
_						70.001	0.485		701	
Totals	٠	٠	•	٠	٠	12,291	6,475	989	721	-

COUNTIES OF DUKES AND NANTUCKET.

	Т	'own	s.		Blaine.	Cleveland.	Butler.	St. John.	Scattering.
Chilmark Cottage City Edgartown Gay Head Gosnold Tisbury					62 73 184 24 12 213	36 46 55 - 9 56 - 202	1 - 5	2 25 5 - 31 - 63	-
Nantucket					328	204	2	17	-

COUNTY OF ESSEX.

		 						,	
Amesbury					323	259	33	13	_
Andover			:	:	479	214	46	26	-
Beverly					815	492	230	77	-
Boxford			•		103	48	7	3	-
Bradford					271	180	55	3	-
Danvers				·	565	276	254	34	-
Essex .				·	191	99	70	5	-
Georgetown					244	120	100	10	-
Gloucester					1,291	961	309	120	-
Groveland		·			174	165	63	11	-
Hamilton					77	72	5	1	-
Haverhill					1,773	1,143	476	117	-
Ipswich					378	258	51	18	-
Lawrence					2,403	2,162	484	114	-
Lynn .					3,463	2,487	1,801	323	-
Lynnfield					78	38	13	11	-
Manchester					135	114	62	41	-
Marblehead					548	648	363	154	-
Merrimac					247	206	13	24	-
Methuen					390	244	33	18	-
Middleton					90	49	12	2	-
Nahant .					43	82	4	7	-
Newbury					184	84	16	9	-
Newburypor	rt				1,075	1,122	127	29	2
North Ando	ver				254	235	36	4	-
Peabody					624	646	219	30	-
Rockport					379	128	121	34	-
Rowley .					153	91	8	8	-

COUNTY OF ESSEX - Concluded.

			-								
	То	wns.	•	-	Blaine.	Cleveland.	Butler.	St. John.	Scattering.		
Salem . Salisbury Saugus . Swampscott Topsfield Wenham West Newbt	:	:	:		 2,071 515 258 242 145 99 224	1,663 273 237 129 67 59 97	374 24 49 22 16 31 85	131 47 29 27 7 9 10	2		
Totals	•	٠			20,304	15,148	5,612	1,506	4		

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN.

Ashfield						102	96	_	18	_
Bernardston						116	75	1	6	
Buckland		•				119	183	5	12	
Charlemont	:	•	•			143	46	4	12	-
Colrain .	•	•	•	:	:	178	64	3	4	_
Conway.	•	•	•	•	:	159	95	ĭ	14	_
Deerfield	:	•	•		:	246	203	23	32	
			•	•		81	82	13	7	_
Erving . Gill .	٠	•	٠		•	86	54	10	10	_
	٠	•	٠	•		443	427	21	48	
Greenfield	٠		٠	•	٠	72	10	1	8	_
Hawley.	٠	•			•	61	26		5	-
Heath .	٠	•		•	٠			35	16	-
Leverett	٠			•		71	32			-
Leyden .	٠					53	40	1	6	-
Monroe						20	2	-	3	-
Montague						315	268	95	32	-
New Salem	٠					123	19	3	9	-
Northfield						148	166	14	11	-
Orange .						486	328	17	39	-
Rowe .						69	19	1	5	-
Shelburne						259	87	6	17	-
Shutesbury						49	18	5	9	-
Sunderland						107	45	_	12	-
Warwick						65	67	2	-	-
Wendell						40	31	3	3	-
Whately						65	94	40	7	-
Totals						3,676	2,577	294	345	-

COUNTY OF HAMPDEN.

	То	WNS		Blaine.	Cleveland.	Butler.	St. John.	Scattering.
Agawam				113	200	7	21	_
Blandford				104	88	_	3	-
Brimfield				96	80	_	12	-
Chester .				155	107	4	10	-
Chicopee				567	695	103	58	-
Granville				121	120	1	1	-
Hampden				96	71	_	3	-
Holland				32	19	1	-	_
Holyoke				1,327	1,277	154	69	_
Longmeado	W			125	114	6	9	-
Ludlow				122	55	4	15	-
Monson				357	229	4	22	-
Montgomery	7.			43	20	1	2	_
Palmer .				335	309	10	53	-
Russell				43	57	29	4	-
Southwick				100	93	3	1	-
Springfield				2,967	2,592	379	170	-
Tolland				38	27	11	-	-
Wales .				83	47	3	5	-
Westfield				644	800	85	54	-
West Sprin	gfie	ld		265	186	24	35	i -
Wilbraham				164	59	-	18	-
Totals				7,897	7,245	829	565	-

COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE.

Amherst						374	224	23	83	_
Belchertow	m					178	133	29	34	_
Chesterfield	d.					107	41	3	2	_
Cummingto	on					114	51	2	9	
Easthampt	on					325	292	9	25	_
Enfield .						107	76		7	_
Goshen .						57	6			_
Granby.	•					73	53	1	13	
Greenwich		•			- 1	53	41	3	5	_
Hadley .	•	•	•			171	103	12	15	_
Hatfield.	•	•		•	•	120	110	6	3	_
Huntington		•	•	٠	•		59			_
Middlefield			•	۰		113		28	2	-
		•		•	•	67	12	67	-	-
Northampt	on	•		•		889	747	100	66	-
Pelham .				•		42	32	5	15	-
Plainfield	•				•	86	6	-	-	~
					1					

COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE - Concluded.

Towns.			Cou	NTX	OF I	LAM	PSHIKE -	_ Concia	ueu.		
South Hadley		To	wns.				Blaine.	Cleveland.	Butler.	St. John.	Scatturing.
Arlington	South Hadley Scuthampton Ware . Westhampto Williamsburg Worthington	n g	:		:		247 135 387 68 153 100 4,013	207 36 278 12 149 47 2,730	2 1 13 - 35 5	5 9 9 9 5	-
Arlington					OUN:	ry C				1 -	
Ashby 131 59 5 10 - Ashland 220 126 38 7 - Ayer 212 184 5 14 - Bedford 106 49 12 9 - Belmont 169 177 24 15 - Billerica 279 54 18 5 - Boxborough 31 40 1 3 - Burlington 36 54 12 - - Cambridge 3,430 4,040 664 323 - Carlisle 86 26 2 2 - Chelmsford 296 78 66 15 - Oncord 333 258 21 18 - Dracut 156 107 6 1 - Dunstable 52 59 - - - Ever											-
Ashland	Arlington				•	•					-
Ayer 212 184 5 14 - Bedford 106 49 12 9 - Belmont 106 49 12 9 - Billerica 279 54 18 5 - Boxborough 31 40 1 3 - Burlington 36 54 12 - - Cambridge 3,430 4,040 664 323 - - Carlisle 86 26 2 2 2 - Chelmsford 296 78 66 15 - - Concord 333 258 21 18 - Dracut 156 107 6 1 - Dunstable 52 59 - - - - Everett 486 382 29 55 - - - - - -		٠									-
Bedford 106 49 12 9 - Belmont 189 1177 24 15 - Billerica 279 54 18 5 - Boxborough 31 40 1 3 - Burlington 36 54 12 - - Cambridge 3,430 4,040 664 323 - Carlisle 86 26 2 2 - Chelmsford 296 78 66 15 - Concord 333 258 21 18 - Dracut 156 107 6 1 - Drunstable 52 59 - - - Everett 486 382 29 55 - Framingham 579 550 89 34 - Groton 223 118 1 11 -		٠				•	220				-
Belmont 169 177 24 15 - Billerica 279 54 18 5 - Boxborough , 31 40 1 3 - Burlington , 36 54 12 -	Ayer .	•									-
Billerica 279 54 18 5 - Boxborough , 31 40 1 3 - Burlington , 36 54 12 - - Cambridge 3,430 4,040 664 323 - Carlisle 86 26 2 2 - Chelmsford 296 78 66 15 - Concord 333 258 21 18 - Dracut 156 107 6 1 - Dunstable 52 59 - - - - Everett 486 382 29 55 - - - - Framingham 579 550 89 34 -<								49			-
Boxborough , 31 40 1 3 - Burlington . 36 54 12 - - - Cambridge . 3,430 4,040 664 323 - - Carlisle . 86 26 2 2 - Chelmsford . 296 78 66 15 - Concord . 333 258 21 18 - Dracut . 156 107 6 1 - Dunstable . 52 59 - - - - Everett . 486 882 29 55 -		٠									-
Burlington		٠									-
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Chelmsford 296 78 66 15 - Concord 333 258 21 18 - Dracut 156 107 6 1 - Dunstable 52 59 - - - - Everett 486 382 29 55 - - - Framingham 579 550 89 34 -	Cambridge										-
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Framingham											-
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Holiston 278 220 78 42 - Hopkinton 305 293 85 14 - Itudson 307 155 214 57 - Lexington 264 185 10 6 - Lincoln 83 46 - 6 - Littleton 125 59 4 3 - Lowell 4,785 3,710 843 142 - Malden 1,350 1,098 189 105 - Marlborough 662 3 43 65 - Maynard 215 123 35 9 - Melrose 577 419 21 43 -		l									-
Hopkinton							223		1		-
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Lexington 264 185 10 6 - Lincoln 83 46 - 6 - Littleton 125 59 4 3 - Lowell 4,785 3,710 843 142 - Malden 1,350 1,098 189 105 - Marlborough 662 507 438 65 - Maynard 215 123 35 9 - Medford 687 682 48 35 - Melrose 577 419 21 43 -	Hopkinton										-
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Medford 687 682 48 35 - Melrose 577 419 21 43 -	Marlborough	1									
Melrose 577 419 21 43 -	Maynard										-
											-
Natick 638 460 540 80 -		٠		٠							-
	Natick .					٠	638	460	540	80	-

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX - Concluded.

	То	WN9			Blaine.	Cleveland.	Butler.	St. John.	Scattering.
Newton North Readi Pepperell Reading Sherborn Shirley Somerville Stoneham Stow Sudbury Tewksbury Townsend Tyngsborou Wakefield Waltham Watertown Wayland Westford Wildmington Wildmington Winchester					1,594 99 249 380 105 164 2,106 556 102 129 160 210 79 579 1,217 446 151 233 156 833	1,158 49 145 194 62 44 1,525 244 71 81 81 54 98 39 389 1,087 413 58 144 76 24 336	124 6 16 57 5 13 251 305 17 13 - 192 179 136 101 3 2 257	135 9 15 47 11 4 120 56 2 9 13 - 38 48 48 42 6 12 9 6	
Woburn		:	:	:	795	1,060	265	50	=
Totals					27,654	22,206	5,339	1,818	-

COUNTY OF NORFOLK.

									}	
Bellingham						103	65	9	7	-
Braintree						322	352	104	16	-
Brookline						613	670	51	36	_
Canton .						295	377	9	13	_
Cohasset						237	138	2	17	-
Dedham						502	472	188	15	_
Dover .	Ĭ					51	41	5	6	_
Foxborough	١.					354	145	12	20	-
Franklin						340	186	6	29	
Holbrook	•			:		287	185	15	10	_
Hyde Park	•	•	•	:	- 1	626	474	111	56	
Medfield	•	•	•	•	•	137	99	5	7	
	٠			•	•	317		117	0.5	-
Medway	۰						222		35	-
Milton .						261	263	14	14	-
Needham						250	146	21	15	-
Norfolk.						56	42	1	11	-
							}			
						1				

COUNTY OF NORFOLK - Concluded.

	То	wns		Blaine.	Cleveland.	Butler.	St. John.	Scattering.
Norwood Quincy . Randolph Sharon . Stoughton Walpole Wellesley Weymouth Wrentham			 •	221 917 262 118 494 227 172 923 266	248 919 382 133 486 208 193 760 115	53 115 236 9 47 - 28 254 14	20 84 12 10 32 10 25 113 12	
Totals				8,351	7,321	1,426	625	-

COUNTY OF PLYMOUTH.

Abington Bridgewate Brockton	r.	:	:_	:		367 331 1,714	303 264 781	121 22 631	23 14 127	-
Carver .	•	:		:		56	59	40	7	_
Duxbury						214	105	7	5	-
East Bridge	wate	er				269	240	25	25	-
Halifax .						75	27	1	3	-
Hanover						190	93	41	47	-
Hanson .						112	63	27	10	-
Hingham	•		•	٠		459	296	11	61	-
Hull .	•	٠	•	٠		26 169	47 124	12	13 14	-
Kingston Lakeville	•	٠	•	٠	-	102	46	3	15	-
Marion .	•		•	•	•	82	46	8	17	_
Marshfield	•	•	:	٠	•	158	108	1	7	_
Mattapoiset	t.			:		188	15	_	17	_
Middleboro	ugh					554	298	58	93	-
Pembroke						129	86	24	15	-
Plymouth						750	421	107	23	-
Plympton						50	83	7	2	-
Rochester	•	٠				98	14	20	7 -	-
Rockland	•	٠	•	٠	•	408	245	209	68	-
Scituate South Abin	***	۰	٠	٠	•	209 363	147 235	42 153	42 34	-
South Scitu		٠	•	٠	•	186	124	199	23	_
Wareham	a00	•		:	:	230	117	55	20	
West Bridg	ewat	er		•		164	68	39	īĭ	-
Totals						7,653	4,455	1,667	743	-
							1			

COUNTY OF SUFFOLK.

	wns,	,		Blaine.	Cleveland.	Butler.	St. John.	Scattering.	
Boston . Chelsea . Revere . Winthrop	•	:	:	:	20,827 2,110 235 111 23,283	32,572 1,677 236 136 34,621	3,718 151 10 1 3,880	1,251 120 23 4 1,398	-

COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

					010	0.0	_		
Ashburnham					218	96	7	14	2
Athol					439	328	109	24	-
Auburn					95	41	7	11	_
				-	250	109	6	11	
									-
Berlin					147	20	12	7	-
Blackstone .					273	456	19	9	100
Bolton					107	27	9	13	_
Boylston		-			93	30	1	11	_
Brookfield .	•	٠	:		312	229	34	23	
		٠	-						
Charlton .					237	109	4	15	-
Clinton					630	683	42	16	-
Dana					58	49	3	7	-
Douglas .					173	222	5	18	_
Dudley	٠	•	•	•	134	131	60	5	_
Dudley		۰		۰		959	85	76	
Fitchburg .					1,507				-
Gardner .					569	563	46	21	-
Grafton					392	134	52	17	_
Hardwick .					195	134	7	3	-
Harvard .					118	98	9	8	_
Holden		-	•		217	70	29	8	
			•	_	145	92	11		_
Hubbardston		۰						14	-
Lancaster .					221	64	18	3	-
Leicester .					290	165	34	15	
Leominster .					780	265	37	3	
Lunenburg .					121	36	23	15	
Mendon	•	:	•		115	65	6	12	_
Milford	٠	-			780	728	204		-
Milliora	•			•				33	-
Millbury .		۰			366	194	31	8	-
New Braintree					48	48	-	3	-
Northborough			-		169	114	8	7	-
Northbridge .					340	124	43	45	_
North Brookfiel		:		•	324	240	131	27	
	u.	-			72		101		_
Oakham .		۰				36	_	12	-
Oxford					18ú	171	20	42	-

County of Worcester - Concluded.

	_		 	 				
	Tow	vns.		Blaine.	Cleveland.	Butler.	St. John.	Scattering.
Daxton .				82	28	1	5	-
Petersham				132	63	4	7	-
Phillipston				93	27	3	_	-
Princeton				7.19	26	3 5 7	12	-
Royalston				176	43	7	5	-
Rutland				93	52	6	14	-
Shrewsbury				182	71	15	31	-
Southboroug	h			180	140	3	4	-
Southbridge				413	439	19	20	-
Spencer				542	261	191	52	-
Sterling.				196	48	-	3	_
Sturbridge				183	137	2	10	-
Sutton .				211	110	32	23	-
Templeton				291	185	19	18	-
Upton .				203	115	59	17	_
Uxbridge				317	205	2	11	_
Warren.				290	260	15	55	-
Webster				334	322	87	19	_
Westboroug	h			495	288	80	37	_
West Boylst				231	110	13	15	-
West Brook				136	176	8	32	_
Westminster				221	70	1	14	-
Winchendon				475	178	7	36	_
Worcester				5,954	2,525	1,804	287	-
Totals				21,661	12,712	3,495	1,286	2

Aggregate of Votes for Presidential Electors-at-large for 1884.

	All others.	1111111111110
Joun.	Alonzo A. Miner.	162 328 328 721 63 345 345 345 345 345 345 11,816 11,816 11,846 11,286 11,286
Sr. J	Robert C. Pitman.	162 328 721 63 1,506 345 665 1,818 1,818 1,818 1,398 1,286 6,923
CER.	Albion C. Urinkwater.	382 117 989 6,000 295 830 295 830 1,426 1,426 3,877 8,425 8,4275
BUTLER.	Јорп Г. Вакет.	382 111 111 889 66 6 6612 294 829 829 829 1,425 1,667 3,495 3,495 3,495 3,495
LAND.	Reuben Noble.	937 6,519 6,475 201 15,151 2,575 22,739 22,739 22,739 4,455 4,455 4,455 12,698
CLEVELAND.	Јопаз Н. French.	937 6,475 6,475 6,475 202 115,148 2,577 7,247 7,247 7,247 7,321 4,456 4,456 12,712
BLAINE.	Thomas JodfaT	3,144 5,901 12,230 20,305 3,676 7,894 7,894 7,633 27,613 27,633 27,633 27,633 27,633 27,633 27,633 27,633 27,633 27,633 27,633
BLA	Mark Mopkins.	3,144 5,901 12,291 12,291 20,304 7,897 4,013 27,654 8,351 7,658 23,253 21,658 21,611
	S.	
	COUNTIES	Barnstable Berkshire. Bristol Dukes Fistol Fistol Hampden Hampelex Nautocket Nymouth Suffolk Worcester. Totals.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR.

(BY COUNTIES.)

COUNTY OF BARNSTABLE.

Т	'ow2	vs.		Ames.	Andrew.	Lothrop.	McNeil.	All others.
Barnstable, Bourne, . Brewster, Chatham, Pennis, . Eastham, Falmouth, Harwich, Mashpee, Orleans, Provincetow Sandwich, Truro, Wellfleet, Yarmouth, Totals,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			238 124 72 100 121 36 196 197 44 86 207 189 58 119 154	172 41 8 42 25 5 5 5 3 47 - 25 98 127 17 33 35	3 -4 16 12 6 26 20 2 2 -10 23 1 3 8		1

Adams, .					405	305	59	-	-
Alford, .					20	48	5	-	_
Becket, .					73	83	20	_	-
Cheshire,					99	112	13	_	_
Clarksburg,				. 1	26	4	-	_	-
Dalton, .					128	150	16	_	_
Egremont,					77	72	16	_	_
Florida,	٠				26	8	6	_	_
Great Barri	· arto		•		323	301	46	_	_
Hancock,	ığıı	-	•		58	14	9		
Hinsdale,	•	•			102	138	15	_	
			٠					-	_
Lanesboroug	ζh,				91	79	3	-	-
Lee, .					287	258	60	_	-
Lenox, .					101	200	9	-	-
Monterey,					31	44	22	-	-
200000000000000000000000000000000000000									
							1		1

COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE - Concluded.

Tow	NS.			Ames.	Andrew.	Lothrop.	McNeil.	All others.		
Mount Washin	gton.			24	8	1	_	_		
New Ashford,				12	16	3	-	-		
New Marlboro				86	147	33	2	_		
North Adams,				772	476	26	-	-		
Otis,				46	50	20	-	_		
Peru,				43	24	4	_	-		
Pittsfield, .				929	1,306	56	-	_		
Richmond, .				56	43	-	-	-		
Sandisfield, .				39	88	33	_	_		
Savoy,				44	51	7	_	_		
Sheffield.				163	142	18	_	_		
Stockbridge, .				173	167	17	_	_		
Tyringham, .				38	53	7	-	_		
Washington, .				34	37	8	_	_		
West Stockbri	dge.			81	133	15	-	_		
Williamstown,			·	172	190	26	_	-		
Windsor, .				73	35	-	-	-		
Totals, .				4,632	4,782	573	2	-		

COUNTY OF BRISTOL.

Acushnet.			64	13	9	-	-
Attleboroug	h.		720	422	64	-	-
Berkley,			111	19	4	-	-
Dartmouth,			211	8	31	-	12
Dighton,			177	46	28	-	_
Easton, .			332	144	4	-	1
Fairhaven,			156	57	59	-	1
Fall River.			2,744	3,040	53		_
Freetown,			100	19	8	_	_
Mansfield,			147	83	26	_	_
New Bedfor	d.		1,627	901	195	_	3
Norton	,		100	31	_	_	_
Raynham,			119	25	7	_	_
Rehoboth.			183	30	11	_ [_
Seekonk,			45	47	5	_	_
Somerset,			256	132	14	_	-
Swansea,			156	41	22	_	_
Taunton,			1,573	1,035	159	_	_
Westport,			270	20	22	_	3
Totals,			9,091	6,113	721	-	20

COUNTY OF DUKES COUNTY.

Т	'ow:	NS.		Ames.	Andrew.	Lothrop.	McNeil.	All others.
Chilmark, Cottage City Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, Tisbury,			:	 13 33 74 12 7	14 56 35 - 2 28	16 32 3 - - 52	- - - -	
Totals,				210	135	103		-

COUNTY OF ESSEX.

Amesbury,				541	426	32		1
				404	203	24	-	1
Audover,	•	٠	٠	983	334	43	_	_
	•		٠	983 79	28	9	_	_
		٠	٠		145	11	-	_
				208			-	45
				568	222	29	_	40
Essex, .				154	120	, 5	-	-
Georgetown,			٠	217	151	5	-	7
Gloucester,				1,449	771	24	-	1
				173	184	6	-	-
Hamilton,				65	48	4	-	-
				1,507	1,244	102	-	2
				323	212	18	-	-
				2,221	2,390	115	-	1
				3,719	3,466	155	-	11
				72	31	3	-	-
Manchester,				143	120	33	-	-
Marblebead,				618	742	104	-	-
				184	162	24	-	-
				315	209	17	-	-
				81	40	1	-	4
Nahant, .				45	65	2	-	-
				136	56	-	-	1
Newburyport	t,			805	975	-	-	-
North Andov	er,		.)	207	225	7	-	1
Peabody,				770	591	31	- 1	-
				351	131	8	-	-
Rowley,.				146	67	8	-	-
Salem, .				2,024	1,484	62	-	-
Salisbury,				99	74	7	-	-
Saugus, .				261	232	16	-	-
Swampscott,				240	93	14	-	-
e								

County of Essex - Concluded.

				-		-			
Т	'OWN	S.			Ames.	Andrew.	Lothrop.	McNeil.	All others.
Topsfield, Wenham, West Newbo	inry,		:		87 108 161	29 57 94	17 5		- 3
Totals,					19,474	15,421	941	-	70
			C	OUN	TY OF F	'RANKLII	Ţ.,		
Ashfield, Bernardston Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Conway, Deerfield, Erving, Gill, Greenfield, Hawley, Heath, Leverett, Leyden, Monroe, Montague, New Salem, Northfield, Orange, Shelburne, Shulburne, Shulesburne, Shulesburne, Warwick, Wendell, Whately, Totals,					57 99 95 90 129 133 126 51 50 349 45 61 53 40 18 211 79 2 351 48 152 35 8 40 158 211 48 48 49 49 45 49 45 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	48 58 129 38 39 92 216 103 377 13 23 47 17 124 223 41 50 22 42 49 18 102	39 13 26 30 11 5 43 7 2 49 11 2 2 49 11 2 2 3 3 14 10 42 15 16 17 18 19 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		1
			С	oun	ту ог Н	AMPDEN			
Agawam, Blandford, Brimfield,	:	:	:	:	98 87 69	162 69 51	20 - 28	Ξ	-

COUNTY OF HAMPDEN - Concluded.

То	WNS		Ames.	Andrew.	Lothrop.	McNeil.	All others.
Granville, Hampden, Holland, Holyoke, Longmeadow Ludlow,	·		120 445 77 90 26 1,160 87 119 248 33 255 75 2,572 24 57 482 211 156	92 602 89 72 7 1,311 73 38 174 18 313 57 105 2,046 27 58 157 67	14 64 - 4 4 2 50 12 17 23 1 67 - 4 131 - 6 6 6 6 6 7 14 32		3 1 3 3 1 1 9

COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE.

Amherst, .		322	249	39	-	_
Belchertown,		135	96	16	-	
Chesterfield, .		76	15	20	-	_
Cummington,		95	38	17	-	-
Easthampton,		201	258	31	-	_
Enfield		124	52	3	-	-
Goshen, .		55	4	7	-	-
Granby, .		46	33	10	-	-
Greenwich, .		50	27	3	-	_
Hadley,		105	62	16	-	-
Hatfield, .		89	120	6	-	-
Huntington, .		104	85	5	-	1
Middlefield, .		41	14	3	-	-
Northampton,		672	695	81	_	1
Pelham,		45	27	6	-	-
Plainfield		76	14	14	-	-
Prescott, .		32	18	-	-	-
South Hadley,		210	186	21		-
Southampton,		81	22	10	-	-
				1		

COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE - Concluded.

Towns.		Ames.	Andrew.	Lothrop.	McNeil.	All others.
Ware,		287 48 119 82 3,095	327 5 129 27	5 24 68 4	-	2

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

				1		1		
Acton				199	152	12		
	٠	٠	٠	371	296	3	_	_
Arlington,		•	٠				-	-
Ashby, .				98	57	12	-	-
Ashland,				192	110	4	-	-
Ayer, .				149	171	15	-	-
Bedford,				96	44	2	-	-
Belmont,				148	92	4	-	_
Billerica,				206	85	9	_	-
Boxborough				34	37	1	_	
Burlington,				37	43	2	_ 1	
Cambridge,	•			2,969	3,358	190	_	7
Carlisle,				73	17	-		
Chelmsford,		•		237	103	12		_
Concord.		•	•	264	189	6	-	_
			•	112	102	5	-	
Dracut, .	٠		•				-	-
Dunstable,			•	47	54	2	-	-
Everett,				490	290	33	-	~
Framinghan	l,			636	677	46	- 1	-
Groton, .				189	97	7	-	
Holliston,	٠			234	204	35	-	-
Hopkinton,				318	401	5	-	-
Hudson,				246	275	81	_	_
Lexington,				245	120	1	_	_
Lincoln,				71	27	9	_	
Littleton,				103	40	ĭ	_	
Lowell, .				4,171	4,271	137	_	2
Malden, .				1,524	1,060	61		2
Marlborough				525	906	47	2	۵
Maynard,	.,			165	123		_	_
Medford,				692	507	13	-	_
	٠	٠		565	319		- 1	-
Melrose,	•		•			6	-	-
Natick, .	٠		•	645	736	70	-	-
	•			1,390	941	52	-	-
North Readi	ng,			90	31	-	-	-

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX - Concluded.

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX - Concluded.												
т	OWN	ís.			Ames.	Andrew.	Lothrop.	McNeil.	All others.			
Pepperell, Reading, Sherborn, Shirley, Somerville, Stoneham, Stow, Tewksbury, Townsend, Tyngsborou Wakefield, Waltham, Wayland, Westford, Westford, Wilmington Winchester,	gh,				218 341 99 90 1,692 522 81 105 134 160 62 601 1,133 443 443 177 134 62 355 62 62 355 62 63 63 64 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65	149 181 61 47 1,138 450 50 50 56 114 38 390 895 351 100 146 52 40	12 46 5 4 68 34 - 12 27 - 4 24 19 - 17 - 5 5 32	28	1 1			
Woburn, Totals,					24,843	1,053 21,627	1,192	110	14			
Nantucket,	•	•	C	oun:	342	ANTUCKE	20	-	-			
			(Cour	NTY OF I	NORFOLE						
Bellingham, Braintree, Brookline, Canton, Cohasset, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough Franklin, Holbrook, Hyde Park, Mcdfield, Medway. Millis,					67 335 562 274 162 532 56 232 233 212 648 118 193 76	45 273 533 388 66 398 29 122 165 162 456 74 166 43	8 8 13 7 16 - 11 26 53 4 39 10 54 2	1111111111111	5			

COUNTY OF NORFOLK - Concluded.

COUNTY OF MONFOLK - CONCERNOR.												
Т	OWN	S.			Ames.	Andrew.	Lothrop.	McNeil.	All others.			
Milton, . Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Quiney, . Randolph, Sharon, . Stoughton, Walpole, Wellesley, Weymouth, Wrentham,					273 226 39 227 761 258 111 264 157 154 721 145	178 145 34 226 833 431 133 487 155 150 690 58	3 4 10 21 16 7 12 25 14 10 59	-	- - - 1 10 - - 2			
Totals,		۰			7,036	6,390	439	-	23			
Abington, Bridgewater		:		OUN	260 232	326 221	18 7	-	-			
Brockton, Carver,		:			1,570 40	1,333 76	127 13	-	6			
Duxbury, East Bridge Halifax,	wate	r,	:		96 204 54	71 192 12	35 6	-	-			
Hanover, Hanson, . Hingham,					123 67 360	64 40 142	14 15 48		-			
Hull, Kingston, Lakeville,					16 148 47	16 115 38	2	-	- 1			
Marion, . Marshfield, Mattapoisett		:			81 129 183	40 81 9	13 - 22	-	-			
Middleborou Pembroke, Plymouth,	igh,	:			299 79 600	217 48 480	89 15 10	-	-			
Plympton, Rochester, Rockland,					41 69 417	59 25 349	5 2 23		- - 1			
Scituate, South Scitus Wareham,			:		152 118 202	152 75 165	14 14 16	-	-			
West Bridge Whitman,	• wat	er,		•	131 286	67 231	11 24	-	1			
Totals,	٠	٠	٠		6,004	4,644	573	-	9			

COUNTY OF SUFFOLK.

7	row:	NS.		Ames.	Andrew.	Lothrop.	McNeil.	All others.
Boston, . Chelsea, Revere, . Winthrop,		:	:	18,352 1,851 278 160 20,641	26,633 1,430 208 102 28,373	462 55 24 8 549	-	20 20

COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

				1	,	1		1
								-
Ashburnham,				176	86	14	_	1
Athol,				355	277	31	-	-
Auburn, .				65	35	21	_	-
Barre,				180	101	42	-	-
Berlin,		:		93	18	18	_	_
				102	409	11	_	
Blackstone, .		•			19	19	_	-
Bolton,			•	66			_	_
Boylston, .				56	26	11	-	_
Brookfield, .				149	233	37	_	-
Charlton, .				180	104	9	_	-
Clinton,				535	734	74	-	1
Dana,				37	31	30	_	_
Douglas, .				142	145	14	-	-
Dudley,				108	155	2	_	_
Fitchburg,		Ċ		1,180	862	90	_	1
		-		356	337	83		1
	•	٠		265	160	20		
Grafton,	•					_	_	_
Hardwick, .	٠			179	92	-	-	_
Harvard, .				89	64	12	-	-
Holden,				145	93	27	-	-
Hopedale, .				115	38	5	-	-
Hubbardston.				99	46	28	-	-
Lancaster				157	83	5	-	-
Leicester, .				234	178	10	_	_
Leominster, .	•			602	244	33	_	_
T . 1	:			74	21	18	_	_
		•	•	82	41	8	_	_
	٠	•	•	352	658	77	_	2
Milford,		٠					-	4
Millbury, .				276	167	2	-	_
New Braintree,				41	27	1	-	_
Northborough,				129	87	8	-	-
Northbridge,				246	116	55	-	-
North Brookfield				302	343	18	-	-
Oakham				41	24	9	-	-
•		-	-					
			- 1		,			

Vote for State Officers — 1886.

COUNTY OF WORCESTER - Concluded.

Town	S.		Ames.	Andrew.	Lothrop.	McNeil.	All others.
Oxford,			175 70 94 50 89 99 99 52 150 140 896 407 134 112 129 166 158 277 204 287 383 155 96 139 96 149 287	117 21 59 11 25 52 49 86 102 414 45 41 109 124 115 143 166 199 96 132 48 443 4,111	18 4 4 12 21 9 7 7 28 31 4 4 6 100 111 23 13 25 57 9 6 6 40 18 12 49 273		
Totals, .			16,026	13,513	1,583	-	6

AGGREGATE OF VOTES FOR GOVERNOR.

Countr	ES.		Ames.	Andrew.	Lothrop.	McNeil.	All others.
Barnstable, Berkshire, Bristol, Dukes, Essex, Franklin, Hampden, Hampshire, Middlesex, Nantucket, Norfolk, Plymouth, Suffolk, Worcester,			1,851 4,632 9,091 210 19,474 2,575 6,526 3,095 24,843 342 7,036 6,004 20,641 16,026	728 4,782 6,113 135 15,421 2,256 6,144 2,503 21,627 254 6,390 4,644 28,373 13,513	134 573 721 103 941 458 556 409 1,192 20 439 573 549 1,583	110	2
Totals, .			122,346	112,883	8,251	112	177
				1			
Oliver Ames of E John F. Andrew Thomas J. Lothro George E. McNei James Sumner of	of Bosto op of Ta l of Bos	on aunto		ernor.			122,346 112,883 8,251 112 49
All others							128
John Q. A. Brack				t-Gove	rnor.		119,817
Frank K. Foster of				: :			114,839
John Blackmer of							8,903
All others							85
		_		Comn	nonwe	alth.	
Henry B. Peirce o							122,684
John R. Thayer o							113,109
George Kempton							8,408
A. A. Carleton of All others	somery	/IIIe					60
All others	•	•					30

For Treasurer a	nd :	Rec	eive	er-G	ene	eral.		
Alanson W. Beard of Boston			. •					122,060
Lewis Warner of Northampton								
John L. Kilbon of Lee								8,379
Samuel M. Fairfield of Malden								54
Robert Howard of Fall River								53
All others								45
For Audito	or o	f A	.cco	unt	S.			
Charles R. Ladd of Springfield							٠	
William F. Cook of Springfield								111,812
William W. Sherman of Lowell								8,419
T. C. Thompson of Boston .								59
All others								29
For Atto	rne	y-G	ene	ral.				
Edgar J. Sherman of Lawrence								124,269
John W. Corcoran of Clinton								111,543
Samuel M. Fairfield of Malden								8,386
Asa F. Hall of Hudson								58
All others								39
For Execut	ive							
For Execut	RICT	Co	unc	illoı	rs.			
For Execut	RICT	Co	unc	illoı	rs.		٠	14,865
For Execut	RICT	Co.	unc	illoı	rs.			9,978
For Execut Dist. Jonathan Bourne of New Bedfor	RICT d orou	Co No.	unc	illo:	rs.			9,978
For Execut DIST: Jonathan Bourne of New Bedfor Charles C. Carpenter of Middleb	RICT d orou	Co No.	unc	illoı	rs.			9,978 1,287
For Execut DIST Jonathan Bourne of New Bedfor Charles C. Carpenter of Middleb Nehemiah P. Baker of Falmouth	RICT d orou	Co No.	unc	illoı	rs.			9,978 1,287
For Execut DIST: Jonathan Bourne of New Bedfor Charles C. Carpenter of Middleb Nchemiah P. Baker of Falmouth All others	RICT d orou	Co No.	unc:	illoı	rs.			9,978 1,287 1
For Execut DIST: Jonathan Bourne of New Bedfor Charles C. Carpenter of Middleb Nchemiah P. Baker of Falmouth All others DIST: Warren E. Locke of Norwood	RICT d orou	Co No.	unc	:				9,978 1,287 1
For Execut DIST: Jonathan Bourne of New Bedfor Charles C. Carpenter of Middleb Nchemiah P. Baker of Falmouth All others DIST: Warren E. Locke of Norwood William Aspinwall of Brookline	RICT d orou	Co No.	unc	:		:		9,978 1,287 1
For Execut DIST: Jonathan Bourne of New Bedfor Charles C. Carpenter of Middleb Nchemiah P. Baker of Falmouth All others DIST: Warren E. Locke of Norwood William Aspinwall of Brookline Robert Porter of Stoughton .	RICT d orou	Co No.	unc	:				9,978 1,287 1
For Execut DIST Jonathan Bourne of New Bedfor Charles C. Carpenter of Middleb Nehemiah P. Baker of Falmouth All others DIST Warren E. Locke of Norwood William Aspinwall of Brookline Robert Porter of Stoughton . Charles H. Carpenter of Middleb	RICT d orou	Co No. gh	unc:	:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			9,978 1,287 1 . 16,395 13,935 918 172
For Execut DIST: Jonathan Bourne of New Bedfor Charles C. Carpenter of Middleb Nchemiah P. Baker of Falmouth All others DIST: Warren E. Locke of Norwood William Aspinwall of Brookline Robert Porter of Stoughton .	RICT d orou	Co No. gh	unc:	:		:		9,978 1,287 1
For Execut Dist: Jonathan Bourne of New Bedfor Charles C. Carpenter of Middleb Nchemiah P. Baker of Falmouth All others Dist: Warren E. Locke of Norwood William Aspinwall of Brookline Robert Porter of Stoughton . Charles H. Carpenter of Middleb All others	RICT d orou orou	Coo Noo.	unc	:				9,978 1,287 1 . 16,395 13,935 918 172
For Execut Dist: Jonathan Bourne of New Bedfor Charles C. Carpenter of Middleb Nchemiah P. Baker of Falmouth All others Dist: Warren E. Locke of Norwood William Aspinwall of Brookline Robert Porter of Stoughton . Charles H. Carpenter of Middleb All others Dist:	RICT	Coo Noo.	unc. 1					9,978 1,287 1 16,395 13,935 918 172 6
For Execut DIST: Jonathan Bourne of New Bedfor Charles C. Carpenter of Middleb Nehemiah P. Baker of Falmouth All others DIST: Warren E. Locke of Norwood William Aspinwall of Brookline Robert Porter of Stoughton . Charles H. Carpenter of Middleb All others DIST: Ebenezer M. McPherson of Boste	RICT	Co No.	unc. 1					9,978 1,287 1 . 16,395 13,935 918 172 6
For Execut Dist: Jonathan Bourne of New Bedfor Charles C. Carpenter of Middleb Nehemiah P. Baker of Falmouth All others DIST: Warren E. Locke of Norwood William Aspinwall of Brookline Robert Porter of Stoughton . Charles H. Carpenter of Middleb All others DIST: Ebenezer M. McPherson of Bosto Joseph Caldwell of Boston .	RICT	Co No.	unce . 1		rs.			9,978 1,287 1 . 16,395 13,935 918 172 6 15,725 12,514
For Execut DIST: Jonathan Bourne of New Bedfor Charles C. Carpenter of Middleb Nehemiah P. Baker of Falmouth All others DIST: Warren E. Locke of Norwood William Aspinwall of Brookline Robert Porter of Stoughton . Charles H. Carpenter of Middleb All others DIST: Ebenezer M. McPherson of Boste	RICT	Co No.	. 1		rs.			9,978 1,287 1 . 16,395 13,935 918 172 6 15,725 12,514 574

DISTRICT No. 4.

Lawrence J. Logan of Boston Charles G. Wood of Boston Preston B. Runyan of Boston All others								16,220 10,169 231 21
Disti	RICT	No.	5.					
Frank D. Allen of Lynn .								15,778
								12,837
Ezra Woodbury of Salem .								529
John W. Wheeler of Salem .								338
All others					٠			11
Distr	RICT	No.	6					
Francis Jewett of Lowell .								18,093
Nathaniel P. H. Melvin of Lawre			٠					16,540
Claudius B. Travis of Natick .			٠	•		•		934
All others	٠	٠	•	•	٠	٠	•	41
Distr	RICT	No.	7.					
George W. Johnson of Brookfield								17,074
Samuel D. Nye of Worcester .					٠			13,804
George F. Clark of Hubbardston		٠	٠			٠		1,576
All others	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	47
Distr	CICT	No.	8.					
Lewis J. Powers of Springfield								15,869
Lawson Sibley of Springfield							٠	15,147
William H. Eaton of Westfield		•				٠	٠	2,010
All others						•	٠	15

REPRESENTATIVES, FIFTIETH CONGRESS. (BY DISTRICTS.)

Congressional District No. 1.

			00.	ng/ c	10007	at Distric	7 IVO. 1.		
	ToT	WNS.				Davis.	McLaughlin.	Hatfield.	All others.
Acushnet, Barnstable, Bourne, Brewster, Chatham, Cottage City, Dartmouth, Dennis, Dighton, Eastham, Edgartown, Fairhaven, Fall River, Fall River, Fall River, Falmouth, Freetown, Gay Head, Gosnold, Harwich, Lakeville, Marion, Mathapoisett Middieborou Nantucket, New Bedfor Orleans, Provincetow Reboboth, Rochester, Sandwich, Seekonk, Somerset, Swanzey, Tisbury, Turor, Wareham, Wellfleet, Westport,						65 231 116 71 95 13 51 223 122 177 36 87 159 2,920 190 101 12 9 108 47 82 30 183 302 344 1,672 69 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185	13 180 51 9 47 144 41 8 8 33 46 5 5 77 17 17 4 6 40 38 14 9 216 227 867 25 112 30 25 175 42 133 41 21 17 164 34	8 8 3 - 4 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 17 11 11 12 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	38
Yarmouth,	٠					158	32	7	-
Totals,		·			٠	9,416	5,768	847	40

Congressional District No. 2.

Towns.	Long.	Morse.	Dyer.	All others.
Abington, Attleborough, Berkley, Braintree, Bridgewater, Brockton, Carver, Canton, Cohasset, Duxbury, East Bridgewater, Halifax, Hanover, Hanson, Hingham, Holbrook, Hull, Kingston, Mansfield, Marshfield, Morton, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Quincy, Randolph, Raynham, Rockland, Scituate, Sharon, South Scituate, Stoughton, Taunton, West Bridgewater, Weymouth, Whitman,	266 850 102 346 235 1,507 285 167 94 255 210 56 122 68 393 213 16 152 142 131 102 78 609 41 758 243 117 415 152 98 121 284 1,550 130 730 279	329 317 19 263 219 1,417 73 377 62 72 228 63 44 115 165 165 165 165 168 79 859 477 611 889 477 611 889 477 61 889 477 61 889 477 856 49 477 856 49 477 856 49 477 856 692 2241	19 63 4 8 8 124 1 7 15 - 3 34 - 14 12 43 3 - 2 28 - 15 - 5 15 15 15 15 15 155 155 10 58 24	1 55 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Totals,	11,317	9,495	795	63

Congressional District No. 3.

Towns.	Ranney.	Morse.	Clapp.	All others.
Boston, Wards 11, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, and Precincts 3 and 4 of Ward 15, Milton,	9,144 294	11,041 158	202	18
Totals,	9,438	11,199	204	18

Congressional District No. 4.

Towns.	Collins.	Cutler.	Trafton.	Wood.	All others.
Boston, Wards 1, 2, 6, 7, 12, 13, 14, 16, Precincts 2, 3 and 4 of Ward 8, and 1 and 2 of Ward 15,	11,201	3,829	90	97	47

Congressional District No. 5.

	То	wns.				Hayden.	Randall.	Kendall.	All others.
Arlington, Belmont, Boston, Wa	rds	. 9.	10.	25.	and	389 157	281 84	2 4	_
Precinct 1						2,433	1,768	41	32
Burlington,						50	30	2	-
Cambridge,						3,672	2,608	256	3
Lexington,						262	104	-	-
Somerville,						1,835	1,016	70	
Waltham,						1,126	903	22	-
Watertown,						458	337	19	-
Woburn,	٠		٠	•		982	875	28	1
. Totals,						11,364	8,006	444	36

Congressional District No. 6.

	Tov	vns.				Lodge.	Lovering.	Norcross.	All others.
Boston, War	ds 3	. 4 a	nd 5.			2,402	2,924	47	_
Chelsea,		,	,			1,770	1,526	52	2
Everett, .						451	328	32	2 4
Lynn, .			·			3,425	3,797	126	_
Malden, .		Ĭ.				1,526	1,052	64	_
Medford,		Ċ		Ĭ.		679	517	ii	2
Melrose,		•	•	:		551	325	4	_
Nahant, .	•	•	•	•		77	35	2	_
Reading,	:	•	•	•		310	247	38	_
Revere, .	:	•	•	٠	•	257	232	18	
Saugus, .			•	•	*	257	238	15	_
Stoneham,	•			٠		466	505	32	_
Swampscott,	•					237	102	9	
Wakefield,		•				581	491	3	_
Winchester.	٠	•	•	٠		402	286	1	
Winthrop,	٠	٠			•	104	162	3	_
у шингор,	۰		•			104	102	3	_
Totals,						13,495	12,767	454	8

Congressional District No. 7.

	Severly, Soxford, Sradford, Danvers, Ssex,				Cogswell.	French.	Spaulding.	All others.
Amesbury,					495	394	131	-
					774	450	127	-
					80	23	9	-
					155	158	31	~
Danvers,					452	250	155	40
Essex, .					124	137	9	PW
Georgetown,					187	152	34	-
Gloucester,					1,044	790	402	2
Groveland,					146	186	27	~
Hamilton.					61	52	4	_
Haverbill,					1,030	1,326	416	7
Ipswich,					308	230	20	-
Lynnfield,		:			70	29	4	

Congressional District No. 7 - Concluded.

	Tov	VNS.		Cogswell.	French.	Spaulding.	All others.
Manchester, Marblehead, Merrimac, Middleton, Newbury, Newbury, Rockport, Rowley, Salem, Salisbury, Topsfield, Wenham, West Newbu				 133 523 160 70 120 742 533 267 133 1,863 97 71 98	117 842 164 33 61 780 372 136 61 1,504 69 27 60 86	42 116 38 23 9 215 483 79 19 163 19 33 12 43	1 - 1 - 2 4 1 1 7
Totals,				9,863	8,489	2,663	25

Congressional District No. 8.

	To	WNS.		-	Allon.	Donovan.	Cousens.	All others.
Acton, . Andover, Ashby, . Ayer, . Bedford, Billerica, Bolton, . Boxborough, Carlisle, Chelmsford, Concord, Dracut, .			 		203 419 99 152 98 210 69 36 76 240 270	149 190 57 173 43 83 18 36 15 100 174	11 23 11 10 - 6 17 - 11 6 5	
Dunstable, Groton, . Harvard,	:		:	:	47 190 89	55 95 64	2 7 12	-

Congressional District No. 8 - Concluded.

	Tov	VNS.				Allen.	Donovan.	Cousens.	All others.
Lancaster,						160	78	5	
Lawrence,		•		•		1,893	2,710	98	10
Littleton,						107	38	1	-
Lowell, .						4,088	4,330	125	-
Lunenburg,						99	12	_	1
Methuen,						271	257	8	1
North Andov					•	213	223	6	-
North Readin	ıg,					91	30	7	-
Pepperell,						217	159	4	-
Shirley, .						92	44	3	-
Stow, .						82	51		-
Tewksbury,						134	58	10	-
Townsend,						152	123	27	-
Tyngsboroug	ŗh,					60	39		-
Westford,						180	144	17	-
Wilmington,	•	•	٠	٠	•	64	38	-	
Totals,						10,216	9,684	425	12

Congressional District No. 9.

	Тот	wns.		Burnett.	Ely.	Stowe.	All others.
Ashland, Bellingham, Berlin, Berlin, Biackstone, Brookline, Clinton, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Framingham, Franklin, Holliston, Hopedale,				75 46 22 373 571 754 234 30 135 737 168 231	236 69 91 140 532 525 707 56 223 589 230 216 122	2 6 16 9 8 76 - 10 22 38 53 34 3	1

Congressional District No. 9 - Concluded.

		-	-					
	To	owns.			Burnett.	Ely.	Stowe.	All others.
Hopkinton, Hudson, Hudson, Hyde Park, Lincoln, Marlborougl Maynard, Medfield, Medway, Mendon, Milford, Millis, Natick, Needham, Newton, Norfolk, Northboroug, Norwood, Sherborn, Southboroug, Sudbury, Walpole, Wayland, Wellesley, Weston, Wrentham,	;,h,				419 283 477 38 982 127 90 189 44 669 51 895 157 1,008 42 115 231 82 145 51 148 104 160 321 57 56	302 232 654 55 462 163 102 182 80 368 68 519 213 1,339 34 102 227 80 98 104 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105	4 83 20 4 37 -10 50 8 68 2 60 3 47 7 11 19 3 3 -14 -10 6	5
Totals,				٠	10,354	10,143	746	16

Congressional District No. 10.

	Towns.				Russell.	Rice.	Earle.	All others.
Auburn, Barre, . Boylston,	:	:	:	:	49 110 32	55 168 45	10 38 11	2 -

Congressional District No. 10 - Concluded.

Bital Promotor Spring Co.	C Pure	101111		10 m	make make day	10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		and the same
То	wns.				Russell.	Rice.	Earle.	All others.
Brimfield, . Brookfield, . Charlton, .	:	:	:	:	48 255 126	70 71 150	30 50 4	- - 1
Douglas, Dudley, Grafton, Hardwick,	:		:		150 148 216 99	141 107 198 164	13 1 20 3	2
Holden, . Holland, Leicester, Millbury,		:	:		110 8 205 183	120 25 202 257	27 2 9 5	-
New Braintree, Northbridge, North Brookfield Oakham.			:		43 118 492 34	24 247 130 38	1 53 21 9	-
Oxford, Paxton, Princeton, Rutland.	:	:	•		142 37 28 59	150 47 78 52	15 6 10 25	- - -
Shrewsbury, Southbridge, Spencer, Sterling,					125 427 488 40	115 368 378 129	19 39 16	-
Sturbridge, Sutton, Upton, Uxbridge,		:			127 138 166 180	85 112 144 259	10 22, 15 14	-
Wales, Warren, Webster, West Boylston,		:	:	•	35 214 373 112	49 171 253 139	55 10 37	6
West Brookfield Worcester,			:		147 4,461 9,728	74 4,162 8,977	18 258 876	- 2 13

Congressional District No. 11.

Whiting. Currier. Watkins.	
Wh Wa Wa	Т
Amherst, 375 212 34 Ashfield, 63 42 41 Ashfield, 63 42 42 45 Ashfield, 64 Ashfield, 64 Ashfield, 64 Ashfield, 65 As	Ashfield, Ashburnham, Athol, Belchertown, Belchertown, Bernardston, Buckland, Charlemont, Chesterfield, Colrain, Conway, Cummington, Dana, Deerfield, Easthampton, Enfield, Erving, Fitchburg, Gardner, Gill, Goshen, Granby, Greenfield, Greenwich, Hatfield, Hawley, Hatfield, Hawley, Heath, Holyoke, Hubbardston, Huntington, Leominster, Leverett, Leverett, Leyden, Middlefield, Monroe, Montague, New Salem, Northampton, Northfield, Orange, Pelham, Petersham,

Congressional District No. 11 - Concluded.

Т	'owns	•			Whiting.	Currier.	Watkins.	All others.
Prescott, .					32 49	18 40	_ 14	-
Rowe, Royalston, .	5	•	•	•	99	51	14	_
Shelburne, .	•			•	152	45	43	_
Shutesbury, .		-	•	•	35	22	5	
South Hadley,	•	•	•		229	170	21	
Southampton,		:	•		78	22	11	1
Sunderland, .					95	37	19	_
Templeton, .			·		169	113	13	-
Ware,					283	333	6	-
Warwick, .					56	49	2	-
Wendell, .					22	18	13	-
Westhampton,					49	5	23	_
Westminster,					139	48	12	-
Whately, .					48	100	6	-
Williamsburg,					119	129	69	-
Winchendon,					303	124	49	-
Worthington,				٠	85	26	3	-
Totals, .					12,661	8,098	1,320	12

Congressional District No. 12.

	То	wns,				Rockwell	Joyner.	Cutler.	All others.
Adams, .						362 22	851 45	58 6	-
Alford, . Agawam,	•	•	•	•	•	101	157	22	_
Becket, .	•	•	•	•	•	75	82	20	_
Blandford,	•	•	•	•	- i	80	79	20	
Cheshire.	•	•	•	•	.	101	111	12	_
Chester,	•	•	•	•	.	123	90	11	
Chicopee,	•	•	۰	•	.	465	601	61	
Clarksburg,	•	•	•	•	٠ ا	27	3	-	
Dalton, .	•	•	•	•	•	140	148	8	
Egremont,			:	:		73	75	15	

Congressional District No. 12 - Concluded.

Towns.	Rockwell.	Joyner.	Cutler.	All others.
Florida,	26 78 382 93 58 104 92 293 177 104 26 83 30 34 42 26 83 735 48 262 46 1,059 56 31 38 45 161 176 2,626 176 2,626 176 2,626 177 189 189 189 189 189 189 189 189	8 89 208 70 14 131 80 252 124 63 34 154 157 50 302 23 1,211 43 61 101 49 143 106 2,071 163 26 52 35 582 141 129 66 177 34	6 - 38 4 9 15 3 62 9 11 19 24 21 1 - 3 26 4 19 70 4 4 5 - 1 20 7 18 4 134 18 - 6 6 71 12 11 33 29 -	
Totals,	 10,181	9,366	996	2

RECAPITULATION OF CONGRESSIONAL VOTES.

	- '/'	J 11 G	14120	20.				200
Dis	TRICT	No.	1.					
Robert T. Davis of Fall River,								9,416
George T. McLaughlin of Sandy	wich,							5,768
Edward H. Hatfield of Cottage	City,							847
All others,			٠					40
Disa	FRICT	No.	2.					
John D. Long of Hingham, .								11,317
Bushrod Morse of Sharon								
George W. Dyer of Weymouth,								795
All others,								63
Dist	TRICT	No.	3.					
Leopold Morse of Boston, .								11,199
Ambrose A. Ranney of Boston,								9,438
Eugene H. Clapp of Boston, .								204
All others,								18
_								
	FRICT	No.	4.					
Patrick A. Collins of Boston, .					•			
William B. Cutler of Boston, .								3,829
Charles G. Wood of Boston, .						٠		97
Israel S. Trafton of Boston, .		•	٠	٠				90
All others,	٠	٠	٠	٠	•	٠	٠	47
Disti	RICT]	No. 5	i.					
Edward D. Hayden of Woburn,								11,364
Charles L. Randall of Boston, .								8,006
Edward Kendall of Cambridge,								444
All others,	٠	٠	٠	٠	•		٠	36
Dist	RICT	No.	6.					
Henry Cabot Lodge of Nahant,								13,495
Henry B. Lovering of Lynn, .								12,767
Castelly O. Norcross of Lynn,								454
All others,								8

Representatives,	Fif	tieti	h C	ong	ress	3.		303
Dist	RICT	No.	7.					
William Cogswell of Salem, .								9,863
Jonas H. French of Gloucester,								8,489
Willard Spaulding of Peabody,								2,663
All others,					٠	٠	٠	25
Dist	RICT	No.	8.					
Charles H. Allen of Lowell, .								10,216
John J. Donovan of Lowell, .								9,684
Oliver M. Cousens of Lowell, .								425
All others, . ·								12
70			_					
	RICT		9.					
Edward Burnett of Southboroug				٠		٠		10,354
Frederick D. Ely of Dedham, . Edmund M. Stowe of Hudson,		٠	•	٠		٠	٠	10,143
All others,					٠			746 16
Zin others,	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	10
Dist	RICT]	No.	10.					
John E. Russell of Leicester, .								9,728
William W. Rice of Worcester,								8,977
William H. Earle of Worcester,		٠	٠	٠				876
All others,		•	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	13
Dist	RICT]	No.	11.					
William Whiting of Holyoke, .								12,661
Festus C. Currier of Fitchburg,								8,098
Gardner A. Watkins of Gardner				-		-	٠	1,320
All others,	•		٠	٠	•	•		12
Dist	RICT	No.	12.					
Francis W. Rockwell of Pittsfiel	ld,.							10,181
Herbert C. Joyner of Great Barr	ringto	n,						
Henry Cutler of Wilbraham, .								996
All others,								2

ROSTER OF THE DISTRICT POLICE FORCE.

CHIEF OF THE DISTRICT POLICE, RUFUS R. WADE.

CENTRAL OFFICE: Commonwealth Building, Boston.

Names.	DISTRICT ASSIGNED.	Residence.		
John T. White, Josiah A. Bean, Frederick A. Rhoades, George H. Innis, James H. L. Coon, Joseph A. Moore, Samuel C. Hunt, Joseph E. Shaw, Moulton Batchelder, George C. Pratt, Edwin Thomas, George F. Seaver, Henry A. Dexter, Joseph M. Dyson, David H. Hayter, Moses H. Pease, Warren S. Buxton, Benson Munyan, James H. Chadwick,	Northern, Northern, Northern, Suffolk County, Suffolk Co. (special duty), Eastern, Eastern, Eastern, South-eastern, South-eastern, Southern, Middle, Western, Western, Western, North-western, Berkshire & Frank- lin Counties,	Arlington. Natick. Malden. Boston. Watertown. Gloucester. Salem. Lynn. Lawrence. North Abington. Quincy. Taunton. Fall River. Worcester. Clinton. Lee. Springfield. North Adams.		

MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

[Appointed under Chapter 26 of Public Statutes.]

BARNSTABLE COUNTY.

- No. 2.— Barnstable, Bourne, Sandwich, Mashpee, and Falbarnstable.

 Franklin W. Pierce, Barnstable.
- No. 3.—Provincetown, Truro, and Frank L. Newton, Wellfleet, Provincetown.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY.

- No. 2.—Lanesborough, Windsor, Pittsfield, Dalton, Hinsdale, Peru, and Hancock, Pittsfield.
- No. 3.—Richmond, Lenox, Washington, Becket, Lee, Stockbridge, Tyringham, Lee.
- No. 4.—West Stockbridge, Alford,
 Great Barrington, Monterey, Sandisfield, New Marlborough, Sheffield,
 Egremont, and Mt.Washington,

BRISTOL COUNTY.

No. I.— Attleborough, Seekouk, Norton, Mansfield, and Rehoboth, Attleborough.

BRISTOL COUNTY - Continued.

- No. 2.—Taunton, Raynham, Easton, Silas D. Presbrey, Berkley, and Dighton, . Taunton.
- No. 3.—Fall River, Somerset, Swanzey, Freetown, and Westport, Fall River.
- No. 4.— New Bedford, Dartmouth, William H. Taylor, Fairhaven, and Acushnet, New Bedford.

DUKES COUNTY.

- No. 1.— Edgartown and Cottage Thomas J. Walker, City, Edgartown.
- No. 2.—Tisbury and Gosnold, . . William Leach, Tisbury.
- No. 3.-Chilmark and Gay Head, . Vacancy.

ESSEX COUNTY.

- No. 1.—Gloucester and Rockport, . George B. Stevens, Gloucester.
- No. 2.—Ipswich, Rowley, Hamilton, Justin G. Hayes, and Essex. . . . Justin G. Hayes,
- No. 3.—Newburyport, Newbury, West Newbury, Amesbury, Amesbury, and Salisbury, Newburyport.
- No. 4.—Haverhill, Bradford, and William Cogswell,
 Merrimac, . . . Bradford.
- No. 5.— Lawrence, Methuen, Ando- Octavius T. Howe, ver, and North Andover, Lawrence.
- No. 6.—Georgetown, Boxford, Tops- Richmond B. Root, field, and Groveland, . Georgetown.
- No. 7.—Beverly, Wenham, and Charles Haddock, Manchester, Beverly.
- No. 8.—Peabody, Danvers, Middleton, and Lynnfield, Peabody.
- No. 9.—Lynn, Saugus, Nahant, and Joseph G. Pinkham, Swampscott, . . . } Lynn.
- No. 10. Salem and Marblehead, . { Charles A. Carlton, Salem.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

Eastern District. - Bernardston, Erving, Gill, Greenfield, Leverctt, Montague, Northfield, Shutesbury, and Sunderland,

Erastus C. Cov. Montague.

Northern District.-Orange, Warwick, Walter M. Wright, New Salem, and Wendell, .

Orange.

Western District.—Ashfield, Buck-land, Charlemont, Col-rain, Conway, Deerfield, Francis J. Canedy, Hawley, Heath, Leyden, Monroe, Rowe, Shelburne, and Whately,

Shelburne.

HAMPDEN COUNTY.

No. 1.—Brimfield, Holland, Palmer, William Holbrook, Monson, and Wales, Palmer.

No. 2 .- Springfield, Agawam, Chic-) opee, Longmeadow, Lud- | Theodore F. Breck, low. West Springfield, Wilbraham, and Hampden, .

Springfield.

No. 3.— Holyoke,

· { Lyman M. Tuttle, Holyoke.

No. 4 .- Blandford, Chester, Granville, Montgomery, Rus- | James H. Waterman, sell, Southwick, Tolland, Westfield. and Westfield, . .

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY.

No. 1.— Chesterfield, Cummington, Goshen, Hatfield, North-Ampton, Plainfield, and Northampton. Williamsburg,

No. 2.—Easthampton, Huntington, Middlefield, Southamp- Joseph W. Winslow, tou, Westhampton, and Easthampton. Worthington, . .

No. 3 .- Amherst, Granby, Hadley, Dver B. N. Fish, Pelham, and South Had- }

Amherst.

No. 4.—Belchertown, Enfield, Green-) David W. Miner, wich, Prescott, and Ware, Ware.

MIDDLESEY COUNTY.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.					
	1.— Cambridge, Belmont, and Alfred F. Holt, Arlington,				
	2.— Malden, Medford, Somer- Thomas M. Durell, ville, and Everett, Somerville.				
No.	3.— Melrose, Stoneham, Wake- field, Wilmington, Read- ing, and North Reading, Stoneham.				
No.	4.— Woburn, Winchester, Lex- Frederick Winsor, ington, and Burlington, . Winchester.				
	5.— Lowell, Dracut, Tewksbury, Billerica, Chelmsford, and Tyngsborough, Lowell.				
No.	6.— Concord, Carlisle, Bedford, Lincoln, Littleton, Acton, and Boxborough,				
No.	7.— Newton, Watertown, Wal- tham, and Weston, } Julian A. Mead, Watertown.				
No.	8.— Framingham, Wayland, Natick, Sherborn, Holliston, Hopkinton, and Ashland, Framingham.				
	9.— Marlborough, Hudson, May- nard, Stow, and Sud- bury, Marlborough.				
No.	10.—Ayer, Groton, Westford, Dunstable, Pepperell, Benjamin H. Hartwell, Shirley, Townsend, and Ashby,				
NANTUCKET COUNTY.					
One	District, John A. Kite, Nantucket.				
Norfolk County.					
No.	1.— Dedham, Needham, Nor- Andrew H. Hodgdon, wood, and Dover, } Dedham.				
No.	2.— Hyde Park and Milton, . { Charles Sturtevant, Hyde Park.				
No.	. 3 Quincy and Randolph, . John H. Gilbert, Quincy.				
No.	4.— Weymouth, Braintree, and Charles C. Tower, Holbrook, Weymouth.				

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- No. 6.—Franklin, Foxborough, and Joseph G. S. Hitchcock, Wrentham, Foxborough.
- No. 7. Medway, Medfield, Norfolk, Charles A. Bemis, and Bellingham, . . . } Medway.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY.

- No. 1.—Brockton, West Bridgewater, East Bridgewater, A. Elliot Paine, Bridgewater, and Whitman,
- No. 2.—Abington, Rockland, Hanover, Hanson, South Scituate, and Pembroke, Rockland.
- No. 3.— Plymouth, Halifax, Kingston, Plympton, and Duxbury, Plymouth.
- No. 5.— Hingham, Hull, Scituate, J. Winthrop Spooner, and Marshfield, . . . Hingham.

SUFFOLK COUNTY.

Boston, Chelsea, Revere, and Winthrop, George Stedman (Associate), Boston.

WORCESTER COUNTY.

- No. 1.— Athol, Petersham, Phillipston, and Royalston, . . } James P. Lynde,
- No. 2.—Gardner, Templeton, and Ira Russell, Winchendon.

WORCESTER COUNTY - onti nued.

Worcester County - onto nuea.				
		3.—Ashburnham, Leominster, Lunenburg, Princeton, Ernest Westminster, and Fitchburg, Fitch	burg.	
		4.—Berlin, Bolton, Clinton, Harvard, Lancaster, and Sterling,		
	No.	. 5.—Grafton, Northborough, Southborough, and Westborough,	A. Jewett, aborough.	
	No.	. 6.— Mendon, Milford, and Up- John M	I. Eaton, ord.	
	No.	. 7.—Blackstone, Douglas, North- bridge, and Uxbridge, . } Rowse	R. Clarke,	
	No.	. 8.—Charlton, Dudley, Oxford, Southbridge, Sturbridge, South South Webster,	G. Bulfinch, hbridge.	
	No.	9.—Brookfield, North Brookfield, Spencer, Warren, and West Brookfield,	W. Hodgkins, kfield.	
	No.	o. 10.— Barre, Dana, Hubbardston, Hardwick, New Brain- tree, Oakham, and Rut- land,	s W. Whitcomb,	
	No.		cus Rice,	

RULES OF THE SENATE.



RULES OF THE SENATE.

[The dates under each rule indicate when the rule and its amendments were adopted. The rules as they are here printed were adopted by the Senate of the year 1887.

The date 1817 denotes the time when the several rules against which it is placed were first preserved. Previous to that year these rules are not to be found, although from the Senate Journal it appears that they were printed.

Numbers enclosed in parentheses following each rule indicate the corresponding House rule.]

THE PRESIDENT.

RULE 1. The President shall take the chair every day at the hour to which the Senate stands adjourned, shall call the members to order, and, on the appearance of a quorum, shall proceed to business. (1.) [1831.]

RULE 2. The President shall preserve order and decorum, may speak to points of order in preference to other members, and shall decide all questions of order subject to an appeal. He shall rise to put a question, or to address the Senate, but may read sitting. (2, 5.) [1817; between 1821 and 1826; 1831.]

Rule 3. The President may vote on all questions. (4.)

RULE 4. When two or more members rise at once, the President shall designate which of them shall be entitled to the floor. (73.) [1831.]

RULE 5. The President shall have the right to appoint a

member to perform the duties of the chair, but such appointment shall not extend beyond three days. (7.)

[1831; 1862; 1865.]

RULE 6. In case of a vacancy in the office of President, or in case the President, or the member substituted by him in accordance with Rule 5, is absent at the hour designated in Rule 1, the eldest senior member present shall call the Senate to order, and shall preside until a President, or a President protempore is elected by ballot, which shall be the first business of the Senate. (8.) [1831; 1885.]

CLERK.

RULE 7. Every question of order shall be noted in the journal, and, with the decision, shall be entered at large in an appendix, which shall also contain the Rules of the Senate, and of the two branches. (12.) [1882.]

RULE 8. The clerk shall prepare and cause to be printed, each day, a calendar of matters in order for consideration, followed by a brief minute of the preliminary proceedings of the previous day, a list of matters lying on the table, and such other memoranda as the Senate or the President may direct. (13.) [1882.]

RULE 9. The clerk shall retain bills and other papers, in reference to which any member has a right to move a reconsideration (except petitions, enacted bills, orders of inquiry, and orders of notice), until the right of reconsideration has expired. (15.) [1855; 1856; 1875; 1882; 1885.]

RULE 10. When a bill or resolve coming from the other branch does not appear in print in the form in which it was passed in that branch, the Clerk shall either indicate the amendments on the Orders of the Day, or shall have the bill or resolve reprinted, at his discretion. [1882.]

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.

RULE 11. No member shall be permitted to vote or serve on any committee on a question where his private right is immediately concerned, distinct from the public interest. (25, 61.)

[1855.]

RULE 12. No member shall absent himself from the Senate without leave, unless there is a quorum without his presence. (18.) [1817.]

COMMITTEES.

RULE 13. The following standing committees shall be appointed at the beginning of the political year, to wit:—

A committee on the Judiciary;

To consist of five members.

A committee on Matters of Probate and Insolvency;

A committee on the Treasury;

A committee on Bills in the Third Reading;

A committee on Engrossed Bills;

A committee on Rules;

To consist of three members. (21.)

[1831; 1836; 1840; 1844; 1847; 1863; 1864; 1870; 1876; 1882; 1885; 1886.]

RULE 14. All committees shall be appointed by the President, unless otherwise specially directed by the Senate, and the person first named shall be chairman. In all elections of committees by ballot, the person having the highest number of votes shall act as chairman. (22, 23.)

[1817; between 1821 and 1826; 1831.]

RULE 15. No committee shall be allowed to occupy the Senate Chamber without leave of the Senate. (99.)

[1836; 1863.]

RULE 16. No bill or resolve affecting the rights of individuals, or of private or municipal corporations, otherwise than it affects generally the people of the whole Commonwealth, shall be reported by a committee, unless it is made to appear to the satisfaction of the committee that notice has been given, by public advertisement or otherwise, to all parties interested, without expense to the Commonwealth; or unless evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that the parties interested have, in writing, waived notice. (30.) [1870; 1871; 1885.]

RULE 17. When the object of an application, whether by petition, order, or bill introduced on leave, can be secured without a special act under existing laws, or without detriment to the public interests by a general law, the committee to whom the matter is referred shall report such general law, or leave to withdraw, inexpedient to legislate, or ought not to pass, as the case may be. (29.) [1882; 1885.]

FORM OF BILLS AND RESOLVES.

RULE 18. All bills and resolves shall be written in a fair, legible hand, without interlineations, on not less than one sheet of paper, with suitable margins and spaces between the several sections or resolves, dates and numbers being written in words at length. Bills amending existing laws shall not provide for striking words from, or inserting words in, such laws, unless such course is the best calculated to show clearly the subject and nature of the amendment. No repealed law and no law which has expired by limitation, and no part of any such laws, shall be re-enacted by reference merely. (40.)

[1844; 1857; 1880; 1882; 1885.]

INTRODUCTION OF BUSINESS.

RULE 19. Every member presenting a petition, memorial, or remonstrance, shall endorse his name thereon, and, in the filing thereof, shall state briefly the nature and object of the instru-

ment; and the reading of the same shall be dispensed with, unless specially ordered by the Senate. (35.) [1831.]

RULE 20. It shall be the duty of every member of the Senate, who moves that any standing committee be instructed to inquire into the expediency of amending an existing law, to point out to such committee, in writing, the amendment which he deems expedient, and to furnish a written statement of the facts and authorities in favor thereof to such committee, if by them required. (38.) [1858.]

RULE 21. No bill or resolve shall be proposed or introduced unless received from the House, reported by a committee, or moved as an amendment to the report of a committee: provided, however, that special leave may be granted to a member to introduce a bill or resolve, and such bill or resolve shall be committed before it is passed to a second reading. (45.)

[1881; 1882.]

RULE 22. The consideration of any order proposed for adoption, or of any request for leave to introduce a bill or resolve, shall be postponed without question, to the day after that on which the order is proposed or request made, if any member asks such postponement. (39.) [1885.]

RULE 23. No legislation affecting directly the rights of individuals or corporations, otherwise than as it affects generally the interests of the people of the whole Commonwealth, or of the cities or towns to which it specifically applies, shall be proposed or introduced, by amendment or otherwise, except by report of a committee, upon petition duly presented and referred, or as a substitute for such report. Objection to the violation of this rule may be taken at any stage prior to the third reading. (47.) [1875; 1882; 1885.]

Course of Proceedings.

RULE 24. All bills and resolves from the House of Representatives, after they are read a first time, shall be committed

to a committee of the Senate, except when said bills or resolves have been reported by a joint committee. Bills and resolves reported in the Senate, and bills and resolves from the House reported by joint committees, shall, after they have been read once, be placed in the Orders of the Day for the next day for a second reading without a question, except as otherwise provided by rule 25. (43.) [1825; 1895.]

RULE 25. All bills and resolves involving the expenditure of public money, or a grant of public property, unless the subject-matter has been acted upon by the joint committee on Expenditures, shall, after the first reading, be referred in course to the committee on the Treasury, whose duty it shall be to report on their relation to the finances of the Commonwealth. (42.) [1871; 1882; 1887.]

RULE 26. No bill or resolve shall pass to be engrossed without three readings on three several days. (50.)

[1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1881; 1882; 1885.] RULE 27. Bills and resolves, in their several readings, shall be read by their titles, unless objection is made. (46.)

[1817; 1836; 1841; 1850; 1878; 1881; 1882; 1885.]
RULE 28. If a committee to whom a bill (or resolve) is referred, report that the same ought not to pass, the question shall be, "Shall this bill (or resolve) be rejected?" If the question on rejection is negatived, the bill or resolve, if it has been read but once, shall go to its second reading without a question; and if it has been read more than once it shall be placed in the Orders of the Day for the next day, pending the question on ordering to a third reading, or engrossment, as the case may be. (41.)

[1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1881; 1882; 1885.] RULE 29. Bills or resolves ordered to a third reading shall be placed in the orders for the next day for such reading. (57.)

[1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1881; 1882; 1885.] RULE 30. If an amendment is made at the second or third reading of a bill or resolve, substantially changing the greater part thereof, the question shall not be put for:hwith on ordering the bill or resolve to a third reading or to be engrossed, but the bill or resolve, as amended, shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which the amendment is made, and shall then be open to further amendment before such question is put. In like manner, when an amendment is made in any proposition of such a nature as to change its character, as from a bill to an order, or the like, the proposition as amended shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which the amendment was made. (61.) [1882.]

RULE 31. All bills and resolves in the third reading shall be committed to the committee on Bills in Third Reading, whose duty it shall be to examine and correct them, for the purpose of avoiding repetitions and unconstitutional provisions, and of insuring accuracy in the text and references, and consistency with the language of existing statutes: provided, that any change in the sense or legal effect, or any material change in construction, shall be reported to the Senate as an amendment. (49.) [1817; 1836; 1882.]

RULE 32. All engrossed bills and resolves shall be committed to the committee on Engrossed Bills, whose duty it shall be carefully to compare the same with the bill or resolve as passed to be engrossed; and, if found by them to be rightly and truly engrossed, they shall so endorse on the envelope thereof; and the final question shall be taken thereon without any further reading, unless, on motion, a majority of the Senate shall be in favor of reading the same as engrossed. (28, 51.)

[1817; 1831; 1882.]

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

RULE 33. The unfinished business in which the Senate was engaged at the time of the last adjournment shall have the preference in the Orders of the Day next after motions to reconsider. (59.) [1830; 1870.]

RULE 34. Reports of committees, except such as do not propose final action, and reports of committees of Conference, shall, unless otherwise specially ordered, be placed in the Orders of the Day next succeeding that on which they are presented to the Senate. (56.) [1845; 1853.]

RULE 35. After entering upon the consideration of the Orders of the Day, the Senate shall proceed with them in regular course, as follows: Matters not giving rise to a motion or debate shall first be disposed of in the order in which they stand in the calendar; then the matters that were passed over shall be considered and disposed of in like order. (58.)

[1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1882; 1885.]

RULE 36. No matter which has been duly placed in the Orders of the Day shall be discharged therefrom or considered out of its regular course. (60.) [1885.]

RULES OF DEBATE.

RULE 37. Every member, when he speaks, shall stand in his place and address the President. (72.) [1817; 1831; 1871.]

RULE 38. No member shall speak more than once on the same question, to the prevention of any other who has not spoken and is desirous to speak. (75.) [1817; 1886.]

RULE 39. No member shall interrupt another while speaking, except by rising to call to order. (74.) [1817; 1831.]

RULE 40. After a question is put to vote, no member shall speak to it. [1817.]

MOTIONS.

RULE 41. Any motion shall be reduced to writing, if the President so directs. (76.) [1817; 1844; 1871.]

RULE 42. A question containing two or more propositions, capable of division, shall be divided whenever desired by any

member. A motion to strike out and insert shall be deemed indivisible. But a motion to strike out, being lost, shall neither preclude amendment nor a motion to strike out and insert. (90.) [1817; 1841.]

RULE 43. When a question is under debate, the President shall receive no motion that does not relate to the same, but to adjourn or some other motion which has precedence by express rule of the Senate, or because it is privileged in its nature; and he shall receive no motion relating to the same except:—

To lay on the table;

To close debate at a specified time;

To postpone to a day certain;

To commit (or recommit);

To amend;

To refer to the next General Court; or

To postpone indefinitely;

Which several motions shall have precedence in the order which they stand. (79.)

[Between 1821 and 1826; 1831; 1844; 1870; 1882; 1885.]

RULE 44. Debate may be closed at any time not less than one hour from the adoption of a motion to that effect. On this motion not more than ten minutes shall be allowed for debate, and no member shall speak more than three minutes. (84.)

[1882.]

RULE 45. When a motion is made to commit a subject, and different committees are proposed, the question shall be taken in the following order: A standing committee of the Senate, a select committee of the Senate, a joint standing committee, a joint select committee. (87.) [1884.]

RULE 46. No engrossed bill or resolve shall be amended. (52.) [1837.]

RULE 47. No motion or proposition of a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under the color of an amendment. (89.) [1882.]

RULE 48. In filling blanks the largest sum and longest time shall be put first. (91.) [1882.]

RULE 49. The motion to adjourn, and the call for yeas and nays, shall be decided without debate. On the motions to lay on the table and take from the table, to commit or recommit (except with instructions), not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate, and no member shall speak more than three minutes. (68, 78.) [1817; 1859; 1870; 1874; 1882; 1885.]

RECONSIDERATION.

RULE 50. When a vote has passed, except on motion to adjourn, for the yeas and nays, to lay on the table or to take from the table, it shall be in order for any member to move a reconsideration thereof on the same or the succeeding day; and such motion, if made on the same day, shall be placed first in the Orders of th: Day for the day succeeding that on which it is made; but if first moved on such succeeding day, it shall be forthwith considered; and, when a motion for reconsideration is decided, that vote shall not be reconsidered: provided, however, that a motion to reconsider a vote upon any incidental or subsidiary question shall not remove the main subject under consideration from before the Senate, but shall be considered at the time when it is made. (69, 70.)

[1817; between 1821 and 1826; 1858; 1885.]

Rejected Measures.

RULE 51. When any measure has been finally rejected, no measure substantially the same shall be introduced by any committee or member during the session. (48.)

[1817 — dispensed with in 1831, and revived in 1838 — amended in 1841; 1844; 1877; 1882.]

VOTING.

RULE 52. The President shall declare all votes; but if a member rises to doubt a vote, the President shall order a return of the number voting in the affirmative, and in the negative, without further debate. (3, 65.) [1831.]

RULE 53. When any member moves that a question be taken by yeas and nays, the President shall take the sense of the Senate in that manner, provided one-fifth of the members present so direct. [1817; 1852.]

RULE 54. Whenever a question is taken by yeas and nays, the clerk shall call the names of all the members, except the President, in alphabetical order, and every member present shall answer to his name, unless excused before the vote is taken; and no member shall be permitted to vote after the decision is announced from the chair. (67.) [1837; 1844.]

ELECTIONS BY BALLOT.

RULE 55. In all elections by ballot, a time shall be assigned for such election, at least one day previous thereto. (95.)
[1831.]

REPORTERS.

RULE 56. Seats for reporters shall be numbered, and assigned by lot, under the direction of the Clerk of the Senate.
[1847.]

THE SENATE CHAMBER AND ADJOINING ROOMS.

RULE 57. No person not a member of the Senate shall be allowed to sit at the Senate table while the Senate is in session.

[1853.]

RULE 58. No person other than members of the legislative and executive departments of the State Government and past members of the Senate and members of the press, shall be at any time admitted in the clerk's room or the room intervening between that and the Senate chamber, or admitted within the bar of the Senate while the Senate is in session, unless introduced by a Senator in person at the time of such admission.

(93.) [1870; 1875; 1886.]

PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

RULE 59. The rules of Parliamentary Practice comprised in Cushing's Manual, and the Principles of Parliamentary Law, set forth in Cushing's larger work, shall govern the Senate in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with the Standing Rules of the Senate, or the Joint Rules of the two branches. [1847; 1858; 1882.]

ALTERATIONS, SUSPENSION, OR REPEAL OF RULES.

RULE 60. Rules 22 and 31 shall not be suspended if objection is made, and no Rule shall be altered, suspended, or rescinded, except by vote of two-thirds of the members present.

[1817; 1841; 1848; 1882.]

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RULES

OF THE

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

[329]



RULES

OF THE

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

[This schedule of Rules was adopted Jan. 27, 1874. Subsequent amendments are noted under each Rule which has been amended.]

THE SPEAKER.

- 1. The Speaker shall take the chair at the hour to which the House stands adjourned, call the members to order, and, on the appearance of a quorum, proceed to business.
- 2. He shall preserve decorum and order; may speak to points of order in preference to other members; and shall decide all questions of order, subject to an appeal to the House.

[With regard to appeals, see Rules 82 and 93.]

3. He shall declare all votes, subject to verification as hereinafter provided.

[See Rules 64 to 68.]

- 4. In all cases he may vote.
- 5. He shall rise to put a question, or to address the House, but may read sitting.

- 6. He shall each day examine the journal of the House.
- 7. He may name a member to perform the duties on the chair for a period not exceeding two days at one time.
- 8. In case of a vacancy in the office of Speaker, or in case the Speaker or the member named by him in accordance with the preceding rule is absent at the hour to which the House stands adjourned, the senior member present shall call the House to order, and shall preside until a Speaker pro tempore or a Speaker is elected by ballot, which shall be the first business in order. [Amended Feb. 5, 1886.]

MONITORS.

- 9. Two monitors shall be appointed by the Speaker for each division of the House, whose duty it shall be to see to the due observance of the Rules and, on request of the Speaker, to return the number of votes and members in their respective divisions.
- 10. If a member transgress any of the Rules after being notified thereof by a monitor, it shall be the duty of such monitor to report the case to the House.

[See Rule 20.1

CLERK.

- 11. The Clerk shall keep the journal of the House. He shall enter therein a record of each day's proceedings, and submit it to the Speaker before the hour fixed for the next sitting.
- 12. Every question of order shall be noted in the journal, and, with the decision, shall be entered at large in an appendix, which shall also contain the Rules of the House, and of the two branches.

- 13. The Clerk shall prepare and cause to be printed each day a calendar of matters in order for consideration, followed by a brief minute of the preliminary proceedings of the previous day; a list of matters lying on the table; and such other memoranda as the House or the Speaker may direct.
- 14. Any objection to the calendar shall be made and disposed of before the House votes to proceed to the consideration of the Orders of the Day.
- 15. The Clerk shall retain bills and other papers, in reference to which any member has a right to move a reconsideration (except petitions, enacted bills, orders of inquiry, and orders of notice), until the right of reconsideration has expired: provided, that the operation of this rule shall be suspended during the last week of the session.

MEMBERS.

- 16. No member shall stand up, to the inconvenience of others, while a member is speaking; or pass unnecessarily between the Speaker of the House and the member speaking; or stand in the passages, or in the area in front of the chair.
- 17. No member shall be absent more than two days without leave of the House.
- 18. No member shall absent himself from the House without leave, unless there be a quorum without his presence.
- 19. Papers in possession of a member obtaining leave of absence, or at the end of the session, shall be left by him with the Clerk.
- 20. If a member is guilty of a breach of any of the Rules, he may be required by the House, on motion, to

make satisfaction therefor; and, until he has done so, he shall not be allowed to vote or speak, except by way of excuse.

[See Rule 10.]

COMMITTEES.

21. At the beginning of the political year, standing committees shall be appointed as follows:—

A committee on the Judiciary;

A committee on Probate and Insolvency.

A committee on Finance;

(to consist of nine members each).

A committee on Elections;

A committee on County Estimates;

A committee on Rules;

(to consist of seven members each).

A committee on Bills in the Third Reading;

A committee on Engrossed Bills;

A committee on Pay-Roll;

A committee on Leave of Absence;

(to consist of three members each).

[Amended Jan. 7, 1881; Jan. 10, 1883.]; Jan. 8, 1886.]

- 22. Unless other provision is made in any case, all committees shall be appointed by the Speaker, and the member first named shall be chairman.
- 23. In case of the election of a committee by ballot, the member having the highest number of votes shall be chairman.
- 24. No member shall be required to be on more than two committees at the same time, nor chairman of more than one.
- 25. No member shall serve on any committee in any question where his private right is immediately concerned, distinct from the public interest.

- 26. The committee on Finance shall report, in appropriation bills, only such items of expenditure as are authorized by law, or such as the committee has been directed by the House to insert.
- 27. The committee on Bills in the Third Reading shall examine and correct the bills which are referred to it, for the purpose of avoiding repetitions and unconstitutional provisions, insuring accuracy in the text and references, and consistency with the language of existing statutes: provided, that any change in the sense or legal effect, or any material change in construction, shall be reported to the House as an amendment. [Amended Jan. 15, 1880.]
- 28. The committee on Engrossed Bills shall carefully examine and compare engrossed bills, and report them rightly and truly engrossed, when found to be so, without delay.
- 29. When the object of an application, whether by petition, order, or bill introduced on leave, can be secured without a special act under existing laws, or without detriment to the public interests, by a general law, the committee to which the matter is referred shall report such general law, or leave to withdraw, inexpedient to legislate, or ought not to pass, as the case may be. [Amended Jan. 15, 1880.]
- 30. No bill or resolve affecting the rights of individuals, or of private or municipal corporations, otherwise than as it affects generally the people of the whole Commonwealth, shall be reported by a committee, unless it is made to appear to the satisfaction of the committee that notice has been given, by public advertisment or otherwise, to all parties interested, without expense

to the Commonwealth; or unless evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that the parties interested have in writing waived notice. [Adopted Jan. 26, 1881.]

31. On or before the second Wednesday in March, committees shall make final report upon matters referred to them prior to that day, unless further time is granted, for cause. [Amended Feb. 15, 1883.]

Committee of the Whole.

- 32. When the House determines to go into a committee of the whole, the chairman shall be appointed by the Speaker.
- 33. The Rules of the House shall be observed in a committee of the whole, so far as they may be applicable, except the rules limiting debate. A motion to rise, report progress, and ask leave to sit again, shall be always first in order and be decided without debate.

REGULAR COURSE OF PROCEEDINGS.

Petitions, etc., and Reports of Committees.

- 34. Petitions, memorials, remonstrances, and papers of a like nature, and reports of committees, shall be presented before the House proceeds to the consideration of the Orders of the Day, and the Speaker shall call for such papers.
- 35. The member presenting a petition, memorial, or remonstrance, shall indorse his name thereon, with a brief statement of the nature and object of the paper; and the reading thereof shall be dispensed with, unless specially ordered.

Papers from the Senate.

36. Papers from the Senate shall be laid before the House by the Speaker, and received for action conform-

ably to such of these Rules as are applicable thereto, before the House proceeds to the consideration of the Orders of the Day.

Papers addressed to the House, not Petitions.

37. Papers addressed to the House, or the General Court, other than petitions, memorials, and remonstrances, or those received from the Senate, may be presented by the Speaker or by a member in his place, and shall be read, unless it is specially ordered that the reading be dispensed with.

Orders of Inquiry.

38. All motions contemplating legislation, when not founded upon petition, or upon bill proposed to be introduced on leave, shall be made in the form of an order of inquiry, which shall indicate the nature of the legislation proposed; and if reference is made to any particular law, for amendment or otherwise, the order shall specify the chapter and section, as well as the subject to which it relates.

Postponement to the Next Day on Request of a Member.

39. The consideration of any order proposed for adoption, or of any request for leave to introduce a bill, shall be postponed without question to the day after that on which the order is proposed or request made, if any member-asks such postponement.

Bills and Resolves. [See Rule 94.]

40. Bills shall be fairly written in a legible hand, without material erasure or interlineation, on not less than one sheet of paper, with suitable margins and spaces between the several sections; dates and numbers being written in words at length. Bills amending existing laws shall not provide for striking words from, or inserting words in,

such laws, unless such course is best calculated to show clearly the subject and nature of the amendment. No repealed law, and no part of any repealed law, shall be re-enacted by reference merely. [Amended Jan. 15, 1880.]

- 41. If a committee to whom a bill is referred report that the same ought not to pass, the question shall be, "Shall this bill be rejected?" If the question on rejection is negatived, the bill, if it has been read but once, shall go to a second reading without question; otherwise it shall be placed in the orders for the next day, pending the question on ordering to a third reading, or engrossment, as the case may be. [Amended Jan. 10, 1883.]
- 42. Bills involving an expenditure of public money, or grant of public property, shall, after their first reading, be referred to the committee on Finance, for report on their relation to the finances of the Commonwealth. [Amended Jan. 24, 1887.]
- 43. Bills from the Senate, after their first reading, shall be referred to a committee of the House, unless they were reported to the Senate by a joint committee.
- 44. Amendments, proposed by the Senate, and sent back to the House for concurrence, shall be referred to the committee which reported the measure proposed to be amended, unless such committee is composed of members of both branches. In which case such amendments shall be placed in the Orders of the Day for the next day. [Amended April 9, 1878.]
- 45. No bill shall be proposed or introduced unless received from the Senate, reported by a committee, or moved as an amendment to the report of a committee: provided, that the House may grant special leave to a member to introduce a bill; but, when leave is asked for the introduc-

tion of a bill, it shall be read for information before the question is put on granting leave; and, if leave is granted, it shall be committed, before it is ordered to a second reading.

- 46. Bills, resolves, and other papers that have been, or, under the rules or usage of the House, are to be printed, shall be read by their titles only, unless the full reading is requested. [Adopted Jan. 10, 1883.]
- 47. No bill affecting directly the legal rights of individuals or corporations, otherwise than as it affects generally the interests of the whole people of the Commonwealth or of the cities or towns to which it specifically applies, shall be proposed or introduced, by amendment or otherwise, except by report of a committee, upon petition duly presented and referred, or as a substitute for such report. Objection to the violation of this rule may be taken at any stage prior to the third reading of the bill. [Amended Jan. 15, 1880; also Jan. 10, 1883.]
- 48. When a bill, order, petition, memorial, or remonstrance has been finally rejected, no measure substantially the same shall be introduced by any committee or member during the same session. [Amended April 26, 1877.]
- 49. Bills in their third reading shall be referred to the committee on Bills in the Third Reading for examination, correction and report.

[See Rule 27.]

- 50. No bill shall pass to be engrossed without having been read on three several days.
- 51. Engrossed bills shall be referred to the committee on Engrossed Bills for examination, comparison and report.

[See Rule 28.]

- 52. No engrossed bill shall be amended.
- 53. Engrossed bills, reported by the committee on Engrossed Bills to be rightly and truly engrossed, shall be put upon their passage to be enacted; and engrossed resolves, when so reported, shall be put upon their passage without further reading, unless specially ordered.
- 54. No engrossed bill shall be sent to the Senate with, out notice thereof being given by the Speaker.

Orders of the Day.

- 55. Bills from the Senate, after their first reading, when not referred to a Committee of the House, bills favorably reported to the House by committees, and bills the question of the rejection of which is negatived, shall be placed in the orders for the next day, and if they have been read but once, shall go to a second reading without question. [Amended Jan. 10, 1883; Feb. 5, 1886.]
- 56. Reports of committees not by bill or resolve shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which they are received from the Senate, or made to the House, as the case may be: provided, that the report of a committee asking to be discharged from the further consideration of a subject, and recommending that it be referred to another committee, shall be immediately considered. [Amended Jan. 15, 1880.]
- 57. Bills ordered to a third reading shall be placed in the orders of the next day for such reading.
- 58. After entering upon the consideration of the Orders of the Day, the House shall proceed with them in regular course, as follows: Matters not giving rise to a motion or debate shall first be disposed of in the order in which they stand in the calendar; after which the matters that were passed over shall be considered in like order and disposed of.

59. When the House does not finish the consideration of the Orders of the Day, those which had not been acted upon shall be the orders for the next and each succeeding day until disposed of, and shall be entered in the calendar, without change in their order, to precede matters added under Rules fifty-five, fifty-six and fifty-seven. The unfinished business in which the House was engaged at the time of adjournment shall have the preference in the orders of the next day, after motions to reconsider.

Special Rules affecting the Course of Proceedings.

[For postponement of Order, etc, to the next day, on request of a member,

see Rule 29.1

- **60.** No matter which has been duly placed in the Orders of the Day shall be discharged therefrom, or considered out of the regular course.
- 61. If, under the operation of the previous question, or otherwise, an amendment is made at the second or third reading of a bill substantially changing the greater part of such bill, the question shall not be put forthwith on ordering the bill to a third reading or to be engrossed (as the case may be), but the bill, as amended, shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which the amendment is made, and shall then be open to further amendment before such question is put. In like manner, when, under the operation of the previous question or otherwise, an amendment is made in any proposition of such a nature as to change its character, as from a bill to an order, or the like, the proposition as amended shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which the amendment was made.

VOTING.

62. No member shall vote in any question where his private right is immediately concerned, distinct from the public interest.

- 63. Members desiring to be excused from voting shall make application to that effect before the division of the House or the taking of the yeas and nays is begun. Such application may be accompanied by a brief statement of reasons by the member making it, but shall be decided without debate, and shall not be subject to the provisions of rule sixty-seven. [Amended Jan. 8, 1877; Feb. 5, 1886.]
- 64. When a question is put, the sense of the House shall be taken by the voices of the members, and the Speaker shall first announce the vote as it appears to him by the sound.
- 65. If the Speaker is unable to decide by the sound of the voices, or if his announcement made thereupon is doubted by a member rising in his place for that purpose, the Speaker shall order a return by divisions of the number voting in the affirmative and in the negative, without further debate upon the question.

[For duty of monitors in case of a division, see Rule 9.]

- 66. When a return by divisions is ordered, the members for or against the question, when called on by the Speaker, shall rise in their places, and stand until they are counted.
- 67. The sense of the House shall be taken by yeas and nays whenever required by thirty of the members present. When the yeas and nays are taken, the roll of the House shall be called in alphabetical order, and no member shall be allowed to vote who was not on the floor before the vote is declared. If, before such time, a member states to the House that he has paired with another member, and how each would vote upon the pending question, the fact shall be entered on the journal immediately after the record

of the yeas and nays, and such member shall be excused from voting. [Amended Jan. 4, 1878; also April 2, 1878; also April 1, 1879.]

68. The call for the yeas and nays shall be decided without debate. If the yeas and nays have been ordered before the question is put, the proceedings under Rules sixty-four, sixty-five and sixty-six, shall be omitted; if not, they may be called for in lieu of a return by divisions when the Speaker's announcement is doubted by a member rising in his place, and, if then ordered, the proceedings under Rules sixty-five and sixty-six shall be omitted.

Reconsideration.

- 69. When a vote has passed (except as provided in the next rule), it shall be in order for any member to move the reconsideration thereof on the same or the succeeding day, and such motion, if made on the same day, shall (except in the last week of the session) be placed first in the orders of the next day after that on which it is made; but, if first moved on such succeeding day, it shall be forthwith considered: provided, however, that a motion to reconsider a vote upon any incidental or subsidiary question shall not remove the main subject under consideration from before the House, but shall be considered at the time when it is made.
- 70. When a motion for reconsideration is decided, that decision shall not be reconsidered, and no question shall be twice reconsidered; nor shall any vote be reconsidered upon either of the following motions:—

to adjourn, to lay on the table, to take from the table; or, for the previous question. 71. Debate on motions to reconsider shall be limited to thirty minutes, and no member shall occupy more than five minutes; but this rule shall not apply to a motion to reconsider a vote upon an amendment. [Amended Feb. 5, 1886.]

[For rule requiring the Clerk to retain papers, except, etc., until the

right of reconsideration has expired, see Rule 15.]

RULES OF DEBATE.

- 72. Every member, when about to speak, shall rise, and respectfully address the Speaker; shall confine himself to the question under debate, and avoid personality; and shall sit down when he has finished. No member shall speak out of his place without leave of the Speaker.
- 73. When two or more members rise at the same time the Speaker shall name the member entitled to the floor, preferring one who rises in his place to one who does not.
- 74. No member shall interrupt another while speaking, except by rising to call to order.
- 75. No member shall speak more than once to the prevention of those who have not spoken and desire to speak on the same question.

Motions.

- 76. Every motion shall be reduced to writing, if the Speaker so directs.
- 77. A motion need not be seconded, and may be withdrawn by the mover if no objection is made.
- 78. A motion to adjourn shall be always first in order, and shall be decided without debate; and on the motions to lay on the table, to take from the table, to commit or recommit, not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate; and no member shall speak more than three minutes. [Amended Feb. 19, 1878; and Jan. 26, 1880.]

[For application to be excused from voting, to be decided without debate, see Rule 63.]

[For call for yeas and nays, to be decided without debate, see Rule

68.]

[For questions of order, arising after the previous question is moved, to be decided without debate, except on appeal, see Rule 82.]

79. When a question is before the House, until it is disposed of, the Speaker shall receive no motion that does not relate to the same, except the motion to adjourn, or some other motion that has precedence either by express rule of the House, or because it is privileged in its nature; and he shall receive no motion relating to the same, except,—

to lay on the table, See Rule 78.
for the previous question, See Rules 80-85.

to close the debate at a specified

time, See Rules 84, 85.

to postpone to a time certain, See Rule 86.

to commit (or recommit), See Rules 78 and 87.
to amend.
See Rules 88-91.

to refer to the next General Court.

or to postpone indefinitely, See Rule 92.

which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they are arranged in this rule.

Previous Question.

- 80. The previous question shall be put in the following form: "Shall the main question be now put?"—and all debate upon the main question shall be suspended until the previous question is decided.
- 81. On the previous question, not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate, and that only to give reasons why the main question should not be put; and no member shall speak more than three minutes.

82. All questions of order arising after a motion is made for the previous question shall be decided without debate, excepting on appeal; and on such appeal no member shall speak more than once without leave of the House.

[See Rule 93.]

83. The adoption of the previous question shall put an end to all debate, except as provided in Rule eighty-five, and bring the House to a direct vote upon pending amendments, if any, in their regular order, and then upon the main question.

Motion to Close Debate at a Specified Time.

84. Debate may be closed at any time not less than thirty minutes from the adoption of a motion to that effect. On this motion, not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate, and no member shall speak more than three minutes. In case the time is extended by unanimous consent, the same rule shall apply at the end of the extended time as at the time originally fixed. [Amended Jan. 8, 1877; and Jan. 15, 1880.]

[See the next Rule.]

When Debate is closed, Ten Minutes allowed, etc.

85. When debate is closed by ordering the previous question, or by a vote to close debate at a specified time, the member in charge of the measure under consideration shall be allowed to speak ten minutes, and may grant to any other member any portion of his time. When the measure under consideration has been referred to the committee on Finance, under House Rule forty-two, the member originally reporting it shall be considered in charge, except where the report of the committee on Finance is substantially different from that referred to them, in which case the member originally reporting the

measure, and the member of the Finance Committee reporting thereon, shall each be allowed to speak five minutes, the latter to have the close. [Amended March 28, 1877.]

Motion to Postpone to a Time Certain.

86. When a motion is made to postpone to a time certain, and different times are proposed, the question shall first be taken on the most remote time; and the time shall be determined before the question is put on postponement, which may then be rejected if the House see fit.

Motion to Commit.

- 87. When a motion is made to commit, and different committees are proposed, the question shall be taken in the following order:
 - a standing committee of the House,
 - a select committee of the House,
 - a joint standing committee,
 - a joint select committee;

and a subject may be recommitted to the same committee or to another committee at the pleasure of the House.

Motions to Amend.

- 88. A motion to amend an amendment may be received; but no amendment in the third degree shall be allowed.
- 89. No motion or proposition of a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under color of amendment.
- 90. A question containing two or more propositions capable of division shall be divided whenever desired by any member. When a motion to strike out and insert is

thus divided, the failure of the motion to strike out shall not preclude amendment; or, if the motion to strike out prevails, the matter proposed to be inserted shall be open to amendment before the question is taken on inserting it.

91. In filling blanks, the largest sum and longest time shall be put first.

Equivalent for Motion to Postpone Indefinitely.

92. A motion to strike out the enacting clause of a bill shall be equivalent to a motion to postpone indefinitely.

APPEAL.

93. No appeal from the decision of the Speaker shall be entertained unless it is seconded; and no other business shall be in order until the question on the appeal has been disposed of.

[See Rule 82.]

RESOLVES.

94. Such of these Rules as are applicable to bills, whether of the House or of the Senate, shall apply likewise to such resolves as require the concurrence of the Senate and approval by the Governor, in order to become laws and have force as such. Except in Rule fifty-three, the word "bill" shall be equivalent to the word "resolve" in the same place.

ELECTIONS BY BALLOT.

95. A time shall be assigned for elections by ballot, at least one day previous thereto.

SECRET SESSION.

96. All proceedings in secret session, and matters relating thereto, shall be kept secret until the House removes the injunction of secrecy.

SEATS.

- 97. (1.) The desk on the right of the Speaker shall be assigned to the use of the Clerk and such persons as he may employ to assist him, and that on the left to the use of the Chairmen of the committees on Bills in the Third Reading and on Engrossed Bills.
- (2.) The senior member of the House, and the oldest member of the House who is not the senior member, shall be allowed to select their seats, from those not otherwise assigned, before the drawing of seats by the members. [Amended Jan. 7, 1878.]
- (3.) The seat numbered 34, in the first division, shall be assigned to the use of the Chairman of the committee on the Judiciary; that numbered 15, in the sixth division, to the use of the Chairman of the committee on Finance; that numbered 52, in the first division, to the use of the Chairman of the committee on Probate and Insolvency; and that numbered 39, in the sixth division, to the use of the Chairman of the committee on Railroads on the part of the House. [Amended Jan. 7, 1878; also Jan. 6, 1882.]
- (4.) The following seats shall be assigned to the use of the monitors:—

Those numbered 8 and 11, in the first division;
100 and 104, in the second division;
96 and 99, in the third division;
92 and 95, in the fourth division;
87 and 91, in the fifth division; and
4 and 7, in the sixth division.

[Amended Jan. 6, 1882.]

(5.) The first business in order, after the appointment of standing committees and monitors is announced by the Speaker, shall be the drawing of the other seats upon the floor of the House.

- (6.) The Clerk shall call the roll of the members in alphabetical order, omitting the names of the Speaker, the senior member, the oldest member, the chairmen of committees hereinbefore mentioned, and the monitors; and the drawing shall be had in presence of the House, under the supervision of a committee of three selected from the members mentioned in this paragraph.
- (7.) The seat assigned to any member, or drawn by him, shall be his seat for the year, unless an exchange is made and notice thereof given to the Sergeant-at-Arms within five days from the day of the drawing.

PRIVILEGE OF THE FLOOR.

- 98. (1.) Every member shall have the privilege of introducing upon the floor of the House, to occupy (for that day) any seat then vacant not belonging to a member, or belonging to a member who is absent, not more than one person at the same time, such person not having any private interest in any measure before the legislature distinct from the public interest: provided, that in any case, when by the exercise of this privilege on the part of some of the members the vacant seats have been filled, and the Speaker so announces, the further exercise of the privilege shall be suspended for that day, or until one or more of the seats thus filled are vacated.
- (2.) The Speaker may also invite visitors, without limit of number, to seats (not numbered) upon the floor of the House. [Amended Feb. 5, 1886.]
- (2.) Contestants for seats in the House, whose papers are in the hands of the committee on Elections, may be admitted, while their cases are pending, to seats to be assigned by the Speaker.
- (4.) Senators, and the principal officers* in the Executive and Judicial departments of the Civil Government of

^{*} See list in the Blue Book.

the Commonwealth, the Chaplains of both Houses, and the Clerk of the Senate, shall be admitted to the floor whenever they may have occasion to visit the House, and may occupy any of the seats not numbered which they may find vacant, or any seats which may be assigned by the Speaker for their use for the time being.

REPRESENTATIVES' CHAMBER.

99. Use of the Representatives' Chamber shall not be granted, except by a vote of four-fifths of the members present.

PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

100. The rules of parliamentary practice shall govern the House in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with these Rules, or the Joint Rules of the two branches.

SUSPENSION, AMENDMENT, AND REPEAL.

101. Nothing in these Rules shall be dispensed with, altered, or repealed, unless two-thirds of the members present consent thereto; but this rule, and Rules thirtynine, forty-nine, and ninety-nine, shall not be suspended, unless by unanimous consent of the members present.

Blanks for orders, bills, reports, petitions, and indorsement of petitions, may be had on application to the Clerk, or at the document-room; and members are respectfully requested to use the same in the preparation of papers.



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JOINT RULES

OF THE

TWO BRANCHES.

[361]



JOINT RULES OF THE TWO BRANCHES.

Committees.

RULE 1 The following joint standing committees shall be appointed at the commencement of the January session, viz.:—

A committee on Agriculture;

A committee on Banks and Banking;

A committee on Cities;

A committee on Drainage;

A committee on Education;

A committee on Election Laws;

A committee on Harbors and Public Lands;

A committee on Hoosac Tunnel and Troy and Greenfield Railroad;

A committee on Labor;

A committee on Manufactures;

A committee on Mercantile Affairs;

A committee on Military Affairs;

A committee on Prisons;

A committee on Public Charitable Institutions;

A committee on Public Health;

A committee on Roads and Bridges;

A committee on Street Railways;

A committee on Taxation;

A committee on Towns;

A committee on Water Supply;

Each to consist of three members on the part of the Senate, and eight on the part of the House.

A committee on Claims;

A committee on Federal Relations;

A committee on Fisheries and Game;

A committee on Insurance;

A committee on the Library;

A committee on the Liquor Law;

A committee on Parishes and Religious Societies:

A committee on Printing;

A committee on Public Service;

A committee on State House;

A committee on Woman Suffrage;

Each to consist of two members on the part of the Senate, and seven on the part of the House.

A committee on Railroads, to consist of four on the part of the Senate, and eleven on the part of the House.

A committee on Expenditures, to consist of the committee on the Treasury of the Senate, and the committee on Finance of the House.

A committee on Expediting Legislative Business, to consist of the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House, and two members on the part of the Senate, and seven on the part of the House.

The committee of the two branches, on the Judiciary, on Probate and Insolvency, and on Rules, may sit respectively as joint committees for the consideration of such matters as may be referred to them. [Amended Jan. 6, 1882; Jan. 5, 1883; Jan. 7, 1884; Jan. 8, 1885; Jan. 26, 1885; Jan. 8, 1886, and Jan. 12, 1887.]

Rule 2. No member of either branch shall act as counsel for any party before any committee of the legislature.

Rule 3. Joint committees may report by bill, resolve, or otherwise, to either branch, at their discretion, having reference to an equal distribution of business between the two branches, except that money bills shall be reported to the House; and, except that when a report is made from any committee to either branch, and the subject-matter thereof is subsequently referred therein to a joint committee, such committee shall report its action to the branch in which the original report was made. [See also next rule.]

- RULE 4. Reports of joint committees may be recommitted to the same committees at the pleasure of the branch first acting thereon, and bills or resolves may be recommitted in either branch. A concurrent vote shall, however, be necessary for the recommitment of such reports, bills, or resolves, with instructions. After recommitment, report shall, in all cases, be made to the branch originating the recommitment.
- RULE 5. Bills and resolves reported by joint committees shall be fairly written in a legible hand, without material erasure or interlineation, on not less than one sheet of paper, with suitable margins, and spaces between the several sections, dates and numbers being written in words at length.
- Rule 6. Whenever, upon any application for an act of incorporation or other special legislation, the purpose for which such legislation is sought can be secured without detriment to the public interests by a general law or under existing laws, the committee to which the matter is referred shall report such general law, or "leave to withdraw," or "inexpedient to legislate."

Notice to Parties Interested.

Rule 7. No bill or resolve affecting the rights of individuals, or of private or municipal corporations, otherwise than as it affects generally the people of the whole Commonwealth, shall be reported by a committee, unless it is made to appear to the satisfaction of the committee that notice has been given, by public advertisement or otherwise, to all parties interested, without expense to the Commonwealth; or unless evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that the parties interested have in writing waived notice.

Printing and Distribution of Documents.

Rule 8. The committee on Printing may make regulations for the distribution of all documents printed or assigned for the use of the legislature not otherwise disposed of, such regulations to be reported to and subject to the order of the two branches.

Under the general order to print a report, bill or other document, the number printed shall be nine hundred.

Leave to report in print shall not be construed to authorize the printing of extended reports of evidence.

Bills, reports, and other documents, printed under the general order of either branch, shall be distributed as follows: to wit. Two copies to each member of the Senate and House of Representatives (to be placed on his file under the direction of the Sergeant-at-Arms, if desired by the member); three copies to each Clerk in either branch, and three copies to each reporter in regular attendance, to whom a seat has been assigned in either branch; twenty copies to the Executive; twenty copies to the Secretary's Office; six copies to the State Library; and, when the document is the report of a committee, ten copies shall be assigned to the committee making the report. The Sergeant-at-Arms shall preserve as many as may be necessary for the permanent files to be placed in the lobbies, and distribute the remainder under such regulations as may be prescribed by said joint committee. [Amended Jan. 8, 1886.]

Limit of Time Allowed for Reports of Committees.

RULE 9. Joint committees shall make final report upon all matters previously referred to them, on or before the

second Wednesday in March, unless further time is granted for cause.

Committees of Conference.

RULE 10. Committees of Conference shall consist of three members on the part of each branch, representing its vote; and their report, if agreed to by a majority of each committee, shall be made to the branch asking the conference, and may be either accepted or rejected, but no other action shall be had, except through a new committee of Conference.

INTRODUCTION OF BUSINESS.

Rule 11. No bill or resolve affecting directly the legal rights of individuals or corporations, otherwise than as it affects generally, the interests of the people of the whole Commonwealth, or of the cities or towns to which it specifically applies, shall be proposed or introduced, by amendment or otherwise, except by report of a committee, upon petition duly presented and referred or as a substitute for such report. Objection to the violation of this rule may be taken at any stage prior to that of the third reading.

Limit of Time Allowed for New Business.

RULE 12. Petitions, memorials, applications, and all other subjects of legislation, except reports required to be made to the legislature, proposed or introduced after the first Wednesday of February, shall be referred to the next General Court. This rule shall not be rescinded, amended, or suspended, except by a concurrent vote of four-fifths of the members of each branch present and voting thereon.

Duties of the Clerks.

RULE 13. If any part of the report of a committee over the signature of the chairman or members of the

committee is amended in either branch, the Clerk of that branch shall indorse upon the report such amendment.

Rule 14. All papers, while on their passage between the two branches, may be under the signature of the respective Clerks, except bills and resolves in their last stage. Messages may be sent by such persons as each branch may direct.

RULE 15. After bills have passed both branches to be engrossed, they shall be in the charge of the Clerks of the two branches, who shall deliver the same to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, to be engrossed in the manner prescribed by law; and, when engrossed the said Clerks shall forthwith deliver the same to the committee of the House of Representatives on Engrossed Bills; and when the same have passed to be enacted in that House, they shall, in like manner, be delivered to the committee of the Senate on Engrossed Bills.

RULE 16. If any petition, memorial, bill, resolve, or order, presented or originating in one branch, is adversely acted upon in the other, notice thereof shall be given, under the signature of the Clerk, to the branch in which the same originated.

RULE 17. The Clerk of the branch in which a bill originated shall make an indorsement thereon, certifying in which branch the same originated, which indorsement shall be entered on the journals by the clerks respectively,

After said bills have passed both branches to be enacted, the Clerk of the Senate shall lay them before the Governor for his approbation, and shall enter upon the journal of the Senate the day on which the same were laid before the Governor.

RULE 18. All resolves and other papers which are to be presented to the Governor for his approbation, shall be laid before him in the same manner as is prescribed in the case of bills.

Constitutional Amendments.

RULE 19. All resolves proposing amendments of the Constitution shall have three several readings in each branch, and the final question upon agreeing to the same shall be taken by year and nays.

Joint Conventions.

RULE 20. The President of the Senate shall preside in Conventions of the two branches, and such Conventions shall be holden in the Representatives' Chamber; the Clerk of the Senate shall be Clerk of the Convention, and a record of the proceedings of the Convention shall be entered at large on the journals of both branches.

Rule 21. When an agreement has been made by the two branches to go into Convention, such agreement shall not be altered or annulled, except by concurrent vote.

Rule 22. No business shall be entered on, in Convention, other than that which may be agreed on before the Convention is formed.

Joint Elections.

RULE 23. In all elections by joint ballot a time shall be assigned therefor at least one day previous to such election.

Elections of United States Senators.

RULE 24. The joint assembly required to be held by the statutes of the United States, relating to the elections for Senators in Congress, shall be deemed a Convention of the two branches, and the proceedings therein shall be in accordance with the provisions of said statutes. The President of the Convention shall receive no motion on any day until one vote for Senator has been taken. After one vote for Senator has been taken, no motion shall be in order except a motion to adjourn, for a recess, or to proceed to vote for Senator; and these motions shall have precedence in the order of their arrangement, and shall be decided without debate. If a motion is made for a recess, and different times are proposed, the question shall first be taken on the most remote time; and the time shall be determined, but without debate, before the question is put upon taking the recess. On either of the questions permitted by this rule, the sense of the Convention shall be taken by yeas and nays, whenever required by one-fifth of the members present. When the yeas and nays are taken, the roll of the Convention shall be called in alphabetical order; and no member shall be allowed to vote who was not on the floor when his name was called, or before the roll-call was finished. The call for the yeas and nays shall be decided without debate.

RULE 25. Any joint rule, except the twelfth, may be altered, suspended, or rescinded, two-thirds of the members present in each branch consenting thereto.

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NOTES OF RULINGS

OF THE

PRESIDING OFFICERS

FROM THE YEAR 1883.

PREPARED BY GEORGE G. CROCKER.

MEMORANDA. — S. stands for Senate Journal. II. for House Journal. Citations from Journals which have never been printed refer to the duplicate manuscript copy in the State Library.



NOTES OF RULINGS

BY THE

PRESIDING OFFICERS ON THE CONSTITUTION
OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Power of Presiding Officers to Decide Constitu-TIONAL QUESTIONS. - In a decision on a money bill, in which it was held that it was within the province of the chair to decide the constitutional question involved, the following statement was made: "It is of course not intended to assume to the chair any right of decision as to the constitutionality of matters of legislation in relation to their substance; but where the question relates to form and manner of proceeding in legislation, or, in other words, is one of order, it is the duty of the chair to rule upon the same, although it may depend upon the provisions of the Constitution for its solution." Cases of a proposition to adjourn for more than two days, of proceedings without a quorum, of a faulty enacting form, and of neglecting to take the yeas and nays on a vetoed bill, are cited: PITMAN, S. 1869, p. 341. See also JEWELL, H. 1868, p. 386; STONE, H. 1866, p. 436. See also notes on "Courtesy between the Branches," under the heading "Sundry Rulings."

Chap. I., Sect. I., Art. II. — "No bill or resolve." See Long, H. 1878, p. 58; Noyes, H. 1880, p. 123.

"Laid before the Governor for his revisal." If either branch desires for any reason to revise an enacted bill, joint action of the two branches must be had, and the motion should be one providing that a message be sent by the two branches requesting the Governor to return the bill to the Senate. Jewell, H.

1869, p. 645. Notwithstanding this ruling it is customary for the Senate, when it desires to revise an enacted bill, to request the return of the bill, without asking the concurrent action of the House.

"Who shall enter the objections . . . and proceed to reconsider the same." In a case in which a resolve and the objections thereto were laid on the table, it was held that it was then out of order to introduce a new resolve of a similar nature. Good-WIN, H. 1860, p. 613.

"But if, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of the said Senate or House of Representatives shall, notwithstanding the said objections, agree to pass the same, it shall, together with the objections, be sent to the other branch of the Legislature, where it shall also be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of the members present, shall have the force of a law." Under this provision it has been held that in the branch first taking action a vote of two-thirds of the members present is sufficient to pass a bill. CLIFFORD, S. 1862, p. 625; BULLOCK, H. 1862, p. 586.

It has been further held that the record of the yeas and nays is the only evidence of the number or names of the members present. CLIFFORD, S. 1862, p. 625.

CHAP. I., SECT. I., ART. IV. — "All manner of wholesome and reasonable orders." See Long, H. 1878, p. 60.

"To set forth the several duties, powers and limits of the several civil and military officers."

For certain resolves defining the powers of the Legislature, especially the power to prescribe duties to the Governor and other executive officers, see H. 1857, p. 557.

CHAP. I., SECT. II., ART. VI. — "Provided such adjournments do not exceed two days at a time." Sunday is not to be counted, but Fast Day must be counted. JEWELL, H. 1868, p. 311; STONE, H. 1867, p. 270.

CHAP. I., SECT. III., ART. VI. — For a case of an arraignment of a State official at the bar of the House, see HALE, H. 1859, p. 149.

CHAP. I., SECT. III., ART. VII.— "All money bills shall originate in the House of Representatives." The Senate can originate a bill or resolve appropriating money, or directly or indirectly involving expenditure. Opinion of Justices, S. 1878, appendix; Cogswell, S. 1878, p. 279; PITMAN, S. 1869, p. 340. See contra, Long, H. 1878, pp. 197, 563; Jewell, H. 1869, p. 630; Jewell, H. 1868, p. 385. See Loring, S. 1873, p. 409, for opinion that money bills should be allowed to originate in either branch.

Bills designating that certain property shall be subject to or exempt from taxation, as well as bills imposing a tax in terms, are "money bills." BISHOP, S. 1881, p. 419. See also SANFORD, H. 1873, p. 283; STONE, H. 1866, p. 436.

But it has been held that a bill exempting from taxation certain property in a particular town is not a "money bill." PILLS-BURY (acting President), S. 1884, p. 259.

A bill is considered as originating in that branch in which it is first acted upon. BRACKETT, H. 1885, p. 759.

For a case in which the Senate instructed a committee to report a bill to the House, see PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 702.

CHAP. I., SECT. III., ART. VIII.—"Provided such adjournment shall not exceed two days at a time." Sunday is not to be counted, but Fast Day must be counted. JEWELL, H. 1868, p. 311; STONE, H. 1867, p. 270.

CHAP. I., SECT. III., ART. X. — "And settled the rules and orders of proceeding in their own House." See LONG, H. 1878, p. 60.

CHAP. VI., ART. II.—" But their being chosen or appointed to, and accepting the same, shall operate as a resignation of their seat in the Senate or House of Representatives." It is not within

the province of the chair to decide whether a member has forfeited his membership by accepting an office incompatible with his seat in the Legislature. HALE, H. 1859, p. 48.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT, VIII.—See note to Constitution, Chap. VI., Art. II.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT, İX. — An amendment of the Constitution may be amended on the second year of its consideration, but such action will necessitate its reference to the next Legislature. BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 321; NOYES, H. 1880, p. 57.

It has also been held that an amendment to the Constitution cannot be amended on the second year of its consideration. Phelps, H. 1857, p. 906; Phelps, S. 1859, p. 323.

A vote agreeing to an article of amendment of the Constitution can be reconsidered. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 377, 442-427.

A vote agreeing to an article of amendment of the Constitution can be reconsidered. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 377.

As to the method of procedure in acting on an amendment on the second year, and in providing for its submission to the people, see Noves, H. 1881, p. 466.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT, XXI. — "Not less than one hundred members of the House of Representatives shall constitute a quorum for doing business." See note to House Rule 65.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT, XXII. — "Not less than sixteen Senators shall constitute a quorum for doing business." It is immaterial that a quorum does not vote if a quorum is present. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 584. See note to House Rule 65.

NOTES OF RULINGS

ON THE

SENATE RULES.

THE PRESIDENT. — The President has no power, either by general parliamentary law or by special authority vested in him by the Senate, to cause any document to be printed or distributed, or to prevent any document from being printed or distributed; and, upon the simple request of a member of the Senate, he has no authority to issue an order to the Sergeant-at-arms to remove from the desks and files of the senators a report, portions of which are claimed to be unparliamentary. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 489, 575.

RULE 9. See notes to House Rule 69.

"Except petitions. enacted bills, orders of inquiry, and orders of notice." As to the reason for this exception and its effect, see LORING, S. 1873, pp. 295, 299. It would seem that the right to reconsider the enactment of a bill, the reference of a petition, or the adoption of an order of inquiry or of notice should expire when the bill, petition or order passes out of the hands of the clerk.

RULE 11. See notes to House Rule 62.

RULE 13. For sundry rulings as to committees, see notes on the Joint Rules, under the head of "COMMITTEES."

"A Committee on the Treasury." See notes to House Rules 21, 26.

RULE 17. A special act is one which directly affects individuals as such differently from the class to which they belong or from the people at large. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, pp. 558, 589. It is not within the province of the chair to rule that the object of an application can be secured without a special act under existing laws, or without detriment to the public interests by a general law. This question must be determined by the Committee (PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 588), unless it appears on the face of the papers that the object can be secured under existing laws. PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 700. For a case in which it was held not to be allowable to substitute a general law for a special act, see PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 589. See note to House Rule 29.

RULE 18. Objection that this rule is violated cannot be sustained in the case of a House bill. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 582.

RULE 21. See note to House Rule 45.

RULE 22. For a case in which an order was held to be unparliamentary in form, see PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 140.

RULE 23. See notes to House Rule 47, and Joint Rule 11.

RULE 26. The subsequent rejection of a bill substituted for a report of committee recommending "no legislation," does not revive the question upon the adoption of the recommendation of the report. The requirement that every bill shall be read three times does not render the substitution liable to be nullified by the rejection of the bill at a subsequent stage. BISHOP, S. 1881, p. 212.

ORDERS OF THE DAY. See note to House Rule 60.

RULES OF DEBATE. See notes upon this division of the House Rules.

MOTIONS. See notes upon this division of the House Rules.

The Senate having passed a general order that the reading of the Journal should be dispensed with unless otherwise ordered, it was held that a senator could not require the reading of the Journal without a vote to that effect, and that a motion that the Journal be read was not a question of privilege. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 290.

Appeals. In accordance with Cushing's Law and Practice of Legislative Assemblies (sect. 1467), which, by Rule 55, is adopted as an authority governing the Senate, it has been held that a question on an appeal may be laid on the table, and if such action is taken, the matter, whatever it may be, which gives rise to the appeal proceeds as if no appeal had been taken. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 288, 289. In the House it has been held that a motion to lay an appeal on the table is not in order, and this would seem to be the better practice. It is to be noted that House Rule 100 is not so explicit as Senate Rule 55. See MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 582. See also notes to House Rule 93.

RULE 42. See notes to House Rule 90.

RULE 43. "To adjourn." See notes to House Rule 78.

"Or some other motion which has precedence." Where the Senate assigned one matter for 2.30 P. M., and one matter for 3 P. M., it was held to be the duty of the presiding officer to call up the second assignment at 3 P. M., even though the consideration of the first assignment was not finished. PITMAN, S. 1869, p. 316. See notes to House Rule 79.

"To lay on the table." Pending the consideration of one of the orders of the day, a motion to lay the orders of the day on the table is admissible. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 287.

A motion to postpone laying the orders on the table is inadmissible. Crocker, S. 1883, p. 287.

"To close debate at a specified time." See note to House Rule 79.

A motion that the debate be closed in one hour is admissible, although, under a general order, the Senate would adjourn before the expiration of the hour. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 286.

After the time for closing debate has arrived, the taking of the question cannot be postponed by a motion to adjourn or to commit, or that the Journal be read, and these motions cannot then be entertained. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 288, 289.

If a motion to close debate in one hour is reconsidered, the question does not recur upon the original motion because that motion owing to the lapse of time is out of order. The debate will proceed without limitation unless a new motion to close it is made. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 589.

"Amend." A substitute, which by Rule 25 must have three several readings on three successive days, can be amended in the second degree. COOLIDGE, S. 1870, p. 416.

It is not out of order to susbtitute an entire bill for another entire bill. Brastow, S. 1868, p. 48. See also Senate Rule 25.

The substitution of a question on the rejection of an order for a question on the passage of the order is not a parliamentary substitution, because one is simply the negative of the other. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 575, 578.

If an amendment has been once rejected, the same or substantially the same amendment cannot again be moved at the same stage of the bill, but the rejection of the amendment may be reconsidered. Howland (acting President), S. 1886, p. 611.

See notes to House Rule 89.

RULE 47. It seems that, in the absence of a rule excluding amendments proposing subjects different from those under consideration, such amendments must be considered as in order. Cushing's Manual, sect. 102; Brastow, S. 1868, p. 51.

If a committee reports only in part, amendments must be germane to that portion of the subject which is reported on. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 86.

For instances of amendments which have been held not to be germane, see PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 701; PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 589; BISHOP, S. 1882, p. 310 (contra, NOYES, H. 1882, p. 197).

For instances of amendments which have been held to be germane, see Pillsbury, S. 1885, pp. 435, 582, 585; Sessions

(acting President), S. 1885, p. 320; CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 209, 573; BISHOP, S. 1881, p. 384; BISHOP, S. 1882, p. 347.

See notes to House Rule 89.

RULE 48. Prior to the adoption of this rule it was held that the smallest sum and the longest time must be put first. Cogswell, S. 1879, p. 376.

See note to House Rule 91.

RULE 49. "Not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate." Time consumed in taking the question on a motion to adjourn is not to be deducted from the ten minutes allowed for debate. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 288.

See notes to Senate Rule 43 and House Rules 78, 79.

RULE 50. President Loring (S. 1873, p. 299) goes so far as to say that there is no reconsideration of votes to commit petition, etc.; but it would seem that a better position to take would be that there can be no reconsideration after such petition, etc., has actually been handed over by the clerk to the committee.

The same would be true, *mutatis mutandis*, with reference to enacted bills. In the case of the latter, a method sometimes adopted is to request the Governor to return the bill, and then reconsider its enactment. See Senate Rule 9 and notes thereto. See also note to Constitution, Chap. I., Sect. I., Art. II.

"Except on motion to adjourn," etc. This exception cuts off any reconsideration of votes on the motions mentioned. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 287.

See notes to House Rule 69.

RULE 51. See notes to House Rule 48.

This rule is an expression of a principle of parliamentary law. For a full discussion of its origin and effect, see BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 243.

"Finally rejected." These words must be construed to refer either to a rejection by both Houses, or to such action of the Senate as amounts to a final rejection of the measure independently of any action of the House. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 584,

"When an order is rejected, or a petition excluded, or leave is refused to bring in a bill, or a bill or resolve is refused any one of its stages of advancement, it is 'finally rejected.'" Cogswell, S. 1877, pp. 301, 306.

"The phrase 'when any measure shall be finally rejected' must be construed to apply solely to such measures as the Senate has power finally to reject, and cannot of course apply to amendments which may be offered at any stage of a bill, even if rejected at a previous stage; nor has it ever been denied that an amendment rejected by the Senate may be adopted by the House and sent up for concurrence. A substitute is an amendment differing only in this, that it is capable of amendment in the second degree, and by rules of Senate, but not of the House, requires three several readings. To propose a substitute is therefore only to propose an amendment, and it does not become a 'measure' until it is adopted. The rule being made by the Senate, and applicable to the Senate alone, must mean that no senator shall introduce a second time a 'measure,' that is, a bill or resolve, and some kinds of orders, which has been once and finally rejected by the Senate. Any other interpretation would put it in the power of a single senator to defeat any bill, which might be pending in either branch or in the committee, and to which he was opposed, by offering it as a substitute for any other bill which he had reason to believe the Senate was desirous of passing, and so compelling the Senate to choose between two bills, both of which it might be desirous of passing." Coolidge, S. 1870, p. 415. This ruling was made before the adoption of Senate Rule 46. See, contra, PITMAN, S. 1869, p. 517.

In conformity with the foregoing it was held that a bill passed in the branch in which it began might be sent from that branch to the other, and so introduced, although a similar bill was there pending, or had been passed or rejected. Cogswell, S. 1877, pp. 301, 306. See also BISHOP, S. 1882, p. 307.

So also in a case when a report "inexpedient to legislate,"

had been adopted by the Senate it was held that the Senate was still bound to entertain a House bill on the same subject, if the report had not been concurred in by the House. PILLS-BURY, S. 1885, p. 585.

When the above decisions of Presidents Coolidge and Cogswell were given the words "by any committee or member" were not embodied in the rule, and the rule ended as follows: "and this rule shall apply as well to measures originating in the House as to those originating in the Senate." These words were left out in 1877.

If, however, a bill or measure has been once rejected by both branches, general parliamentary law, as well as this rule, would prevent any measure substantially the same from being again introduced into either branch at the same session; and the fact that one branch had passed such measure and forwarded it to the other, would not justify its introduction in the latter branch. Thus, where a report of "leave to withdraw" had been accepted by both branches, it was held that a bill which embodied a measure substantially the same as that contemplated in the petition must be laid aside, even though the bill came from the other branch. BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 243. See also PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 583.

It seems that, notwithstanding this rule, an amendment of the Constitution can be introduced, although it is substantially the same as an amendment which came from the previous Legislature and which has been rejected. PHELPS, S. 1859, p. 325.

"No measure substantially the same." A resolve providing only for biennial elections is not substantially the same as a resolve providing for biennial elections and biennial sessions of the Legislature. BRUCE, S. 1884, p. 581. See also PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 635.

RULE 54. "Unless excused before the vote is taken." After a viva voce vote has been taken a request to be excused from voting cannot be entertained. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 583.

RULE 59. See notes to House Rule 100.

NOTES OF RULINGS

ON THE

HOUSE RULES.

RULE 15. "Except petitions, enacted bills, orders of inquiry, and orders of notice." See notes to Senate Rules 9 and 49, and to House Rule 69.

MEMBERS. If the report of a committee that Mr. A, a sitting member, is not entitled to a seat, has been accepted, it is out of order for Mr. A to take part in the proceedings, although a motion to reconsider the acceptance of the report is pending. Phelps, H. 1856, p. 493.

RULE 18. "No member shall absent himself from the House without leave." The phrase "the House" refers to the Representatives' Chamber alone. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 313.

RULE 21. For sundry rulings as to reports of committees. see notes on the Joint Rules under the head of "COMMITTEES."

"A Committee on Finance." Notwithstanding a previous investigation and report by the Committee on Claims, or other committee, the Finance Committee has power to examine every matter before it as a new question, and decide for or against it, on its merits. Jewell, H. 1870, p. 454. See also note to House Rule 26.

- RULE 26. Under an order authorizing the Committee on Finance to report from time to time such appropriation bills as may be required, the committee cannot properly report an appropriation not authorized by law. Long, H. 1878, p. 347. See also note to House Rule 21.
- RULE 29. "Or without detriment to the public interests by a general law." Prior to the adoption of this rule a committee could not change a special to a general bill. SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 502. Nor could the Legislature change a private or special bill by amendment into a general law. SANFORD, H. 1874, pp. 217, 513; LONG, H. 1878, pp. 117, 361.
- RULE 35. After a petition has been presented in accordance with the rules and the question on its reference has been stated, it is then too late to call for a vote on its reception. HALE, H. 1859, p. 64.
- RULE 39. This rule is not applicable to motions for adjournment. RICE (acting Speaker), H. 1859, p. 224.

Quære, whether an order can be postponed without question after the discussion of it has begun. See KINNICUTT, H. 1844, p. 524.

- RULE 41. When the question, "Shall this bill be rejected?" is pending, a motion to amend the bill is not in order (PHELPS, H. 1856, p. 323), but it is in order to move the previous question. PHELPS, H. 1856, p. 332.
- RULE 42. A bill will be referred under this rule to the Committee on Finance, even if the fact that it involves the expenditure of public money is not discovered until the question on its engrossment is pending. BRACKETT, H. 1885, pp. 709, 732.
- RULE 45. As to whether it is proper under this rule to move to take from the files of last year a bill (which was then referred

to the next General Court), and move its reference to a committee, without getting special leave to introduce it, see Long, H. 1877, p. 466, and Osgood, appellant, p. 469.

RULE 47. See notes to Joint Rule 11.

An amendment restricting the scope of a general bill to certain particular cases does not affect the rights of individuals otherwise than as they were affected by the original bill. Marben, H. 1883, pp. 484, 522, 523.

On a petition asking the extension of the provisions of a certain Act, a bill cannot be reported extending the provisions of a different Act. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 392.

RULE 48. See notes to Senate Rule 50.

It is not in order under this Rule to move as an amendment a bill which has once been finally rejected. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 819.

After a bill "making appropriations for expenses of various charitable and reformatory institutions" was rejected, it was held that one of the sections of that bill could be introduced without violating this rule. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 569.

Notwithstanding this rule, a bill may be received from the Senate and considered by the House, although a similar bill is there pending, or has been passed or rejected. Once in the House, and there referred to a committee of the House, a subsequent report of it back from that committee is a part of its career, and not such an introduction of it as to bring it within this rule as "introduced by a committee." Long, H. 1877, p. 424; Goodwin, H. 1860, p. 550. Contra, see Sanford, H. 1875, p. 323; Osgood (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 416.

A bill changed in but a single essential provision is not substantially the same. Noves, H. 1881, p. 402. See also Noves, H. 1881, p. 447; Jewell, H. 1868, p. 204.

A bill is excluded under this rule if it embraces a measure substantially the same as that covered by a previously rejected petition, or by an order on which a report of inexpedient to legislate has been accepted. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 349; BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 243; MARDEN, H. 1884, p. 555.

For a case in which a memorial was introduced and referred to a committee, although it related to the same subject as that embraced in a petition upon which a report of leave to withdraw had been accepted, see PHELPS, H. 1856, p. 683.

After a bill reported on a petition has been rejected, the petition cannot be further considered. SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 511. See SANFORD, H. 1873, p. 198; KIMBALL (acting Speaker), H. 1871, p. 400.

It seems that reference to the next Legislature is not a final rejection. See Goodwin, H. 1860, p. 550.

-"Introduced by any committee or member." As to the effect of these words, see LONG, H. 1877, p. 427.

RULE 52. Notice of an amendment of an engrossed bill or resolve adopted by one branch should be communicated to the other by a message. See WALLEY, H. 1846, pp. 314, 440, 578, 606. The formality of a message is now dispensed with.

RULE 59. "The unfinished business," etc. See KINNI-CUTT, H. 1844, p. 524.

RULE 60. If a matter is discharged from the orders of the day, the vote cannot be reconsidered on the succeeding day. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 362.

RULE 61. "And shall then be open to further amendment before such question is put." By general parliamentary law it is not in order to amend a substitute at the same stage in which it is adopted. PHELPS, H. 1857, p. 984.

VOTING. A member has no right to change his vote after the result is declared, even though the declaration is erroneous and the right is claimed prior to a corrected statement. PHELPS, H. 1856, p. 496.

A vote may be declared null and void after it has been recorded. EDDY, H. 1855, p. 1570.

Pending a roll-call it is not in order to move that the doors be closed, because such a motion, if adopted, might prevent a member who happened to be outside from voting. It is, however, in order to close the doors in case of a call of the House, because it is the very object of the proceeding to ascertain who is present. HALE, H. 1859, p. 335.

RULE 62. In the case of a creditor or stockholder of the Eastern Railroad it was held that he could vote on the bill "for the relief of the Eastern Railroad Company and the securing of its debts and liabilities," inasmuch as such creditor's or stockholder's interest was not "distinct from the public interest, but was inseparately mixed with it." Long, H. 1876, p. 181, and cases there cited. See also Winthrop, H. 1838, pp. 202, 212.

A director of a bank which has petitioned for an increase of capital was held not to be excluded by interest from voting on a motion to instruct the Committee on Banks and Banking to report leave to withdraw on all petitions by banks for an increase of capital. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 605. See also WINTHROP, H. 1838, pp. 77, 78, 79; WINTHROP, H. 1840, p. 207.

In the case of a bill "to equalize the bounties of our soldiers," which provided for paying certain sums of money to a particular class of persons described in the bill, it was held that a member who, under the provisions of the bill, would be entitled to \$200, had such an interest as would deprive him of the right to vote. Stone, H. 1866, p. 364. See also cases there cited.

For other cases relating to this rule, see BANKS, H. 1852, p. 225; ASHMUN, H. 1841, p. 387.

RULE 63. Any member may require the observance by other members of the duty of voting while the vote is proceeding, and before it is declared; but it is too late to call for the

enforcement of the rule after the vote has been completed and declared. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 564.

"Members desiring to be so excused shall make application," etc. For a case which arose prior to the adoption of this provision, see BLISS, H. 1853, p. 367.

This rule applies only to main questions and not to subsidiary, incidental or privileged questions. BRACKETT, H. 1885, p. 766.

RULE 65. When a quorum does not vote on a given question, though a quorum is in fact present, a second division of the House cannot be claimed as of right. It is not necessary to the valid decision of a question that a quorum shall actually vote if the requisite number are present. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 564.

RULE 67. Under a rule which enabled one-fifth of the members present and voting to order the yeas and nays, it was held that a vote for the yeas and nays could not be reconsidered, except by a four-fifths vote. EDDY, H. 1855, p. 15. Contra, PHELPS, H. 1856, p. 1120. CUSHING, § 1271.

When a question is before the House, and the yeas and nays have been ordered, a motion to reverse the roll-call is not in order. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 299.

It seems that a motion for the yeas and nays cannot be laid on the table. See ASHMUN, H. 1841, p. 385.

"No member shall be allowed to vote who was not on the floor before the vote is declared." For a case arising when the rule provided that no member shall be allowed to vote who was not upon the floor when his name was called, or before the rollcall was finished, see EDDY, H. 1855, pp. 1573, 1658.

RULE 69. Reconsideration can be had of a vote rejecting the report of a committee which declared that the seat of a member was vacant. HALE, H. 1859, p. 133.

As to reconsideration of votes to commit petitions, etc., and of the enactment of laws, see notes to Senate Rules 9 and 49.

The vote requiring the yeas and nays to be taken can be reconsidered. Noyes, H. 1881, p. 490.

When a vote has been passed to close debate at a specified time, and that time has arrived, it is too late to move a reconsideration in order to extend the debate. Noves, H. 1880, p. 220.

As to whether the adoption of an order can be reconsidered, after its execution has begun, see HALE, H. 1859, p. 270.

It has been held that a motion to reconsider a vote on an undebatable question cannot be debated. ROCKWELL, H. 1858, p. 331.

"Such motion, if made on the same day, shall, except in the last week of the session, be placed first in the orders of the next day," etc. Notwithstanding this rule it is necessary to take up orthwith a motion to reconsider a vote that when the House adjourn it be to a day or hour different from that fixed by the rules. Goodwin, H, 1860, p. 415.

"It shall be forthwith considered." This does not prevent a postponement of action on the motion to reconsider by a vote to that effect. HALE (acting Speaker), H. 1874, p. 23.

Where a bill had passed to be engrossed, and a motion to reconsider had been made, it was held that laying the motion to reconsider on the table would not carry the bill to the table, but would leave the clerk at liberty to send it to the Senate. Jewell, H. 1870, p. 428.

"Provided, however," etc. For the origin of this proviso, see KINNICUTT, H. 1844, p. 524.

In the case of a motion to reconsider a vote whereby the House refused to discharge a matter from the orders of the day under a suspension of the rules, it was held that such motion should be considered at the time when made. Tobin (acting Speaker), H. 1886, p. 524.

RULE 70. "No question shall be twice reconsidered." Where a bill had been rejected, and reconsideration was car-

ried, and the bill was then amended in an essential feature, it was held that a reconsideration of a second rejection would be in order, because the question on the second rejection was not the same as that on the first. Stone, H. 1867, p. 218; Heywood (acting President), 1865, p. 533.

The same question cannot twice be reconsidered. The fact that the question has been decided once in the affirmative and once in the negative, makes no difference. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 721.

It is competent for the House to reconsider a vote refusing to pass a bill over the executive veto, notwithstanding the first vote is described in the Constitution as a "reconsideration of the bill." SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 983.

It has been held that this rule can be suspended so as to allow a second reconsideration. PHELPS, H. 1856, p. 481.

RULES OF DEBATE. Remarks should be addressed to the presiding officer, not to the House in general. BULLOCK, H. 1865, p. 155.

When a member yields the floor to another he loses the right to it altogether. BRACKETT, H. 1885, p. 741.

No person not a member of the legislative body has any right to take part in the debates. For a case in which application of this rule was made to the chaplain's prayer, see Sanford, H. 1872, p. 291.

The uniform custom in the House has been to allude to a member by his residence. The pronouncing of the name of one member by another in debate is liable to lead to the excitement of personal feeling, and to a disturbance of that harmony and courtesy among the members which are essential to the highest style of order in a deliberative assembly. Bullock, H. 1865, p. 155.

Allusions should not be made to the opinions or wishes of the executive for the purpose of influencing the decision of any question. This point is not one merely of formality or propriety, but one of principle, affecting the independence of the

several branches of the government. The official acts and orders of the executive, and his opinions officially communicated to the Legislature, are properly subjects of discussion, and may well be referred to for the purpose of influencing the action of the legislative body; but it is irregular and unparliamentary in debate for a member, with a view to secure the passage or defeat of a measure, to refer to the supposed opinion or wish of the executive not officially promulgated. BULLOCK, H. 1865, p. 155.

After a point of order has been raised, the subject can be postponed to give the chair time for consideration. Noves, H. 1882, p. 446.

An order having been adopted that the Speaker should declare an adjournment on the completion of the business on which the House was engaged at five o'clock, it was held that a motion to take a recess until 7.30 made after five o'clock was not in order, for the reason that the order had not been suspended. Brackett, H. 1885, pp. 771, 775.

RULE 74. The House has refused to sustain a ruling that the intent of this rule is to give the preference in speaking only to such members who have not spoken as rise at the same time with a member who may desire to speak a second time. HALE, H. 1859, p. 288.

MOTIONS. In general terms, it is a principle of parliamentary law that no question can be moved a second time upon which the judgment of the House has already been expressed. See WADE, H. 1879, p. 540; HALE, H. 1859, p. 277; PHELPS H. 1856, p. 530.

If a motion to lay on the table is lost, another motion to lay on the table is not in order until some substantial business has been transacted. The rejection of a motion to adjourn is not substantial business. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 286; BLISS, H. 1853, p. 281.

A motion to suspend the rule limiting the time allowed to each speaker is in order pending a debate, although before the debate began a similar motion had been made and defeated. HALE, H. 1859, p. 603.

No two resolutions nor any two bills contradictory to each other can be passed at the same session. See WADE, H. 1879, p. 540.

If, however, an amendment is made at one stage of a bill, inserting certain words, the same words, or any part of them, may be stricken out by amendment at a subsequent stage without reconsideration of the first amendment. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 246. For further modifications and explanations of this principle, see notes to Senate Rule 50, and House Rule 48.

A resolution disapproving of the course of a member is not admissible unless such course has been in violation of the rules and privileges of the House. Sanford, H. 1872, p. 292.

RULE 77. "A motion . . . may be withdrawn by the mover if no objection is made." Where a motion to reconsider was made, and under the rule went over to the succeeding day, it was held that it was no longer before the House and could not be withdrawn until reached on such succeeding day, unless the rule was suspended so that it could be at once considered. PHELPS, H. 1857, p. 533.

RULE 78. "A motion to adjourn shall be always first in order." A motion to adjourn is not in order pending the verification of a vote. If the previous question is ordered, a motion to adjourn is not in order until the main question is decided. BLISS, H. 1853, pp. 274, 365. See also LORING, S. 1874, pp. 551, 554; CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 289.

A motion to adjourn to a specified time is not entitled to precedence. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 302.

If a motion to adjourn has been negatived it cannot be renewed until substantial business has intervened. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 303.

The ordering of the yeas and nays on the pending question and the interposition of a request to be excused from voting and ordering the yeas and nays on this question is not substantial business. Brackett, H. 1885, p. 356.

If there is no other motion before the House, a motion to adjourn may be amended by specifying a particular day, and it has been held that it is not even then debatable. Crowninshield, H. 1849, p. 314.

RULE 79. See notes to House Rules 67 and 78.

"To close the debate at a specified time." The House is not bound by a vote to take the question at a given time. The previous question would be in order, or the time might be extended for taking the vote. Sanford, H. 1873, p. 262. When, however, the time fixed for taking the vote has arrived, it is too late to move a reconsideration in order to extend the time. Noyes, H. 1880, p. 220.

It has been held that a motion to close the debate must be put to the question before the time specified in the motion, even if it is necessary to interrupt a speaker for the purpose of so doing. UPHAM, S. 1858, p. 448.

The motion to close debate at a specified time cannot be applied to a motion to refer a matter to the next General Court. Brackett, H. 1885, p. 599.

"Or some other motion that has precedence." If a special assignment is not called up on the day assigned for its consideration, it has been held that it falls through and loses its privilege, but this ruling was overruled by the House. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 347. See note to Senate Rule 43.

"To amend." See notes to House Rule 89 and Senate Rule 43.

Previous Question. The announcement of a vote for the preacher of the election sermon having shown that no person had a majority, a motion was made that the person having the highest number of votes be declared elected, and the previous question was then moved and carried, and it was held that the main question was the motion that a plurality should elect. Bradbury, H. 1847, p. 273.

RULE 83. If a motion for the previous question is carried while a motion to reconsider the adoption of an amendment is pending, the motion to reconsider is not thereby made the main question. ELDRIDGE (acting Speaker), H. 1860, p. 288.

RULE 85. When debate is closed under this rule, the right to speak ten minutes belongs solely to the member in charge of the measure under consideration, and in his absence no other member of the committee can be considered in charge thereof and be entitled to speak. BRACKETT, H. 1885, p. 677.

RULE 88. It seems that a substitute can be amended in the second degree. See Coolinge, S. 1870, p. 416.

RULE 89. Before the Joint Rules allowed committees to report a general law upon a petition for special legislation, it was held that a private or special Act could not be changed by amendment to a general law. SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 217; LONG, H. 1878, pp. 117, 361.

Amendments extending the provisions of a private or special bill, so as to make it general, are admissible if the committee might have reported such a general bill on the order referred to it. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 630.

An amendment is in order if it does not extend beyond the scope of the subject matter on which the report of a committee is based. MARDEN, H. 1883, pp. 232, 558. See notes on Senate Rule 47.

An amendment which provides for a modification of an existing law is not germane to a bill which provides for a repeal of the law. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 512.

For instances of amendments which have been held not to be germane, see Brackett, H. 1886, p. 739; Brackett, H. 1885 pp. 650, 710, 723; Marden, H. 1884, pp. 320, 387, 408, 492, 506, 537; Marden, H. 1883, pp. 259, 457, 598, 671, 702, 765; Noyes, H. 1882, p. 197; Noyes, H. 1882, p. 289; Noyes, H. 1882, p. 380; Noyes, H. 1881, p. 480; Noyes, H.

1880, pp. 178, 184; Long, H. 1878, pp. 216, 411; Long, H. 1877, pp. 390, 554; Sanford, H. 1875, p. 304; Long, H. 1876, p. 245; Jewell, H. 1870, p. 483; Jewell, H. 1868, p. 573. See also notes to Senate Rule 47.

For instances of amendments which have been held to be germane, see Brackett, H. 1885, p. 665; Marden, H. 1883, pp. 232, 558; Noves, H. 1882, p. 197; Brown (acting Speaker), H. 1882, p. 515; Long, H. 1878, p. 521; Long (acting Speaker), H. 1875, p. 470. See also note to Senate Rule 47.

It is too late to raise objection that a proposed amendment is not germane to a bill, after the consideration of the amendment has occupied the attention of the House a portion of two sessions. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 367. See also Dewey (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 463; Noves, H. 1881, p. 480. See notes to Joint Rules under the head of "Committees."

RULE 90. This rule does not save the right to amend when a simple motion to strike out (i. e., a motion not embracing a proposition to insert) has been made and rejected. SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 499.

"A question containing two or more propositions capable of division." The question, "Shall this bill pass to be engrossed?" is not divisible. Thus, in passing to be engrossed a bill fixing certain salaries, the bill cannot be divided so as to allow the salary of each official to be voted on separately. NOYES, H. 1881, p. 490.

"Strike out and insert." See Noves, H. 1880, p. 60.

RULE 91. Where there is no blank, and amendments are offered, changing the sum or time, the matter is to be treated as if the sum or time were left blank in the original motion, and the sum or time therein stated is to take its place among the amendments in accordance with the provisions of this rule. WADE, H. 1879, p. 144.

See note to Senate Rule 48.

RULE 93. An appeal from a ruling of the chair must be taken at once. The right to appeal is cut off by the intervention of other business. PHELPS, H. 1857, p. 907. Also CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 289.

For a case where the chair refused to entertain an appeal because the question had previously been decided by a ruling of the chair, which was confirmed by a vote of the House, see BLISS, H. 1853, p. 366. See also CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 289, 290.

The decision upon an appeal can be reconsidered. BLISS, H. 1853, pp. 730, 736.

A motion to lay an appeal on the table is not in order. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 582. See notes to Senate Rules, under heading "MOTIONS."

RULE 95. The election of a State director of the Troy and Greenfield Railroad Company was held to be within this rule. GOODWIN, H. 1860, p. 665.

RULE 100. It is not competent for the House on motion to suspend the principles of general parliamentary law. The House could not suspend the rule that the rejection of a motion to strike out precludes amendment any more than it could suspend the rule requiring a majority of votes to pass a motion. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 499.

NOTES OF RULINGS

ON THE

JOINT RULES.

COMMITTEES. When a report is received, the committee's duties as to the matter reported on are ended, and they can make no further report upon it, unless the subject is recommitted to them by vote of the assembly. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 489, 576; MARDEN, H. 1883, pp. 529, 669.

Every report should conclude with some substantive proposition for the consideration of the assembly, such as, that a bill, resolve, order, or resolution, ought or ought not to pass, that it is inexpedient to legislate, that the petitioners have leave to withdraw, etc., etc.

If a report recommends the passage of a bill or resolve, action is had upon the bill or resolve alone, and it takes its several readings, or is otherwise disposed of, as to the assembly seems fit. In such cases nothing is done about "accepting the report." The statement of facts and argument embodied in the report in support of the recommendation of the committee is not accepted or adopted, . . . and the assembly, by passing the bill or resolve, does not endorse that statement of fact or argument any more than, when it passes a vote, it endorses every speech made in support of the motion.

What is true of a report recommending the passage of a bill or resolve is equally true of a report recommending the passage of a resolution or order, reference to another committee or to the next General Court, or any other action. The substantive proposition of the report is the motion, as it were, of the committee, and that proposition alone is before the assembly for its action. The preliminary statement of facts and of opinions contained in reports in the usual forms is not before the assembly

for its action, and therefore cannot be amended. If, however, the proposition of a report is that its statement of facts and of opinions should be endorsed and adopted by the assembly itself, then and then only such statement would properly be before the assembly, and might be amended or otherwise acted upon.

Whatever the proposition of the report is, the question should be so framed as to embody that proposition in distinct terms. The ordinary form of putting the question, namely, "Shall this report be accepted?" is inaccurate, ambiguous, misleading, and ought to be abolished. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 489, 576.

If a committee reports in part only, their report should expressly state that it is "in part," and should clearly define what portion of the subject matter committed to them is covered by the report. The use of the words "in part" is, however, not essential. If the committee intended to report in part only, and the phraseology of their report is consistent with such intent, their report will be treated as a report in part. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 87.

For a discussion as to the creation of joint committees, and their relation to the two branches, see HALE, H. 1859, p. 269.

As to whether the same subject may be referred to two committees, see Sanford, H. 1872, p. 419. It seems that such action would conflict with the principle of parliamentary law, that no bill or measure shall be twice passed upon in the same session.

Committees must confine their report to the subject referred to them. Brackett, H. 1886, p. 713; Brackett, H. 1885, p. 858; Jewell, H. 1870, pp. 454, 475; Jewell, H. 1871, p. 342; Sanford, H. 1874, p. 392; Sanford, H. 1872, pp. 419, 421, 422. See also Bruce, S. 1884, p. 581; Marden, H. 1884, p. 450; Noyes, H. 1880, pp. 68, 72, 77, 472; Long, H. 1878, p. 216.

In determining the scope of a petition it should be construed liberally. PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 703.

A committee can report a larger sum than that named in the resolve referred to it. PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 700.

As the greater includes the less, it is a general rule that a bill will not be ruled out because it does not cover all the objects embraced in the order. PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 395.

But on an order relating to all cities and towns, it has been held that a committee cannot report a bill applicable to a single city. MARDEN, H. 1884, p. 450.

As to what legislation can be based on the reference to a committee of a report of a commission or board of trustees, see Jewell, H. 1870, p. 478.

If any part of a bill covers a matter not referred to the committee, the whole bill must be withdrawn or excluded. It cannot be amended before it is received. Sanford, H. 1872, pp. 422, 429; Sanford, H. 1875, p. 365; Pillsbury, S. 1886, p. 702. But it has been held that such a bill may be recommitted. Brackett, H. 1885, p. 359; Brackett, H. 1886, p. 713.

A report, after its acceptance in one branch, can be laid aside in the other branch if it covers matter not referred to the committee. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 478. But if an amendment has been adopted by one branch, the other branch cannot refuse to entertain it on the ground that it is not germane. MARDEN, H. 1884, p. 451.

Objection that a bill covers matter not referred to the committee cannot be raised after deliberate action on the bill, by amendment, or by passing it to a third reading, or even after continued deliberation in regard to it. BRACKETT, H. 1886, p. 503; DEWEY (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 464; SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 367; JEWELL, H. 1870, p. 477. See also NOYES, H. 1881, p. 480; WADE, H. 1879, p. 540.

Where a committee has referred to it several petitions on the same subject, or various papers involving either directly or remotely the same subject, whether simply or connected with other things, and the committee has once considered and reported upon any one subject involved in them, it has entirely exhausted its authority over that subject.

After such report has been once made, the subject passes

beyond the control of the committee and becomes the property of the House.

Any papers left in the hands of the committee, which may indirectly involve the same subject, must be treated as if that question was not in them. It seems not to be within the power of a committee to withhold mention of any particular petition, report, or other paper, and thus retain possession of a subject once reported upon as a basis for a new action and a new report.

General considerations support strongly this view. It is a maxim of jurisprudence, that it is for the public advantage that strifes should come to an end. It is equally for the public interest that contentions, in what our fathers called the Great and General Court, should be settled once for all. Many persons have a deep interest in the matters heard before committees. They appear in person or by counsel; and when the subject is, by report of the committee, brought before the Legislature, they appear to influence the action of members, as they have the right to do. When the matter is once disposed of, they depart, and suppose they may do so in safety. They have a right to believe their interests no longer require their presence. But, if a committee may revive questions once reported upon and settled, there will never be rest. JEWELL, H. 1870, p. 480.

A resolve, not an order, should be the form used to provide for printing a document not for the use of the Legislature, and involving the expenditure of public money. Long, H. 1878, p. 58; NOYES, H. 1880, p. 123.

Further, as to cases in which orders would be suitable, see LONG, H. 1878, p. 58.

A motion that several bills comprised in one report should be placed separately in orders of day, is not in order before the report has been received and the bills read the first time. Sanford, H. 1872, p. 404.

RULE 6. "Special legislation." Special legislation in the sense of this rule is that which directly affects individuals as such differently from the class to which they belong or from

the people at large. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 588, 589. See notes to Senate Rule 17.

RULE 8. "No printing . . . shall be ordered except upon the report of the Joint Committee on Printing." See LONG, H. 1878, p. 116. See also note to Joint Rule 1.

RULE 10. It seems that any difference between the two branches can be submitted to a committee of conference. PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 702.

That which has been agreed to by both branches cannot be disturbed by a committee of conference. It is competent for a committee of conference to report such change in the sections or portions not agreed to as is germane to those sections. BISHOP, S. 1882, p. 391.

RULE 11. See note to House Rule 4.

A bill may be laid aside on the ground that it is in violation of this rule after it has passed through one branch. BISHOP, S. 1882, p. 307.

"No bill or resolve." An order that a committee investigate the management and condition of a certain society and report what legislation is necessary was held to be within the operation of this rule, because any bill or resolve embodying the conclusions of such investigation would be within the scope of the rule. BRUCE, S. 1884, p. 580. Contra, PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 580.

"By amendment or otherwise." For the case of an amendment which was ruled out as within this rule, see BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 333.

An amendment proposing a new treatment of a subject already in the bill, and not the introduction of a new subject into the bill, is not covered by the rule. BISHOP, S. 1881, p. 384.

"Except by report of a committee on petition duly presented and referred." See NOYES, H. 1882, p. 90. For cases in which a bill was ruled out under this rule, see Long, H. 1878, pp. 116, 120; COGSWELL, S. 1878, p. 178.

The words "duly presented" do not require compliance with the provisions of chapter 2 of the Public Statutes in regard to notice. Those provisions are mandatory only to the petitioner, and the Legislature may, if it sees fit, hear the petitioner, notwithstanding his failure to comply with the law. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 533.

A bill which is offered as a substitute for a report of a committee must be germane to the subject referred to the committee. Jewell, H. 1871, p. 342.

"Objection to the violation of this rule may be taken at any stage prior to that of the third reading." For a case which arose prior to the insertion of these words, see Dewey (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 463.

RULE 12. This rule does not exclude matters of privilege. They may be considered wherever they arise. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 583.

"All other subjects of legislation." See Long, H. 1878, p. 572; Brackett, H. 1885, p. 354.

An order which is merely incidental to a subject of legislation before the House is not within the scope of this rule. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 311.

"Proposed or introduced." It has been twice ruled that matter referred by one General Court to the next, when called up in the General Court to which it is so referred, must be considered as the introduction of new business within the intent of this rule. In both cases the bill in question related to the compensation of members of the Legislature, and in both cases, on appeal, the decision of the chair was reversed. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 521, 578; LONG, H. 1877, pp. 466-473.

"Shall be referred to the next General Court." Where a bill had passed to a third reading, it was held that it was too late to secure its reference to the next General Court under this rule. DEWEY (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 463. See also WADE, H. 1879, p. 540.

For a case arising under a somewhat similar rule, see JEWELL, H. 1868, p. 591.

After the House had debated an order several times and had once adopted it, it was held too late to raise the point that the order came within the scope of this rule. BRACKETT, H. 1885, p. 354.

SUNDRY RULINGS.

COURTESY BETWEEN THE BRANCHES.

When one branch has passed upon a matter and forwarded it to the other, the latter is, as a rule, bound to receive and act upon it. For a discussion of this principle, and the exceptions to it, see Marden, H. 1883, pp. 523-528; also p. 478; Bishop S. 1882, p. 307; Marden, H. 1884, p. 451; Pillsbury, S. 1885, pp. 582, 583; Morrison (acting Speaker), H. 1882, p. 443; Brown (acting Speaker), H. 1882, p. 515; Bishop, S. 1881 (extra session), p. 19; Bishop, S. 1881, p. 384; Bishop, S. 1880, p. 243; Cogswell, S. 1878, p. 178; Cogswell, S. 1877, pp. 301, 306; Long, H. 1877, p. 426; Sanford, H. 1874, p. 392; Sanford, H. 1872, p. 125; Bullock, H. 1865, Appendix, p. 492; Phelps, S. 1859, p. 325.

See notes to Senate Rule 50.

CONCURRENCE IN AMENDMENTS.

Where a bill passed in the House was sent to the Senate, and there passed with an amendment, and was then returned to the House for concurrence in the amendment, it was held that the House might agree or disagree with the amendment, or it might agree after amending the amendment, or it might refer the question of agreeing to the amendment to a committee, or might lay the subject on the table, or defer action to some day certain, because all such motions are supposed to be not unriendly in their nature, at least not decisive or destructive. On-

the other hand, a motion to postpone indefinitely the whole subject, or any motion which carries with it an original purpose of destruction to the bill, is not in order, because the two branches have already agreed to the bill as a whole, and such a motion would be irregular in itself, and in its parliamentary effects uncourteous towards the other branch of the Legislature. Bullock, H. 1865, Appendix, p. 493.

For a discussion as to proceedings in case of a disagreement between the two branches in relation to amendments, see HALE, H. 1859, p. 116.



LIST OF THE

Executive and Legislative Departments

OF THE GOVERNMENT

OF THE

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS,

AND OFFICERS IMMEDIATELY CONNECTED THEREWITH,
WITH PLACES OF RESIDENCE.

1887.



EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY OLIVER AMES of Easton, GOVERNOR.

353 Commonwealth Avenue.

HIS HONOR JOHN Q. A. BRACKETT of Boston, LIEUT.GOVERNOR.

4 Union Park.

Council.

- District I. JONATHAN BOURNE of New Bedford.

 At Home.
 - II. WARREN E. LOCKE of Norwood. 241 Boylston Street.
 - III. EBENEZER M. McPherson of Boston.
 171 Trenton.
 - IV. LAWRENCE J. LOGAN of Boston. 560 E. Broadway.
 - V. FRANK D. ALLEN of Lynn.
 At Home.
 - VI. FRANCIS JEWETT of Lowell.

 At Home.
 - VII. GEORGE W. JOHNSON of Brookfield At Home.
 - VIII. Lewis J. Powers of Springfield.

 At Home.

Private Secretary of the Governor. George H. Campbell of Easton.

Executive Clerk.

EDWARD F. HAMLIN of Newton.

Committees of the Council.

On Pardons.— His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Bourne, Mr. Allen, Mr. Johnson, Mr. McPherson.

On Finance. — His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Bourne, Mr. Locke, Mr. Powers, Mr. Johnson.

On Railroads and the Hoosac Tunnel.—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Bourne, Mr. Allen, Mr. Powers, Mr. Logan.

On Harbors and Public Lands. — Mr. Bourne, Mr. Locke, Mr. Logan, Mr. McPherson, Mr. Jewett.

On Charitable Institutions. — His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Allen, Mr. Logan, Mr. Powers, Mr. Johnson.

On Prisons. — His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Locke, Mr. Allen, Mr. Jewett, Mr. McPherson.

On Military Affairs. — His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Locke, Mr. Powers, Mr. Logan, Mr. McPherson.

On Accounts. — Mr. Logan, Mr. Johnson, Mr. Jewett.
On Warrants. — Mr. Locke, Mr. Allen, Mr. Jewett.

Messenger to the Governor and Council.

William H. Jarvis Lynn.

Secretary of the Commonwealth.

HENRY B. PEIRCE of Abington.

At Home.

Henry J. Coolidge, 1st Clerk			Boston.
Isaac H. Edgett, 2d Clerk .			Beverly.
George G. Spear, Jr., 3d Clerk			Boston.

. Canton.

Treasurer and Receiber-General and Tax Commissioner.

ALANSON W. BEARD of Boston.

At Home.

John Q. Adams, 1st Clerk						Aub	urndale.
George S. Hall, 2d Clerk						Cam	bridge.
L. P. Bridge, 3d Clerk						Med	ford.
Joshua Phippen, Cashier						Sale	m.
Henry S. Bridge, Receiving	g Te	ller				Med	ford.
James C. Bond, Paying Te	eller					Nort	th Adams
E. P. Simmons, Fund Cler	rk					Rox	bury.
Deputy Tax Commission	er ar	ıđ Co	mmi	ssion	er of	Corp	orations.
Charles Endicott, .							. Canton
Andrew J. Morton, Clerk							. Boston

Auditor.

Edward D. Endicott, 2d Clerk .

CHARLES R. LADD of Springfield.

William D. Hawley, 1st Clerk		۰		Malden.
James Pope, 2d Clerk .				Melrose.
Wm. H. Pomeroy, Extra Clerk				Boston.
Laura Wilkins, Extra Clerk				Cambridge.

Attorney=General.

EDGAR J. SHERMAN of Lawrence.

Harvey N. Shepard, A	Assistant .	Atto	rney-	Gen	eral		Boston.
Henry A. Wyman, Lo	w Clerk						Boston.

Gobernor's Staff.

Aides-de-Camp.

Colonel Thomas Sherwin			Boston.
Colonel Allen G. Shepherd			Lynn.
Colonel Morgan Rotch .			New Bedford.
Colonel Rockwood Hoar			Worcester.

Major-General Samuel Dalton of Boston, Adjutant-General.

Brig.-Gen. Alfred F. Holt of Cambridge, Surgeon-General.
Brig.-Gen. Edward O. Shepard of Boston, Judge-Advocate Gen.
Colonel Horace T. Rockwell, of Boston, Inspector-General of Rifle
Practice.

Colonel Edward E. Currier of Malden, Assistant-Inspector-Gen.
Colonel Augustas N. Sampson of Boston, Assistant-Inspector-Gen.
Colonel Fred W. Wellington of Worcester, Assistant-Inspector-Gen.

Colonel Albert L. Newman of Boston, Assistant-Adjutant-Gen.

Colonel James W. Bennett of Lowell, Assistant-Adjutant-Gen.

Colonel Daniel P. Crocker of Springfield, Assistant-Adjutant-Gen.

Colonel Charles Weil of Boston, Assistant-Adjutant-Gen.

Colonel John H. Abbott of Fall River, Assistant-Quartermaster General.

Colonel John G. Mackintosh of Holyoke, Assistant-Quartermaster-General.

Colonel Richard F. Barrett of Concord, Assistant-Quartermaster-General.

Colonel George R. Wallace of Fitchburg, Assistant-Quartermaster-General.

Massachusetts Bolunteer Militia.

First Brigade.

Brigadier-General Nat. Wales Boston.

Second Brigade.

Brigadier-General Benjamin F. Peach, Jr. . . Lynn.

Corps of Cadets - Unattached.

First Corps Cadets, Lieut.-Col. Thomas F. Edmands . Boston.
Second Corps Cadets, Lieut.-Col. J. Frank Dalton . Salem.

Commissioners of State Aid.

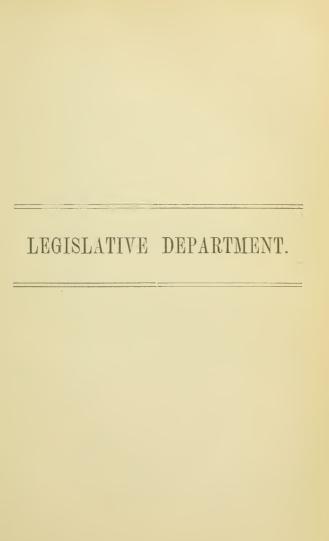
CHARLES R. LADD, Auditor of the Commonwealth.

Samuel Dalton, Adjutant-General.

CHARLES W. HASTINGS.

CHARLES W. HASTINGS, Clerk of Board.







BY DISTRICTS. SENATE

Hon. HALSEY J. BOARDMAN (Suffolk County), President.

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William T. Forbes	Irving B. Sayles.	Harris C. Hartwell	Charles A. Gleason	Henry M. Phillips	Levi Perkins .	Charles A. Towne	Edward D. G. Jones	Charles N. Clark	Elijah A. Morse .	John H. Gould .	Jubal C. Gleason	Ziba C. Keith .	Charles A. Reed .
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" Bben C. Milliken New Bedford Isaac N. Keith Bourne	Second Bristol		•	Robert Howard	•	Fall River	At Home.
Bourne	Third "		•	Eben C. Milliken .	•		At Home.
	90			Isaac N. Keith	•	Bourne	Parker House.

ARRANGEMENT OF THE SENATE.

HON. HALSEY J. BOARDMAN, PRESIDENT.

RIGHT.

- Hon, Eben C. Milliken. 1.
- 2. Hon. Henry M. Phillips.
- Hon. Alpheus B. Alger. 3.
- Hon, Edward D. G. Jones. 4.
- Hon. Robert Howard. 5.
- Hon. Ziba C. Keith. 6.
- Hon. Benjamin F. Cook. 7.
- Hon. Oliver G. Fernald. 8.
- 9. Hon. John K. C. Sleeper.
- Hon. John F. Shea.
- Hon. Edward J. Jenkins. 11.
- Hon. Irving B. Sayles. 12.
- Hon. Edward J. Slattery. 13.
- Hon, Edw'd F. O'Sullivan. 14.
- Hon, Levi Perkins. 15.
- Hon Charles N. Clark. 16.
- Hon. Charles A. Towne. 17.
- 18. Hon, Jediah P. Jordan.
- Hon, Isaac N. Keith. 19.
- Hon, D. Frank Kimball.

LEFT.

- 1. Hon. J. Henry Gould.
- Hon. Edward P. Wilbur. 2.
- Hon, William T. Forbes. 3.
- 4. Hon. Charles A. Gleason.
- 5. Hon, Luman T. Jefts.
- 6. Hon. Elijah A. Morse.
- 7. Hon, Charles A. Reed.
- 8. Hon, Frank W. Jones.
- 9. Hon. Samuel Roads, Jr.
- 10. Hon. Harris C. Hartwell.
- 11. Hon. Edward Glines.
- 12. Hon. Edwin L. Pilsbury.
- Hon. J. Varnum Fletcher. 13.
- Hon, Asa T. Newhall, 14.
- Hon. John J. Currier. 15.
- 16. Hon, Jubal C. Gleason,
- Hon. Patrick D. Dwyer. 17.
- Hon, John Welch, 18.
- 19. Hon, Edwin T. Marble

SENATE, ALPHABETICALLY.

Hom. HALSEY J. BOARDMAN (Ninth Suffolk), PRESIDENT.

Alger, Alpheus B.,			. Third Middlesex Dis	trict.
Boardman, Halsey J.,			. Ninth Suffolk	66
Clark, Charles N.,		٠	Berkshire and Hampshire	"
Cook, Benjamin F.,			. Third Essex	66
Currier, John J., .			. Fourth Essex	"
Dwyer, Patrick D.,			. Third Suffolk	"
Fernald, Oliver G.,			. Sixth Suffolk	66
Fletcher, J. Varnum,			. Second Middlesex	"
Forbes, William T.,			. Second Worcester	44
Gleason, Charles A.,			$\left\{ egin{array}{ll} Worcester\ and\ Hampshire \end{array} ight\}$	"
Gleason, Jubal C., .			. First Plymouth	66
Glines, Edward, .			. First Middlesex	66
Gould, J. Henry, .			. Second Norfolk	4.6
Hartwell, Harris C.,			. Fourth Worcester	66
Howard, Robert, .			. Second Bristol	"
Jefts, Luman T., .			. Fifth Middlesex	66
Jenkins, Edward J.,			. Fourth Suffolk	66
Jones, Edward D. G.,			. Berkshire	66
Jones, Frank W., .			. First Essex	66
Jordan, Jediah P., .			. Seventh Suffolk	66
Keith, Isaac N., .			. Cape	66
Keith, Ziba C., .	,	*	. Second Plymouth	66

Kimball, D. Frank,			First Suffolk	District.
Marble, Edwin T., .			First Worcester	"
Milliken, Eben C., .			Third Bristol	66
Morse, Elijah A., .			First Norfolk	6.6
Newhall, Asa T, .			Fifth Essex	4.6
O'Sullivan, Edward	F.,		Sixth Essex	66
Perkins, Levi, .			Second Hampden	66
Phillips, Henry N.,			First Hampden	6.6
Pilsbury, Edwin L.,			Second Suffolk	6.6
Reed, Charles A., .			First Bristol	66
Roads, Samuel, Jr.,			Second Essex	6.6
Sayles, Irving B., .			Third Worcester	4.6
Shea, John F., .			Eighth Suffolk	66
Slattery, Edward J.,			Fourth Middleses	c 66
Sleeper, John K. C.,			Sixth Middlesex	6.6
Towne, Charles A.,			Franklin	66
Welch, John,			Seventh Middlese	x "
Wilbur, Edward P.,			Fifth Suffolk	66

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

E. HERBERT CLAPP, Boston, . . . Clerk.

HENRY D. COOLIDGE, Concord, . . . Assistant Clerk.

JOHN G.	В. А	DAMS,	Lyr	ın,				Sergeant-at-Arms.
REV. EDM	UND	DOW	SE,	Sher	born,			Chaplain.
	Doo	rkeeper	s, 1	Acss	senge	rs ai	ŭ	Pages.
STILLMAR	v w.	EDGE	ELL,					Doorkeeper.
JOSEPH 8	SIDW	ELL,						Asst. Doorkeeper.
JAMES E	. AR	MSTR	ONG	, .				Messenger.
CHARLES	N.	MARS	Н,					Messenger.
WILLIAM	H.	WHIT	ING,	, .				Messenger.
JOSEPH I	HAL	STRICI	ζ,					Messenger.
CHARLES	F	DOLAR	N,			.		Messenger.
CHARLES	w.	PARK	ER,					Messenger.
N NAIL	DAT	ZIS						Messenger.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

BY COUNTIES.

COUNTY OF BARNSTABLE.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
1	Falmouth Bourne Sandwich Mashpee Barnstable Yarmouth Dennis	Charles Dillingham George H. Loring	Sandwich. Yarmouth.
2	Harwich Chatham Brewster Orleans	John H. Clark	Brewster.
3{	Eastham Wellfleet Truro Provincetown .	: } Isaiah C. Young	Wellfleet.

COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE.

1	New Ashford Williamstown	George H. Kearn . John J. Marsh .		North Adams.
2 {	Adams Cheshire	John M. Morin .	•	Adams.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
3	Hancock . Lanesborough Lenox . Windsor . Peru Hinsdale Washington . Richmond	Thomas Post	Lenox.
4 {	Pittsfield Dalton	John C. Crosby Lorenzo H. Gamwell .	Pittsfield. Pittsfield.
5 {	Stockbridge	Joseph C. Chaffee	Lee.
6	West Stockbridge - Alford Egremont Great Barrington .	Theodore Giddings .	Gt. Barrington.
7	Monterey Otis Sandisfield New Marlborough . Sheffield	John D. Burtch	Sheffield.
	cor	INTY OF BRISTOL.	
1{	Attleborough Norton Seekonk	Thomas G. Sandland . Abijah T. Wales	Attleborough. Attleborough.
2	Mansfield Easton	Louis C. Southard	Easton.
3	Taunton, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 . Berkley	Cyrus Savage	Taunton. Taunton. Taunton.
4 {	Fairhaven	*Frederick C. S. Bartlett, Robert Bennett	Fairhaven. Fairhaven.

^{*} Never qualified. Died December 26, 1886. Robert Bennett elected to fill vacancy.

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No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
5 {	New Bedford, Wds.	George H. Freeman	New Bedford. New Bedford.
6 }	New Bedford, Wds. 4, 5, 6	E. Williams Hervey . Seth W. Godfrey	New Bedford. New Bedford.
7 }	Westport Dartmouth	Cortez Allen	Westport.
8 {	Fall River, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 6	James Conroy William A. Carman	Fall River. Fall River. Fall River.
9 {	Fall River, Wards 5, 7, 8, 9	Robert Henry John C. Milne	Fall River. Fall River.
10 {	Dighton Somerset Swanzey Rehoboth	Mason Barney	Swanzey.
	COUNT	Y OF DUKES COUNTY.	
1	Chilmark Cottage City Edgartown Gay Head Gosnold Tisbury	Oliver E. Linton	Cottage City.
	CC	OUNTY OF ESSEX.	
1	Salisbury Amesbury	Alexander Smart John H. Pousland	Merrimac. Amesbury.
2 {	Haverbill, Wards 1, 2, 4, 6	Alden P. Jaques J. Otis Wardwell	Haverhill, Haverhill.
3	Haverhill, Wards 3, 5 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	George H. Bartlett Albert L. Dame	Haverhill. Methuen.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative		Residence.
Dist.				
4 }	Lawrence, Wards 1, 2, 3	Timothy F. O'Hearn Michael Carney .		Lawrence.
5 {	Lawrence, Wards 4, 5, 6	William J. Hinchcliffe Harry M. Eames .		Lawrence. Lawrence.
6 }	Andover North Andover .	Charles Smith .		Andover.
7{	Groveland Georgetown	Nathaniel E. Ladd .		Groveland
8 {	Newburyport Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Newbury	Daniel M Felch . Edward A. Moseley		Newburyport. Newburyport.
9{	Rowley	Joshua N. Foss .		Rowley.
10 {	Gloucester, Wards 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, . Essex Manchester	George Dennis Cyrus Story Jeffrey T. Stanley		Gloucester. Gloucester. Manchester.
11 {	Gloucester, Ward 2 Rockport	Theodore L. Pool .		Rockport.
12	Beverly	Charles L. Dodge .		Beverly.
13	Salem, Wards 1, 2.	G. Parker Bray .		Salem.
14	Salem, Wards 3, 5.	O. W. H. Uphman .		Salem.
15	Salem, Wards 4, 6.	Charles H. Symonds		Salem.
16	Marblehead	Francis Boardman .		Marblehead.
17 {	Swampscott Lynn, Wards 2, 3 .	Horace A. Roberts . Joseph W. Garfield		Lynn. Lynn.
18 }	Lynn, Ward 4 Nahant	William A. Clark, Jr. Martin E. Nies		Lynn. Lynn.
19 {	Lynn, Wards 1, 5 . Lynnfield	Arthur B. Breed . George F. Day .		Lynn. Lynn.
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No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.			
20 {	Lynn, Wards 6, 7, . Saugus	David Walker Charles S. Hitchings .	Lynn. Saugus.			
21	Peabody	Cyrus T. Batchelder .	Peabody.			
22 {	Danvers Middleton	Malcolm Sillars	Danvers.			
	COU	NTY OF FRANKLIN.				
1{	Greenfield Shelburne Bernardston	Darwin F. Hamilton .	Greenfield.			
2	Warwick Orange New Salem Erving Shutesbury	Franklin L. Waters .	Orange.			
3{	Northfield	Felix F. McCue	Montague.			
4	Leverett Sunderland	Henry C. Haskell	Deerfield.			
5	Ashfield . Buckland . Charlemont . Colrain . Hawley . Heath . Leyden . Rowe . Monroe	Enoch J. Stockwell .	Buckland.			
	COUNTY OF HAMPDEN.					
1	Chester	Seth N. Bennett	Agawam.			

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
2	Montgomery Russell	William Provin William H. Foote	Westfield. Westfield.
3	Holyoke, Wards 6, 7	Dwight O. Judd	Holyoke.
4 }	Holyoke, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	Jeremiah J. Keane	Holyoke.
5	Chicopee	Norris R. Wood	Chicopee.
6 }	Springfield, Wards	John L. Knight George W. Miller	Springfield. Springfield.
7	Springfield, Ward 5	Charles C. Spellman .	Springfield.
8 {	Springfield, Wards 2, 3, 6, 7	Fred A. Judd John S. Sanderson	Springfield. Springfield.
9{	Longmeadow	John Brockbank	Monson.
10 {	Ludlow Palmer Brimfield Holland	Stephen S. Taft	Palmer.

COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE.

1	Couthampton	John B. Bottum Byron P. Owen	Northampton. Easthampton.
2	Cummington . Goshen . Huntington .	William W. Orcutt .	Cummington.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
3	Hatfield	James W. Gaylord .	South Hadley.
4 {	Amherst Belchertown Granby	Moody Harrington .	Amherst.
5	Enfield Greenwich	Levi W. Robinson	Ware.
	COUN	TY OF MIDDLESEX.	
1 {	Cambridge, Wards	Solomon S. Sleeper George A. Perkins	Cambridge. Cambridge.
2 }	Cambridge, Ward 2	Horace G. Kemp C. G. H. Bennink	Cambridge. Cambridge.
3	Cambridge, Ward 3	John T. Scully	Cambridge.
4 {	Cambridge, Ward 4	Isaac S. Pear Charles W. Henderson .	Cambridge. Cambridge.
5	Somerville, Ward 1	Samuel Cutler	Somerville.
6	Somerville, Ward 2	James F. Davlin	Somerville.

Samuel C. Darling .

Theodore P. Dresser

William A. Wilde .

Daniel L. Milliken .

Dudley P. Bailey .

James E. Whitcher

Charles F. Woodward .

John Larrabee

Somerville.

Medford.

Malden.

Malden.

Everett.

Melrose.

Stoneham.

Wakefield.

Somerville, Wards

Malden, Wards 1, 2,

3, 4, 5, 6

Everett

Melrose .

Stoneham

Wakefield

3, 4 . Medford .

8

9 }

10

12

13

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No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
14 }	Woburn Reading	Charles H. Lang Horace G. Wadlin	Reading. Reading.
15 {	Arlington Winchester	Warren A. Peirce	Arlington.
16 {	Watertown Belmont	Jonathan Bigelow	Watertown.
17 {	Newton, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7,	Arthur C. Walworth . Elijah W. Wood	Newton. Newton.
18 {	Waltham, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, . Weston	Erskine Warden Samuel O. Upham	Waltham. Waltham.
19	Lexington	Henry J. Hosmer	Concord.
20 {	Chelmsford Billerica	George W. Trull	Tewksbury.
21	Lowell, Ward 1 .	Thomas J. Flynn	Lowell.
22	Lowell, Ward 2 .	Edward M. Tucke	Lowell.
23	Lowell, Ward 3 .	Peter J. Brady	Lowell.
24 {	Lowell, Wards 4, 5 Dracut Tyngsborough .	Charles E. Adams George F. Morey Solomon K. Dexter .	Lowell. Lowell.
25	Lowell, Ward 6 .	Albert G. Thompson .	Lowell.
26-	Natick	Justin Perry	Natick.
27 {	Hopkinton Ashland	Dennis J. O'Brien	Hopkinton.
28 {	Holliston Sherborn Framingham	Samuel B. Bird William H. Hastings .	Framingham. Framingham.

No. of Dist	Distric	t.		Name of Representative	Э.	Residence.
29 {	Marlborough Hudson . Sudbury .			Timothy J. Harris Savillian Arnold .		Marlborough Hudson.
30 {	Maynard . Stow . Boxborough Littleton . Acton . Carlisle .			Luther Conant .	٠	Acton.
31	Westford. Groton. Pepperell. Dunstable			George S. Graves .		Groton.
32 {	Ayer . Shirley . Townsend	:		William P. Taylor .		Townsend.
j	Ashby .	•	٠)		
į		CO	UNT	TY OF NANTUCKET.		
1		COI	UNT	TY OF NANTUCKET.		Nantucket.
1	Ashby .	•	•		•	Nantucket.
	Ashby .	•	•	John W. Hallett .		Nantucket.
1 {	Ashby . Nantucket Dedham .	•	•	John W. Hallett .		
1 }	Ashby . Nantucket Dedham . Norwood .	•	•	John W. Hallett . NTY OF NORFOLK. { Frank A. Fales .		Norwood.
1 {	Nantucket Dedham . Norwood . Brookline	•	ou:	John W. Hallett . NTY OF NORFOLK. Frank A. Fales . George N. Carpenter		Norwood. Brookline.
1 1	Ashby . Nantucket Dedham . Norwood . Brookline Hyde Park Milton .	•	ou:	John W. Hallett . NTY OF NORFOLK. { Frank A. Fales . George N. Carpenter Samuel R. Moseley		Norwood. Brookline. Hyde Park.

			The second secon	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN
No. of Dist.	District.		Name of Representative.	Residence.
7{	Randolph Stonghton . Sharon Walpole	.]	Henry Fitzpatrick Allen A. Belcher	Stoughton. Randolph.
8	Franklin Foxborough . Wrentham . Bellingham . Medway Norfolk		Benjamin F. Boyden, 2d William F. Ray	Foxborough. Franklin.
9	Needham . Dover . Medfield . Wellesley . Millis .		Frank Smith	Dover.
	C	OUNT	TY OF PLYMOUTH.	
1	Plymouth .		Elkanah Finney	Plymouth.
$2\bigg\{$	Marshfield . Plympton . Kingston . Duxbury .	: }	Peleg T. Brooks	Kingston.
3{	Scituate South Scituate Hanson Pembroke .		Roland Turner	Scituate.
4 {	Cohasset Hingham Hull	: }	Edmund Hersey, 2d .	Hingham.
5 }	Rockland Hanover	: }	George H. Hunt	Rockland.
6 }	Whitman Abington	: }	William H. Gurney	Whitman.
7	Mattapoisett . Marion . Wareham . Rochester . Carver .		Edward F. Handy	Wareham.

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No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
8	Middleborough Lakeville Halifax	James H. Harlow	Middleboro'.
9 {	Bridgewater East Bridgewater . West Bridgewater	William H. Jennings .	W. Bridgew'r.
10 }	Brockton, Wards 4, 5, 6	Patrick McCarthy	Brockton.
11 }	Brockton, Wards 2,	Warren T. Copeland .	Brockton.
12 }	Brockton, Wards 1,	Henry E. Lincoln	Brockton.
	COU	NTY OF SUFFOLK.	
1 }	Boston, Ward 1 .	John E. Lynch J. Henry Stevenson .	Boston. Boston.
2 }	Boston, Ward 2 .	Patrick J. Kennedy . James E. Fitzgerald .	Boston. Boston.
3 }	Boston, Ward 3 .	John E. Hayes Francis J. Murphy	Boston. Boston.
4 }	Boston, Ward 4 .	Charles Field Joseph H. Gleason	Boston. Boston.
5 {	Boston, Ward 5 .	Patrick J. Calnan John P. Reynolds	Boston. Boston.
6 }	Boston, Ward 6 .	Harvey N. Collison Patrick J. Heasley	Roston. Boston.
7 }	Boston, Ward 7 .	Thomas G. Farren John Doherty	Boston. Boston.
8 }	Boston, Ward 8 .	(Edward J. Donovan .) Harrison H. Atwood .	Boston. Boston.
9 }	Boston, Ward 9 .	William O. Armstrong . Henry Parkman	Boston. Boston.
10 {	Boston, Ward 10 .	Jacob A. Dresser	Boston. Boston.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
11 }	Boston, Ward 11 .	William F. Wharton . John O. Teele	Boston. Boston.
12 }	Boston, Ward 12 .	Edward J Fossitt Philip H. Quinn	Boston. Boston.
13 {	Boston, Ward 13 .	James E. Pray James Sullivan	Boston. Boston.
14 {	Boston, Ward 14 .	(David J. Hagerty Charles J. Noyes	Boston. Boston.
15 }	Boston, Ward 15 .	Michael Garity Peter J. Reardon	Boston. Boston.
16 {	Boston, Ward 16 .	Jeremiah Desmond James Donovan	Boston. Boston.
17 {	Boston, Ward 17 .	Whittemore Rowell . Albert A. Woodward .	Boston. Boston.
18 }	Boston, Ward 18 .	John F. Colby Edward J. Hathorne .	Boston. Boston.
19 {	Boston, Ward 19 .	Thomas L. Noonan . Daniel J. Maguire	Boston. Boston.
20 {	Boston, Ward 20 .	Michael J. McEttrick . John H. McDonough .	Boston. Boston.
21 {	Boston, Ward 21 .	(Moses E. Ware (John Backup	Boston. Boston.
22	Boston, Ward 22 .	James J. Dunlea	Boston.
23 }	Boston, Ward 23 .	Daniel Gunn	Boston. Boston.
24 {	Boston, Ward 24 .	(John F. Brown William T. Leach	Boston. Boston.
25	Boston, Ward 25 .	Joseph F. Ready	Boston.
26 {	Chelsea, Wards 1,2,	Arthur B. Champlin . George E. Morrill	Chelsea. Chelsea.
27 {	Chelsea, Ward 4 . Revere Winthrop	Lyman M. Miller David Floyd, 2d	Chelsea. Winthrop.

COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

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No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
1 {	Athol Royalston Phillipston	Sidney P. Smith	Athol.
2	Gardner	Edward P. Noyes John H. Wilkins	Gardner. Ashburnham.
3	Barre	James F. Davis	Holden.
4	Westminster Hubbardston Princeton Holden Paxton	Samuel W. Armington .	Barre.
5 {	Brookfield	Edwin D. Goodell Samuel Clark	Brookfield. N. Brookfield.
6 }	Spencer Leicester	Luther Hill	Spencer.
7 {	Charlton Dudley Southbridge	Charles Haggerty	Southbridge.
8 {	Webster Oxford Auburn	Henry Brandes	Webster.
9 {	Douglas Millbury Sutton	Henry Simeon Stockwell	Sutton.
10 {	Uxbridge	Daniel W. Taft	Uxbridge.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
11 {	Blackstone Mendon Milford Hopedale	James Lally, Jr Henry E. Fales	Milford.
12	Westborough . Northborough . Southborough . Berlin . Shrewsbury . Grafton .	George B. Brigham	Westborough.
13 {	Boylston Bolton	Jonas E. Howe Harrison E. Morton	Clinton. W. Boylston.
14 {	Leominster Lunenburg	Morrill A. Greenwood .	Leominster.
15 {	Fitchburg, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	Joseph S. Wilson James F. D. Garfield .	Fitchburg. Fitchburg.
16	Worcester, Ward 1	Thomas G. Kent	Worcester.
17	Worcester, Ward 2	Alfred S. Pinkerton .	Worcester.
18	Worcester, Ward 3	John Francis O'Connor .	Worcester.
19	Worcester, Ward 4	Peter A. Conlin	Worcester.
20	Worcester, Ward 5	Thomas W. Butler	Worcester.
21	Worcester, Ward 6	Joseph H. Walker	Worcester.
22	Worcester, Ward 7	Henry L. Parker	Worcester.
23	Worcester, Ward 8	William A. Gile	Worcester.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES . . . ALPHABETICALLY,

WITH THE DISTRICTS REPRESENTED, PLACES OF RESIDENCE, AND RESIDENCE DURING THE SESSION.

HON. CHARLES J NOYES, Boston, Speaker.

NAME.	District.	Residence,		During the Session,	No. of Seat.
Adams, Charles E	24, Muddlesex .	Lowell .		At Home	117
Allen, Cortez	7, Bristol	Westport .	٠	At Home	199
Allen, Henry C	23, Suffolk	Boston .	٠	Park Street, West Roxbury.	126
Armington, Samuel W.	4, Worecster .	Holden .		At Home	180
Armstrong, William O.	9, Suffolk	Boston .		6 Strong Place, Boston	236
Arnold, Savillian .	29, Middlesex .	Hudson .		At Home	200
Atwood, Harrison II.	8, Suffolk	Boston .	٠	25 Poplar Street, Boston .	237
Backup, John	21, Suffolk	Boston .		108 Warren Street	162

NAME.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.		No. of Seat.
Bailey, Dudley P	10, Middlesex .	Everett	At Home ,		14
Barney, Mason	10, Bristol	Swansea	Adams House		124
Bartlett, George H	3, Essex	Haverhill	At Home	•	202
Batchelder, Cyrus T.	21, Essex	Peahody	At Home		148
Belcher, Allen A	7, Norfolk .	Randolph	At Home	•	158
Bennett, Robert	4, Bristol	Fairhaven	At Home	•	235
Bennett, Seth, N	1, Hampden .	Agawam	Adams House	•	48
Bennink, Cornelius G. H	2, Middlesex .	Cambridge .	At Home	•	151
Bigelow, Jonathan	16, Middlesex .	Watertown .	At Home	•	196
Bird, Samuel B	28, Middlesex .	Framingham .	At Home	•	44
Boardman, Francis	16, Essex	Marblehead .	At Home	•	169
Bottum, John B	1, Hampshire .	Northampton .	United States Hotel .	•	55
Boyden, Benjamin F., 2d .	8. Norfolk	Foxborough .	At Home		20

Brady, Peter J		. 23, Middlesex . Lowell	llesex		Lowell .	•	At Home				6
Brandes, Henry		8, Worcester	cester		Webster .		At Home				182
Bray, Guilford P	٠	13, Essex			Salem	•	At Home			•	228
Breed, Arthur B.	٠	19, Essex		•	Lynn	•	At Home			٠	11
Briggs, William J.	•	3, Bristol .	ol .		Taunton .	٠	At Home		٠	•	233
Brigham, George B		12, Worcester	cester		Westborough		At Home			٠	45
Brockbank, John		9, Hampden	pden		Monson .		Hotel Winthrop	rop		٠	137
Brooks, Peleg T.	٠	2, Plymouth	nouth		Kingston .		At Home			٠	178
Brown, John F	٠	24, Suffolk.	ık.		Boston .		Nelson Street, Dorchester	et, Dor	chester	٠	Desk.
Burtch, John D	•	7, Berkshire	shire		Sheffield .		49 Pinckney Street	Street	٠	٠	187
Butler, Thomas W.	٠	20, Worcester	cester		Woreester.		At Home			٠	101
Calnan, Patrick J.	•	5, Suffolk.	ık.		Boston .		18 Bow St., Charlestown	Charles	town	٠	175
Carman, William A	•	8, Bristol.	ol .		Fall River .		At Home			٠	153
Carney, Michael .	•	4, Essex	. ×		Lawrence .		At Home			٠	163
Carpenter, George N.		2, Norfolk	olk		Brookline .		At Home			٠	166

		S. AC. S. Sept. Married Street, Sept. Sept	The same	Committee of the Commit	THE RESIDENCE OF A CONTRACT OF STATE OF	
NAME.		District.		Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Chaffee, Joseph C		5, Berkshire	<u> </u>	ree	Adams House	230
Champlin, Arthur B		26, Suffolk.	-	Chelsea	At Home	25
Clark, John H		2, Barnstable		Brewster	395 Fourth St., South Boston	34
Clark, Samuel		5, Worcester		North Brookfield	8 Vine Street, Melrose	227
Clark, William A., Jr.		18, Essex .	Η.	Lynn	At Home	116
Colby, John F		18, Suffolk.	П	Boston	1 Wellington Street, Boston .	22
Collison, Harvey N		6, Suffolk.	я .	Boston	88 Charter Street, Boston .	च्
Conant, Luther		30, Middlesex	⋖ .	Acton	At Home	81
Coulin, Peter A	-	19, Worcester	-	Worcester	At Home	192
Conroy, James		8, Bristol .	F	Fall River	At Home	201
Copeland, Warren T.		11, Plymouth	m	Brockton	At Home	156
Crosby, John C.		4, Berkshire		Pittsfield	Adams House	92
Cutler, Samuel		5, Middlesex	202	Somerville.	At Home	213

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Jame, Albert L.	Samı	lavis, James F.	Davlin, James F.	Day, George F.	Jennis, George	, Jer	olon	m, C	Oodge, Charles L.	Joherty, John	, Ed	Jonovan, James	Geor	Dresser, Jacob A.
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NAME,		District.		Residence.		During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Dresser, Theodore P.		8, Middlesex		Medford .		At Home	94
Dunlea, James J	- 25	22, Suffolk.		Boston .		3 Farnum Place, Boston .	141
Eames, Harry M	ro	5, Essex .		Lawrence .		At Home	138
Fales, Frank A		1, Norfolk		Norwood .		At Home	149
Fales, Henry E	=	11, Worcester		Milford .		At Home	12
Farren, Thomas G		7, Suffolk.		Boston .	-	37 Norman Street	135
Felch, Daniel M.		8, Essex .		Newburyport		At Home	98
Field, Charles	-4	4, Suffolk.		Boston .		47 Sever Street, Charlestown.	165
Finney, Elkanah		1, Plymouth		Plymouth .		At Home	85
Fisk, Edward P.	- 10	10, Suffolk .		Boston .		20 Temple Street	93
Fitzgerald, James E	- 61	2, Suffolk .		Boston .		100 Decatur Street, E. Boston	47
Fitzpatrick, Henry		7, Norfolk		Stoughton .		At Home	49
Floyd, David, 2d	. 27	27, Suffolk.	•	Winthrop .	•	At Home	145

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Flynn, Thomas J.	Foote, William H.	Foss, Joshua N.	Fossitt, Edward J.	Freeman, George H	Gamwell, Lorenzo H.	Garfield, James F. D.	Garfield, Joseph W.	Garity, Michael.	Gaylord, James W.	Giddings, Theodore	Gile, William A.	Gleason, Joseph H.	Godfrey, Seth W.	Goodell, Edwin D.	
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NAME.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Graves, George S	31 Middlesex .	Groton	Young's Hotel	53
Greenwood, Morrill A.	14, Worcester .	Leominster .	At Home	37
Gunn, Daniel	23, Suffolk	Boston	149 Chestnut Avenue	23
Gurney, William H	6, Plymouth .	Whitman	At Home	111
Hagerty, David J	14, Suffolk	Boston	726 8th Street, So. Boston .	142
Haggerty, Charles	7, Worcester	Southbridge .	54 Chandler Street, Boston .	43
Hall, Frederick S	3, Bristol	Taunton	At Home	73
Hallett, John W	1, Nantucket .	Nantucket	Sherman House, Boston .	56
Hamilton, Darwin F.	1, Franklin .	Greenfield	Crawford House	146
Handy, Edward F	7, Plymouth .	Wareham	484 Columbus Avenue	130
Harlow, James H	8, Plymouth .	Middleborough .	At Home	42
Harrington, Moody	4, Hampshire .	Amherst	United States Hotel	155
Harris, Timothy, J	29, Middlesex .	Marlborough .	At Home	19

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Crawford House	At Home	10 Worcester Square, Boston	178 Chelsea St., Charlestown	Rear 65 Charter Street	At Home	At Home	At Home	At Home	At Home	At Home	At Home	At Home	At Home	At Home
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4, Franklin	28, Middlesex	18, Suffolk.	3, Suffolk.	6, Suffolk.	4, Middlesex	9, Bristol .	4, Plymouth	6, Bristol .	6, Worcester	5, Essex .	20, Essex .	19, Middlesex	13, Worcester	12, Worcester
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Haskell, Henry C.	Hastings, William H.	Hathorne, Edward J.	Hayes, John E	Heasley, Patrick J.	Henderson, Charles W.	Henry, Robert	Hersey, Edmund, 2d.	Hervey, E. Williams.	Hill, Luther	Hinchelitfe, William J.	Hitchings, Charles S.	Hosmer, Henry J	Howe, Jonas E.	Howe, Samuel I.

NAME.	District.	et.	Residence.	During the Session,	No. of Seat.
Hunt, George H	5, Plymouth	uth .	Rockland	At Home	13
Jaques, Alden P	2, Essex .		Haverhill	At Home	72
Jennings, William II.	9, Plymouth	uth .	West Bridgew'r.	At Home	183
Judd, Dwight O	3, Hampden	len .	Holyoke	Adams House	91
Judd, Fred A	8, Hampden	len .	Springfield.	Adams House	99
Keane, Jeremiah J	4, Hampden	len ,	Holyoke	Hotel Winthrop	197
Kearn, George H	1, Berkshire	ire .	North Adams .	Young's Hotel	229
Kemp, Horace G	2, Middlesex	sex.	Cambridge	At Home	189
Kennedy, Patrick J	2, Suffolk.		Boston	25 Border St., East Boston .	168
Kent, Thomas G	16, Worcester	ster .	Worcester	At Home	34
Knight, John L	6, Hampden	len .	Springfield.	28 Hancock Street	222
Ladd, Nathaniel E	7, Essex .		Groveland	At Home	27
Lally, James, Jr	11, Worcester	ter .	Milford	At Home	59

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Lang, Charles H.	Larrabee, John .	Leach, William T.	Lincoln, Henry E.	Linton, Oliver E.	Loring, George H.	Lovell, Benjamin S.	Lynch, John E.	Maguire, Daniel J.	Marsh, John J	McCarthy, Patrick,	McCue, Felix F.	McDonough, John H.	McEttrick, Michael J.	McIntosh, Robert	
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19, Suffolk .	14, Suffolk .	2, Worcester	27, Middlesex	18, Worcester	4, Essex .	2, Hampshire	1, Hampshire	24, Worcester	9, Suffolk.	4, Middlesex	15, Middlesex	1, Middlesex	26, Middlesex	17, Worcester
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Noonan, Thomas L	Noves, Charles J.	Noyes, Edward P.	O'Brien, Dennis J.	O'Connor, John F.	O'Hearn, Timothy F.	Orcutt, William W.	Owen, Byron P	Parker, Henry L.	Parkman, Henry .	Pear, Isaac S	Peirce, Warren A.	Perkins, George A	Perry, Justin	Pinkerton, Alfred S

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NAME.	1	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Pool, Theodore L.		11, Essex	Rockport	At Home	206
Post, Thomas	•	3, Berkshire .	Lenox	Adams House	21
Pousland, John H.	٠	1, Essex	Amesbury	At Home	110
Pray, James E	•	13, Suffolk	Boston	145 West Fourth Street.	172
Provin, William	٠	2, Hampden .	Westfield	Adams House	136
Quincy, Josiah	٠	5, Norfolk .	Quincy	At Home	83
Quinn, Andrew	٠	8, Bristol	Fall River	At Home	173
Quinn, Philip H.	٠	12, Suffolk	Boston	30 Wendell Street	120
Ray, William F.	٠	8, Norfolk	Franklin	At Home	36
Ready, Joseph F.	٠	25, Suffolk	Boston	Bennett Street	20
Reardon, Peter J.	٠	15, Suffolk	Boston	43 Gates Street	66
Reynolds, John P	٠	5, Suffolk.	Boston	89 Chelsea St., Charlestown.	114
Roberts, Horace A	•	17, Essex	Lynn	At Home	177

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Robinson, Levi W.	Rowell, Whittemore .	Sanderson, John S.	Sandland, Thomas G.	Savage, Cyrus	Scully, John T.	Sillars, Malcolm	Sleeper, Solomon S.	Smart, Alexander	Smith, Charles	Smith, Frank	Smith, Sidney P.	Southard, Louis C.	Spellman, Charles C.	Stanley, Jeffrey T.
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District.	1, Suffolk .	5, Franklin	Jore	10, Essex	13, Suffolk .	15, Essex .	Vorce	10, Hampden	Iiddl	11, Suffolk .	[jqq]	Iiddl	Iiddl
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3, Plymouth	14, Essex .	18, Middlesex	14, Middlesex	1, Bristol .	20, Essex .	21, Worcester	17, Middlesex	18, Middlesex	2, Essex .	21, Suffolk .	2, Franklin	11, Suffolk .	12, Middlesex	9, Middlesex	The state of the s
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Turner, Roland	Upham, O. W. H.	Upham, Samuel O	Wadlin, Horace G.	Wales, Abijah T.	Walker, David	Walker, Joseph H.	Walworth, Arthur C.	Warden, Erskine .	Wardwell, J. Otis .	Ware, M. Everett .	Waters, Franklin L	Wharton, William F.	Whitcher, James E	Wilde, William A	

NAME.	 District.		Residence.	During	During the Session.	sion.		No. of Seat.
Wilkins, John H.	 2, Woreester		Asbburnham	At Home				164
Willis, Rufus H.	5, Bristol .	٠	New Bedford	At Home				132
Wilson, Joseph S.	15, Worcester	٠	Fitchburg	At Home				160
Wood, Elijah W.	17, Middlesex		Newton .	At Home				19
Wood, Norris R.	5, Hampden		Chicopee .	United States Hotel	s Hote	_		22
Woodward, Albert A.	17, Suffolk.		Boston .	47 Warren Avenue	venue			96
Woodward, Charles F.	13, Middlesex		Wakefield .	At Home			-	216
Young, Isaiah C.	3, Barnstable		Wellfleet .	Quincy House	se		-	154

OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

EDWARD A. McLAUGHLIN, Boston, . Clerk.

ROBERT A. SOUTHWORTH, Boston, . Assistant Clerk.

JOHN G. B. ADAMS, Lynn, . . . Sergeant-at-Arms.

REV. DANIEL W. WALDRON, Boston, . Chaplain.

Doorkcepers, Messengers and Pages.

THOMAS J. TUCKER, . Doorkeeper. JOHN KINNEAR, Asst. Doorkeeper. E. M. ALEXANDER, Postmaster. GEORGE C. CLAPP, . . Messenger. EZRA T. POPE, . Messenger. FRANCIS STEELE, Messenger. JOHN B. HOLLIS, JR., . Messenger. JAMES W. KIMBALL, Messenger. JAMES J. MAHONEY, Messenger. JOSEPH CONNETON, . . Messenger. THOMAS F. PEDRICK, Messenger. HENRY W. SYKES, . Messenger. CHARLES H. SMITH, Messenger. CHARLES D. UFFORD, . Messenger. CHARLES R. AYER, . Messenger. JAMES BEATTY, . Messenger. BENJAMIN B. BROWN, Messenger. DANIEL W. TAFT, . . Messenger. THOMAS COYNE, . Messenger. F. B. WILLSON, . . Messenger. M. F. MEAGHER, . Page.

MONITORS.

First Division	Messrs.	BREED of Lynn. McDONOUGH of Boston.
Second Division	Messrs.	SYMONDS of Salem. MOSELEY of Newburyport.
THIRD DIVISION	Messrs.	WOODWARD of Boston. REARDON of Boston.
Fourth Division	Messrs.	WARE of Boston. MURPHY of Boston.
FIFTH DIVISION	Messrs.	JUDD of Holyoke. SULLIVAN of Boston.

COMMITTEES.



STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE.

		()N	THE	Judi	CIARY			
Messrs.	Hartwell							of Worcester.
	Forbes							of Worcester.
	Alger.							of Middlesex.
	Reed .							of Bristol.
	Clark .			. (of Ber	kshire	an	d Hampshire.
	On	Prob.	ATE A	AND :	Insol	VENCY	γ.	
Messrs.	Jenkins							of Suffolk.
	Reed .							of Bristol.
	Shea .							of Suffolk.
		On	THE	Tre	ASUR	Υ.,		
Messrs.	Phillips							of Hampden.
	Morse							of Norfolk.
	Currier							of Essex.
	On B	urc)	INI TEL		HIDD	Drib	INC	
35								
Messrs.	Clark .							nd Hampshire.
	Alger . Reed .							of Middlesex.
	Reed .	•	٠	•		•	٠	of Dristol.
		On :	Engr	OSSEI	BIL	LS.		
Messrs.	Roads							of Essex.
	O'Sullivan							of Essex.
	Keith.						٠	of Plymouth.
			On	Ruli	ES.			
Messrs.	Forbes							of Worcester.
								of Middlesex.
	Hartwell							of Worcester.

STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE.

	-	-					
		On	THE	Judio	CIARY.		
Messrs.	Kent .						of Worcester
	Teele .						of Boston.
	Taft .						of Palmer.
	Fales .						of Milford.
	Hall .						of Taunton.
	Smith .						of Athol.
	Southard						of Easton.
	Spellman						of Springfield.
	Collison						of Boston.
	On	PROB	ATE	and I	NSOL V	ENG	rv.
Messrs.							of Worcester.
141 C3513.	Darling.						of Somerville.
	Bottum .					Ċ	of Northampton.
	Bailey .						of Everett.
	Gamwell						of Pittsfield.
	Perkins .						of Cambridge.
	Wardwell						of Haverhill.
	Brown .						of Boston.
	Hagerty	·					of Boston.
	mgerty		·				
	_		On 1	FINAN	CE.		CD.
Messrs.	Dresser	•	٠	•	•	٠	of Boston.
	Walker	•	٠	•	٠	٠	of Worcester.
	Sleeper	•	٠	•		٠	of Cambridge.
	Hosmer		٠	•	•	٠	of Concord.
	McEttrick					٠	of Boston.
	Dexter					٠	of Lowell.
	Gamwell				٠		of Pittsfield.
	Wales					٠	of Attleborough.
	Ware .						of Boston.

		On	Count	Ϋ́	ESTIMATES.	
Messrs.	Walworth					of Newton.
	Harrington	۱.				of Amherst.
	Sandland					of Attleborough.
	Barney					of Swanzey.
	Jennings					of West Bridgew'r
	Farren					of Boston.
	Bennett					of Fairhaven.
			On Ei	LE)	CTIONS.	
Messrs.	Wardwell					of Haverhill.
	Noonan					of Boston.
	Foote.					of Westfield.
	Taylor					of Townsend.
	Quinn					of Fall River.
	Hayes					of Boston.
	Turner					of Scituate.
			Ov	D,	ULES.	
Mesers	Wharton					of Boston.
11103513.	Kent	٠	٠			of Worcester.
	Parkman	•				of Boston.
	Darling	•				of Somerville.
	Taft .	•				of Palmer.
	Fales .					of Milford.
	Crosby					of Pittsfield.
	Collison	•	•	٠		
	Comson		•	•		of Doston.
	ON BI	LLS	IN TH	E	THIRD REA	DING.
Messrs.	Brown					
	Gile .					of Worcester.
	Carman					of Fall River.
		On	ENGRO	OSS	SED BILLS.	
Messrs.	Larrabee					of Melrose.
	Dame					of Methuen.
	Carney					of Lawrence.
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468 Standing Committees of the House.

ON LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Messrs.	Davis					of Barre.
	Conroy					of Fall River.
	Backup					of Boston.
		On I	PAY	Roll.		
Messrs.	Ray .	. :				of Franklin.
	Doherty					of Boston.
	Burtch					of Sheffield.

JOINT STANDING COMMITTEES.

ON AGRICULTURE.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Gleason of Worcester and Hampshire.

Newhall of Essex.

Fletcher of Middlesex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Wood of Newton.

Bird of Framingham.

Stockwell of Sutton.

Gaylord of South Hadley.

Belcher of Randolph.

Clark of Brewster.

Trull of Tewksbury.

Bennett of Agawam.

ON BANKS AND BANKING.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Fletcher of Middlesex.

Gleason of Worcester and Hampshire.

Jenkins of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Harlow of Middleborough.

Hersey of Hingham.

Milne of Fall River.

Hervey of New Bedford.

Hitchings of Saugus.

Fisk of Boston.

Wood of Chicopee.

Arnold of Hudson.

ON CITIES.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Wilbur of Suffolk.

Gould of Norfolk.

Roads of Essex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Hathorne of Boston.

Bennink of Cambridge.

Morrill of Chelsea.

Kennedy of Boston.

Miller of Springfield.

Lincoln of Brockton.

Hinchcliffe of Lawrence.

Flynn of Lowell.

ON CLAIMS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Marble of Worcester.

Dwyer of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Hill of Spencer.

Woodward of Boston.

Copeland of Brockton.

Greenwood of Leominster.

Burtch of Sheffield.

Pray of Boston.

Hastings of Framingham.

ON DRAINAGE.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Sleeper of Middlesex. Slattery of Middlesex. Marble of Worcester.

Of the House. — Messrs. Fisk of Boston.
Stevenson of Boston.
Gile of Worcester.
Bennink of Cambridge.
Taft of Uxbridge.
Whitcher of Stoneham.
Reardon of Boston.
Battlett of Haverhill.

ON EDUCATION.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Gleason of Worcester and Hampshire.

Roads of Essex.

Gleason of Plymouth.

Of the House. — Messrs. Wadlin of Reading.

Wood of Newton.

Allen of Boston.

O'Connor of Worcester.

Wilde of Malden.

Foote of Westfield.

Haggerty of Southbridge.

Smith of Dover.

ON ELECTION LAWS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Forbes of Worcester.

Sleeper of Middlesex.

Shea of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Downes of Canton.
Gurney of Whitman.
McDonough of Boston.
Clark of North Brookfield.
Pear of Cambridge.
Walworth of Newton.
Lang of Reading.
Nies of Lynn.

ON EXPEDITING LEGISLATIVE BUSINESS.

Of the Senate. — The President.

Messrs. Glines of Middlesex.

Shea of Suffolk.

Of the House. - The Speaker.

Messrs. Wharton of Boston.

Dresser of Boston.

Savage of Taunton. Wadlin of Reading.

Wadin of Keading

Fales of Milford. Sandland of Attleborough.

Keane of Holyoke.

ON EXPENDITURES.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Phillips of Hampden.

Morse of Norfolk.

Morse of Nortolk. Currier of Essex.

Of the House. - Messrs. Dresser of Boston.

Walker of Worcester.

Sleeper of Cambridge.

Hosmer of Concord.

McEttrick of Boston.

Dexter of Lowell.

Gamwell of Pittsfield.

Wales of Attleborough.

Ware of Boston.

ON FEDERAL RELATIONS.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. Morse of Norfolk.

Milliken of Bristol.

Of the House. - Messrs. Batchelder of Peabody.

Briggs of Taunton.

Freeman of New Bedford. Stanley of Manchester.

Owen of Easthampton.

Harris of Marlborough.

Garity of Boston.

ON FISHERIES AND GAME.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. Cook of Essex.

Jordan of Suffolk.

Of the House. - Messrs. Young of Wellfleet.

Allen of Westport.
Judd of Springfield.
Dennis of Gloucester.
Foss of Rowley.
Dame of Methuen.
Keane of Holyoke.

HARBORS AND PUBLIC LANDS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Milliken of Bristol.

Keith of the Cape District.

Newhall of Essex.

Of the House. - Messrs. Colby of Boston.

Dodge of Beverly.
Loring of Yarmouth.
Godfrey of New Bedford.
Hallett of Nantucket.
Fitzgerald of Boston.
Dresser of Medford.
Pousland of Amesbury.

Stockwell of Buckland.

ON HOOSAC TUNNEL AND TROY AND GREENFIELD RAILROAD.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Pilsbury of Suffolk.

Towne of Franklin.

Fernald of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Dillingham of Sandwich.
Wilson of Fitchburg.
Fales of Norwood.
Kearn of North Adams.
Brady of Lowell.
Eames of Lawrence.
Noyes of Gardner.

ON INSURANCE.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Phillips of Hampden.

Dwyer of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Carpenter of Brookline.

Henry of Fall River.

Tucke of Lowell.

Provin of Westfield.

Gunn of Boston.

Leach of Boston.

Conlin of Worcester.

ON LABOR.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Howard of Bristol.
Glines of Middlesex.
Keith of Plymouth.

Of the House. — Messrs. Walker of Worcester.

Smith of Andover.

Upham of Salem.

Willis of New Bedford.

Quincy of Quincy.

Brandes of Webster.

Lally of Milford.

Dunlea of Boston.

ON LIBRARY.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Wilbur of Suffolk.

Dwyer of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Boyden of Foxborough.

Milliken of Malden.

Allen of Boston.

Garfield of Fitchburg.

Haggerty of Southbridge.

McCarthy of Brockton.

Hunt of Rockland.

ON LIQUOR LAW.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Jefts of Middlesex.

Alger of Middlesex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Darling of Somerville.

Warden of Waltham.
Fales of Milford.

Brigham of Westborough.
Felch of Newburyport.

Hamilton of Greenfield.

Atwood of Boston.

ON MANUFACTURES.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Jefts of Middlesex. Hartwell of Worcester. Newhall of Essex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Post of Lenox.

Lynch of Boston.

Savage of Taunton.

Morey of Lowell.

Waters of Orange.

Monk of Braintree.

Day of Lynn.

Scully of Cambridge.

ON MERCANTILE AFFAIRS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Alger of Middlesex.

Cook of Essex.

Keith of the Cape District.

Of the House. — Messrs. Taft of Palmer.

Story of Gloucester.

Boyden of Foxborough.

Graves of Groton.

Floyd of Winthrop.

Murphy of Boston.

Breed of Lynn.

McIntosh of Weymouth.

ON MILITARY AFFAIRS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Jordan of Suffolk.

O'Sullivan of Essex.

Welch of Middlesex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Dodge of Beverly.
Knight of Springfield.
Bray of Salem.
Batchelder of Peabody.
Woodward of Wakefield.
Walker of Lynn.
Kemp of Cambridge.
Boardman of Marblehead.

ON PARISHES AND RELIGIOUS SOCIETIES.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Fletcher of Middlesex. Currier of Essex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Sanderson of Springfield.
Cutler of Somerville.
Garfield of Fitchburg.
Colby of Boston.
Orcutt of Cummington.
Howe of Shrewsbury.
Donovan (E. J.) of Boston.

ON PRINTING.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Kimball of Suffolk.

O'Sullivan of Essex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Gunn of Boston.
Sillars of Danvers.
Fossitt of Boston.
Morey of Lowell.
Butler of Worcester.
Haskell of Deerfield.
Milliken of Malden.

ON PRISONS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Jones of Essex.

Towne of Franklin.

Pilsbury of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Symonds of Salem.

Miller of Chelsea.

Reynolds of Boston.
Judd of Holyoke.

Garfield of Lynn.
Gleason of Boston.

Thompson of Lowell.

Chaffee of Lee.

ON PUBLIC CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Jefts of Middlesex.

Fletcher of Middlesex.

Perkins of Hampden.

Of the House. — Messrs. Milne of Fall River.
Warden of Waltham.
Roberts of Lynn.
Wilkins of Ashburnham.
Judd of Springfield.
Robinson of Ware.
Hagerty of Boston.
Ready of Boston.

ON PUBLIC HEALTH.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Gleason of Plymouth.

Jenkins of Suffolk.

Glines of Middlesex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Giddings of Great Barrington.

Bird of Framingham.

Larrabee of Melrose.

Maguire of Boston.

Conant of Acton.

Bigelow of Watertown.

Sullivan of Boston.

McCue of Montague.

ON PUBLIC SERVICE.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Clark of Berkshire and Hampshire.

Jones of Essex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Upham of Salem.
Ray of Franklin.
Cutler of Somerville.
Tucke of Lowell.
Howe of Clinton.
Linton of Cottage City.
Henderson of Cambridge.

ON RAILROADS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Gould of Norfolk.

Phillips of Hampden.

Glines of Middlesex.

Jones of Berkshire.

Of the House. — Messrs. Wharton of Boston.
Lovell of Weymouth.
Moseley of Hyde Park.
Crosby of Pittsfield.
Moseley of Newburyport.
Donovan (James) of Boston.
Upham of Waltham.
Field of Boston.
Stockwell of Sutton.
Adams of Lowell.
Ladd of Groveland.

ON ROADS AND BRIDGES.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Glines of Middlesex.

Towne of Franklin.

Slattery of Middlesex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Felch of Newburyport.

Briggs of Taunton.

Jaques of Haverhill.

Pool of Rockport.

Brockbank of Monson.

Morton of West Boylston.

Brooks of Kingston.

Morin of Adams.

ON STATE HOUSE.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. Sayles of Worcester.
Gould of Norfolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Clark of Lynn.

Peirce of Arlington.

Sillars of Danvers.

Perry of Natick.

Atwood of Boston.

Armstrong of Boston.

Calnan of Boston.

ON STREET RAILWAYS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Milliken of Bristol.
Wilbur of Suffolk.
Welch of Middlesex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Parkman of Boston.

Bray of Salem.

Knight of Springfield.

Fitzgerald of Boston.

Desmond of Boston.

Dresser of Medford.

Champlin of Chelsea.

Woodward of Wakefield.

ON TAXATION.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Reed of Bristol.

Marble of Worcester.

Shea of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Bailey of Everett.

Dillingham of Sandwich.

Downes of Canton.

Gaylord of South Hadley.

O'Hearn of Lawrence.

Quinn of Boston.

Davis of Barre.

O'Brien of Hopkinton.

On Towns.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Kimball of Suffolk. Sayles of Worcester. Jones of Berkshire.

Of the House. — Messrs. Pinkerton of Worcester.
Sanderson of Springfield.
Handy of Wareham.
- Fitzpatrick of Stoughton.
Rowell of Boston.
Smart of Merrimac.
Davlin of Somerville.
Goodell of Brookfield.

ON WATER SUPPLY.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Keith of Plymouth.
Pilsbury of Suffolk.
Perkins of Hampden.

Of the House. — Messrs. Smith of Andover.
Peirce of Arlington.
Backup of Boston.
McDonough of Boston.
Wilde of Malden.
Marsh of North Adams.
Freeman of New Bedford.
Finney of Plymouth.

ON WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Morse of Norfolk.

Slattery of Middlesex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Bigelow of Watertown.
Quincy of Quincy.
Armington of Holden.
Walker of Lynn.
Lynch of Boston.
Heasley of Boston.
Jennings of West Bridgewater.

REPORTERS.

IN THE SENATE.

A. M. BRIDGMAN, .		. Boston Πerald.	
F. T. FULLER,		Boston Transcript. Lowell Times. Charlestown Tribune.	
WALTER E. ADAMS,		. Boston Post.	
ARTHUR T. LOVELL	, .	. Boston Journal.	
FRANK H. FORBES,		. Boston Traveller.	
EDWARD N. DINGLE	EY,	Boston Advertiser. Boston Evening Record	

NOTE.—The Springfield Republican and Worcester Spy are represented by Mr. R. L. BRIDGMAN, who has a seat assigned him in the House of Representatives.

IN THE HOUSE.

ARTHUR M. BRIDGMAN,		. Boston Herald.
R. L. BRIDGMAN,		Springfield Republican. Worcester Spy.
B. LEIGHTON BEAL, .		. Boston Journal.
CHARLES S. DREW, .		{ Boston Advertiser. Boston Record.
		. Boston Post.
EDWARD E. EDWARDS,		. Boston Transcript.
WILL D. FINLEY,		. Daily Evening Traveller.
MARSHALL HENRY CUSI	HIN	G, Boston_Globe.

NOTICE TO MEMBERS OF THE GENERAL COURT.

STATE LIBRARY OF MASSACHUSETTS.

The members of the Legislature are cordially invited to avail themselves of the privilege of the State Library. It contains about 60,000 volumes, and is strictly a reference library. The Librarian and assistants will be at the service of those in search of information, and should be fully consulted.

The fourteenth section of chapter five of the Public Statutes

provides that the State Library shall be for the use of-

1. The Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, the Council, the Senate, the House of Representatives.

2. Such other officers of Government and other persons as may

from time to time be permitted to use it.

The use of the Library is freely given to all persons who carefully observe simple rules of quiet and order.

REGULATIONS.

1. The Library is open every day in the year, except Sundays and Legal Holidays, from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., except Saturdays, when it is closed at 2 P. M.

2. Visitors are requested to use the books at the tables, - not

in the alcoves, - and to avoid conversation.

 The Statutes, Law Reports, and some other reference books may be taken to any room in the State House for temporary use, but are not to be removed from the building.

4. Any book taken from the Library-room must be receipted for by the person taking it, who will be held responsible for its

safe return.

TRUSTEES.

Arthur Lincoln, Hingham; Edward Everett Hale, Boston; Robert G. Seymour, Boston.

LIBRARIAN.

John W. Dickinson, Ex officio; C. B. Tillinghast, Acting.

ASSISTANTS.

Miss Ellen M. Sawyer, Principal; Miss Maria C. Smith, Miss Alice L. Munroe.

AGRICULTURAL LIBRARY.

A valuable Agricultural Library, connected with the office of the Secretary of the Board of Agriculture, is also open at all hours of the day for the use of the members of the Legislature.

BOSTON ATHENÆUM.

By the Act of the General Court incorporating the Proprietors of the Boston Athenaum, it is provided that the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, the members of the Council, of the Senate, and of the House of Representatives, for the time being, shall have free access to the Library of the said corporation, and may visit and consult the same at all times, under the same regulations as may be provided by the by-laws of said corporation for the proprietors thereof.

The Boston Athenæum is situated in Beacon Street, near the State House; and members who may wish to avail themselves of their privilege can receive a note of introduction to the Librarian by applying to the Sergeant-at-Arms.

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Section 6 of the Acts of 1794, incorporating the Massachusetts Historical Society, provides that "either branch of the Legislature shall and may have free access to the library and museum of said society."

THE STATE HOUSE.

The present State House was erected in 1795-7, upon land purchased of the heirs of John Hancock, by the town of Boston, for the sum of \$4,000, and conveyed by said town to the Commonwealth, May 2, 1795. The Commissioners on the part of the town to convey the "Governor's Pasture," as it was styled, to the Commonwealth, were William Tudor, Charles Jarvis, John Coffin Jones, William Eustis, William Little, Thomas Dawes, Joseph Russell, Harrison Gray Otis, and Perez Morton. The agents for erecting the State House were named in the deed as follows: Thomas Dawes, Edward Hutchinson Robbins, and Charles Bulfinch.

The corner-stone was laid July 4, 1795, by Governor Samuel Adams, assisted by Paul Revere, Master of the Grand Lodge of Masons. The stone was drawn to the spot by fifteen white horses, representing the number of States of the Union at that time. The building is 173 feet front; the height, including dome, is 110 feet; and the foundation is about that height above the waters of the bay. The dome is 53 feet in diameter, and 35 feet high.

Extensive improvements, including a "new part," extending backward upon Mount Vernon Street, were made, chiefly under the direction of a commission, in the years 1853, 1854, 1855, and 1856.

Under a resolve of 1866 a commission was appointed to inquire and report concerning the whole subject of remodelling or rebuilding the State House. They reported three propositions, without deciding in favor of either. The first was a plan of remodelling, at an expense of \$375,430; the second, a plan of remodelling, at an expense of \$759,872; and the third, a plan for a new building, at an expense of \$2,042,574. The report of the commission was referred to the committee on the State House of the session of 1867, who recommended a plan of alterations at the estimated expense of \$150,000; and by Resolve No. 84 of that year the work was ordered to be executed under the supervision of a commission consisting of the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, who were authorized by the same resolve to expend \$150,000, and, by a subsequent resolve, \$20,000 in addition. The President of the Senate died on the 29th of October, and thereafter the work was continued by the surviving commissioner.

The work was commenced on the second day of July, and was so nearly completed, so far as the conveniences for the legislative department were concerned, that both branches of the General Court met on the first day of January, and continued their sessions substantially without interruption. The improvements consist of an almost entire reconstruction of the interior of the building, except the "new part" before referred to as having been added from 1853 to 1856, whereby waste spaces are economized, the access to the several parts of the building simplified, and made much more convenient, additional height and commodiousness given to a large part of the rooms, and a net gain of more than thirty rooms secured without extending the exterior walls of the building. Including the extension of the old, as well as the construction of the additional rooms, the contents of these apartments have been increased from about one hundred and three thousand to about two hundred and sixty-five thousand cubic feet,-a net gain of one hundred and sixty-two thousand cubic feet.

The exterior improvements consist principally in the removal of a large number of supernumerary chimneys, and other excrescences, which had marred and concealed the original well-approved architectural proportions of the State House. Two new galleries were added to the Representatives' Hall; and its finish, as also that of the Senate Chamber, was much improved, while their general outline was retained. The Council Chamber, with the exception of the ceiling, which was frescoed, remains with

its ancient finish unchanged. The Governor's room was enlarged laterally, and additional height was also added by absorbing into it the old "green room," which was directly above. A new "green room," a spacious hall, elegantly finished, and well lighted and ventilated, fifty-six by thirty-seven feet, has been constructed. The ceiling of the Doric Hall was raised two feet, and finished in panels; and its floor, and also those of the corridors on either side of it, were laid with marble tile. Improvements were made in the basement story, which entirely changed its character and utilized its waste places. Openings were made in both wings between the main building and the addition, by which spacious corridors were secured, leading directly from the Mount Vernon Street entrance, which by branch corridors are connected with each other, and give easy access to every part of the basement. The floors of the corridors in this story are also laid with marble tile. The whole is heated by steam. Warm, fresh hydrated air for ventilation is supplied to every room by a fan propelled by a steam-engine; and the same engine runs an exhaust-fan for removing the foul air from the halls and some of the principal rooms. A steam-pump forces water to the upper part of the building through large pipes, to which there is attached in the several stories more than a thousand feet of rubber hose, by which every room may be reached in case of fire. In addition to this precaution against fire, there is a steam-pipe leading to the dome, by means of which a fire there may be almost instantly extinguished.

These improvements were executed from the plans of the architects, Washburn & Son, and under their direct and constant supervision. Cost, including furniture, about \$250,000.

The legislature of 1868 made provision for reseating the Senate Chamber and the Hall of the House, which improvements were made under the supervision of legislative committees, in season for the accommodation of the legislature of 1869, at a cost of about \$6,600.

By Resolve chap. 68 of the year 1881, the sum of \$45,000 was authorized to be expended for improving the basement of the State House, in accordance with plans submitted by the joint standing committee on the State House. The work was begun soon after the regular session of 1881, and was carried on under

the supervision of the commissioners on the State House, consisting of Oreb F. Mitchell, Sergeant-at-Arms, Hon. Daniel A. Gleason, Treasurer and Receiver-General, and Hon. Henry B. Peirce, Secretary of State, assisted by John W. Leighton and Asa H. Caton, both of Boston, and appointed, under the resolve referred to, by the Governor and Council. Under the plans the floor of the basement was brought down to a common level, that of the old part in the front portion of the building being lowered about three feet. In excavating for this, the drainage was found to be in a very defective condition, the drains being broken and clogged so that the sewage could not run into the cesspools, but spread under the floors, causing discomfort and actual danger to all who occupied the building. A complete change in the system of drainage was found to be necessary, and the old cesspools were given up, and a connection was made with the main city sewers in Beacon and Temple Streets. The whole equipment of the building for drainage is now of the most thorough and approved character. By excavating under the front steps, a large space was gained, which has been utilized for a barber-shop, a kitchen for the new restaucant, a new office for the commissioners of savings banks, and for sundry conveniences for the occupants of the State House. The room just behind this space, and formerly occupied by dark closets, passage-ways, and the air-ducts of the system of ventilation, has been finished into a commodious and welllighted restaurant, large enough to seat sixty persons at table, and conveniently fitted up for the purpose, giving a much-needed accommodation. The space occupied by the old kitchen and lunch-room, and for other purposes, on the easterly end, together with the Surgeon-General's old quarters, has been formed into a commodious suite of rooms for the Deputy Tax Commissioner and his assistants. The rooms formerly occupied by this department, on the floor above, reverted to the Department of the Secretary of State, to which they formerly belonged, and by which they were again much needed. The space in the southwest corner of the basement, formerly occupied by the Adjutant-General's department for a fire-proof, was remodelled and fitted into offices for the department of Public Charities, and the rooms vacated by this department are used for legislative committee rooms, for which there was pressing need. The room formerly occupied as the private office of the Secretary of the Board of Agriculture, and that used for passage-ways near by, was made into a fire-proof for the Adjutant-General's department; and the Secretary of the Board of Agriculture has been assigned a room on the floor above, the large room formerly occupied by his department being utilized for additional committee-rooms and offices.

Three large new boilers were put in, adding greatly to the heating capacity, which increase was imperatively needed, and a complete arrangement for draught and ventilating ducts was secured by the building of a large new chimney. A place was also secured for storing five hundred tons of coal, by excavation in the court at the westerly end. New entrances were added to the basement, one from Hancock Avenue on the west, and one from Mount Vernon Street on the east.

These improvements and repairs add greatly not only to the capacity and convenience of the building, but also remedy defects that were alike destructive to comfort and dangerous to life and health. The sum appropriated was somewhat exceeded in doing the work, an excess made necessary by the unforeseen condition of the drainage, without the remodelling of which the work could not proceed; and also by the insecure foundations in the front part of the basement, which, until the excavations had proceeded to a considerable extent, seemed to be solid masonry, but which proved to be only an insufficient wall, wholly unfit for use with the enlargement contemplated.

Under authority of chapter 70 of the Resolves of 1885, passenger elevators were erected in the east and west wings of the State House.

The Battle-Flags.

The colors of the several regiments and batteries of Massachusetts which had served the country during the war of the Rebellion were returned to the State House on the 22d of December, 1865. A full account of the interesting ceremonies of the occasion may be found in the Adjutant-General's Report for the year 1865. The colors were grouped around the pillars in the Doric Hall, where they remained until, by authority of Resolve No. 38 of 1866, they were placed in the niches on the north side of the hall, and in the sides of the recess occupied by the Washington Statue, according to a plan of A. R. Esty, Esq. architect, in whose charge the matter was placed by the Governor and Council. The flags are 269 in number,-194 being of infantry regiments, and 75 of cavalry and artillery. The cavalry flags are placed in the north-west angle niche of the hall; the infantry flags, in the Washington statue recess; and the artillery and battery flags, in the north-eastern niche. In the statue recess the national colors are located in regular numerical order upon the lowest shelf on either side of the statue, commencing No. 1 next to cavalry flags, with the State and other colors in the background. The flags are enclosed within mammoth panes of glass, and the openings are properly guarded by fencing.

The Statue of Washington,

BY CHANTREY, was placed in the State House in 1828 by the Washington Monument Association, at a cost of \$15,000.

In the pavement of the area, near the statue, are fac similes of certain memorial stones from the parish church at Brington, near Althorp, Northamptonshire, England. They were presented by the Right Hon. Earl Spencer to the Hon. Charles Sumner, and by him to the Commonwealth, Feb. 22, 1861.

The Statue of Webster,

By Powers, was erected upon the grounds in front of the State House, in 1859, by the Webster Memorial Committee, at a cost of \$10,000.

The Statue of Mann,

By Miss Stebbins, was erected in 1865.

The Statue of Ex-Governor Andrew,

By Thomas Ball, was placed in the Doric Hall in February, 1872.

Lincoln, Wilson, and Sumner.

Busts of President Lincoln, Vice-President Wilson, and Senator Sumner, occupy niches in the Doric Hall.

Ex-Secretary Boutwell.

A bust of Ex-Secretary of the Treasury, Hon. George S Bontwell, has been placed in the Library.

Charles Sumner.

The portrait of Charles Sumner, by Henry Ulke, in the Library, was a gift to the Commonwealth from the late James Wormley of Washington.

Gen. Gage.

An original portrait of Gen. Gage, in the Library, was a gift to the late Gen. W. H. Sumner from a son of Gen. Gage, and bequeathed to the State by Gen. Sumner. AN ACT concerning the Great Seal of the Commonwealth.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

Section 1. The great seal of the Commonwealth shall be circular in form, and shall bear upon its face a representation of the arms of the Commonwealth, with an inscription round about such representation, consisting of the words "Sigillum Reipublica Massachusettensis"; but the colors of such arms shall not be an essential part of said seal, and an impression from an engraved seal according to said design, on any commission, paper or document of any kind, shall be valid to all intents and purposes whether such colors, or the representation of such colors by the customary heraldic lines or marks, be employed or not.

SECT. 2. The arms of the Commonwealth shall consist of a shield, whereof the field or surface is blue, and thereon an Indian dressed in his shirt and moccasins, holding in his right hand a bow, in his left hand an arrow, point downward, all of gold; and in the upper corner above his right arm a silver star with five points. The crest shall be a wreath of blue and gold, whereon is a right arm bent at the elbow, and clothed and ruffled, the hand grasping a broadsword, all of gold. The motto shall be "Ense petit placidam sub libertate quietem."

Sect. 3. The seal of the Commonwealth, now in use in the office of the secretary of the Commonwealth, shall be deemed the seal authorized by this act so long as its use may be continued.

Sect. 4. This act shall take effect upon its passage. [Approved June 4, 1885.

· CALENDAR : 1887 · ¾·

JANUARY.								JULY.						
Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	at.	
2 9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24 31	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	3 10 17 24 31	 4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	2 9 16 23 30	
FEBRUARY.							AUGUST.							
6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	8 15 22	2 9 16 23	3 10 17 24	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	2 9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24 31	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	
MARCH.							SEPTEMBER.							
6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24 31	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	2 9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24	
APRIL.							OCTOBER.							
3 10 17 24	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	2 9 16 23 30	9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24 31	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	
MAY.							NOVEMBER.							
1 8 15 22 29	2 9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24 31	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	2 9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	
JUNE.							DECEMBER.							
5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24	4 11 18 25	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	2 9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24 31	

















